ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Monday, June 30, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (unabstracted by name and personal address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIX PENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of names verse the sender's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau in Times, 2, Chancellor Place, Fleet, For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

ANTROBUS.—On June 28, 1930, at Isleworth, to IRENE, wife of PHILIP KEITH ANTROBUS, of Santos, Brazil—a son.

BARRETT STENNETT.—On June 26, 1930, at Rookery Nook, Winchmore Hill, N., to MOLLIE (*née* Wilett), wife of JOSEPH BARRETT STENNETT—a daughter.

BEWSTER.—On June 25, 1930, at Maisonette, Sea View, Isle of Wight, to WINIFRED (*née* Bertie), wife of Capt. F. BEWSTER, late Coldstream Guards, R.S.F. and Indian Army—a daughter.

COMBS.—On June 27, 1930, at 3, Wilbraham-place, Sloane-sq., and Mrs. R. H. COOMBS, 10, Southwick-place—a daughter.

COVIELLO.—On June 27, 1930, at 84, Lowlands-road, Harrow, to EVELYN, wife of AMBROSE COVIELLO—a son.

DALISON.—On June 28, 1930, at Stone Field, Kidbrook-grove, Blackheath, to EILEEN (*née* Fairclough), wife of Captain J. B. DALISON, 1st Punjab Regt.—a daughter.

FOSTER.—On June 25, 1930, to LILIAN FOSTER (*née* Norton), wife of REGINALD FOSTER—a daughter.

GODDARD.—On June 29, 1930, at a nursing home, Winchester, to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. GODDARD, 22, Kingsgate-street, Winchester—a daughter.

GREEN.—On June 27, 1930, at Alver Cottage, Louse, Maidstone, to SHEILA, wife of K. B. GREEN—a son.

LISTON.—On June 29, 1930, to KATHARINE (*née* Lescher), the wife of Dr. R. PROSPER LISTON, of 27, Mibrestreet, Cadogan-square, S.W.—a daughter.

MAURY.—On June 8, 1930, at Tulagi, British Solomon Islands, to EDA, wife of ATTACHER MONTAGUE MAURY, M.A., M.B., B.Chir., D.T.M. and H.—a son.

NATHAN.—On June 27, 1930, at Chinwangtoo, North China, to ISABEL, wife of E. J. NATHAN, O.B.E., of Tientsin—a daughter.

NICHOLSON.—On June 27, 1930, at 35, Wellington-square, Chelsea, to PATRICIA (*née* Stoker), wife of IVOR NICHOLSON—a son.

PORTAGO.—On June 28, 1930, at 7, Connaught-place, W.2, the wife of the MARQUESS DE PORTAGO—a daughter.

SARGER.—On June 24, 1930, at 37, Clarendon-square, Leamington Spa, to MARJORIE, wife of LEONARD SCHWEICH—a son.

SCOTT.—On June 28, 1930, at Little Coombe, Coombe Warren, Kingston Hill, to IRENE and MASON SCOTT—a son.

SHARMAN.—On June 27, 1930, at Moorwinstow, Dore, Sheffield, to NANCY, wife of Lt.-Col. WILFRED A. SHARMAN, M.C., T.D., R.E.(T.)—a son.

SMITH.—On June 24, 1930, at "The Kings Barn," Farmcote, Bridgnorth, to EILEEN (*née* Norton), wife of HERBERT SMITH—a daughter.

WEBB.—On June 24, 1930, at Polo Bella, S. Coors, to DORIS, wife of A. A. WEBB, R.N.—a daughter.

WHITEHEAD.—On June 24, 1930, at Nairobi, Kenya, to GERTRUDE (*née* Palmer), wife of PHILIP H. RAYBOULD WHITEHEAD—twin sons.

WILLIAMS.—On June 27, 1930, at 18, Grosvenor-street, Manchester, to HAZEL (*née* Vaughan), wife of Lieut. J. H. H. WILLIAMS, Royal Artillery—a daughter.

WOLFE.—On June 28, 1930, at 23, Reynolds-close, N.W.11, to MARY, the wife of J. A. WOLFE—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BEELEY : HOARE.—On June 28, 1930, at St. Mary Magdalen's, Brighton, ARTHUR BEELEY, of Lewes, to KATHLEEN HOARE, of Hove.

BORRETT : STEWART.—On June 25, 1930, at the Chapel of the Savoy, by the Rev. Percy Young, Lieut.-Commander Giles Borrett, R.N., elder son of the late Mr. Claude Arbe Borrett, of West Haddon Hall, Rugby, and of Mrs. Borrett, of the Cottage, Bishop's Itchington, Warwickshire, to SHEILA STEWART, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Steward Graham, of Forston House, Dorchester.

CANNON : COWDEN.—On June 28, 1930, at St. Clement Danes, Strand, by the Rev. J. F. Bethune Baker, D.D., ALBERT CHRISTOPHER, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. EDWARD W. CANNON, of 7, Picts-lane, Hampstead, to MARJORIE (PAT), elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. WILL OWEN, of Wimbledon.

FLOOD : ARBUTHNOTT.—On June 24, 1930, at St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Redhill, by the Rev. David Arbuthnott, cousin of the bridegroom, PHILIP ADRIAN ELOOD, second son of the late Dr. Flood and Mrs. Flood, of Meadowside, Warwick Park, Tunbridge Wells, to MARY FRANCES ARBUTHNOTT, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Donald Stewart Arbuthnott and Mrs. Arbuthnott, of St. Philip's, The Residences, Windsor.

FUGE : LIDDELL.—On June 25, 1930, at St. John's Church, Bexley, CHARLES ARTHUR IAN, only son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. FUGE, of Sydney, Australia, late of Stirling, to MELENE LLOYD, only daughter of the late Christopher Liddell and Mrs. A. R. Potter, Hazeldene, Bexley.

GRIFFINHOOFE : CLARE.—On June 28, 1930, at Hove, JOHN OTHO CLAUDE, elder son of the late JOHN GEORGE GRIFFINHOOFE, solicitor, of Messrs. Griffinhoofe and Brewster, and of Mrs. Griffinhoofe, of 55, Lancaster-road, Eton-avenue, N.W., to ELSIE GERTRUDE, only daughter of the late CAPTAIN WILLIAM CLARE, of Liverpool. (Hampstead papers, please copy.)

GRIFFITH : HARRIS.—On June 26, 1930, at Landewednack Church, Cornwall, HERBERT CECIL GRIFFITH to ELIZABETH AMY HARRIS.

ISAACS : FORWOOD.—On June 28, 1930, by special licence, at St. Marylebone, CECIL ISAACS, of Earl's-terrace, W.8, to ETHEL FORWOOD, 7b, Hyde Park-mansions, N.W.1, widow of Maurice E. Forwood.

MAC VICKER : BULTEY.—On June 28, 1930, at St. James's, Piccadilly, by the Rev. H. E. Wynn, Dean of Peterborough, assisted by the Vicar, the Rev. Archdeacon Lambert, GEORGE COLIN CHURCHILL MACVICKER, B.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., youngest son of the late Dr. MacVicker, J.P., and Mrs. MacVicker, Street, Somerset, to JOAN ELEANOR, second daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. AYERST H. BULTEY, of Hampstead.

MASLEN : ELLISON.—On June 25, 1930, at St. John's Church, Boscombe, by the Rev. J. S. Jackson, Vicar of Britford, Salisbury (cousin of the bridegroom), assisted by the Rev. Canon Moor, R.D., the Rev. E. V. Tanner, M.C., of Weymouth College, and the Rev. Dr. Carlton, ARTHUR MEADEN, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. MASLEN, of 20, Grand-avenue, Bournemouth, to EILEEN FRANCES, elder daughter of the late ARTHUR ELLISON, M.I.C.E., and Mrs. Ellison, of 10, Hamilton-road, Boscombe.

PRITZIKER : MALABRE.—On June 28, 1930, BIRGER PRITZIKER, son of Judge and Mrs. Pritzker, Norway, to JEAN MALABRE, daughter of the late Dr. Malabre and Mrs. Malabre, Jamaica, B.W.I.

SUMMER : MICHAEL.—On June 26, 1930, ERIC RICHARD, son of Mr. and Mrs. PHILIP V. SUMMER, of Hillcrest, Oakhill-avenue, Hampstead, to EILEEN WINIFRED, daughter of Mrs. E. MICHAEL, of 16, Courtfield-gardens, S.W.

SILVER WEDDING

WALLER : TAVENER.—On June 29, 1905, at St. Peter's Church, North Tawton, Devon, by the Rev. Robert Hole, M.A., GEORGE ALBERT, eldest son of Mr. GEORGE WALLER, of Southampton, to FLORENCE DURANT, eldest daughter of Mr. J. C. TAVENER, J.P., of North Tawton, Devon.

GOLDEN WEDDING

HARRILD : BAXTER.—On June 30, 1880, at Christ Church, Surbiton, by the Rev. Dunlop Smith, FREDERICK HARRILD to EDITH WARNER BAXTER.

DEATHS

ASHWELL.—On June 24, 1930, suddenly at Palmers Green, EDWIN ARTHUR ASHWELL, aged 68. Funeral Southgate, N.14, to-day (Monday), at 10.30 a.m.

BARKER.—On June 28, 1930, ALICE MERCY, wife of the late WALTER BARKER, of Tangier Lodge, Barnes Common, S.W., aged 74. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 11.30, at Barnes Cemetery, East Sheen.

BISIKER.—On June 26, 1930, at Englefield, Barrack-road, Christchurch, EDWARD BISIKER, aged 61.

BRANDT.—On June 27, 1930, the result of a motor accident, HENRY OTTO, beloved husband of CATHERINE GEORGINA BRANDT, of Hale, and senior partner of Messrs. H. O. Brandt and Hampton, Sackville-street, Manchester—aged 61. 61 years.

BROOKS.—On June 28, 1930, at Hospital of St. Cross, Rugby, CLEMENT CRAWSHAW BROOKS, M.Sc., only son of Clara and the late Alfred Brooks, of Willow Bank, Gatebrook, Manchester, in his 24th year. No mourning.

CHARRINGTON.—On June 28, 1930, very suddenly, of heart failure, DOROTHEA, widow of ARTHUR FINCH CHARRINGTON, of East Hill House, Oxted, and second daughter of the late Charles Lethbridge, in her 84th year. Funeral at Oxted Church on Wednesday.

CHURTON.—On June 27, 1930, at 45, Buckingham-place, Brighton, MARY CAROLINE, second daughter of the Rev. CHARLES and MRS. CHURTON, late of Harescombe Rectory, Gloucestershire.

CLARKE.—On June 27, 1930, after five weeks' illness, SARAH, wife of JOHN CLARKE, of 71, Addison-gardens, Kensington, aged 68.

COCKS.—On June 27, 1930, at Hedsor Lodge, Beaconsfield, Twickenham, ELLEN MARY COCKS, widow of WILLIAM COCKS, aged 85.

COLBORNE.—On June 26, 1930, F. NEWTON COLBORNE, of 22, Clifton-road, Bristol, passed suddenly away. Funeral to-day (Monday). Service Highbury Chapel, 2.30, afterward Greenbank Cemetery, Bristol.

COMMERELL.—On June 27, 1930, at 45, Rutland-gate, S.W., MYFANWY MARIA, widow of Admiral of the Fleet Sir JOHN EDMUND COMMERELL, V.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., in her 86th year.

CRABB.—On June 28, 1930, ANNE CRABB, a very dear nurse and old friend, for 60 years with the late Sir Wemyss Tower's family. "Faithful unto death."

CRIBB.—On June 25, 1930, PETER GRENVILLE, second son of HAROLD ERSKINE and the late VIOLET ELSIE CRIBB, of Garvagh, Northwood, aged 18. Funeral arrangements will be announced to-morrow.

CULSHAW.—On June 28, 1930, at the Rectory, Four Heath, Bucks, GEORGE HERBERT CULSHAW, for 18 years Rector of the parish, son of the late William Culshaw, architect, of Liverpool. Funeral at Iver Heath on Wednesday, at 2 p.m.

DAY.—On June 27, 1930, at 70, Dagnall-park, South Norwood, AUGUSTUS HARRY DAY, beloved husband of Rosa M. Day, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 11 a.m., Elmers End Cemetery.

DEATHS (continued)

de WINTON.—On June 28, 1930, suddenly, 2 Froxfield Manor, near Hungerford, GEORGE SETTON DE WINTON, dearly loved husband of Kitty de Winton. Funeral service at Froxfield to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2.30 p.m. Cars will meet 12.30 train from Paddington to Hungerford.

DUNSCOMBE.—On June 25, 1930, at 10, Forester-road, Bath, HELEN STYLE DUNSCOMBE, aged 80.

EVELYN.—On June 27, 1930, at Worcester House, Cirencester, EMMA LUCY, widow of the Rev. E. BOSCAWEN EVELYN, in her 98th year. Funeral at Cirencester Cemetery to-day (Monday), at 2.30. No flowers, by her own request.

FOSTER-MELLIAR.—On June 26, 1930, suddenly, at Lordlands, Little Baddow, Chelmsford, JOHN KENELM, dearly loved husband of PHYLLIS EDRICA FOSTER-MELLIAR, in his 55th year. Cremation at Golders Green, 2.30, to-morrow (Tuesday). No flowers or mourning, at his special request.

GARRETT-TAYLOR.—On June 26, 1930, at Crookham, Hants, MARY MONICA, wife of MAJOR O. GARRETT-TAYLOR and only child of Hugh Marshall Hole, late of Salisbury. Rhodesia papers please copy.

GOODENOUGH.—On June 28, 1930, at Wyke Farm, Isleworth, ELIZABETH ANN GOODENOUGH, in her 82nd year.

GREENSTREET.—On June 28, 1930, WILLIAM JOHN GREENSTREET, M.A. St. John's Coll. (Cantab.), of The Woodlands, Burghfield Common, Berks, editor of the Mathematical Gazette, and Tutor of Berks Rural Pupil-Teachers, aged 69. Funeral at Ufton Nervet, 3 p.m. (6-motor (Tuesday).

HARVERSON.—On June 28, 1930, suddenly, ETHEL FRANCES HELEN, beloved younger daughter of the late James Harverson and of Mrs. Harverson, of 37, Elvaston-place, S.W.7. No flowers.

HART.—On June 28, 1930, WILLIAM ERNEST HART, of Saffron Walden, Printer and Stationer, aged 68 years. Funeral Saffron Walden Cemetery, 2.30 p.m., Wednesday next.

HENSLOP.—On June 29, 1930, at a nursing home in Newcastle-on-Tyne, JOHN WILLIAM BERNARD HENSLOP, Startforth, Barnard Castle.

JOHNSON.—On June 26, 1930, suddenly, at Vichy, ADMIRAL SIR CHARLES DUNCAN JOHNSON, C.B., D.S.O., R.N.C.O., of Leixlip Castle, Co. Kildare, beloved husband of Lucy Johnson, and eldest surviving son of the late Rev. Canon Johnson, of Kildare, Ireland. Funeral at Vichy, Sunday.

LAMBERT.—On June 27, 1930, at a nursing home, Scarborough, OSWALD FREDERICK LAMBERT, "Westfield," Holbeck Hill, Scarborough, son of the late Joseph Lambert, formerly of "Westfield," Cottingham, and dearly beloved husband of Edith Lambert, aged 61 years. To be interred at Scarborough New Cemetery, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 11.30 a.m.

LLOYD.—On June 29, 1930, at 12, Mount Ephraim, Tunbridge Wells, JOHN BUCK LLOYD, beloved husband of Fanny Lloyd, in his 84th year.

MAC FADDEN.—On June 26, 1930, at his residence, 11, Frognal, Hampstead, of sudden heart failure, CECIL JOHN MACFADDEN, O.B.E., M.D.(Edin.), second son of the late James MacFadden, of Portadown. Funeral service to-morrow (Tuesday) at Hampstead Parish Church at 11 a.m.

MULLINS.—On June 27, 1930, at Grahamstown, South Africa, very suddenly, REV. ROBERT GEORGE MULLINS, M.A.

NEELD.—On June 28, 1930, at 14, Chichester-terrace, Brighton, BEATRIX, the dearly beloved wife of REAR-ADMIRAL NEELD and eldest daughter of the late Lord Fisher of Kilverstone. Funeral at Kilverstone, Wednesday, 2.30, motor (Tuesday). No flowers.

NICHOLSON.—On June 27, 1930, at St. Leonards-on-Sea, MARY ADA NICHOLSON. Funeral service at St. Albans Cathedral, Wednesday, July 2, at 2 p.m., and interment in the Old Churchyard.

PARTINGTON.—On June 27, 1930, at 60, Park-road, Stretford, Manchester, EDITH JANE PARTINGTON, second daughter of the late Miles Ralph Partington, of St. Asaph, North Wales. R.I.P.

POOLE.—On June 28, 1930, peacefully, at 17, Castle-yard, Windsor Castle, MAJOR ARTHUR EDWARD POOLE, K.H.S. (Military Knight of Windsor), aged 80. Military funeral at St. George's Chapel, Windsor, noon, to-morrow (Tuesday).

PORTEOUS.—On June 28, 1930, ELIZA HUME, widow of COLONEL J. E. PORTEOUS, 64th Madras Pioneers and daughter of the late Surgeon-General Balfour, Upwey, 38, Mount Heroon-road, Woking. Funeral service at St. Mary's, Woking, at 2 p.m., and afterwards at Brookwood, to-morrow (Tuesday).

PULLAR.—On June 27, 1930, at Union Bank House, Dunblane, the residence of her son-in-law, PROVOST Chick, ELIZA FROST, widow of WILLIAM BLACK PULLAR, Bridge of Allan.

REID.—On June 26, 1930, at Greenburn, Balfron Station, Stirlingshire, ARTHUR SANKEY REID, M.A., F.G.S., Science Master at Trinity College, Glenalmond, for nearly 35 years, aged 72.

ROSE.—On June 29, 1930, at the Forest Hospital, Buckhurst Hill, ESSEX, E. K. P. ROSE, Esq., I.C.S. (retired), aged 56.

SPALDING.—On June 26, 1930, at Ivy House, 65, Edith-road, West Kensington, Miss FLORA SPALDING, younger daughter of the late William Mellis Spalding, W.S., last surviving member of the family of Spalding of Ashintully and Glenkilry, Perthshire. Funeral in Edinburgh. Memorial service, St. Augustine's Church, Lillie-road, Fulham, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 5 p.m.

TERRY.—On June 26, 1930, at Goodwick, Pembrokeshire, ELIZABETH KEARSLEY TERRY, widow of Dr. J. H. Terry, of High Barnet, aged 66.

THOMAS.—On June 27, 1930, at Buckingham House, Brecon, MARY ISABEL, the beloved wife of MOLYNEUX F. THOMAS.

TUDOR.—On June 27, 1930, at Angusfield House, Queen's-road, Aberdeen, BERYL, beloved wife of OSWALD TUDOR, M.D., and daughter of Colonel and Mrs. F. E. G. Wilkins, of Hinstock, South Farnborough, Hants. Funeral at St. James's Church, Aberdeen, to-day (Monday), at 2.30 p.m. Friends, please accept this (the only) intimation.

WEST.—On June 27, 1930, at a nursing home in Folkestone, ROSE, dearly loved wife of GEORGE P. WEST, of Chesney, and formerly of Gillingham, Kent. Funeral private at East Sheen, Surrey.

YARDLEY.—On June 27, 1930, at Sheet, near Petersfield, HENRY EDWARD, third son of the late Sir WILLIAM YARDLEY, of Hadlow, Kent, aged 73. (Australian papers, please copy.)

IN MEMORIAM

ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BOSWORTH.—In loving memory of CORPORAL F. A. BOSWORTH, R.F.A., killed at Medveza-Gora, North Russia, on June 30, 1919.

CLARKE.—In tenderest and ever-present memory of my beloved and very devoted husband and pal, CLAUD FITZROY CLARKE, Major XX. Royal Deccan Horse, I.A. (1914 Star and Bar), who, after long illness contracted on active service in France, passed over June 30, 1918.—Mizpah.

MORGAN.—In honoured and loving memory of DOUGLAS NOEL MORGAN, Sec. Lieut., Royal Sussex Regiment, only son of Mr. and MRS. T. H. MORGAN, Eltham. "missing" at Richebourg, June 30, 1916.

"Blessed are the pure in heart."

TURNER.—In ever-dear memory of GEORGE PERRIOR TURNER, 2nd Lieut., Hampshire Regt., killed at Richebourg l'Avoué, June 30, 1916.

CANNON, CLARA AMY.—To the dear memory of "Mother," June 30, 1923.

"An inborn charm of graciousness made sweet her smile and tone."

COULSON-MAYNE.—In grateful and ever-loving memory of the dearest of mistresses, NELLIE COULSON-MAYNE, who passed away June 30, 1927.

DESHON.—In dear memory of H. F. DESHON (Sarawak Service retired), who died June 30, 1924.—N. D.

de WOLFF.—In abiding memory of HETTIE, wife of C. L. de WOLFF, of Purley, June 30, 1919.

DYKE.—To the dear memory of my husband, GEORGE HART DYKE, Lieut.-Colonel, 5th Fusiliers, who died at Shillingford, June 30, 1922.

FLETCHER.—In dearest memory of ANNIE, for 54 years the loved and loving wife of FREDK. W. FLETCHER, who fell asleep June 30, 1929. Her husband and daughter hold in fondest remembrance a devoted Wife and Mother.

HALL.—In dear memory of my husband, CAPTAIN SIR DOUGLAS HALL, Bt., who fell asleep June 30, 1923.

PARKER.—In memory of my brother, DR. H. T. PARKER, who died at sea, June 30, 1902.—NELLIE.

PAYNE.—In loving memory of ALFRED ERNEST PAYNE, of Pentre Ucha, Shropshire, called to higher service June 30, 1927. "Faithful unto Death."

PILKINGTON.—In affectionate remembrance of my dearly loved wife, ANN MILLER PILKINGTON, who quietly "passed over," among the flowers of her beloved garden at "King's Knoll," Parkstone, Dorset, on Sunday afternoon, June 30, 1929.

PULLEN.—In loving memory of my dear brother, JAMES PULLEN, late of Melbourne House, Clarence-road, Clapham Park, who passed away June 30, 1909. Dearly loved by his only sister.

SAUNDERS.—In tender memory of our dear old friend and pioneer, THOMAS SAUNDERS, of Otway Station, Sandy Point, Straits of Magellan, Chile, who passed on on June 30, 1928. (Overseas papers, please copy.)

Jesus said: "I am the resurrection and the life; he that believeth in me though he were dead, yet shall he live: And whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die."

WOODHOUSE.—In loving memory of BETTY. Born June 30, 1891.

FUNERAL

RUST.—The funeral of MAJOR RANDOLPH RUST will take place at West Norwood Cemetery to-day (Monday), at 3.30 p.m. A service will be held at St. Luke's Church, West Norwood, at the same hour. Cars will leave 31, Cambridge-place, Hyde Park, W.2, at 2.45 precisely. Flowers may be sent to that address, care of Mills and Sons.

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PERSONAL

ART.—Many thanks for letter; off duty at present.—Hope to hear.—Your Norse.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and address of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

LOST, June 23rd, Small WHITE PERSIAN CAT; any information.—Write Box 6034, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

LOST, probably in 1911 or 1912, CERTIFICATE No. 11931 for 10 Shares of the Old Preferred Stock of the CANADIAN CAR and FOUNDRY COMPANY, registered in the name of Charles Emmanuel Pierson, who is believed to have been at that time resident at Flesh Burnham, Somerset.—Anyone having information of this certificate should COMMUNICATE with Box A.B.C., care of Davies and Co., 95, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2.

£20 REWARD.—LOST, 26th June, at Hove, PEARL NECKLACE (121 Pearls and Diamond Clasp).—Apply Summers, Henderson and Co., 45, Lime-street, E.C.3.

£5 REWARD.—LOST Saturday, 28th June, about 6.15 p.m., by Gloucester-place-mews, Portman-square, BLACK ABERDEEN DOG; answers name "Bingle." Above reward paid to anyone returning to Mrs. Mills, 8, Gloucester-place, Portman-square.

MAGDALEN COLLEGE, OXFORD.—The FIFTY-FOURTH ANNUAL DINNER will be held at the MAY FAIR HOTEL on MONDAY, 7th July, at 8 p.m. Edward de Stein, Esq., in the Chair.—Tickets, 14s., from Hon. Secretary, J. G. Broadbent, 86, Hamilton-terrace, N.W.8.

CAIUS COLLEGE CLUB.—The ANNUAL DINNER will be held on MONDAY, 7th July, 1930, at the Royal Adelaide Gallery Restaurant, 13, King William-street, Strand. Members of the College are invited, if present, wishing to attend should notify W. L. McNair, 2, Essex-court, Temple, on or before Friday, July 4th.

OLD ST. EDWARD'S DINNER.—The Fifty-eighth DINNER will be held at the CONNAUGHT ROOMS, W.C.2, on MONDAY, July 7th, at 7.45 p.m. (Chairman: Lieutenant-Colonel F. E. W. Baldwin.—Names to be sent to A. F. W. Eardley, Apsley, St. Edward's School, Oxford.

SPONSORS.—Those interested in Earl Grey's "Sponsors Scheme" for assisting Candidates for Holy Orders are reminded that communications should be addressed to Sponsors, Church House, Westminster, S.W.1.

THREE WEEKS to ACQUIRE £3,000.—CANNING TOWN WOMEN'S SETTLEMENT.—Option on country house, garden, and two-acre meadow. Will you HELP our people in this overcrowded and dreary district to experience the joy and health you derive from a country holiday?—Write Dr. Scott, M.D.(Edin.), secretary Towers, Canning Town Women's Settlement, Settlement House, Cumberland-road, Plaistow, E.13.

KING'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—The Dr. NANN ORGAN SCHOLARSHIP.—A trial of Candidates for all this Scholarship will be held at the College on August 1, 1930; value £100 per annum.—For further information apply, before July 24, to the Deans.

THE BULB HOOTER is sufficient for London traffic; all others should be prohibited.—W. P.

WIDOW (young) NEEDS JOB.—Box 236, short period.—Write Box J.394, The Times, E.C.4.

"I CAN IMAGINE no better place for a man with a little capital than a farm out here. Now is the time to start, as everything is cheap and values are bound to rise. Any eventually."—From a pioneer farmer settler in South Africa to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

WHALE FISHING.—Fine PAINTING on Panel by Aart van Antum (1630 to 1640), to be Sold at Christie's, Friday, July 4th.

TO be LET immediately, Unfurnished quiet FIRST FLOOR FLAT, 3 rooms, kitchen, bathroom; use of one bed rooms, two sitting rooms. Lease 4½ years.—Phone Western 0423.

KENSINGTON COLLEGE.—EX-STUDENT WANTED for exceptionally attractive POST in Argentine; salary £495 per annum; three years' contract.—Apply immediately.

MANNEQUINS.—Exclusive and individual training.—Mayfair Mannequin Academy, 91, Regent-street, W.

HOLIDAYS.—When planning your own summer holiday, please set aside £1 or more to give one or more poor children a country holiday. Address, Holidays in the country, and send it to the CHILDREN'S FRESH AIR MISSION, 75, Lamb's Conduit-street, W.C.1. President: The Marquess of Northampton. Treasurer: Ralph C. Hassell, Esq., J.P.

THE MIDDLESEX IS GOING UP. IT MUST NOT HALT. £285,000 now to complete.

PUT a REMEMBRANCE Seat on the highway.—Write Roads of Remembrance, 47, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

TO be LET, no premium, GARAGE, FOUR ROOMS and LARDER. Also room suitable Studio.—Write Box 7029, The Times, E.C.4.

COMFORTABLE FURNISHED HOUSE; garage; three reception, five bed rooms; charming village Dorset coast. £3 8s. per week September; possibly August, £10 10s.; large garden, fruit, vegetables.—Write Box A.1492, The Times, E.C.4.

CULTURED Young INDIAN GENTLEMAN of respectable and well-to-do family wishes to JOIN a friendly SOCIAL CLUB or circle of refined folks in London. Advertiser will be thankful to anybody kindly giving the necessary information.—Write Box 04013, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

LADY would like to JOIN ANOTHER at Arts, Crafts, Lace or Sweet making.—Write Box 7044, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

OSTEOPATHY and what it does. Booklet sent free on application.—Write Box 6056, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

£400 secured beautifully placed RESIDENCE, S. DEVON; balance mortgage.—Write Box N.1412, The Times, E.C.4.

DANCING CONNEXION for immediate SALE, South Coast; average annual receipts £1,500.—Write Box J.380, The Times, E.C.4.

SUNNY DEVON.—Valuable FREEHOLD PROPERTY for immediate SALE; private hotel or nursing home.—Rock Mansions, Budleigh Salterton.

TO be LET, KENSINGTON, attractively FURNISHED FLAT; 3 rooms; garage; 3½gns.—Write Box B.669, The Times, E.C.4.

LITTLE BOYS PREPARED for SCHOOL; happy home life with companionship and individual attention; special care of health; entire charge if parents abroad; Sussex.—Write Box B.672, The Times, E.C.4.

A NORFOLK BEAUTY SPOT.—Modernized SMALL RESIDENCE; five bed, three sitting, bath; 'phone; ¼ mile church, station, P.O., five miles sea and County Town; trout fishing; Two Acres; to be Let.—Write Box B.682, The Times, E.C.4.

BUICK Empire Saloon, July, 1929, for Sale; fitted 7 Triplex; covered 1,650 miles; in perfect condition.—Owner going abroad.—Write Box J.398, The Times E.C.4.

TO be LET FURNISHED for winter months, West Norfolk, comfortable GEORGIAN HOUSE; 11-12 bed rooms, four sitting rooms, bath rooms; electric light; 400 acres shooting; good shooting and hunting.—Write Box B.677, The Times, E.C.4.

NEW FOREST.—Labour-saving COTTAGE in highest part forest to be LET FURNISHED, August 6th, for three weeks: four bed rooms, two sitting rooms, bath, boiler; garage; electric light; moderate rent.—Hayman, Picket Post Cottage, near Ringwood.

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOY, 25, can run car, must have work, any kind.—Write Box B.673, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR SALE.—TWO NEW LOOMS, 40 and 24 inches, fully equipped. £10.—Write Box J.399, The Times, E.C.4.

TWO GIRLS anxious JOIN HOLIDAY PARTY young people, August 16-30, South Coast or Broads.—Write Box J.396, The Times, E.C.4.

A YOUNG LADY is REQUIRED for temporary post as West-end office for reception duties. Aged 25 to 30. No shorthand or typing necessary. Salary £4 weekly. Must be well educated and of good social standing, with some business experience. Possibility of permanent post.—Write fully G.1950, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

MAGNIFICENT Old Oak REFECTORY TABLE (seats 10), cost over £200. Also 10 Carved Oak CHAIRS. Sacrifice £170 together.—Write Box 0317, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

HADLEY WOOD.—MODERN RESIDENCE, practically adjoining golf course; 11 beds, three baths, three receptions; all modern conveniences; garage; beautiful grounds, over three acres. To be LET Unfurnished.—Rent and full details from "Wye," 20, St. James' square, S.W.1.

AN ELIZABETHAN JEWEL in ideal setting.—Interesting COTTAGE, full of oak timbers; on two floors; four bed rooms; good water supply; old-world gardens, &c., in all over six acres. For SALE Freehold; situated over 300ft. up at Henham, Essex.—Price and full details from Box P.30, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

OVERSTRAND, NORFOLK.—MODERN HOUSE, overlooking sea; two reception, four bed rooms, six beds; garden; vacant July or part, 4gns. a week.—Lewis, "Coo-ee," Beckenham.

YOUNG GENTLEWOMAN, free mid-July, seeks companionable OCCUPATION, holidays or longer; England or abroad; capable; fond of children; excellent needlewoman; sports, drives car; all expenses; salary not essential; references exchanged.—Write Box 4446, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

THREE WEEKS to ACQUIRE £3,000.—CANNING TOWN WOMEN'S SETTLEMENT.—Option on country house, garden, and two-acre meadow. Will you HELP our people in this overcrowded and dreary district to experience the joy and health you derive from a country holiday?—Write Dr. Scott, M.D.(Edin.), secretary Towers, Canning Town Women's Settlement, Settlement House, Cumberland-road, Plaistow, E.13.

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WHALE FISHING.

SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.

MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.

(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander	London.	M'seilles.
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	—	July 4
*Benalla	13,000	Wyatt	July 11	July 17
Canada	13,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Victoria	14,500	Ellis	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Caldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Mongolia	16,500	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 11
Santhonia	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26
Nubian	13,000	Niven	Oct. 3	Oct. 9

‡ Taking also 3rd Cabin Passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd Cabin fares.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Calling at Southampton.

Perim (cargo)	7,848	—	July 4	—
Burdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	July 18	—
Behar (cargo)	6,000	—	Aug. 1	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Mantua	11,000	Hazell	July 11	July 18
Berbera	11,000	—	July 25	—
Kaiser	9,000	Sudell	July 24	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
Khyber	8,000	Holland	Aug. 21	—
Mooltan	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12

¶ Not calling Southampton.

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Md'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
**BURDWAN	6,000	July 2	July 5	July 18
**BERBERA	6,241	July 23	Aug. 7	Aug. 15
*MUNDRA	7,275	Aug. 13	Aug. 16	Aug. 23
*WARFIELD	6,660	Sept. 2	Sept. 6	Sept. 13

* Cargo Steamer.
¶ Transhipping Karachi cargo at Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Md'shro.	LONDON
†MANDALA	8,246	—	July 5	July 8
†MALWA	8,241	July 9	July 10	July 25
MERKARA	8,284	July 23	Aug. 2	Aug. 9
†MARGHA	8,258	Aug. 6	Aug. 16	Aug. 23

† Calls Tangier. ‡ Calls Port Sudan.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Md'shro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
†MALAJA	8,960	—	July 4	July 10	July 12
†MOOLTAN	9,070	July 12	July 22	July 31	Aug. 2
MADURA	8,677	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6
MATIANA	8,667	Sept. 6	Sept. 17	Sept. 26	Oct. 4

† Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Md'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,

Manager: F. H. Cooverman.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Inland Office, Passage and Freight (A. F. Carr, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, 16, Boulevard Haussmann (P. & O. 41, Bld. des Capucines. Monte Carlo (Col. C. Pane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Freight Brokers:—
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Frenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; Middleton & Co., Bombay and Karachi, Goeman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Frenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.

Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA

VIA PANAMA CANAL.

Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	July 4
*RUAPEHU	9,000	Aug. 1
RUAHINE	11,000	Aug. 15
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29
RANGITANE (new motor vessel)	17,000	Sept. 26

* Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only.

Apply the N.Z.S.Co., Ltd. (J. R. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 156, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele., Avenue 5220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

UNION S.S CO. of NEW ZEALAND

LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A.; thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From	From
	†Vancouver.	†San Francisco.
AORANGI	July 23	—
MAKURA	—	Aug. 6
NIAGARA	Aug. 20	—
TAHITI	—	Sept. 3

† Canadian-Australasian Line via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington, to Sydney.
Apply the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver Service any office of the Canadian Railways.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.

U.S.A.—CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

BERENGARIA - JULY 5
*CARMANIA .. July 5 MAURETANIA July 12
* Via Havre and Cobh, not Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—CORK—NEW YORK.
*SAMARIA - - JULY 5
†LACONIA .. July 12 *FRANCONIA .. July 19
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
AURANIA - - JULY 5
ASCANIA .. July 12 ALAUNIA .. July 19
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
ANDANIA - - JULY 4
†ATHENIA .. July 12 ANTONIA .. July 18
† From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

MIDSUMMER CRUISE.

By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton, July 19 to BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow); Aug. 1st, 19 days from 35 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2; 29-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.

THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON, NEW YORK, via Cherbourg

Olympic ..	Tues., July 1	Homeric ..	Thurs., July 17
Majestic ..	Tues., July 8	Olympic ..	Wed., July 23

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.

Adriatic ..	Sat., July 5	Cedric ..	Sat., July 19
(2) Baltic ..	Sat., July 12	† Arabic ..	Sat., July 26

† Via Belfast and Liverpool (Glasgow instead of Queenstown).
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Albertic ..	Fri., July 4	Doric ..	Fri., July 25
Laurentic ..	Fri., July 11	Alberic ..	Fri., Aug. 1

SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Megantic .. Sat., July 26

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Ionic (Passengers from Southampton only). Fri., July 18

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.

(4) Westerland .. .. .. July 5
(6) Belgenland .. .. .. July 12

TO CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.

(4) Westerland .. .. .. Sat., July 5
(4) Pennland .. .. .. Sat., July 19
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin, and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

LONDON to NEW YORK

Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons	July 5	Aug. 2
*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons	July 19	Aug. 15

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.
*Minnehaha, 17,293 tons .. July 12 | Aug. 9
* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Lendenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.

TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.

†ROTTERDAM (First class fare from £47).. July 12
†VOLENDAM (First class fare from £35) .. July 19

HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.

†S.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons

Next sailing .. .. July 5

TO CUBA AND MEXICO.

*PAARENDAM July 19 *LEERDAM .. Aug. 9
or to 27, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele., No. Mon. 0071).
* From Rotterdam. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tele., No. Gerr. 5440),

CLAN LINE.

CAPE TOWN, MOSSEL BAY, ALGOA BAY, AND EAST LONDON.

CLAN MACNAUGHTON .. Newport. Glasgow. Birkenh'd.
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND BEIRA.
.. July 10 July 16
Newport. Glasgow. Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACKENZIE .. July July
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES AND MAURITIUS.
Newport. Glasgow. Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACQUARRIE .. Aug. 14 Aug. 20
BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.
Glasgow. M'chester. Birkenh'd.
†HESIONE .. — — July 5
† Cochin and Tuticorin direct.
COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND CHITTAGONG.
Glasgow. M'chester. Birkenh'd.
CLAN MACKELLAR .. July 10 July 17
MARMAGOA, CALICUT, COCHIN, ALLEPPEY, TUTICORIN AND CHITTAGONG.
Glasgow. Birkenh'd. London.
CLAN MACINNES .. July 18 July 31
For Rates of Freight, &c., apply to CAYZER IRVINE and Co., Ltd., London, Glasgow, Liverpool; or to E. K. KYNASTON and Co., Manchester.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.

REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES
(1) from
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER"
BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	New York.
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c) ..	July 2	July 9
"PARIS" (c) ..	July 10	July 16
"LAFAYETTE" (c) ..	July 12	July 20
"FRANCE" (c) ..	July 16	July 22

(c) For Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.
Also
HAVRE TO HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
Also
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL.
S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. .. July 14
S.S. "MACORIS" .. .. .. Aug. 11
Also
FRANCE to CUBA & MEXICO
monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 29, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.

CALLING at GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.
*CALEDONIA .. July 11 †RELVIA .. Sept. 12
*CICASSIA .. Aug. 29 †BRITANNIA .. Sept. 24
* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan. ‡ Leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
1.16 Class and 3rd Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recognized by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

TRANSYLVANIA July 4 | CALIFORNIA .. July 18
CALEDONIA .. July 11 | CAMERONIA .. July 25
ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
PHŒNIX .. July 17 and July 31 .. GEN. NETZINGER
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
CRAMBOUK .. July 11 and July 25 .. R. DE ST. PIERRE
FOR RUS, ISTANBUL, IZMIR & BEYROUT.
THEO. GAUTIER .. July 15 and July 29 .. PIERRE LOTI
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND BEYROUT.
LOTUS .. July 8 and July 15 .. MARIETTE PACHA
For passages and all particulars apply:—
LONDON: 72, Pendrench-st., or 52, PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

SOUTH AMERICA by BLUE STAR LINE BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS to

LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"AVILA STAR"	From	10 JULY
"ALMEDA STAR"	London	24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"	and	14 AUG.
"AVELONA STAR"	Boulogne	28 AUG.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN. Monthly from £60.
Visit Stand C34 at Ideal Holidays Exhibition, Royal Agricultural Hall.
For South American and Eastern Sailings apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone, Gerrard 8671); or, 52, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and principal Tourist Agents.

UNITED STATES LINES.

AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES.
TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L.	A.M.I.
From Southampton Weekly.	From London Weekly.
Famous Cuisine. From £38 Return (Tourist) Cabin.	One class only. £20 10s. With bath £25 10s.
Booklets, &c.; free from your Agent or U.S. Lines.	
Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1 (Gerrard 5820).	
George Washington July 2	Pres. Roosevelt .. July 5
LEVIATHAN .. July 6	Republic .. .. July 10

UNION-CASTLE LINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
*WALMER CASTLE	—	July 4
‡GLOUCESTER CASTLE	July 10	—
*KENILWORTH CASTLE	—	July 11
†LLANDAFF CASTLE	July 17	—

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3. West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.
TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD.
£257 10s. 1st Class. £165 2s. 6d. Special Class.
Fortnightly Sailings. Stop-over Privileges at all Ports.
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AND AMERICAN MAIL LINE.

Complete Voyage—112 Golden Days of Travel or Voyage can be remitted any time within two years.
Apply for illustrated and descriptive booklets, apply to R. Dollar and Co., General Agents, 22, Billiter-street, London, E.C.3 (Phone, Monument 0221), or to the Principal Passenger Agencies.

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SOUTH AMERICA by THE ROYAL MAIL LINE, BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS to

PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA,
RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS,
MONTEVIDEO, and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
ALCANTARA (M.V.) ..	22,181	July 4	—
†DARRO	11,494	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,892	July 15	—
†DESEADO	11,427	—	July 19
ARTURIAS (M.V.)..	22,071	Aug. 1	—
†DESNA	11,443	—	Aug. 2
*ALMANZORA ..	16,551	Aug.15	—
†DEMERARA	11,434	—	Aug. 16

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE

TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA,	Via France, Spain.	PERU, PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORDUNA (calls Pisa) ..	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	Aug. 14
ORCOMA	11,580	Aug. 28

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA, ORDUNA, July 3.

SPECIAL CRUISE BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"

OSLO, COPENHAGEN, HELSINGFORS, LENINGRAD (for MOSCOW), STOCKHOLM, KIEL CANAL, HAMBURG (for BERLIN), &c., from IMMINGHAM, Aug. 15.
22 Days .. Fares 35 Guineas and upward.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Gore, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines, Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADA & U.S.A.

SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
(Via Cherbourg.)

MONTROSE (via Cobh) ..	July 3
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (to Quebec only) ..	July 5
MONTCLARE	July 11
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LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF ATHOLL ..	July 4
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (R.G.) ..	July 11
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD ..	July 18
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(R.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.
MINNEDOSA July 4 DUCHESS OF RICHMOND July 12

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VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

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Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	July 12
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The Examination will take place on July 29th, 30th, and 31st, 1930.
The successful candidates will be required to become general students of the School.
Winter Session opens on October 1st.
Application forms and last year's papers can be obtained from the Secretary, Middlesex Hospital Medical School, Mortimer-street, W.1.

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LEGAL NOTICES

ALEXANDER CAMERON BALLINGAL deceased. All persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the above-named late of No. 10 Arthur Road, Wimbledon, Surrey, and of No. 14 Penchurch Street, London, E.C., who died on the 7th day of June 1930 are requested to send particulars of such claims or demands to us, the undersigned, forthwith.
Dated this 27th day of June 1930.
DAWES and SONS, 81-87 Gresham-street, London, E.C., Solicitors for the Executors.

IN the Matter of THE COMPANIES ACT, 1929 and in the Matter of L. G. AUTOMATIC SERVICES Limited. By Order of the High Court of Justice, Companies (Winding-up) Mr. Justice Maugham, dated the 13th day of June, 1930, Mr. CYRIL SHIPLEY GODDARD of the firm of Arthur Goddard & Co., of 47, Chartered Bank Buildings, E.C., Accountants, has been APPOINTED LIQUIDATOR (with a Committee of Inspection) of the above named Company.
Dated this 27th day of June, 1930.
CYRIL S. GODDARD.

IN the Estate of WILLIAM EDWARD LEOPOLD Deceased. Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of Eight Days after publication hereof, APPLICATION will be made in the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice, Somerset House, London, for the GRANT of LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of the ESTATE of WILLIAM EDWARD LEOPOLD late of the City of Windsor in the County of Essex in the Province of Ontario Canada Polisher deceased, granted by the Surrogate Court of the County of Essex at Sandwich on the twenty sixth day of March 1930.
SUTTON OMMANNEY & OLIVER 3 & 4, Great Winchester-street, London, E.C.2. Solicitors for the Administratrix.

MISS ALICE MAUD CROMPTON Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of ALICE MAUD CROMPTON late of 52 Royal Parade, Eastbourne in the County of Sussex Spinster who died there on the 29th day of April 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 19th day of June 1930 by Roderick Hamilton Purves and Frank Lindsay Hilton both of 4 Great James-street, Bedford Row, London, W.C.1, Solicitors, the Executors named in the said Will, are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executors on or before the 10th day of September 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said Deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 28th day of June 1930.
ANDREW, WOOD, PURVES & SUTTON, 8 & 9 Great James-street, Bedford Row, W.C.1. Solicitors for the said Executors.

RE ANNE DAVIES Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Section 27 as amended. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Mrs. ANNE DAVIES late of Penybont Farm, Llandilo in the County of Carmarthen, Widow, deceased, who died on the 3rd day of June 1929, and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 12th day of August 1929 by Ivor Lloyd Davies and Richard Rees the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executors on or before the 1st day of September 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 27th day of June 1930.
J. & H. BRUCE WILLIAMS, of 2, Bank-buildings, Llandilo, Solicitors for the said Executors.

RE FREDERICK GILES SYMONDS deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of FREDERICK GILES SYMONDS late of The Firs, Sturminster Newton in the County of Dorset, deceased, Joint Bank Manager (who died on the 10th day of May 1930, and whose Will was proved in the Blandford District Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 19th day of June 1930 by William Henry Wilson and John Bradford, the Executors therein named) are hereby required to send Particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executors, on or before the 30th day of September 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the Assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 24th day of June 1930.
TRAIL, CASTLEMAN-SMITH and WILSON, Blandford, Dorset, the Solicitors for the said Executors.

RE GEORGE PELL deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925 (s.27). Notice is hereby given, that all CREDITORS and other persons having any debts, claims or demands against the Estate of GEORGE PELL late of 73 Belgrave Road New Moston in the City of Manchester deceased (who died on the 1st day of April 1930 and to whose estate Letters of Administration were obtained in the District Probate Registry of the Probate Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 24th day of June 1930 by Elizabeth Dawson Minnie Pell and Edith Griffiths the Administratrices therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing, of their claims or demands to J. Arnold Brierley & Robinson of Priory Buildings, Union Street, Oldham in the County of Lancaster the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Administrators within two months of the date of publication hereof after which date the said Administratrices will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 27th day of June 1930.
J. ARNOLD BRIERLEY & ROBINSON. Solicitors for the said Administratrices.

RE GEORGE TOWERS deceased. Notice is hereby given that CREDITORS and others having Claims against the Estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 16th June, 1930, at "Lawnville" Graham Park Road, Gosforth, in the County of Northumberland, and who carried on business under the Firm name of W. E. & G. Towers, as Drainage Adjusters at Finsbury Court, Finsbury Pavement, London, E.C. and Milburn House, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, are requested to send particulars thereof in writing to us the undersigned.
Dated this 28th day of June 1930.
BRAMWELL, CLAYTON & CLAYTON Maritime Buildings, King Street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne Solicitors for the Executrix.

RE SARAH ELIZABETH VAUGHAN deceased late of "Highfield," Warwick Road, Solihull, who died on the 9th April, 1930. Notice is hereby given that CREDITORS and others having claims against the estate of the above deceased should give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned who are Solicitors to the executors of the Will of the said Sarah Elizabeth Vaughan within 2 months from the date hereof after which time the executors intend to distribute the estate of the said Sarah Elizabeth Vaughan among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has then been received by the said Solicitors.
Dated this 27th day of June 1930.
G. AUSTIN BAKER CORBY & CALE, Prudential Buildings, Corporation Street, Birmingham.

URANIA PETROLEUM COMPANY Limited. Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 239 of the Companies Act 1929 that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above named Company will be held at the offices of the Company 30 Copthall Avenue London E.C.2, on Thursday the 10th day of July at 12.15 o'clock in the afternoon for the purposes provided in the said section.
Dated this 27th day of June 1930.
WHITE JACKSON & Co. Secretaries.
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CHARITIES AND APPEALS

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ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY of ESSEX.
MALE ASSISTANT COUNTY MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH.
The County Council of the Administrative County of Essex invite APPLICATIONS for the ABOVE POST from registered medical practitioners specially qualified in the treatment of Tuberculosis, School Medical Inspection, and Maternity and Child Welfare, holding a Diploma of Public Health, and not over 45 years of age.
Preference will be given to candidates who have had at least three years' experience in Public Health work subsequent to their medical qualifications. The salary attached to the appointment will commence at £500 to £600 per annum, according to experience, and will rise, subject to satisfactory service to £700 per annum. An allowance for travelling will be made. The person appointed will be required to devote his whole time to the service of the Council, and to perform such duties and to furnish such advice and assistance appertaining to his office as may be required, and to reside in such district of the County as the Council may decide. The appointment will be subject to three months' notice on either side.
Applications on the prescribed form, obtainable from the undersigned, and accompanied by copies of not more than three testimonials, which will not be returned, should be addressed to me and delivered at the Shire Hall, Chelmsford, not later than 10 a.m. on Monday, the 14th July, 1930.
JOHN H. GOOLD, Clerk of the County Council.
Shire Hall, Chelmsford, 24th June, 1930.

BUCKS AGRICULTURAL COMMITTEE.
The Agricultural Instruction Sub-Committee invite APPLICATIONS for APPOINTMENTS as ASSISTANT LECTURERS and ADVISERS in (1) AGRICULTURE; (2) DAIRY HUSBANDRY; (3) HORTICULTURE, including School Gardening. The three posts will be designated for purposes of superannuation.
Full particulars can be obtained from John Porter, B.Sc., Agricultural Organizer, County Offices, Aylesbury.

BRITISH DAIRY INSTITUTE, READING.
APPOINTMENT of ASSISTANT INSTRUCTOR in DAIRYING.
The Joint Committee for the Management of the British Dairy Institute invite APPLICATIONS for the above position; preference will be given to graduates possessing a recognized qualification in dairying.
A schedule of particulars, stating duties, salary, &c., can be obtained from the Secretary, British Dairy Institute, The University, Reading, by whom applications should be received before July 12th, 1930.

CHEADLE ROYAL MENTAL HOSPITAL,
CHEADLE, CHESHIRE.
DEPUTY HEAD MALE NURSE REQUIRED in the above Registered Hospital for Mental Diseases. Applicants must be single and not over 35 years of age, must have had experience in Mental Hospital, and hold the Royal Medico-Psychological Certificate. Commencing salary £150 per annum, with apartments, board, and laundry.—Apply, by letter only, to the Medical Superintendent, with full particulars and copies of three recent testimonials.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
EGYPTIAN MINISTRY of EDUCATION.
APPLICATIONS are invited for ASSISTANT MISTRESSHIPS for teaching ENGLISH in Egyptian Government Schools. Applicants must be between the ages of 25 and 34, and have some teaching experience, and possess University qualifications with a diploma in Teaching or the Higher Froebel Certificate.
The initial salary offered is £E.25 a month (about £307 a year), and the appointment will be on contract for a period of five years and renewable at the end of that time.
Full particulars and form of application may be obtained from the Director, Egyptian Education Office, 39, Victoria-street, London, S.W.1.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
EGYPTIAN UNIVERSITY.
FACULTY of LAW.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of PROFESSOR of ROMAN LAW and HISTORY of LAW.
The salary offered is £E.1,440 a year (approximately £1,450), and the appointment will be on contract for three years and renewable at the end of that time.
Duties will begin on October 1st, 1930, and courses are to be given in English or French.
A Transfer Allowance equal to one month's salary will be paid on arrival at Cairo if the successful applicant is resident in Europe.
Applications, with details of qualifications and copies of publications, should be addressed to :—
The Dean of the Faculty of Law, Egyptian University, Giza, Cairo, and posted so as to be received before September 1st, 1930.

EPSOM COLLEGE.—The HEADSHIP of the CLASSICAL DEPARTMENT is VACANT in September next. Applicants must possess high honours degrees, and must have had some experience in first-class Public Schools. Living-out allowance available for married man.—For all other details apply Headmaster, Epsom College, Surrey, by July 8th at latest.

WANTED for the INDIAN ORDNANCE FACTORIES, TWO ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGERS.
(1) Metal and Steel Factory, Ishapore (near Calcutta):
Applicants should possess a University Degree in Metallurgy, with special knowledge of steel and its heat treatment, or a practical diploma, and it is desirable that they should also have had at least three years' workshop experience in brass casting and rolling and/or rod and tube drawing shops, including experience in the control of labour in some post of authority.
(2) Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore:
Applicants should possess a University Degree in engineering or an equivalent diploma, and, in addition, they should have had not less than three years' subsequent practical experience with a firm of mechanical engineers of good standing.
For both appointments applicants should be not less than 24, and preferably not more than 35 years of age.
The selected officers will be engaged for a period of five years, with the prospect of permanent retention thereafter. For officers of non-Asiatic domicile pay will commence at the rate of Rs.600 basic plus £25 sterling overseas pay (in all about £70) per mensem. The appointments are non-pensionable, but subscription to a Provident Fund, to which Government also contributes, is compulsory. Free passages to and from India will be given on appoint

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High-class Furnished Service Flat, overlooking the pleasant square gardens; double bed room, large light reception room, and modern tiled bath room; passenger lift; constant hot water; resident porter; telephone.—Mayfair 8322. (Extension 1.)
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FLATS AND CHAMBERS
(continued)

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Complete drawing and dining rooms in Chinese lacquer, walnut Chesterfields in hide and silk covers, &c. Inspection invited. Every item for furnishing. All goods purchased are carefully stored and packed free for country. On view 9-6 daily.
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Furniture Depositories
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Sporting News

HENLEY ROYAL REGATTA

THE DRAW

The Town Hall at Henley was crowded on Saturday afternoon when the draw for heats and stations for Henley Royal Regatta was made.

Mr. F. I. PITMAN (chairman of the Management Committee) presided, and he announced that, in addition to the scratchings already announced, Westminster Bank R.C. had withdrawn from the Wyfold Cup. Mr. Pitman also stated that, as in former years, the semi-finals and final for the Thames Cup would be rowed on Saturday next, the last day of the regatta. The draw resulted as follows:—

GRAND CHALLENGE CUP

A.—University College, Oxford v. Thames R.C.
B.—Jesus College, Cambridge v. London R.C.
C.—Leander Club v. Winner of A.
FINAL.—Winner of B v. Winner of C.

LADIES' CHALLENGE PLATE

A.—Shrewsbury School v. Pembroke College, Cambridge.
B.—Trinity Hall, Cambridge, v. Bedford Modern School.
C.—Pembroke College, Oxford v. Beaumont College.
D.—Radley College v. Christ's College, Cambridge.
E.—Eton College v. Bedford School.
F.—Hamilton Combe School v. First Trinity, Cambridge.
G.—Magdalen College, Oxford v. Lady Margaret, Cambridge.
H.—Selwyn College, Cambridge v. Emmanuel College, Cambridge.
I.—Winner of A v. Winner of B.
J.—Winner of C v. Winner of D.
K.—Winner of E v. Winner of F.
L.—Winner of G v. Winner of H.
M.—Winner of I v. Winner of J.
N.—Winner of K v. Winner of L.
FINAL.—Winner of M v. Winner of N.

THAMES CHALLENGE CUP

A.—Lensbury R.C. v. Westminster Bank R.C.
B.—London R.C. v. Downing College, Cambridge.
C.—Imperial College R.C. v. Balliol College, Oxford.
D.—Kingston R.C. v. Quintin R.C.
E.—Oriel College, Oxford v. Walton R.C.
F.—Vesta R.C. v. Molesey R.C.
G.—Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge v. Kent School, U.S.A.
H.—National Provincial Bank R.C. v. Clare College, Cambridge.
I.—First Trinity, Cambridge v. Thames R.C.
J.—Pembroke College, Cambridge v. Jesus College, Cambridge.
K.—Maidenhead R.C. v. Club Canottieri Italiana, Argentine.
L.—Twickenham R.C. v. Princeton University, U.S.A.
M.—Worcester College, Oxford v. Reading University B.C.
N.—Winner of D v. Winner of K.
O.—Bedford R.C. v. Winner of C.J.
P.—Winner of I v. Winner of J.
Q.—Winner of B v. Winner of C.
R.—Winner of H v. Winner of L.
S.—Winner of G v. Winner of A.
T.—Winner of E v. Leander R.C.
U.—Trinity Hall, Cambridge v. Winner of M.
V.—Winner of N v. Winner of O.
W.—Winner of P v. Winner of Q.
X.—Winner of R v. Winner of S.
Y.—Winner of V v. Winner of W.
Z.—Winner of X v. Winner of Y.
FINAL.—Winner of Z v. Winner of AA.

STEWARDS' CHALLENGE CUP

A.—Leander Club v. Selwyn College, Cambridge.
B.—London R.C. v. Jesus College, Cambridge.
C.—Brasenose College, Oxford v. Winner of A.
D.—First Trinity, Cambridge v. Winner of B.
FINAL.—Winner of C v. Winner of D.

VISITORS' CHALLENGE CUP

A.—Jesus College, Cambridge v. First Trinity, Cambridge.
B.—Lady Margaret, Cambridge v. Brasenose College, Oxford.
C.—Christ's College, Cambridge v. Trinity College, Dublin.
D.—Winner of C v. Pembroke College, Cambridge.
E.—Winner of B v. Winner of A.
FINAL.—Winner of D v. Winner of E.

WYFOLD CHALLENGE CUP

A.—Clare College, Cambridge v. Kingston R.C.
B.—Sidney Sussex College v. London R.C.
C.—Balliol College, Oxford v. Thames R.C.
D.—Pembroke College, Cambridge v. Vesta R.C.
E.—Winner of A v. Lensbury R.C.
F.—Winner of B v. Winner of C.
G.—Winner of D v. Winner of E.
FINAL.—Winner of F v. Winner of G.

SILVER GOBLETS

A.—W. A. Prideaux and H. R. N. Bicknell (Third Trinity, Cambridge) v. T. Offer and J. S. Offer (Kingston R.C.).
B.—C. H. Holcroft and Wyly Letchworth (Leander Club) v. A. Graham and C. M. Johnston (Brasenose College, Oxford).
FINAL.—Winner of A v. Winner of B.

DIAMOND SCULLS CHALLENGE

A.—J. S. Groves (London R.C.) v. J. Wright (Aircraft R.C.).
B.—W. Jones (Lincoln College, Oxford) v. J. L. West (London R.C.).
C.—R. Bradley (Pembroke College, Cambridge) v. G. Boetzelen (Berlin R.C., Germany).
D.—F. Gentry (Iris R.C.) v. T. D. A. Collet (Leander Club).
E.—Winner of D v. D. Clive (London R.C.).
F.—H. F. A. Edwards (Christ Church, Oxford) v. J. S. Guest (Don R.C., Canada).
G.—J. Bernstein, Jun. (Thames R.C.) v. Winner of A.
H.—Winner of C v. Winner of B.
I.—Winner of E v. Winner of F.
J.—Winner of G v. Winner of H.
FINAL.—Winner of I v. Winner of J.

The draw has worked out satisfactorily from a rowing point of view, and there should be many fine races. In the Grand, Jesus and London will renew the recent struggle they had at Marlow, while Leander have to meet the winners of the race between University College and Thames R.C. It is likely that London and Leander will meet in the final. In the Ladies' Plate, there is only one match between schools in the first round, when Eton meet Bedford. The other schools have hard races and not many are expected to survive. In the Thames Cup, Vesta, one of the chief English hopes, should have no difficulty in getting through to the semi-final round, or even to the final. Kent School, U.S.A., have to meet Sidney Sussex College in the first round, while Princeton University meet Twickenham. Should Princeton and Kent School survive the earlier rounds, they will meet in the third round. The Argentine crew, who are the dark horses of the event, should account for Maidenhead in the first round, but may have hard races in the second and third rounds. The Stewards' Cup draw has again decreed that the London and Jesus fours should have another of their Marlow battles over again. At Marlow when they met Jesus won on a foul.

In the Diamond Sculls, J. Wright, the Canadian, who is in the top half of the draw, will have some stiff races to win through to the final, for J. Beresford, jun., F. Bradley, and G. Boetzelen, the German, are all in his part of the draw. Wright and Beresford should meet in the second round. J. S. Guest, the other Canadian, is better favoured by the draw. He meets H. R. A. Edwards in his first heat, but as Edwards is rowing in the Grand and Stewards', he is not expected to sail seriously. Guest ought to reach the final with little difficulty.

PROGRAMME FOR WEDNESDAY

11 A.M. THAMES CUP.—Lensbury R.C. v. Westminster Bank R.C.
11.10. THAMES CUP.—London R.C. v. Downing College.
11.20. DIAMOND SCULLS.—W. Jones v. J. L. West.
11.45. THAMES CUP.—Vesta R.C. v. Molesey B.C.
11.55. THAMES CUP.—Kingston R.C. v. Quintin B.C.
12.5 P.M. DIAMOND SCULLS.—F. Gentry v. T. D. A. Collet.
12.30. THAMES CUP.—Imperial College v. Balliol College.
12.40. THAMES CUP.—Pembroke College (Cambridge) v. Jesus College.
12.50. SILVER GOBLETS.—Leander v. Brasenose.
2.10. LADIES' PLATE.—Magdalen College v. Lady Margaret B.C.
2.20. THAMES CUP.—Oriel College v. Walton R.C.
2.30. DIAMOND SCULLS.—J. N. Groves v. J. Wright.
2.55. LADIES' PLATE.—Eton College v. Bedford School.
3.5. THAMES CUP.—Worcester College v Reading University.
3.15. LADIES' PLATE.—Monkton Combe School v. First Trinity.
3.40. THAMES CUP.—Sidney Sussex College v. Kent School, U.S.A.
3.50. THAMES CUP.—First Trinity v. Thames R.C.
4.0. THAMES CUP.—Twickenham R.C. v. Princeton University, U.S.A.
4.25. LADIES' PLATE.—Radley College v. Christ's College.
4.35. LADIES' PLATE.—Pembroke College (Oxford) v. Beaumont College.
4.45. DIAMOND SCULLS.—F. Bradley v. G. Boetzelen (Germany).
5.10. LADIES' PLATE.—Shrewsbury School v. Pembroke College (Cambridge).
5.20. THAMES CUP.—National Provincial Bank R.C. v. Clare College.
5.30. THAMES CUP.—Maidenhead R.C. v. Club Canottieri Italiana, Argentine.
5.55. LADIES' PLATE.—Trinity Hall v. Bedford Modern School.
6.5. LADIES' PLATE.—Selwyn College v. Emmanuel College.
6.15. WYFOLD CUP.—Clare College v. Kingston R.C.

THE CREWS

GRAND CHALLENGE CUP

JESUS COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—A. W. Anstey (bow), Q. F. Fairbairn, J. M. Fraser, M. A. Bellville, F. H. Marsden, R. F. Olbison, F. T. Coulton, F. S. Carpmael (stroke), C. Hamilton (cox).
LONDON ROWING CLUB.—R. Close-Brooks (bow), E. G. L. Howitt, G. H. Crawford, H. C. Boardman, H. R. A. Edwards, A. J. Harby, F. M. L. Fitzwilliams, T. N. O'Brien (stroke), A. Brown (cox).
THAMES ROWING CLUB.—C. L. Champion (bow), R. E. Swatton, H. N. Spurrier, D. Carey, A. W. Holding, F. J. Cameron Cox, E. Teale, D. C. Prince (stroke), J. Godwin (cox).
UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, OXFORD.—J. M. Freeman (bow), F. A. Finne, A. H. Samuel, P. H. Dutton, N. K. Hutton, R. V. Low, D. E. Finne, C. F. Martineau (stroke), A. L. Congreve (cox).
LEANDER CLUB.—W. A. Priknaux (bow), H. R. N. Bicknell, J. C. Bidgood, T. E. Letchworth, M. H. Warriner, H. Beaufy, A. Graham, T. A. Brocklebank (stroke), G. D. Clapperton (cox).

LADIES' CHALLENGE PLATE

BEAUMONT COLLEGE.—C. Williams (bow), W. A. Powell, R. J. Culver, T. C. Hallinan, R. T. Murphy, C. Murphy, A. Wardle, H. M. Seward (stroke), W. Isaac (cox).
BEDFORD MODERN SCHOOL.—T. W. Cranfield (bow), K. B. H. Smart, W. Rosburgh, D. S. W. Pepper, C. H. Bowman, D. R. McArthur, S. B. Kendall, F. W. Griffiths (stroke), C. J. W. Eggar (cox).
BEDFORD SCHOOL.—R. C. Askew (bow), R. S. Stevenson, L. W. S. Taylor, O. I. Davies, P. V. Ornistan, J. M. Symonds, C. R. J. A. Thompson, F. S. Rickard (stroke), J. N. Symonds (cox).
CHRIST'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—K. R. Orlivie (bow), P. L. Billows, J. Anderson, H. P. Low, J. B. Loch, J. N. Grayson Bennett, S. E. Birdsall, W. Ross (stroke), J. Smith (cox).
EMMANUEL COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—R. D. Hole (bow), H. L. Kitching, F. S. A. Doran, W. H. Paul, J. R. Nelson, R. H. Thomas, the Hon. A. D. F. Lloyd, G. A. Hastam, J. C. Gilmour, Mr. D. C. Erskine-Crum, A. M. Payne (stroke), G. Spicer (cox).
FIRST TRINITY B.C. CAMBRIDGE.—S. C. Elworthy (bow), E. Webb, G. F. H. Kersey, P. H. Nicholson, J. Wedgwood, C. Gunning, G. F. Kessick, D. H. E. Vesey (stroke), E. Swartwout (cox).
LADY MARGARET B.C. CAMBRIDGE.—D. Haig Thomas (bow), G. Morris, C. Onslow, O. V. Bevan, J. H. M. Ward, F. F. S. Jacob, R. H. H. Symonds, G. F. Easten (stroke), H. M. Cason (cox).
MAGDALEN COLLEGE, OXFORD.—T. D. Barmby (bow), J. Jackson, G. A. Lincoln, T. F. Whitley, A. D. Dodds-Parker, A. Smithies, P. M. Bristow, R. F. Hichens (stroke), N. C. Komarasi (cox).
MAGDALEN COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—J. C. McDonal (bow), H. M. W. Hocking, E. S. Reed, J. D. Frost, C. J. S. Segel, J. Y. Treloase, C. W. Oakes, N. J. Bradley (stroke), G. E. Gouit (cox).
PEMBROKE COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—W. J. P. Hewlings (bow), J. A. F. Hemingway, R. W. Burkett, S. M. Murphy, D. H. F. McCreery, R. S. W. Cleasby, W. H. Thompson (stroke), A. N. Rawlins (cox).
PEMBROKE COLLEGE, OXFORD.—S. R. E. Clarke (bow), J. B. G. Durell, F. P. B. Sanderson, O. W. D. Holmes-Hansbam, L. R. D. Hollis, R. Colchester, S. Linton, C. de C. Moor (stroke), Count Bernstorff (cox).
RADLEY COLLEGE.—A. C. Perkins (bow), W. N. Carter, A. F. Haig, A. K. Carr, N. C. R. Fellows, P. G. Clark, J. Howe, D. M. Davidson (stroke), E. Le Blanc Smith (cox).
SELWYN COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—R. J. Jordan (bow), C. S. Prysent, R. P. Woods, A. H. Lowe, C. W. Hunt, R. Lodge, R. S. Reeve, D. C. Hawkes-King (stroke), J. H. K. Dagger (cox).
SHREWSBURY SCHOOL.—J. R. Carbesell (bow), G. T. Bruce, G. J. F. Thompson, C. R. Wyld, R. Faulkner, R. S. J. Arrowsmith, R. Rogers, R. W. G. Holdsworth (stroke), J. Alexander (cox).
TRINITY HALL, CAMBRIDGE.—J. E. Davies (bow), R. Dark, Chr., G. W. Farquharson, Baron de Rutzen, M. A. S. Nairn, T. W. Cooke (stroke), M. Yamamoto (cox).
UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, OXFORD.—J. M. Freeman (bow), F. A. Finne, A. H. Samuel, P. H. Dutton, N. K. Hutton, R. V. Low, D. E. Finne, C. F. Martineau (stroke), A. L. Congreve (cox).

THAMES CHALLENGE CUP

BALLIOL COLLEGE, OXFORD.—D. R. Kemball-Cook (bow), N. J. Crump, R. Sopp, R. Wentworth-Sheilds, J. V. Platt-Mills, M. J. Waterhouse, M. Milne-Watson (stroke), H. L. Pryce (cox).
BEDFORD ROWING CLUB.—H. Prosser (bow), W. F. Smyth, W. G. B. Seton, A. H. G. Pryce, W. F. Rostron, R. A. Harp, C. H. S. Cooper, W. E. Lancaster (stroke), C. Bowden (cox).
FIRST TRINITY C.B. CAMBRIDGE.—R. Hanney (bow), D. Thornfield, R. O'Connor, J. Lewis, A. F. Wynne, H. Bradley, C. G. Lennox-Conyngham, C. C. G. Hetherington (stroke), H.R.H. Prince Chula (cox).
IMPERIAL COLLEGE R.C.—H. E. G. Watts (bow), W. B. Mann, J. E. Mott, P. W. Falconer, D. C. Stiles, R. F. G. Cleave, G. O. Tinday, A. F. A. Goldsmith (stroke), D. L. Bell (cox).
JESUS COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—R. W. Peacock (bow), R. A. Cohen, T. C. Hallinan, R. T. Murphy, J. R. Baldwin, The Hon. A. D. F. Lloyd, C. Shepherd, T. W. Reed (stroke), D. C. Young (cox).
KEN SCHOOL, U.S.A.—F. Johnson (bow), O. Hapgood, D. A. Bates, L. Herrick, A. Herrick, D. Hinman, H. Livingston (stroke), R. Ritchie (cox).
KINGSTON ROWING CLUB.—A. E. Gough (bow), P. Lonsdale, J. Pilcher, N. Pilcher, A. Wilson, C. A. White, E. J. Ortner, G. E. Bryant (stroke), C. C. Harmer (cox).
LADY MARGARET B.C., CAMBRIDGE.—J. Sargent (bow), G. R. Miller, J. E. Prince, E. W. Thomas, E. H. Schnepebach, H. E. Thomas, R. G. Chapman, F. J. Connell (stroke), Diamond Inabs. (cox).
LENSBURY ROWING CLUB.—P. G. Cumming (bow), W. B. Godden, R. V. Husted, C. A. R. Mott, R. A. Plumstead, M. G. Pacey, J. F. Field, L. W. Little (stroke), E. W. Mott (cox).
LONDON ROWING CLUB.—E. D. Singer (bow), D. D. Rothschild, T. D. M. Boyland, G. A. Embleton, H. C. Murphett, P. M. Oxley, R. J. D. Forbes, N. C. Trebis (stroke), Countess Vanden Steen (cox).
MAIDENHEAD ROWING CLUB.—A. D. Hodgson (bow), H. Collins, G. C. Fox, R. N. Fox, C. P. Horsman, S. Cheesbrough, W. Boulton, K. G. Smith (stroke), H. Cooper (cox).
MOLESEY ROWING CLUB.—J. L. B. Hardwicke (bow), W. Fairey, R. Shore, J. Jukes, A. Owen, H. Owen-smith, J. H. Jones, H. Fraser, T. C. Allen (stroke), G. H. G. Booker (cox).
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK R.C.—G. St. J. Hamlin (bow), J. F. Gibson, R. W. Grinyer, R. V. Bucknall, R. W. Chamberlain, J. R. Easton, S. S. Cracknell, D. H. Wickham (stroke), R. B. Smith (cox).
ORIEL COLLEGE, OXFORD.—A. Neate (bow), W. Orum, G. A. G. Walker, A. S. Ronald, D. M. H. Evans, L. Haslam, J. F. G. Sykes, T. I. Smith (stroke), A. P. Ashley (cox).
PEMBROKE COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—R. B. M. Quarry (bow), A. M. Williams, A. E. C. Drake, S. M. Wells, D. Forsy

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

RACING

THE GRAND PRIX

COMMANDERIE WINS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 29

M. Edouard Henriquet's filly Commanderie, trained by Percy Carter and ridden by Herve, won the Grand Prix de Paris at Longchamp this afternoon by a length and a half from Château Bouscaut, who was a head in front of Godiche and Velocrême, the two last-named running a dead-heat for third place. These dead-heaters both belong to Baron Edouard de Rothschild. They would be coupled on the totalisator for a win, but not for a place. The winner, a grey filly who had won the French Oaks, started at just over 20 to 1, the return for 10 francs being 224 francs.

The conditions for this always popular and important race were ideal, for the weather was gloriously fine and the going really good. It seems strange to me that no matter how hard the ground may be elsewhere the going at Longchamp is invariably good. The system of watering there must be far in advance of any in use in England. It seems to cover not only that part of the course near the rails, but the whole course, and gives the ground the same effect as rain. Bullock, so well known once as a rider in England, told me that the going at Longchamp was never hard on this course. There was, as usual, a very large attendance of visitors. As to whether the fashions were so startling as they had been to some of us at Ascot I must leave to other people, but it certainly did not seem to me that there was such a startling change, and, although it may be that I am now more used to them, there did not seem to me to be so many really long dresses as there had been at Ascot. But then the pebbles which cover the paddock and the parades in front of the Stands are not at all conducive to long dresses.

As has always been the case during the many years that I have seen this race, no attention was paid to time, and the afternoon's programme was begun fully half an hour late. The Grand Prix itself was 45 minutes late. Twenty-three horses were down on the programme to run for the only race of the afternoon which mattered, but two of them were not started, one of them, Potiphar, having run earlier in the day and won. It is never easy to see the horses in the paddock here, for they wind their way through the crowds without any rails as there are in England. The best looking of the 21 runners certainly was Lord Glanely's Grand Salute, who had won at Ascot. Fabasdone well since then to judge from looks and should win many more good races. Château Bouscaut, who was favourite for the race, is rather small but well made and looks as if he has had a not very easy life. Caligula, the name of a colt who a few years ago won the St. Leger at Doncaster, is built like a stayer, but is rather common in appearance. Ut Majeur I have seen looking better, but Barkaway looked well and for him was wonderfully well behaved. The parade and the canter back to the gate showed nothing except perhaps that the much-fancied Caligula cantered short.

Although the majority of the field were well behaved there was quite a long delay at the gate. Commanderie and Château Bouscaut were held by attendants all the time as if they might cause trouble. In the end the field were sent away to as good a start as anyone could desire. Château Bouscaut just for a moment was in front, but he was soon passed by Lord Derby's Katrine, who was in front approaching the first turn. While leading round this turn she was joined by Grand Salute, to the surprise of many people, for it was generally thought that there was just a doubt about his being able to stay the distance of this race. Going down the far side of the course Katrine just led Grand Salute, the two being well clear of the rest of the field, the most prominent of whom were Château Bouscaut, Caligula, Sabre au Clair, and Cocodette. At this time Commanderie was last and many lengths behind the two leaders. There was no change when the field temporarily vanished behind the wood on the far side of the course. All the way up the hill to the descent to the Straight—and it is a much steeper hill than might be thought from the Stands—Grand Salute and Katrine made all the running. They were still in front going down the hill, but soon after reaching the level they began to lose ground. First of all Katrine fell back, leaving Grand Salute in the lead, but before the Straight was actually reached he was beaten as well. Both he and Katrine had been asked to do too much.

Coming into the Straight Commanderie, who had been making up her ground steadily, rushed into the lead, followed by Godiche and Château Bouscaut. The Straight here is very short, not more than three furlongs, and Commanderie was going so well that it did not seem probable that she would be caught. Then, a furlong from the finish, Château Bouscaut made a final effort, and just for a moment it seemed that he might get up and save the race, but in the last few yards Commanderie drew away a little and won very decisively by a length and a half. Velocrême, carrying the Rothschild second colours and ridden by Harry Wragg, finished very fast and caught his stable companion on the post to make a dead-heat for third place. Grand Salute finished very nearly last, while I never saw Barkaway or Ut Majeur in the race in a prominent position. The winner, whom I did not notice in the paddock before the race, is by Belfonds out of Corset and would seem to be a very genuine stayer. Herve rode her with patience and with fine judgment. The race showed once again that over this severe course and distance it is not possible to make the running and stay home. I know that Spearmint did it, but there are no Spearmints these days, and in any case the race ended his career as a racehorse, for he never ran again.

TWO DEAD-HEATS AT SANDOWN PARK

The Sandown Park First Summer Meeting was concluded in glorious weather on Saturday, when a large attendance of visitors saw some most interesting racing. There were two dead-heats, and in the most important event of the afternoon the three placed horses passed the winning-post practically in a straight line. The first dead-heat was in the Robert de Wittville Handicap, with which the programme was begun. Song of Essex made the running and was still in front halfway up the Straight, at which point Antiquary raced into the lead. Galhampton moved up and joined Antiquary a hundred yards from the finish and in a desperate struggle held on to save half the race, Song of Essex being third two lengths away. Frank Bare, who was favourite for the race, ran badly and eventually finished last. Eric, who had won in useful style earlier in the week at Birmingham, gained another success in the Alington Selling Plate, after which he was bought in for 800 guineas. Ray had him away very quickly from the gate and, making all the running, won by a length from Chivalresque, who beat the Smolensk filly by the same distance for second place.

Ray completed a riding double in the June Rose Handicap, which he won, after a great finish, on Coster Boy, who thus repeated his success in this event last year. Pianola and Pard made the running from The Bastard and Coster Boy, with the favourite, Bachelor's Date, last. Aftab was in front at the railway turn, but The Bastard, Coster Boy, and Jugo moved up in the Straight, and two furlongs from the finish the four were in a line. The Bastard had his head in front for a few strides, but was at once challenged by Coster Boy, who got the better of a most exciting finish to win by a short head from Lord Rosebery's colt, with Jugo only a short head behind the second, and Aftab close up fourth. Coster Boy was receiving 171b. from The Bastard and 191b. from Jugo, who was also third in last year's race. Bachelor's Date made up a lot of ground in the Straight, but was left with too much to do and could never quite get to grips with the first three.

On Approval was a pronounced favourite for the Wolsey Selling Handicap and justified his position in the market by winning comfortably. Water Dean was first away at the start and was still leading coming up the Straight. On Approval, who had always been well placed, moved up and, taking the lead at the Distance, drew away to win by a length from Aunt Mary, who finished fast and beat Young Sport by a short head for second place. The second dead-heat occurred in the British Dominion Two-Year-Old Plate, for which Charlwood, ridden by C. Richards, was made favourite. The Bruera colt jumped off in front of Charlwood, Empire Crusade, and Riviere, but gave way at halfway to Charlwood, who was still in front at the Distance and seemed a very probable winner. However, H. Wragg brought Empire Crusade with a strong run in the last furlong and just got up in the last few strides to make a head-heat. Most people thought that Charlwood had won fairly comfortably, but the angle from the Stands to the five-furlongs course winning-post is very deceptive and only the Judge can say correctly who has won.

The Coombe Maiden Plate, with which the meeting, enjoyable in every way, should have been concluded, resolved itself into a walk-over for Barrack Law—a tame finish to an otherwise most exciting afternoon's racing.

WOLVERHAMPTON PROSPECTS

2.30.—STANTON SELLING PLATE (6f.).—Gamesome won at Birmingham last week and in spite of a penalty for that success must have a chance. On Manchester form, however, she should not beat Rose of Spain at to-day's weights. Broken Ice has a chance on his Brighton running, but on the handicap ROSE OF SPAIN seems the probable winner.

3.0.—BUSHBURY SELLING PLATE (5f.).—Fullolite won a race in the North earlier in the month, but did not beat anything of much account. Queen of Love filly should again finish in front of Vica on their Brighton running and has a good chance. However, I shall give another chance to ROSLINA FILLY, who has been placed in each of her last three races. In her absence my selection would be FULLOLITE.

3.30.—DUNSTALL PLATE (5f.).—Artemus won his last race at Yarmouth, but Principessa has failed twice since winning at Doncaster. Shady Lady has a chance on her Birmingham form, but I like best the chance of LADY OF RANK, who won in useful style at Lingfield and will again be ridden by Carslake.

4.0.—WOLVERHAMPTON HANDICAP (1m.).—Burgee won so easily at Brighton that he is sure to run well in spite of his penalty. Rock Forrard and Musical Prince are accurately handicapped on their previous running over this course. Ellison has not run since winning at Newmarket in April, but has a good chance on that form. Exeter and Rosolio II. may be the best of the others, but I shall take BURGEE to win from Rock Forrard.

4.30.—STAFFORD HANDICAP (1m. 3f.).—The best of the probable starters here seem to be Ladies First, Western Flier, and Norman Baron, who has missed several races since winning at Bath last month. I like best the chance of WESTERN FLIER.

5.0.—NEWPORT MAIDEN PLATE (1½m.).—Earn Hill apparently does not run. On their previous running over this course Allagash should beat Sans Espoir at to-day's weights. The best of the others seems to be Town Talk. My selection is ALLAGASH.

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

SANDOWN PARK

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNINGS)

2.0.—Antiquary, WIN 20s. 5d., PLACE 10s.; Galhampton, WIN 17s. 6d., PLACE 9s.; Song of Essex, PLACE 5s. 2d.

2.30.—Eric, WIN 8s. 9d., PLACE 4s. 9d.; Chivalresque, PLACE 5s.; Smolensk filly, PLACE 6s.

3.10.—Coster Boy, WIN 8s. 6d., PLACE 3s. 3d.; The Bastard, PLACE 3s. 6d.; Jugo, PLACE 10s. 3d.

3.40.—On Approval, WIN 10s. 3d., PLACE 3s. 6d.; Aunt Mary, PLACE 3s. 6d.; Young Sport, PLACE 8s. 9d.

4.10.—Charlwood, WIN 2s. 3d., PLACE 3s.; Empire Crusade, WIN 22s. 9d., PLACE 6s. 6d.; Bruera colt, PLACE 15s.

"African" Double, 2.0 and 3.10, Antiquary and Coster Boy, £86 17s. to £1; Galhampton and Coster Boy, £73 14s. to £1.

HAYDOCK PARK

2.15.—Stroll, WIN 4s. 6d.

2.50.—Hit the Deck, WIN 12s., PLACE 3s. 3d.; Friar's Song, PLACE 40s.; Barnabas, PLACE 40s.

3.25.—Grease Paint, WIN 4s. 9d., PLACE 3s. 9d.; Good Mint, PLACE 3s. 6d.

3.55.—Mrs. Sheen, WIN 3s. 6d.

4.25.—Sexton Ross, WIN 14s. 9d., PLACE 3s.; Wenceslas, PLACE 2s. 3d.; Principessa, PLACE 2s. 9d.

4.55.—Song of Love, WIN 2s. 6d.

L·N·E·R

NEWMARKET RACES 1st JULY MEETING 1, 2, 3 & 4 JULY

TRAINS TO NEWMARKET (including PULLMAN and RESTAURANT CARS)

In addition to the Ordinary Train Service, SPECIAL Trains will run as under:

	Monday, 30 June	Tuesday, 1 July	Wed. & Thurs., 2 & 3 July	Friday, 4 July
LIVERPOOL STREET dep.	p.m. 2.34 —	a.m. 9.52 11R7	a.m. 11R7 —	a.m. 9R52 —
KING'S CROSS dep.	— —	a.m. 10P45 11R0	a.m. 10P45 11R0	a.m. 10P15 10R25

ORDINARY TRAINS each week-day from London:

From LIVERPOOL STREET				From KING'S CROSS		
a.m. 6.5 6.50 —	a.m. 9.30 10.5WO 11.50R	p.m. 2.34 — —	p.m. 4.40P 7.30R 8.22	a.m. 9.45 — —	p.m. 5.0 — —	p.m. 5.15 6.55 —

R—Restaurant Car. P Pullman Car. 1st Class only WO—Wednesday only

Season Tickets available for each race, day between Liverpool Street, King's Cross and Bournebut. 39/-.

SPECIAL DAY EXCURSION

DIRECT TO THE COURSE ON WEDNESDAY, 2nd JULY

5/6*

Liverpool Street dept. 10.0 a.m. Rail tickets only, 4/-.

* Includes conveyance by Motor Coaches from Station to Course.

WOLVERHAMPTON PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

2.30.—The STANTON SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 150 sovs. Six furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
Master Govt (Mrs. A. B. Cornelius) G. L. Ward	9	9
Hit the Deck (bl., ex.) (Mr. A. D. McAlpine) Hastings	4	9
Gamesome (bl., ex.) (Mr. G. D. Smith) Hastings	4	9
Cutter (Sir A. Butt) Marsh	4	8
Broadcaster (Mrs. F. Wallace) J. Beary	5	8
Water Dean (Mr. H. E. Andrews) Douglas-Pennant	4	8
aPrudence (Mr. M. Dollar) J. Wood	5	8
Television (Mr. A. B. Walker) Pope	5	8
Saucy Boy (Mr. G. W. Lambton) C. Leach	4	8
Solano (Sir E. Wills) De Winton	4	8
Fullolite (Mr. W. Bullen) W. Payne	4	8
Good Story (Mr. J. E. Cotterell) Gilbert	4	8
Achaeus (Mr. Friend Sykes) Morris	4	8
Exalt (Mr. D. M. Gash) W. P. Lowe	6	7
aRose of Spain (Lord Glanely) Hogg	3	7
Pugoni (Mr. H. M. Hartigan) Armstrong	3	7
Smoking Ice (bl., ex.) (Mr. G. Bates) Thrale	3	7
Sapphic (Mr. G. F. X. Hartigan) M. Hartigan	3	7
Queen Ilse (Mr. H. D. Dennis) Cottrill	4	7
Thomas (Mr. D. Wills) Rimell	4	7
Honeymoon (Sir C. McLeod) Higgs	3	7
Sunny Dene (Mr. F. N. Sutton) S. Harper	3	7
Lonely Scion (Mr. J. Edwards) Edwards	4	7
Othello's Charger (Miss N. Price) Robbs	4	7
Caros (Mr. D. G. Dickson) Coulthwaite	6	7
Longwind Lad (Mr. H. Boulton) Bullock	3	7
Irene Fleury (Mr. J. R. Cotterell) Gilbert	3	7
Upper Deck (Mr. P. Thrale) Thrale	3	7
Heliburn (Mrs. H. Burney) Hugh Powney	3	7

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

GAMESOME, —; WATER DEAN, R. PETTYMAN; PRODUS, C. RAY; SAUCY BOY, —; ACHAEUS, G. BALDING; EXALT, —; STREET ROSE OF SPAIN, D. MICHAELS; ICE, —; HONEYMOON, —; SUNNY DENE, A. BURNS; CAROS, B. ROCK; UPPER DECK, —; PRODUS, —.

3.0.—The BUSHBURY SELLING PLATE of 150 sovs. for two-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
aFullolite (Mr. F. B. Barling) Barling	8	5
Vica (Mr. A. Saville) J. Beary	8	6
The Limpet (Mr. P. A. T. Hargreaves) Walls	8	4
Life Music c, by Forerunner (Mr. H. Bottomley) Hartigan	8	4
Modasa c, by Ali Akbar (Mr. J. Pendarves) Pendarves	8	4
Hazel Ore c, by Cyrano (Mr. C. B. O. Clarke) Barthropp	8	1
aGoldenbloom (Miss H. Corbett) Larkin	8	1
Coaster Boy (Mr. W. E. Duckworth) Leach, jun.	8	1
aBon Reve (Sir F. Eley) Templeman	8	1
aCyrio Blast (Lord Glanely) Hogg	8	1
Mary Lochiel f, by Flying Orb (Mr. E. H. Gregory) M. Hartigan	8	1
Karelia f, by The Winter King (Mr. G. W. Hands) Hands	8	1
Fireshot f, by Black Jester (Mr. J. B. Joel) C. Peck	8	1
aQueen of Love f, by Diomedes (Mr. H. Leader) H. Leader	8	1
Sweet Rocket f, by Santorb (Lord Londesborough) O. Bell	8	1
aSilver Song (Mr. F. Martin) Martin	8	1
Nanna (Mr. A. Whitaker) Hartigan	8	1
aCautious Clara (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild) Pratt	8	1
Chacreno (Mr. J. W. Stewart) O. Bell	8	1
Feudlas f, by African Star (Major J. B. Walker) Whitaker	8	1
Roslina f, by Winalot (Mr. R. White) Fore	8	1
Mars c, by Haine (Mr. R. Woolley) J. Bennet	8	1
aHackla c, by Vencedor (Mr. S. Wootton) F. Wootton	8	1

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

FULLOLITE, R. PETTYMAN; HAZEL ORE FILLY, T. WESTON; BON REVE, F. FOX; COLD BLAST, G. RICHARDS; MARY LOCHIEL FILLY, J. RICHARDS; KARELIA FILLY, Herbert; QUEEN OF LOVE FILLY, Fawdon; SWEET ROCKET FILLY, H. Wragg; SILVER SONG, L. Martin; CAUTIOUS CLARA, K. Gethin; ROSLINA FILLY, —; HACKLA COLT, B. Rock; GOLDENBLOOM, —; SILVER SONG, —; NANNA, —.

3.30.—The DUNSTALL PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
aArtemus (Mr. J. S. Austen) C. Waugh	8	13
Principessa (Mr. Frank Butters) Fred Butters	8	13
Lady of Rank (Mr. J. B. Joel) C. Peck	8	10
Shady Lady (Mr. G. Sellon) J. Dorsey	8	10
Mystic Star c, by Prince Galahad (Mr. W. Clark) Perse	8	6
Bridge of Bath f, by Sonning (Mr. G. H. Hartigan) M. Hartigan	8	6
Hammer f, by Santorb (Mr. J. B. Joel) Whitaker	8	6
aShady Lady (Mr. S. B. Joel) Earl	8	6
Hasbaan (Lord Beaverbrook) Watts	8	6
Minette (Mr. V. P. Miss) V. Smyth	8	6
Bramble Berry c, by Sonning (Mr. Harry Powney) Harry Powney	8	6
Princess (Mr. H. Sefton) Cottrill	8	6
Ixia f, by Gay Crusader (Mr. W. M. G. Singer) Lawson	8	6
Invitation (Mr. E. Thornton-Smith) Templeman	8	6
Perlia (Mrs. E. Wallace) Beary	8	6
Madame d'Arbelay (Lady Wentworth) C. Chapman	8	6
False Doctrine (Mr. C. W. S. Whitburn) Cottrill	8	6
Clem (Sir E. Wills) De Winton	8	6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

ARTEMUS, R. PETTYMAN; PRINCIPESSA, J. DINES; LADY OF RANK, B. Carslake; KNOWL BILL, T. Burns; BRIDGE OF BATH FILLY, C. Richards; SHADY LADY, C. Elliott; BRAMBLE BERRY GELDING, T. Barber; INVITATION, F. Fox.

4.0.—The WOLVERHAMPTON HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs. One mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
Exeter (Mrs. S. Whitburn) Cottrill	5	9	0
aBurgee (125b. ex.) (Lord Glanely) Hogg	4	8	10
L'Odion (Mr. J. Pilson) Rintoul	5	8	7
Noble Flame (Sir T. Critchett) Goodall	5	8	7
Musical Prince (Mr. A. Gemmell) Sneyd	5	8	6
Rock Forrard (Mr. H. J. Bruton) C. Pigott	5	8	5
Rosolio II. (Mr. J. Wickham) Watts	4	7	13
Wire-work (Sir W. Gilbey) W. Cannon	4	7	13
War Mist (Mr. V. Emanuel) Duller	a	7	13
The Undiscovered (Mr. A. Marsh) Rimell	a	7	13
Sea Monarch (Mr. S. B. Joel) Earl	a	7	13
Ellison (Major Morris) Morris	5	7	5
Princess Galahad (Mr. P. H. McKay) Coldbeck	5	7	4
White Orb (Mr. W. Barnett) Coulthwaite	a	7	4
Killary (Mr. W. G. Lane) Parnham	6	7	0
Even Me (Mrs. W. L. Faithfull) Faithfull	5	6	8

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

BURGEE, C. Richards; STOLEN FLAME, F. Lane; MUSICAL PRINCE, —; ROCK FORRARD, —; Richards; ROSOLIO II., H. Wragg; WIRE-WORK, J. Street; WAR MIST, F. Herbert; SEA MONARCH, F. Fox; ELLISON, G. Baines; PRINCESS GALAHAD, A. Burns; WHITE ORB, B. Rock.

4.30.—The STAFFORD HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs. One mile and three furlongs.

	Yrs	st	lb
Olivia (Mr. A. K. Macomber) S. Darling	4	9	0
aEileandonan (Lord W. de Broke) H. Leader	6	9	12
Bachelor's Dale (Mr. A. Lowry) Hugh Powney	a	8	8
aThe Sirdar (Mr. V. Emanuel) Duller	a	8	3
Kersch (Mr. W. Greason) Rimell	4	7	13
aLadies First (Mrs. C. Templeman) Templeman	4	7	12
aYoung Middleton (Mr. M. Markham) Barling	6	7	9
aWestern Flier (Lord Glanely) Hogg	4	7	8
Norman Baron (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) Cottrill	4	7	8
Final Wink (Sir W. Chicott) Gooch	4	7	8
Puce Knight (Major A. E. Phillips) Clement	4	7	8
Longpoint (Mr. A. E. Heath) Morris	5	7	7
Mondo (Mr. Cruso) Mrs. Snaith	5	7	7
Roi de Legende (M. J. Wittouck) Braime	5	6	13
Footmark (Mr. C. B. Rowe) C. Chapman	4	6	13
Lucky Charm (Mrs. Gilbert) Coldbeck	4	6	12
Knight Bachelor (Mr. C. B. Taylor) Coulthwaite	a	6	11
Norman Baron (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) Cottrill	4	6	11
Indigenous (Mr. A. A. Heath) Morris	4	6	9
Happy Dust (Mr. C. S. Green) Cox	5	6	7
Caught (Mrs. W. L. Faithfull) Faithfull	6	6	7

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

LADIES FIRST, —; EILEANDONAN, J. Leach; THE SIRDAR, F. Herbert; YOUNG MIDDLETON, J. Street; WESTERN FLIER, G. Richards; FRANCONI, F. Fox; PUCE KNIGHT, T. Barber; FOOTMARK, —; LUCKY CHARM, A. Burns; KNIGHT BACHELOR, —; NORMAN BARON, C. Adley; INDUSTRIOUS, —; HAPPY DUST, —. P. Sharpe rides either Industrious or Happy Dust.

5.0.—The NEWPORT MAIDEN PLATE of 200 sovs.; for three-year-olds only. One mile and a half.

	st	lb
Earn Hill (Major F. B. Sneyd) Sneyd	9	4
Spinner's Cottage (Mr. G. C. D. Beighton) C. Leader	9	0
Sans Espoir (Sir A. Butt) D. Marsh	8	11
Town Talk (Mr. H. R. Lawrence) Gwilt	8	11
Morning Walk (Mr. A. de Rothschild) Watson	8	8
Allagash (Lord Beaverbrook) Watts	8	7
Rackstraw (Lady Cuthbert) G. Read	8	7
Culloden (Mr. J. A. Dewar) Pickering	8	7
Scotch Don (Mr. C. E. Howard) Higgs	8	7
Butler (Mr. S. B. Joel) Earl	8	7
King Fisun (Mr. E. J. Marshall) Morris	8	7
Oracle (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild) Pratt	8	7
aPutisan (Mr. V. Emanuel) Duller	8	7
Sheridan (Sir V. Sassoon) C. Waugh	8	7
Anaganco (Lord Beaverbrook) Watts	8	4
Colloidian (Mr. G. J. T. Clee) Beatty	8	4
Star Pippin (Mr. J. A. Dewar) J. Beary	8	4
Miss Polony (Sir H. FitzHerbert) Cement	8	4
Termite (Mrs. A. James) Frank Butters	8	4
Barnstay (Mr. S. B. Joel) Earl	8	4
aSir Breda (Mr. H. Kennedy) H. Leader	8	4
Despal (Mr. H. Lant) Macnee	8	4
Venom (Mr. A. Lowry) Hugh Powney	8	4
Salamanca (Mr. Reid Walker) Bullock	8	4
aSanta Giustina (Lord Willoughby de Broke) H. Leader	8	4

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SANS ESPOIR, —; TOWN TALK, —; ALLAGASH, Elliott; SCOTCH DON, H. Beasley; OMELET, G. Beard; COLLOIDIAN, —; MISS POLONY, T. Barber; ST. BREDA, or SANTA GIUSTINA, Fawdon. F. Lane rides either Sans Espoir or Town Talk.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

With only seven runners Headquarters will be poorly represented at Wolverhampton to-day.

For the Bushbury Selling Plate Barling will saddle Fullolite, who is a very nice filly, but who may not beat QUEEN OF LOVE FILLY, who has done really well since her race at Brighton.

The Dunstall Plate may go to ARTEMUS, who has been moving very well in recent gallops.

Our runners for the Stafford Handicap will be Eileandonan and YOUNG MIDDLETON. Their public form is well known, and as the latter is nicely weighted he should prove the better.

In the Newport Maiden Plate H. Leader will saddle both St. Breda and Santa Giustina. There is not much between these two animals; they have both done well lately. ST. BREDA may be the better.

J. Collins, and not J. Childs, rode Kinmount in the Hampton Selling Plate at Sandown Park on Friday.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

NEWMARKET MEETING

Apprentice Plate.—Tubchat.
Bottisham Stakes.—Robbs n' Bobbin.
Princess of Wales's Stakes.—Day Vista.
Haughley Selling Plate.—Dazzle filly.
Newmarket First July Meeting Engagements.—Sardillo.

MISCELLANEOUS

Holme Pierrepont Selling Plate (Nottingham).—Eda.
Balsham Stakes (Newmarket Second July Meeting).—Castor Sugar.
Stanton Selling Handicap (Wolverhampton).—Sculptor.
Severn Selling Handicap (Worcester).—Sun Sprite and Blue Hare.
Waterside Selling Handicap (Longfield Park).—Executor.
Champagne Stakes (Bisley Club Meeting).—Tumpi.
Corby Castle Plate (Carlisle), Glasgow Plate (Hamilton Park), and Prince of Wales's Plate (Pontefract).—Sunny Side Up and Frantic.
Corby Castle Plate (Carlisle).—Batteur.
Three-Year-Old Handicap (Folkestone).—Lady Angela.
Newport Maiden Plate (Wolverhampton).—Lemon and Forum II.
All Engagements This Year.—Blue Train, Pretty Maid, and Sky Dancer.
All Engagements in July.—Chestnut Oak.
All Engagements.—Wild Chief.

SANDOWN PARK RESULTS

2.0 (2.5).—The ROBERT DE WITVILLE HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

ANTIQUARY, b g, by Archaic—Maidan Circle (Major J. B. Courtauld), 5 yrs, 9st. 5lb. ..... C. Elliott †
GALHAMPTON, ch c, by Prince Galahad—Busaca (Lord Fortinbal), 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 7st. 2lb.) ..... J. Sirett †
SONG OF ESSEX, br c, by Hyperion—Cradle Song (Sir H. Nugent), 4 yrs, 8st. 5lb. ..... J. Childs 2
Sunny Trace (Mr. J. A. Dewar), 5 yrs, 9st. 6lb. (car. 9st. 1lb.) ..... F. Fox 0
Invermark (Mr. T. Richards), aged, 8st. 11lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Frank Bare (Mr. S. Wootton), aged, 7st. 12lb. ..... H. Rook 0
Black Ensign (Mr. H. G. Bingham), 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. ..... Lane 0
Soldan (Mrs. E. Wallace), 4 yrs, 7st. 10lb. (car. 7st. 12lb.) ..... M. Beary 0
Lead (Lord Fitzwilliam), 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. (car. 7st. 9lb.) ..... R. Perryman 0
Bachelor's Date (Lt.-Col. T. Carthew), 4 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... J. Childs 0
Aftab (The Aga Khan), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. (car. 7st. 12lb.) ..... M. Beary 0
Pianola (Mr. B. Davis), 4 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ..... J. Dobbs 0
Pard (Mr. G. H. Drummond), aged, 7st. 9lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Xenophobe (Mr. M. Stephens), 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... F. Fox 0

(Winner trained by Lawson, at Manton)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Bachelor's Date, 5 to 2 Coster Boy, 9 to 2 The Bastard, 11 to 2 Aftab, 100 to 8 Pianola, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 7s. 6d.; places, 3s. 3d., 6s. 6d., 3s. 6d. Total win pool, 13,388 units; total place pool, 11,319 units.

Won by a short head; same distance separated second and third. Aftab was fourth and Xenophobe last.

3.40 (3.44).—The WOLSEY SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 250 sovs. One mile

ON APPROVAL, ch g, by Triumph—Petite Marie (Mr. H. Simonds), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... T. Burns 1
AUNT MARY, ch m, by Rochester—Verna (Mrs. D. J. Rhodes), 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... H. Wragg 2
YOUNG SPORT, b g, by Junior—Breemont (Mrs. M. Waters), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Balch 3
Paull (Lord Wolverton), 4 yrs, 8st. 13lb. T. Weston 0
Uncle Woody (Mr. T. Richards), 6 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Thorburn (Major J. S. Courtauld), 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... C. Elliott 0
Water Dean (Mr. H. E. Andrews), 4 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Glendye (Mr. M. Steedman), 4 yrs, 7st. 6lb. H. Gunn 0

(Winner trained by Dick, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 4 agst On Approval, 11 to 2 Aunt Mary, 6 to 1 each Paull and Uncle Woody, 8 to 1 each Thorburn and Water Dean, 100 to 8 Young Sport, 20 to 1 Glendye.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 8s. 9d.; places, 3s., 6s., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 8,935 units; total place pool, 8,724 units.

Won by a length and a half; a short head separated second and third. Water Dean was fourth and Paull last.

The winner was bought in for 320 guineas.

4.0 (4.12).—The BRITISH DOMINION T.Y.O. PLATE of 1,000 sovs. (breeder of winner to receive 100 sovs., owner of second 50 sovs., breeder of second 25 sovs.). Five furlongs.

CHARLWOOD, b c, by Stratford—Eleni (Mr. A. E. Berry), 8st. 6lb. ..... C. Richards †
EMPIRE CRUSADE, br f, by Orpheus—Vervelle (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), 8st. 3lb. ..... H. Wragg †
BRUERA COLT, by Happy Man (Mr. T. W. Blackburn), 8st. 6lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Riviere (Mr. H. S. Tufton), 8st. 3lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. Wallinger 0

(Charlwood trained by M. Hartigan, at Ogbourne; Empire Crusade trained by O. Bell, at Lambourn)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 agst Charlwood, 9 to 2 Bonsardin, 11 to 2 Buland Bibi, 10 to 1 each Venusia and Maltese Cross, 100 to 7 each Bruera colt and Empire Crusade, 100 to 6 Riviere, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 7s. 6d.; Charlwood, £3s. 6d. Empire Crusade; places, 3s. Charlwood, 7s. 6d. Empire Crusade, 3s. Bruera colt. Total win pool, 12,459 units; total place pool, 11,706 units; total place pool, 9,217 units.

A dead heat; a length away Bruera colt was third. Pensarella was fourth and Bridal Veil last.

The stakes were divided.

4.40.—The COOMBE MAIDEN PLATE of 200 sovs. One mile.

BARRACK LAW, br f, by Son-in-Law—Sundrilla (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), 4 yrs, 9st. 2lb. H. Wragg w.o.

(Trained by O. Bell, at Lambourn)

HAYDOCK PARK RESULTS

2.15 (2.15).—The WINWICK PLATE of 150 sovs.; for three-year-olds. One mile.

STROLL, br f, by Grand Parade—Lady Baba (Mrs. C. Benitz), 9st. ..... B. Carslake 1
DORYPHOROS, ch g, by Diophon—Abana (Mr. D. L. Wilson), 8st. 7lb. ..... F. Winter 2
NOBLE SIX, b g, by Inkerman—Follow the Fife (Lord Wavertree), 8st. 7lb. ..... P. Beasley 3

(Winner trained by T. Leader, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 on Stroll, 5 to 2 agst Doryphoros, 20 to 1 agst Noble Six.

TOTALISATOR PRICE (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 2s. Total win pool, 7,608 units.

Won by five lengths; the same distance separated second and third.

2.50 (2.52).—The SATURDAY SELLING HIGH-WEIGHT HANDICAP, a plate of 150 sovs. Six furlongs.

HIT THE DECK, b c, by Arbory—Heroine (Mr. A. D. McAlpine), 4 yrs, 9st. ..... B. Carslake 1
FRIAR'S SONG, ch g, by Friar Marcus—Chansonnette (Mr. J. W. Sharples), 5 yrs, 8st. 1lb. ..... L. Tidby 2
BARNABAS, b h, by Diadumenos—Lute (Mrs. G. Smith), aged, 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Taylor 3
Hidden Garland (Mr. Maw), 4 yrs, 8st. 9lb. H. Yates 0
King of Clubs (Mr. W. J. Bellerby), aged, 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Jarmon 0
King's Colours (Mr. R. H. Holbech), 5 yrs, 8st. 5lb. ..... G. Baines 0
Open Prospect (Mr. S. McGregor), aged, 8st. 4lb. ..... J. T. Brown 0
Television (Mr. A. H. Walker), 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Sweet Helen (Mr. N. Luke), 4 yrs, 8st. 2lb. (car. 8st. 3lb.) ..... P. Beasley 0
Barkham Square (Mr. A. W. Greenwood), aged, 7st. 11lb. (

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

THE SECOND TEST MATCH

AUSTRALIA'S REPLY

A DEFINITE OBJECTIVE

(FROM OUR CRICKET CORRESPONDENT)

On Saturday Australia batting for approximately six hours made 404 runs. On Friday England in about the same time exceeded that total by one. But resemblance between the first two acts of the drama begins and ends with the symmetry of the figures. On Friday we saw a series of incidents which caused the advantage to shift from one side to the other and then back again. On Saturday the game was played strictly according to plan. And the plan, it must regretfully be admitted, was drawn by the Australian O.C. and his staff. Its objective is to get a lead of 300 or so by that time in the afternoon when all the pavilion seats at Lord's are in shadow, and then to put England in with nothing but a draw to play for, and plenty of time in which to play for it.

So far W. M. Woodfull's tactics have been completely successful. To some extent he has been helped by circumstances. Unless we allow that A. G. Fairfax is in a different class from Maurice Tate as a bowler, we must conclude that the wicket was more nearly a batsman's paradise on the second day than on the first. At the start of the game the dark marks made by the bowlers' feet showed that the surface was a trifle damp, and all day long an occasional ball would fly up dangerously. On Saturday batting gloves were no more useful than they are ornamental. The ground had dried completely, and two applications of the heavy roller had crushed the last remnant of spitefulness out of it. Another point is that the absence of Larwood relieved Woodfull of any necessity, which he might otherwise have felt, about his batting order. W. H. Ponsford is a remarkably efficient batsman when he can move in front of his wicket equanimously to play his defensive strokes. Ponsford has, however, been badly knocked about by fast bowlers in his time, and not unnaturally is inclined to leave the line to his off stump open when facing one who can produce that extra yard or two of pace which makes so much difference. G. O. Allen set his field menacingly, placing five men behind the wicket on the off side, and only one, Hobbs, in front of it. But Ponsford, though twice hit on the thigh, was not to be deterred from walking in to the fast bowling. Twice in the first half-hour he got well across to slightly overpitched balls outside his off stump, at which it was hoped he would flick a speculative bat, and drove them firmly through the gap left by the absence of a mid-off. These were the only aggressive strokes attempted during the first hour of play, but they were significant of the fierceness with which the counter-attack would be delivered later if opportunity occurred.

A STEADY START

During that first hour no more than 38 runs were scored off Allen, Tate, and White, who were supported by brilliantly accurate ground fielding. The rate of scoring improved when Robins came on. He seemed to be running up to the wicket a trifle faster than he usually does and to be bowling with a trajectory slightly lower than normal. Neither batsman attempted to drive him, but when he pitched short, as he not infrequently did, both of them forced him for runs either through the covers or past short leg. It was ordained that Ponsford should receive most of the loose balls sent down, and the natural result was that for the first hour and a half he scored nearly twice as fast as his captain. He also looked the more likely of the two to get out, for his bat was not as straight as the text-books say it should be when he played forward in defence, nor was his cutting, when he could be induced to cut, quite safe; once White almost made him play on with a cleverly bowled faster ball outside the off stump. No other salient incident than this occurred between 11.30, when the Australian innings started, and the luncheon interval, at which time the score was 96, and Tate, always a very demonstrative bowler, was beginning to show what he thought of the situation. The gesture which indicates expectation that "that one" would get through was very rarely in evidence. No doubt it was a disheartening job to bowl to two batsmen of limitless patience on a wicket from which the ball would neither make pace nor break, but, to tell truth, some of the English bowlers seemed to lose heart inconveniently early in spite of Chapman's unceasing efforts to inspire them by his example of hostility in the field.

After luncheon the batsmen were at no special pains to dig themselves in. They just went on as if there had been no interruption at all. If the pace of the scoring improved to something over one run a minute the chief reason was that they were offered a larger number of runs for the taking. A contributory cause was that Woodfull, without appreciably increasing his exiguous backlift of the bat, began to put more power into his strokes and so "made" a few runs by forcing the ball through the fieldsmen in front of the wicket. Once he ran in to drive a ball from Robins which broke sharply from leg and went high behind the wicket off the edge of his bat. Hammond jumped quickly in an attempt to catch it, but it passed at least a foot above his hands. Woodfull had almost caught up his partner when the players were called in to have the honour of presentation to the King, who arrived on the ground shortly after 3 o'clock. Almost as soon as play was resumed Ponsford got himself out by making a clumsy attempt to cut a ball from White which seemed to hang a trifle as it rose. Previously when playing in Test Matches in this country he has been unsuccessful, but on this occasion he gave himself plenty of time in which to play his strokes, and his innings, if not distinguished by any marked grace of style, was eminently sound. He should derive some consolation for his failure to make his 100 from the knowledge that the King was thereby enabled to see more of an innings which must be destined to be famous as long as the game is played.

BRADMAN'S BRILLIANCE

To do justice to D. Bradman's batting it is necessary to use the language of superlatives and compare it with the acting of Miss Marie Tempest. Both are so exquisitely right in the general design and in the polished execution of every detail. Bradman on Saturday was as audacious as Macartney in the second innings of the Lord's Test Match of 1926. His cutting was as safe and brilliant as that of Duleepsinhji on the previous day. He played the ball on the leg side as deftly as Hendren had, and Woolley for all his advantage in height was not so very much the more powerful off-driver. Bradman's innings began, so to speak, in the middle, for he had no need to play himself in. He was still in the middle of it when stumps were drawn, for he had not begun to lift the ball off the ground as they do who propose to get on or get out when it makes no difference which of their alternative objects they achieve. He has, in fact, played the first part of an extremely steady innings, treating each ball sent down to him strictly on its merits as he discerns them. And yet he has scored 155 runs in 2½ hours.

If one were to begin particularizing his strokes there would be no end to this account, but one of them must be specially noted. Hammond was put on at the Pavilion end to bowl defensively, and was doing his job quite well. Naturally he had a defensive field, with only one man in the slips. He sent down a fast, good-length ball which broke back viciously at the top of the off and middle stumps. Bradman met it with an orthodox-looking back stroke which had the effect of a late cut. The ball flew, and clearly was meant to fly, wide of the solitary slip and fine enough to beat the deep third-man. White, who was so successful in slowing down the scoring in Australia, could do nothing with him. He *chasséed* out to the pitch of the good-length balls, and altered the direction of them as well as their length to suit his purpose, so that he could drive them where the fieldsmen were not. The crowd twice paid him unusual but well-deserved compliments. They gave Tate one of the loudest rounds of applause heard during the afternoon when he succeeded in bowling a maiden over to him. And once when he shaped to cut at a dangerous ball from that bowler some 2,000 people appealed for the expected catch at the wicket, and were badly scored off when he checked his stroke.

Woodfull very wisely did not quicken the pace of his scoring materially, though he also walked in, One, Two, Three! to drive the slow bowlers. Just when he seemed certain to carry his bat he walked a little too straight down the pitch to an off-ball from Robins and missed it. Duckworth gathered it rather clumsily, but fortunately for him Woodfull had given himself up for lost, and the wicket was broken in time.

Score :—

ENGLAND.—First Innings

Hobbs, c. Oldfield, b. Fairfax	1
Woolley (F. E.), c. Wall, b. Fairfax	41
Hammond, b. Grimmett	38
K. S. Duleepsinhji, c. Bradman, b. Grimmett	173
Hendren, c. McCabe, b. Fairfax	48
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Oldfield, b. Wall	11
G. O. Allen, b. Fairfax	3
Tate, c. McCabe, b. Wall	54
R. W. V. Robins, c. Oldfield, b. Hornibrook	5
J. C. White, not out	23
Duckworth, c. Oldfield, b. Wall	18
Bye, 2; l.-b., 7; n.-b., 1	10
Total	425

AUSTRALIA.—First Innings

W. M. Woodfull, st. Duckworth, b. Robins	155
W. H. Ponsford, c. Hammond, b. White	81
D. G. Bradman, not out	155
A. F. Kippax, not out	7
Bye, 1; l.-b., 5	6
Total (2 wkts.)	404

A. Fairfax, S. McCabe, V. Y. Richardson, W. A. Oldfield, C. V. Grimmett, P. M. Hornibrook, and T. Wall to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

ENGLAND.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wall	29.4	2	116	3
Fairfax	31	6	101	4
Grimmett	33	4	105	2
Hornibrook	26	6	62	1
McCabe	9	1	29	0

FALL OF THE WICKETS

ENGLAND.—First Innings

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
13	53	105	209	236	239	337	363	387	425

AUSTRALIA.—First Innings

1	2
162	393

UMPIRES.—Chester and Oates

HAT-TRICK BY PARKER

Gloucestershire, thanks to some fine bowling by Parker and good batting by Dacre and Barnett, had the better of an interesting day's play on Saturday at Chelmsford, where they were 21 runs in front of Essex with three batsmen to be dismissed.

In the whole Essex innings, Parker's five wickets cost 59 runs, but before lunch he proved irresistible, and did the hat-trick. Cutmore scored 32 out of 38, including five 4's, in 25 minutes, but Parker then went on. With the last ball of his first over he dismissed O'Connor, and the first two deliveries of his second over disposed of Russell and Nichols, Parker obtaining these three wickets without a run being scored off him. A little later, he got rid of Gosling and Pope, and at that point he had taken five wickets for eight runs. Eight batsmen were out for 97, but, driving with great power, Sheffield hit Parker for three 6's and Hipkin stayed while the ninth wicket yielded 72 in 50 minutes. Smith, too, offered some resistance, and the last pair put on 26 in ten minutes before the innings ended for 195—a much better total than at one time seemed probable. Taking out his bat for a hard-hit 65, Sheffield rendered his side fine service, and in a stay of an hour and a quarter he obtained four 6's and seven 4's.

Gloucestershire lost two wickets for 40, but Dacre brought about an improvement. Sinfield was dismissed at 86, but Neale played cautiously while Dacre hit away, scoring 72 in 55 minutes. The chief hits in Dacre's dashing display were two 6's and 11 4's. Barnett also scored freely and the fifth wicket realized 78 in an hour, Barnett, who obtained his 56 in 65 minutes, hitting eight 4's.

Score :—

ESSEX.—First Innings

Cutmore, c. Barnett, b. Goddard	32
Pope, c. Neale, b. Parker	22
O'Connor, l.-b.-w., b. Parker	1
Russell, c. Ford, b. Parker	0
Nichols, l.-b.-w., b. Parker	0
C. H. Gosling, b. Parker	0
K. Farnes, b. Goddard	8
H. M. Morris, c. Barnett, b. Goddard	2
Sheffield, not out	65
Hipkin, c. Maclean, b. Barnett	24
Smith (P.), b. Barnett	11
Bye, 8; l.-b., 3	11
Total	195

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Dipper, c. Sheffield, b. Smith	2
Sinfield, c. run out	37
B. H. Lyon, b. Nichols	20
Dacre, b. Nichols	72
Neale, l.-b.-w., b. Russell	23
Barnett, b. Sheffield	56
J. F. Maclean, c. Gosling, b. Nichols	4
Stephens, not out	0
Ford, not out	0
Bye, 8; l.-b., 3; n.-b., 1	12
Total (7 wkts.)	216

Parker and Goddard to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Barnett	9	1	31	2
Sinfield	7	3	10	0
Lyon	5	0	22	0
Goddard	22	4	53	3
Parker	20	6	59	5

UMPIRES.—Field and King.

TWO SUSSEX CENTURIES

Sussex gave a good account of themselves at Worcester on Saturday, when they stayed in until 10 minutes past 6 and scored 391 runs. Fox and Wright survived the last 10 minutes of the match without scoring. James Langridge and J. Parks each scored a hundred for Sussex, and at one time an even bigger total seemed probable, 331 runs being on the board when the fifth wicket fell. Sussex made a bad start, losing Bowley at four, but J. Parks and John Langridge put on 78 for the second wicket and James Langridge and H. Parks 108 for the fifth. After the tea interval the last five Sussex wickets fell for 60 runs, Jackson, who took three of them, being by far the most successful of the Worcestershire bowlers and coming out with what was the useful analysis of five for 105.

Score :—

SUSSEX.—First Innings

Bowler, b. Root	2
Parks (J.), c. Root, b. Jackson	106
Langridge (John), b. Jackson	32
Cook, c. Quaife, b. Wright	127
Langridge (James), c. Gibbons, b. Brooks	107
Parks (H.), c. Quaife, b. Jackson	45
Wensley, c. Gibbons, b. Jackson	0
G. A. R. Collins, c. Sinfield, b. Jackson	3
Hammond, not out	24
Major C. B. Rabet, l.-b.-w., b. Brooks	3
Cornford, b. Wright	21
Bye, 2; l.-b., 5; w., 2	9
Total	391

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Fox (J.), not out	0
Wright, not out	0
Total (no wkt.)	0

C. F. Walters, B. W. Quaife, Nichol, Gibbons, Fox (V.), Sinfield, Root, Brooks, and Jackson to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SUSSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	29	6	79	1
Jackson	28	3	105	5
Brooks	25	3	116	2
Wright	15	2	52	2
Fox (J.)	6	1	14	0

UMPIRES.—Glass and Morton.

BAD DAY FOR KENT

LANCASHIRE IN A GOOD POSITION

Kent, who at present are leading in the Championship table, and Lancashire met at Old Trafford on Saturday, and at the close of play Lancashire, with nine wickets in hand, were only 23 runs behind Kent's total of 194.

Woolley was away from the Kent side, while Lancashire had McDonald back and these two facts had a great deal to do with Lancashire's dominant position. In the last few years Kent have shown themselves a most unreliable side against fast bowling, and, although McDonald was not on Saturday the great McDonald of the past, he bowled fast enough to make the well-pitched-up ball rise awkwardly from an easy pitch, and, had his slips adequately supported him, he would have come out with an even better analysis than that of five wickets for 77 runs.

There had been some rain in the night, but the pitch was thoroughly easy when Hardinge and Ashdown opened the Kent innings and it remained easy all day. There was, however, a strong wind blowing down the pitch from mid-off to fine-leg and McDonald, having it at the back of him, forced both batsmen to play hurried and injudicious strokes. Hardinge might actually have been caught by Farrimond off a stroke that earned him 4 runs, but at 26 he was caught by Hallows at second slip. Nineteen runs later Ashdown was beaten by a ball of McDonald's that swung in late and knocked his leg stump out of the ground. Todd and Ames then added 68 runs by the most attractive cricket of the day, but they should not have been allowed to do so, as Ames, when he had scored three, was missed by Watson at first-slip off McDonald, the ball, which came hard and low, taking the fieldsman by surprise. Todd obviously has modelled himself on Woolley and what he lacks in height he makes up for by the quickness and dexterity of his footwork. His playing of R. Tyldesley was not only delightful to watch, but it was correct in principle, and it would be an admirable thing if more batsmen would follow his methods. He jumped into the over-pitched ball and if some of his on-drives had a suggestion of the pull about them he was so well over the ball that the risk implicit in any cross-bat stroke was reduced to the minimum. The short ball was waited for and forced through the covers with a stroke played off the left leg (Todd is, of course, left-handed) and made effective by timing and wrist-work. He reached his 50 by playing a short ball off Hodgson's through the covers for 3, but, immediately afterwards, both he and Ames were out. Ames, who had been scoring as fast as Todd, was bowled by an excellent ball of Hodgson's which just touched the bails and Todd himself played across wildly and late at a good-length ball on his off-stump. Four wickets were now down for 114 runs, and two more fell before luncheon, T. A. Crawford playing outside an off-break of Tyldesley which kept low and hit the leg-stump, and G. B. Legge playing on to a ball that thoroughly beat him.

After luncheon, J. A. Deed made one or two good, and one or two lucky, strokes, but nine wickets were down for 150 runs. McDonald was working up a quite considerable pace and he got both Deed and Freeman caught in the slips making that involuntary stroke the good fast ball compels, and Fairservice was l.-b.-w. to that ball of Tyldesley's which comes straight through. Wright and Peach, however, added 44 exhilarating runs for the last wicket. Wright hit Tyldesley for a 6 and a 4 in one over and, with Iddon dropping him at long-on when he had made 19, he went on to hit McDonald twice with a cross-bat straight back to the boundary. Peach, too, got a boundary off McDonald, but, at 194, he was bowled.

Lancashire went in at 3.30 and, in the hour before tea, they scored 44 runs for the loss of Hallows's wicket. Even when Freeman was bowling, the Kent attack never looked likely to disturb two such experienced cricketers as Watson and R. Tyldesley, especially as both of them were quite content to wait for the runs to come. After tea Watson made one beautiful straight drive to the boundary off a by no means bad ball of Peach's, but Tyldesley, who had rather fallen behind, began to score much faster and, at the close of play, he was ahead of Watson. It was delightful to see Tyldesley making runs again. He has not been in form lately, but once he had thoroughly satisfied himself that there was nothing either in the pitch or in the bowling to worry him, he produced those strokes which have been hidden from the Old Trafford crowd too long. If the Kent fielding had not been so exceptionally good, Lancashire would have finished up in front.

Score :—

KENT.—First Innings

Hardinge, c. Hallows, b. McDonald	16
Ashdown, b. McDonald	16
Todd, b. Hodgson	50
Ames, b. Hodgson	31
J. A. Deed, c. Tyldesley (R.), b. McDonald	22
T. A. Crawford, b. Tyldesley (R.)	1
G. B. Legge, b. Tyldesley (R.)	0
Fairservice, b. w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	10
Freeman, c. Hodgson, b. McDonald	2
Wright, not out	34
Peach, b. McDonald	11
Leg-byes	1
Total	194

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Watson, not out	31
Hallows, l.-b.-w., b. Ashdown	4
Tyldesley (E.), not out	34
Bye, 1; l.-b., 3	4
Total (1 wkt.)	171

Iddon, Hopwood, P. T. Eckersley, Sibbles, Farrimond, Tyldesley (R.), McDonald, and Hodgson to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	21.1	0	77	5
Sibbles	5	0	21	0
Tyldesley (R.)	19	6	61	3
Hodgson	16	1	46	1
Iddon	2	0	6	0
Hop coo	4	1	13	0

UMPIRES.—Denton and Best.

DERBYSHIRE'S TASK

Nottinghamshire gave a consistent batting display at Ilkeston on Saturday in scoring 349, and only Bland, the last man in, failed to reach double figures. Derbyshire scored 23 for no wicket, and are 326 behind.

Gunn, A. Staples, S. Staples, and Voce between them scored 213 of the Nottinghamshire total. Gunn played well in making 74 out of 154 in two hours and three-quarters, driving being a feature of his innings, which included seven 4's, but half the side were out when he left. A. Staples, however, attacked the bowling with such success that he scored 62 in an hour and a quarter, his hits including a big drive for 6 and seven 4's, and his partnership with A. W. Carr realized 60 runs in 40 minutes. S. Staples and Voce, after the eighth wicket fell, added 56 runs in 50 minutes. Mitchell, with his right arm medium-pace bowling, had the good analysis of six wickets for 86 runs.

Score :—

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), b. Townsend	74
Whysall, c. Storer, b. Townsend	14
Walker, c. Elliott, b. Mitchell	15
Parton, b. Worthington	20
Gillott, b. Townsend	23
Staples (A.), c. Jackson, b. Townsend	62
Barratt, c. Slater, b. Mitchell	23
A. W. Carr, c. Smith, b. Townsend	24
Staples (S. J.), c. Smith, b. Townsend	40
Voce, not out	37
R. D. F. Bland, b. Mitchell	9
Bye 1; l.-b., 4; w., 1; n.-b., 4	10
Total	349

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

Storer, not out	14
Lee, not out	9
Total (no wkt.)	23

J. H. D. Gilbert, G. R. Jackson, Townsend, Worthington, Smith, Hutchinson, Slater, Elliott, and Mitchell to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Slater	12	2	30	0
Worthington	27	4	72	1
Mitchell	35	6	109	3
Townsend	34	5	86	6
Smith	4	1	10	0

UMPIRES.—Reeves and Nash.

LEICESTERSHIRE'S SLOW BATTING

Leicestershire batted all day in their match against Hampshire at Leicester on Saturday, and at the close of play were all out for 237.

Although the conditions favoured run-getting, the batsmen, with the exception of Bradshaw and Coleman, showed to poor advantage, and no excuse could be found for the slow rate of scoring. The cricket before luncheon yielded no more than 75 runs for two wickets. Bradshaw did better afterwards, but even he needed two hours and 40 minutes to obtain his 51. Coleman could find no one to stay long with him, but in two hours he scored 72, with two 6's and nine 4's as his chief strokes.

Score :—

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Shipman, b. Newman	10
Berry, st. Brown, b. Boyes	34
Bradshaw, b. Boyes	51
Armstrong, c. Crease, b. Baring	9
Killer, b. Baring	4
Astill, b. Kennedy	4
Coleman, l.-b.-w., b. Kennedy	72
J. A. de Lisle, b. Baring	19
Sidwell, l.-b.-w., b. Boyes	0
Geary, not out	15
Smith, b. Boyes	0
Bye 1; l.-b., 4; w., 1; n.-b., 4	6
Total	237

HAMPSHIRE.—A. E. Judd, G. C. A. Adams, A. E. G. Baring, Brown, Arnold, Mead, Newman, Kennedy, Crease, Boyes and Pothecary to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	24	10	52	3
Baring	24	5	68	3
Newman	25	3	56	1
Boyes	43.3	17	44	4
Crease	5	2	11	0

UMPIRES.—Hollyoake and Brand.

LEYLAND'S FINE SCORE

STEADY BOWLING BY DURSTON

A great innings by Leyland, who made his third hundred of the season, enabled Yorkshire to recover from a bad start at Sheffield on Saturday, their total reaching 341, of which Leyland made 172. At the end of the day Middlesex scored 30 without loss.

N. Haig and Durston bowled so well that Holmes and Mitchell were dismissed with only 24 runs scored, but Leyland, who went in at the fall of the second wicket, mastered the visitors' bowling. A. T. Barber and Barber (W.) each made 39, but none of the remaining batsmen did much. Driving with power on either side of the wicket, Leyland made his first 50 runs in as many minutes, and completed his 1,000 runs for the season. He and A. T. Barber added 108 runs in under an hour and a half for the third wicket partnership, while Barber (W.) helped him in a fifth wicket stand which realised 117 in 75 minutes.

Leyland, who hit to leg cleanly in addition to driving hard, did not make a bad stroke until he had scored 123, when he gave a very difficult chance behind the wicket. He also might have been caught at mid-on when 167, but for the greater part of his fine innings, which contained nineteen 4's, he was master of the Middlesex bowling. Durston, on a pitch that did not give him much help, bowled steadily, taking half the wickets for 91 runs.

Score :—

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

Holmes, c. Price, b. Haig	7
Mitchell, b. Durston	13
A. T. Barber, hit wkt., b. Hearne	39
Leyland, c. Hearne, b. Durston	172
F. E. Greenwood, c. Hulme, b. Durston	9
Barber (W.), b. Hulme	39
Robinson, c. Price, b. Hulme	8
Dennis, c. Atkinson, b. Lee	8
Wood, c. Beveridge, b. Durston	15
Macaulay, not out	1
Bowes, c. Atkinson, b. Durston	7
Bye, 12; l.-b., 9; w., 2	23
Total	341

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

Hearne, not out	18
Canning, not out	9
Leg byes	3
Total (no wkt.)	30

N. Haig, Lee, Hulme, A. N. Hickley, G. B. Atkinson, Hart, Durston, Price, and Beveridge to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Haig	24	4	67	1
Durston	33	6	91	5
Atkinson	3	1	10	0
Hearne	13	1	46	1
Hulme	23	3	81	2
Lee	7	0	19	1

UMPIRES.—Buswell and Toone.

A NORTHAMPTONSHIRE RECOVERY

Northamptonshire scored 275 against Somerset at Kettering on Saturday, and, considering that half their wickets were down for 112, the total reflected much credit upon the later batsmen. Somerset made 49 for one wicket before stumps were drawn for the day.

Bakewell, who scored 60 of the first 112 runs for the home side, made some splendid forcing strokes. Bellamy helped to raise the total from 13 to 84, and Liddell shared in a sixth wicket stand of 42 in 40 minutes, while Cox had the distinction of making his highest score in county cricket. With Towell batting steadily, the seventh wicket put on 78. Clark, the Northamptonshire fast bowler, failed to find his length, and Young and Longrigg gave Somerset a good start by hitting 34 off four overs from the left-hander, but the former was out at 43 and at the close Somerset were 226 runs in arrear with nine wickets to fall.

Score :—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

Woolley, l.-b.-w., b. Hunt	7
Bakewell, c. Clarke, b. Lee (J. W.)	60
Bellamy, c. Clarke, b. Young	27
Thomas (J. E.), b. Young	1
Jupp, c. Jupp, c. Clarke, b. Lee (J. W.)	1
Liddell, c. Clarke, b. Wellard	25
Cox, c. Wellard, b. Andrews	63
E. F. Towell, b. Lee (J. W.)	43
Matthews, b. Wellard	8
Thomas, c. Clarke, b. Wellard	8
Clark, not out	1
Bye, 12; l.-b., 8	21
Total	275

SOMERSET.—First Innings

Young, l.-b.-w., b. Thomas	22
E. G. Longrigg, not out	25
R. F. Northway, not out	1
Leg-byes	1
Total (1 wkt.)	49

Lee (F. S.), C. C. Case, R. A. Isaac, Wellard, Lee (J. W.), Hunt, Andrews, and Clarke to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	26	4	81	3
Andrews	15	4	36	1
Hunt	8	1	22	1
Lee (J. W.)	20.3	10	39	3
Young	24	8	36	2

UMPIRES.—Dolphin and Burrows.

GLAMORGAN BAT ALL DAY

Glamorgan mastered the Warwickshire bowling at Swansea on Saturday and, staying in all day, they made the large total of 466 for eight wickets.

Chief credit for this success rested with Dai Davies, Bell and M. J. Turnbull who, between them, obtained 360 of the runs. Davies in scoring 171, made his first 100 of the season and exceeded his previous highest innings in first-class cricket—165 against Sussex in 1928.

When Turnbull, for the ninth time this summer, won the toss, Glamorgan began badly, two batsmen being out for 37, but Turnbull and Bell added 116 in 65 minutes before Turnbull gave a simple catch. With Dai Davies batting there was another big partnership, 116 runs being added in 80 minutes. Bell then gave a return catch. For the first time this season, he had shown his best form, and though he gave a hard chance to Croom in the slips when 92, he made no other mistake in a stay of two hours 20 minutes, having as his best strokes 18 4's. Davies dominated the play so much afterwards that, of the 147 runs put on in an hour and 40 minutes for the fifth wicket with Dyson, he made 111. He drove with great power during an innings lasting three hours and a half, and besides four 6's he hit 19 4's.

Score :—

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

Bates, c. Croom, b. Sanders	12
Howard, l.-b.-w., b. Wyatt	14
M. J. Turnbull, c. Mayer, b. Croom	69
Bell, c. and b. Paine	120
Davies (D.), c. Mayer, b. Croom	171
Dyson, c. Mayer, b. Croom	34
Davies (E.), c. Smith, b. Croom	0
Lavis, not out	7
Mercer, c. and b. Wyatt	11
Ryan, not out	14
Bye, 8; l.-b., 8	14
Total (8 wkts.)	466

Geary and Lock to go in.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—P. G. T. Kingsley, A. M. Crawley, D. S. Moore, Nawab of Pataudi, A. Melville, K. M. Ford, H. M. Garland-Wells, C. K. Hill-Wood, W. H. Bradshaw, I. A. R. Peebles, and J. F. N. Mayhew. Umpires.—Young and Walden.

In a match at Tetbury, Gloucestershire, Glyps scored 303 (Captain Maxwell Dumbleton 91, E. F. Arrowsmith 73), and dismissed Tetbury for 143.

TO-DAY'S SCHOOL MATCHES

Ampleforth College v. Liverpool.
Calchurch School v. Mr. Ridgway's XI.
Durham School v. Old Dunelmians (first day).
Highgate School v. M.C.C.
King's School, Rochester v. Rochester Clergy.

CAMBRIDGE'S BIG SCORE

ANOTHER FINE INNINGS BY F. R. BROWN

The Cambridge University batsmen showed their best form again when they scored freely at the expense of Mr. H. D. G. Leveson-Gower's eleven in the opening match of the Universities week at Eastbourne on Saturday. It must have been no easy matter for Mr. Leveson-Gower to get together a good side with all the first-class counties engaged, but his eleven was a sound one.

The easy character of the wicket at the Saffrons made it rather heartbreaking for the bowlers, who had a trying experience, particularly during the last two hours of the day, when the Cambridge batsmen were scoring at a rate of over 100 runs an hour. The Freshman, F. R. Brown, who scored a brilliant 150 against Surrey, by playing another three-figure innings had the distinction of making two centuries in successive days, while for the second time he was associated in a partnership of over 200 runs. This time, however, it was H. E. Carris, the left-handed batsman, who was on his trial for a place in the eleven. Carris was in for half an hour before Brown arrived, and both were fairly cautious at the start. After each had reached his 50 they began to hit with more freedom, and Brown overhauled his partner steadily, so that when both got into the nineties it became a race for three figures. This distinction went to Brown when Carris was at 95, and the latter, after adding another single, cut the ball hard to cover point and was caught. Carris played an entertaining innings and he hit 10 4's in a partnership which added 202 in two hours.

Brown had some luck and he was missed, but it was a very fine innings, and the vigour which he displayed may be judged by the fact that he hit two 6's and 17 4's. One of the 6's was a straight drive which cleared the seats outside the ring. Earlier in the innings A. T. Ratcliffe and G. C. Grant helped to take some of the sting out of the bowling in a partnership which added 85 runs in as many minutes. Ratcliffe was rather cautious, but he had been out of form for several matches.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—First Innings

G. D. Kemp-Welch, c. Enthoven, b. Calthorpe	10			
R. T. Killick, b. Enthoven	32			
A. Ratcliffe, l.-b.-w., b. Enthoven	51			
G. C. Grant, l.-b.-w., b. Arnott	40			
H. E. Carris, c. Douglas, b. Guise	98			
F. R. Brown, c. Melver, b. Arnott	140			
J. T. Morgan, not out	22			
A. G. Hadwirg, not out	4			
Bye, 32; w., 1	34			
Total (6 wkts.)	432			

H. R. W. Butterworth, A. H. Fabian, and R. C. Rought-Rought to go in.

H. D. G. LEVESON-GOWER'S XI.—J. W. H. T. Douglas, C. D. Melver, M. Howell, H. J. Enthoven, the Hon. R. S. G. Calthorpe, W. G. Lowndes, J. L. Guise, E. W. Dawson, H. L. Wilson, T. Arnott, and D. P. B. Morkel.

UMPIRES.—Moss and Garrett

CHARTERHOUSE v. OLD CARTHUSIANS

The match between Charterhouse and the Old Carthusians was played at Charterhouse on Saturday, on the occasion of the annual reunion of Old Carthusians and Charterhouse School. The School won by 175 runs.

Score :—

OLD CARTHUSIANS

First Innings		Second Innings	
R. C. Robertson-Glasgow, c. Davidson, b. Tetley	1	l.-b.-w., b. Greening	1
R. G. Dyson, b. Tetley	1	c. Kenrivlade, b. Middleton	4
T. A. Pearce, c. Hollebone, b. Tetley	0	c. Greening, b. Tetley	4
R. L. Arrowsmith, c. Powell, b. Greening	44	l.-b.-w., b. Greening	25
J. G. Frost, l.-b.-w., b. Greening	58	M. Powell, b. Davidson	19
W. Anderson, b. Dyson	1	b. Davidson	10
J. W. E. Hunt, not out	44	not out	47
H. E. Norris, c. and b. Greening	16	b. Greening	18
G. F. Blundell, b. Davidson	5	c. and b. Greening	0
J. B. Rosher (captain), b. Davidson	14	b. Davidson	2
A. W. Goodfellow, b. Davidson	0	not out	11
Extras	13		
Total	197	Total (9 wkts.)	188

CHARTERHOUSE

A. G. Powell, c. and b. Goodfellow	22
G. H. Leeds, c. and b. Robertson-Glasgow	1
G. H. Eccles, b. Robertson-Glasgow	4
C. Middleton (captain), b. Robertson-Glasgow	74
A. J. Wreford-Brown, c. Frost, b. Blundell	34
G. F. Hollebone, c. Pearce, b. Robertson-Glasgow	69
P. M. Dyson, b. Robertson-Glasgow	41
H. G. Crabtree, b. Goodfellow	14
R. J. D. Tetley, not out	45
J. S. Greenlees, b. Robertson-Glasgow	3
T. R. Davidson, not out	22
Extras	27
Total	372

UMPIRES.—Dolphin and Burrows.

SANDHURST WANDERERS v. THE WAR OFFICE

The annual match between Sandhurst Wanderers and the War Office was played at Sandhurst on Saturday and was won by the Sandhurst Wanderers by 109 runs. The Sandhurst Wanderers declared their innings closed with the score at 284 for five wickets. Captain Mackintosh-Walker's 78 included 10 4's. Mainly through Major Brett the War Office made a good start, but C. A. R. Nevill went on and the innings soon closed, Nevill taking six wickets for 19 runs. Score :

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

LAWN TENNIS

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS

THE LAST EIGHTS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The Queen was again present for the play in the Lawn Tennis Championships at the All-England Courts at Wimbledon on Saturday afternoon. The process of elimination was continued until only eight were left in both the Singles competitions. Great Britain is represented by one player in the Men's Singles, J. C. Gregory, while there are five Americans and two Frenchmen.

Gregory has now to meet W. T. Tilden to-day for the right to enter the semi-final round. That may appear to most people to be a task far beyond his powers; yet there were moments in Gregory's match on Saturday afternoon when he was playing just as well as any man could. His trouble is that he cannot keep it up. He does not have off days like so many other players, but in the midst of play which for sheer brilliance could not be surpassed he has off moments when nothing seems to go right, and he beats himself through his own inconsistency.

Three British players are left in the Women's Singles, Miss B. Nuthall, Miss J. C. Ridley, and Miss P. E. Mudford. It is Miss Mudford's turn now to meet the champion, Mrs. F. S. Moody, and that will come to-morrow. She has done better than any other against Mrs. Moody this year, when they met in the French Championships in Paris. Whether she can improve on that remains to be seen. She certainly has the courage and the will. If only craft could be added in the proper proportion the day might well be hers.

Large crowds were present for the play on Saturday, and at times the passages and paths were almost dangerously crowded. There seems at times to be the lack of a regulating hand to keep the ways clear, and players and spectators alike are frequently caught in a seething mass of people, from which it is difficult to escape. Aeroplanes hovered in the vicinity of the courts more than once during the afternoon and had a distracting influence. It is time that the pilots learned to keep away from such events. The spectators frequently showed marked partisanship in some of the matches. That is just as wholly undesirable as it was difficult to understand, and it is a pity at times that good play on either side does not always command the appreciation it deserves.

GREGORY'S VICTORY

F. J. Perry seemed to be little overcome on the occasion of his first appearance on the Centre Court against J. C. Gregory. He started out confidently and won game for game up to three all. There were no long rallies, and points were soon gained by one or the other. Gregory occasionally won with a superb service and would follow it with an occasional double fault. In the seventh game he lost control altogether, and Perry ran off with the set by six games to three. It was the same story in the second set, and when Perry led by five games to four the set seemed to be his once more, but Gregory pulled himself together and drew level. Perry got the lead once more and Gregory caught him up after a long rally, the game going to him on a net cord ball, but Gregory won the thirteenth game with terrific services. He kept at the attack in the next but was wild in his overhead hitting and Perry got level, but Gregory, keeping at it and becoming more accurate, won the set with the next two games.

That was but the prelude to some magnificent play by Gregory, and after losing the second game of the third set he won five games on end for the set. Perry, however, was by no means overcome, and got the first two games of the fourth set, and was leading by 40 to love in the third. With a fine effort Gregory got the game and they were level at three games all, but Perry, taking advantage of another wild spasm by Gregory, got the set by six games to three. Gregory went off in his matchless style in the final set and had five games won about as quickly as they could be counted. Perry had a brief innings in the sixth just to show his pluck and got that game, but Gregory was not to be denied and ran out in the last with a series of services that no player could have got back.

Perry gave a splendid display and he shows so much promise that his day undoubtedly will come. He plays with great ease and foresight and uses his head well. He seems to see a long way ahead and holds himself in readiness for what is coming. He has a fine temperament and is seldom worried. That gives him great confidence. His play is never forced, for he does not appear to be striving greatly, but it is none the less effective. Gregory was the same impulsive, impetuous hitter as ever. He is out to do or die, and he can never reach the one without getting very near to the other. These are hardly the qualities of a consistent player and a steady winner, but they afford the spectacle of such play as it is a constant joy to behold. He is always giving of his best without holding anything in reserve, and his errors to which so many of the points gained by his opponents are due are generally committed in the eagerness to get home with all the speed possible.

TILDEN THE MASTER

It was far otherwise with Tilden in his match with E. D. Andrews. He had always a great store in keeping from which he could in the moment of need produce something which would entirely confound his opponent. Andrews stood up manfully to him, and there was no cannon ball before which he would flinch. Indeed, he won quite as frequently on Tilden's service as he did at any other time. Nothing had any terrors for him, and he was steadier under a fierce attack than when fortune smiled on him. Tilden's play was so many-sided that there was never any doubt of the result. Every stroke came naturally to him and in each he showed the hand of the master. Andrews is a big, strong man, but he does not play in the hard-hitting, smashing style of Gregory. The essence of his play is steady persistency. He does not go out to win quickly, but bides his time patiently. He kept Tilden playing all the time till late in the third set, and then Tilden had got fully into his stride and was playing with the fullest measure of confidence. He finished with one of his few services that Andrews could not touch.

G. M. Lott had little difficulty in beating P. D. B. Spence. For the first two sets Spence was not nearly at his best. He was uncertain. Frequently when he had Lott at his mercy at the net he could not get the ball over, simple matter as it seemed to be, and even when he got it over he could not put it out of harm's way, for Lott was always there. One great smash was returned by Lott with a lob that took the ball as high, it seemed, as the Woolworth tower, but it came down inside the court, and Spence could not get it back. In the third set there was a long battle after Spence had fought back from a losing position, but he could not get home, though he took it to 18 games before going down in defeat. J. Borotra beat B. von Kehrling in four sets, but he was hardly at his brightest. Much of the sparkle had gone out of his play, and there were few antics. The match was not so close as to make it a grim affair, but von Kehrling is steady, and he has many telling strokes. He always takes a lot of beating.

Borotra has to meet Lott this afternoon. That may be a task for one who is no longer young and the result will have a definite bearing on the destiny of the Davis Cup for the next 12 months. H. Cochet is to play W. Allison in the first match of the day. He may prolong the agony, but there is nothing to indicate that he will fail to win. The two young Americans J. H. Doeg and G. S. Mangin will do battle with one another. That will be a contrast in styles, the one of ease and power without apparent effort, the other lively and enterprising in which every point is won by might and main.

WOMEN'S MATCHES

The best of the women's matches were played on the outside courts. Miss E. Ryan had to go all out to keep her place in the contest. The Swiss player Mlle. L. Payot had a poor enough start to discourage anyone, and did not win a game in the first set. That was only the beginning of things. She went straight away with the first three games in the second set, and though Miss Ryan drew up the set went against her by six games to three. Mlle. Payot played in an unconcerned way, but she had some power behind her drives on the fore-hand and they constantly beat Miss Ryan, for they were placed far out of reach. Mlle. Payot kept up her effort in the third set, and though the score was two games all she went ahead to four to two with two love games. Exercising all her powers of cunning in cutting the ball as she played it and in drop shots Miss Ryan drew up to four all and led by five games to four. The set was within her grasp, but the next game went to Mlle. Payot to love, and the next, which contained a lovely drive down the side line, gave her the lead again. Miss Ryan, however, played steadily and got the next three games for the set. Mlle. Payot had few strokes with which to counter her rival, but she used them well, and when her equipment is fuller she should be a fine player.

Miss F. James, of Nottingham, then put Fräulein C. Aussem, of Germany, through a trying ordeal. Miss James is so slight and frail that she seems to flit rather than run about the court. Her play is pretty to watch, and if only it had on the back-hand some of the vigour of the German girl it might have carried her on yet another stage. Fräulein Aussem just won both sets. Miss J. C. Ridley, after a poor start, beat Mrs. E. Robertson, who used to be Miss E. Boyd, of Australia. Three games went against Miss Ridley for the start, but that was about the limit of Mrs. Robertson's endurance, and Miss Ridley had little trouble after that.

The only women's match thought worthy of a place on the Centre Court was rather a disappointing affair. Miss B. Nuthall and Mrs. C. G. McIlquham had a hard-hitting duel and Miss Nuthall was just the steadier. Miss Nuthall won rather easily to judge by the figures, but many of the games, more than half, indeed, were fought out to the advantage point. The first set was a tragedy of double faults for Mrs. McIlquham, for she made them in each service and finished the set with more. Miss Nuthall set out with a love game and never lost her lead. At one point in the second set the result seemed to be in doubt for a moment, as Mrs. McIlquham was driving hard and keeping the ball low, but she quickly faded away. Miss Nuthall was playing safely, but Mrs. McIlquham has often played better.

It is much to be regretted that in the Women's Doubles, which is one of the few crumbs which have fallen to British players in recent years, both the pairs who played in the Wightman Cup match, Mrs. L. A. Godfree and Mrs. M. Watson, Miss E. H. Harvey and Miss J. Fry, have had to scratch through the illness of one player in each pair.

RESULTS

SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

HOLDER: H. COCHET (FRANCE)

FOURTH ROUND

W. T. Tilden (U.S.A.) beat E. D. Andrews (New Zealand) (6—4, 6—4, 6—2).

J. C. Gregory (Great Britain) beat F. J. Perry (Great Britain) (3—6, 9—7, 7—1, 3—6, 6—1).

J. Borotra (France) beat B. de Kehrling (Hungary) (6—2, 6—2, 2—6, 6—1).

G. M. Lott (U.S.A.) beat Dr. P. D. B. Spence (South Africa) (6—1, 6—3, 10—8).

WOMEN'S SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

HOLDER: MRS. MOODY (U.S.A.)

FOURTH ROUND

Miss J. C. Ridley (Great Britain) beat Mrs. E. Robertson (Australia) (6—4, 6—1).

Miss B. Nuthall (Great Britain) beat Mrs. C. G. McIlquham (Great Britain) (6—2, 6—3).

Miss Ryan (U.S.A.) beat Mlle. L. Payot (Switzerland) (6—0, 3—6, 8—6).

Frl. C. Aussem (Germany) beat Miss F. James (Great Britain) (7—5, 6—4).

DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP

HOLDERS: W. ALLISON AND J. VAN RYN (U.S.A.)

SECOND ROUND

C. E. Malfroy and R. D. Poland beat G. P. Hughes and H. G. N. Lee (7—5, 6—1, 6—4).

H. Miki and H. Satoh beat H. F. David and C. K. Horne (6—3, 6—3, 6—3).

E. Bell and G. S. Mangin beat H. K. Lester and E. C. Peters (3—6, 6—4, 6—2, 11—9).

W. Allison and J. Van Ryn beat T. Abé and T. Harada (6—3, 6—4, 6—4).

H. W. Austin and J. S. Olliff beat G. R. O. Crole-Rees and C. G. Eames (6—1, 7—5, 6—4).

THIRD ROUND

H. Cochet and J. Brugnon beat Dr. H. Kleinschroth and D. Prenn (9—7, 7—5, 6—1).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP

HOLDERS: MRS. HOLCROFT-WATSON AND MRS. L. R. C. MICHELL

FIRST ROUND

Mrs. W. D. List and Miss N. M. Lyle beat Miss D. M. Furnivall and Miss L. Philip (6—1, 6—1).

SECOND ROUND

Miss E. Cross and Miss S. Palfrey beat Mrs. A. V. Bridge and Mrs. C. G. McIlquham (6—2, 7—5).

Mrs. M. A. O. Mayne and Miss V. H. Montgomery beat Miss E. M. Dearman and Mrs. H. V. Edwards (1—6, 7—5, 6—0).

Mrs. J. S. Colegate and Miss C. Tyrrell beat Mrs. J. B. Pittman and Miss J. C. Ridley (2—6, 6—3, 6—3).

Mrs. Fearnley Whittingstall and Miss B. Nuthall beat Fräulein H. Krahwinkel and Fräulein A. Peitz (6—3, 6—2).

Mrs. Moody and Miss Ryan beat Miss J. Sandison and Mrs. E. C. Simon (6—0, 6—4).

Mrs. J. E. Hill and Mrs. R. Lycett beat Miss E. F. Rose and Miss S. K. Johnson (5—7, 6—4, 6—2).

THIRD ROUND

Miss B. Feltham and Miss M. Heeley beat Miss M. R. Cousquerque and Miss M. Canters (6—4, 6—2).

Mrs. R. E. Haylock and Miss M. E. Dix beat Miss F. E. Mudford and Miss G. R. Stevens (9—7, 9—7).

Mme. Mathieu and Mlle. S. Barbier beat Mrs. P. Bouverie and Miss J. Ingram (6—3, 6—4, 6—3).

Mlle. J. Sigart and Mme. Henrotin beat Miss E. Hemmant and Mrs. F. M. Strawson (6—4, 6—0).

MIXED DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP

HOLDERS: F. T. HUNTER AND MRS. WILLS MOODY (U.S.A.)

SECOND ROUND

J. D. P. Wheatley and Mrs. E. Lycett beat E. F. Moon and Mrs. E. Robertson (7—9, 6—4, 6—2).

H. Timmer and Miss M. Canters beat T. Harada and Mme. Mathieu (6—4, 6—1).

I. G. Collins and Miss J. Fry beat B. de Kehrling and Mrs. T. Wolf (6—1, 7—5).

E. O. Mather and Mrs. R. E. Haylock beat H Satoh and Miss M. Shaney (1—6, 9—7, 6—3).

J. Brugnon and Mme. Henrotin w.o., H. Chiesa and Miss E. M. Dearman scratched.

W. H. Powell and Miss N. Trentham beat L. de Borman and Mme. Charpenel (6—1, 7—5).

THIRD ROUND

W. Allison and Miss E. Cross beat G. H. Perkins and Mrs. W. T. Tucker (9—7, 7—5).

W. T. Tilden and Fräulein C. Aussem w.o., E. D. Andrews and Mrs. Beamish scratched.

ALL-ENGLAND PLATE

FIRST ROUND

C. S. Higgins beat W. A. R. Colling (8—6, 6—0).

H. B. Purcell w.o., H. J. F. Hunter scratched.

J. D. P. Wheatley beat G. R. Williams (6—2, 6—2).

J. Grandjouillot beat H. Rodel (5—7, 6—2, 6—3).

F. Kuhlmann beat G. H. Perkins (6—2, 6—2).

M. S. Kilmer w.o., M. Mohan scratched.

S. W. Harris w.o., R. D. Poland scratched.

E. C. Metcalf w.o., F. Gatlin scratched.

J. Van der Heide w.o., G. Glaser scratched.

J. F. G. Lysaght beat L. A. Godfree (6—4, 6—2).

E. E. Avory beat P. F. Glover (6—4, 6—4).

C. E. Malfroy beat A. W. Whall (8—6, 2—6, 9—7).

A. A. Fyzee beat G. O. Jameson (10—8, 0—6, 7—5).

I. G. Collins w.o., Major D. M. Evans scratched.

J. Charanjiva beat Captain H. S. Lewis Barclay (6—2, 6—4).

SECOND ROUND

E. Malecek w.o., R. Menzel scratched.

Harris beat Ellmer (6—2, 6—4).

Van der Heide beat Metcalf (6—2, 7—5).

C. Touchett beat Lysaght (6—1, 6—3).

D. H. Williams beat R. J. Ritchie (6—2, 6—4).

THIRD ROUND

L. H. Whitecroft beat B. Hillyard (5—7, 6—2, 9—7).

Touchett beat Van der Heide (6—0, 6—4).

(Continued at foot of next column)

YACHTING

THE CLYDE FORTNIGHT

It was learned at Hunter's Quay on Saturday that the King of Spain will pay a private visit to the Clyde to-day in order to see the America's Cup challenger racing in the big class. King Alfonso will arrive at Gourock about 9 o'clock in the morning and will go on board Sir Thomas Lipton's steam yacht Erin, which will convey him across the Firth to the headquarters of the Royal Clyde Yacht Club. Should the conditions be favourable his Majesty may race in Shamrock V.

The racing on Saturday was under the flag of the Royal Clyde Club, who carried through the first part of their two-days fixtures. Again the weather on the Firth was favourable for fast racing. A strong westerly wind was blowing and, as usual with that breeze, was inclined at times to be squally. Conditions in the morning in fact suggested stormy weather to come and several fierce squalls swept down the Holy Loch. Later on, however, the sun came out and the many spectators ashore witnessed the racing in comparative comfort. In the bad squalls the weight of wind was heavier than on any previous day. Shamrock V. has been under canvas and in the circumstances it was scarcely astonishing that the challenger should not prove equal to the bigger and more powerful Lulworth, who repeated her Mudhook success and won rather easily. But while Lulworth was able to carry her big jackyarder and full mainsail the Lipton boat had a reefed mainsail. This was also the case with Cambria, the other Bermuda-rigged yacht of the four. White Heather again carried only a jib-headed topsail. Lulworth won from the challenger by 3min. 11sec., and the difference would have been greater had Shamrock V. not been lucky enough to meet a freeing slant out of the lochs which gave her a good lift on the last beat home. White Heather finished third, and Cambria, in last place, even with her allowance of over 5min., was well outside her time.

Sir Charles MacIver, who is Commodore of the Royal Clyde as well as Admiral of the Mudhook, was again in charge on board his steam yacht Minona. Apart from the match for the big raters there were the usual events for the other classes, and among the smaller yachts one or two casualties were attributable to the weight of the breeze. For the big class the course was as on the previous day, giving a total sailing of 36½ miles, and the entries were:—

Shamrock V. (Sir T. Lipton), scratch; Lulworth (Mr. A. A. Paton), scratch; White Heather (Lord Waring), scratch; Cambria (Lord Camrose) 5min. 10sec.

They reached down the Holy Loch for the start at 11 a.m. The challenger cut the line at the leeward end and had Cambria on her weather quarter up to windward. Almost in the same position as on the previous day came Lulworth, romping with the way she had gathered, and White Heather followed in Lulworth's wake. They stood down channel on the starboard with small jib-topsails for the first mark at Blackhouse, and, with her weather advantage, Lulworth gradually worked to the front, closely followed by the new boat. White Heather also passed Cambria, and in that order they made the mark without any necessity for a change of tack, though there was a little more south in the breeze down-channel. After staying at the mark they close-reached on the port till well on the way to Toward Mark, but were then broken off by the wind out of the Kyles and had to make one or two short boards. Shamrock V. took an extra tack to free her wind before laying the mark, but Lulworth tried to fetch without the extra board and had to luff, head to wind, before gybing.

This enabled the challenger to close considerably, and as they rounded Lulworth was ahead by only 9sec., having lost 40secs. on the stretch. White Heather followed more than 2min. astern of the second boat and Cambria was 2min. behind the other Fairlie racer.

It was a free reach on the port up the fairway to the Cloch, Cambria being the only boat at first that hoisted a spinnaker, but, shortly after passing the lighthouse, the scudding sails were out on the three others. All the way, Lulworth had been drawing steadily away from Shamrock V., being almost a minute in front at the Cloch and increasing her gain on the further journey to the lee mark at Roseneath. They then had a stiff peg to windward to finish the round and on a long board over to the Gourock side Lulworth had a good slant which widened the gap between her and the challenger. As they stayed at the home mark at the end of the round the times were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Lulworth ..	1 29 1	White Heather ..	1 39 23
Shamrock V. ..	1 34 17	Cambria	1 49 38

Inverkip was the down Channel mark on the distance and the journey along wind was quickly covered, Lulworth drawing steadily ahead. On the run to Roseneath the leader further increased her advantage over the challenger. Beating home to finish a fast race Lulworth once more took the southward course, while Shamrock V. worked to the north and, with the wind going up northwesterly near the finish, the new racer came romping home while the leader was rather badly choked off. Lulworth had the race safely in hand however and the match ended with the following official times:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Lulworth (winner)	2 45 31	Cambria	3 7 1
Shamrock V. (2nd prize)	2 48 42	Cambria's corrected time was	3 1 51
White Heather..	2 54 10		

Only three boats started in the handicap for yachts between 15 and 50 tons, Lafone being at scratch and allowing Verve 6min. 16sec. and Tigris 14min. 53sec. on a course of 23½ miles. This time Lafone made no mistake as to the marks, but in the end she won from Verve by only 9sec.

The finishing times were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Lafone (winner) ..	2 46 34	Tigris	3 26 21
Verve (2nd prize)	2 52 59		

Caryl was the leading boat at the lee mark on the round in the 8-metre match, with Falcon second, but Sulaire weathered both in the beat and kept her lead to the end. Falcon also beat Caryl in the tacking to finish the round and the prizes went to Sulaire, Falcon, and Caryl in that order. Amita was fourth and Sagitta gave up. Elvira saved her time from Thamar in the handicap for under 15 tonners, but Thamar took second place and Llygra third. Fintra, Susette and Vengla received the flags in the first section of the 6-metre class, for which there was a full muster of nine starters, although Valdai, after a recall, gave up. Gairney won from Ingomar by one second in the second section of the class, the American boat taking second prize. Duet broke her mast and gave up. Westra, Sanda and Stroma had the prizes in the Scottish Islands Class, and Bashi won in the Gareloch Class; Oread in the Pleiads.

CROUCH Y.C.

A spoon race for the Crouch Yacht Club's One-Design Class was sailed over the Cliff-Canewdon-Cliff course in a fresh west-north-westerly breeze. The start with the wind and tide against them was a good one, the order away being May (Messrs. Mason), March (Mr. C. C. Booth), Peter Pan (Mr. H. Percy Hood), and April (Mr. A. W. Bourne). Peter Pan and May made a fine race of it, seconds only separating them at the finish.

The finishing times were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Peter Pan (winner)	5 52 20	March	5 54 8
May (2nd prize)..	5 52 45	April	5 56 25

TO-DAY'S ORDER OF PLAY

CENTRE COURT.—W. Allison (U.S.A.) v. H. Cochet (France); Mrs. Moody and Miss Ryan v. Mrs. A. D. Stocks and Mrs. L. G. Owen; J. Borotra (France) v. G. M. Lott (U.S.A.); W. T. Tilden and Frl. C. Aussem v. E. O. Mather and Mrs. R. E. Haylock or J. Brugnon and Mme. Henrotin.

COURT 1.—G. S. Mangin (U.S.A.) v. J. H. Doeg (U.S.A.); W. T. Tilden (U.S.A.) v. C. Gregory (Great Britain); H. M. Hillyard and B. de Kehrling v. H. W. Austin and J. S. Olliff; H. Cochet and Mrs. F. Whittingstall v. H. Timmer and Miss M. Canters.

COURT 2.—J. Brugnon and Mme. Henrotin v. E. O. Mather and Mrs. R. E. Haylock; S. P. Harris and Miss J. C. Ridley v. J. H. Frowen and Miss E. R. Clarke; H. Miki and H. Satoh v. H. O. Hopman and A. J. Willard; J. Crawford and Miss Ryan v. Y. Ohta and Miss M. E. Dix.

COURT 3.—A. J. Willard and Mlle. L. Payot v. H. O. Hopman and Mlle. J. Sigart; F. D. B. Spence and Miss B. Nuthall v. J. Ingram and Mrs. P. Bouverie; E. E. Avory v. C. E. Malfroy; C. S. Mangin and Miss S. Palfrey v. J. Grandjouillot and Mlle. S. Barbier.

COURT 4.—R. Miki and Miss M. A. Thomas v. J. D. P. Wheatley and Mrs. R. Lycett; W. H. Powell and Miss N. Trentham v. C. Peters and Mrs. J. B. Pittman; N. H. Latchford v. E. N. W. Oliver; W. Allison and Miss E. Cross v. Winners of second match on Court 5.

COURT 5.—G. R. O. Crole-Rees and Miss E. Mudford v. D. M. Greig and Mrs. C. G. McIlquham; S. Abe and Mrs. C. O. Tuckey v. P. Lacoby and Mlle. J. Gallay; Mrs. J. E. Hill and Mrs. R. Lycett v. Winners of first match on Court 6; H. G. N. Lee and Mrs. L. G. Owen v. I. G. Collins and Miss J. Fry.

COURT 6.—Mrs. E. Robertson and Miss K. Le Messurier v. Mrs. W. D. List and Miss N. M. Lyle; N. Mishu and Mrs. A. V. Colegate v. D. Prenn and Frl. H. Krahwinkel; C. S. Higgins v. H. S. Purcell; S. Gilbert and Mrs. A. D. Stocks v. G. P. Hughes and Miss D. E. Round.

COURT 8.—I. G. Collins v. J. Charanjiva; F. Kuhlmann v. L. Della Porta; R. K. Tuckey v. J. W. Nuthall; V. Landau and Miss S. K. Johnson v. Winners of second match on Court 6.

COURT 9.—O. Wright v. Dr. A. A. Fyzee; and other matches in the All-England Plate.

POLO

THE CHAMPION CUP

The Hurricanes beat Goulburn, Australia, in the final tie of the Champion Cup tournament at Hurlingham on Saturday by nine goals to seven after a splendid game which roused the large attendance of visitors to a state of great excitement and enthusiasm. The four brothers Ashton had done extremely well to reach the last stage of the competition, but even their most ardent admirers were scarcely prepared for the great fight they put up against S. Sanford's powerful combination. The Hurricanes totalled 31 points on handicap to their opponents' 24, but the latter played so well that the casual spectator might well have been excused for thinking that the two teams were on an equal rating. Both sides played excellent polo, and it was certainly no weakness on the part of the Hurricanes that led to such a close game. The King of Spain was present, and after the match he congratulated both teams and presented the cup to the winners.

None of the grounds in London has been playing well this season. In spite of all the care spent on them the weather, which is probably a bigger factor in this game than in any other, upset all calculations last month, and the grounds were used, quite unavoidably, of course, before they should have been. Apart from that the conditions at Hurlingham on Saturday were ideal and the game as enjoyable to watch as any played this summer, or any other summer for that matter. In a match in which all eight players are at their best it is difficult to praise one more than another, but J. H. Ashton deserves especial mention. He may have played as well in Australia, but he could hardly have played better, and certainly has not done so in this country. The other three brothers all did their share right nobly, and however they fare in the United States, where they are going at the end of the season, they have the satisfaction of knowing that their glorious adventure has been more than worth while.

For the Hurricanes Captain C. T. I. Roark played his usual clever game at No. 3—in the opinion of many good judges of the game he is an even better No. 2—and G. Balding rode hard, hit hard, and was cool and collected in any emergency. Colonel P. K. Wise was steady and safe at back and also hit a good length, while S. Sanford had quite recovered the improved form he began to show earlier in the season. At one time the Hurricanes looked like overwhelming their opponents, and it is to their credit that they withstood a series of shocks which lost them the lead in the middle of the game and then came away again to force a victory. Their combination was good, but not so good as that of the Australians, who owe most of their success to this side of the game.

THE PLAY

At the start the Hurricanes set up an attack which penned Goulburn in their own half of the ground for several minutes. Sanford had three shots at goal and Balding one before Captain Roark opened the scoring from a centre by Balding. The Australians set off from the throw-in and R. R. Ashton equalized after a good run. Then the Hurricanes resumed the pressure and Captain Roark gave them the lead. Practically the only time that Goulburn were not defending in this chukker was when they scored their goal. They had more of the game in the second chukker, and a fine cross-shot by J. H. Ashton unluckily hit the wrong side of the goalpost. Captain Roark tried a long shot from nearly 70 yards out and the ball just crossed the goal-line before G. G. Ashton could reach it, and, after some even play, Sanford got away and put in a splendid cut drive which Balding turned through the goal. Goulburn continued to have their fair share of the game and J. H. Ashton fully deserved the goal he scored after taking the ball three-quarters the length of the field.

G. G. Ashton was only just wide with two good shots early in the third chukker, but then the Hurricanes got going again and Sanford hit through cleverly from an angle. Balding obtained another goal with a splendid near-side backhander, and, although Goulburn attacked for the rest of the chukker, the score was 6—2 against them at the bell. They stuck to it in the next chukker and perseverance was rewarded when J. H. Ashton hit through from a hit-up by G. G. Ashton. Balding had two shots cleared before Goulburn renewed the attack and J. H. Ashton hit another goal after a splendid piece of opportunism. The fifth chukker started with the Australians resuming the offensive and P. S. K. Ashton got the better of a struggle with Captain Roark and reduced his side's deficit to one. The pace was terrific, play being taken from end to end of the field at great speed. J. H. Ashton cleverly cleared a good shot by Sanford, and from his pass G. G. Ashton got away and made the scores level at six all amid great excitement and applause.

The Hurricanes began to look rather demoralised, but Balding, cool and collected as ever, evidently decided that something had to be done about it, and made a fine run from the boards near half-way and regained the lead for the Hurricanes. He followed this up with another goal a minute later from a good hit-up by Colonel Wise, and so the Hurricanes had a lead of two when the sixth chukker was begun. Far from being depressed the Ashtons played up really splendidly, and G. G. Ashton scored following a good run by P. S. K. Ashton. The tremendous strain was beginning to tell on them, however, and Sanford got away to hit a goal just before the bell. There was no scoring in the seventh chukker, although each side went very close on two or three occasions, and so the Hurricanes won a game in which they had been made to gallop in a way that few people had expected.

The teams were:—

HURRICANES.—S. Sanford, No. 1; G. Balding, No. 2; Captain C. T. I. Roark, No. 3; and Colonel P. K. Wise, back.

GOULBURN (AUSTRALIA).—P. S. K. Ashton, No. 1; G. G. Ashton, No. 2; J. H. Ashton, No. 3; and R. R. Ashton, back.

THE GUEST CUP

The first tie in the Guest Challenge Cup tournament, which is only open to teams that have competed for the current season's Champion Cup, was played afterwards, the Knaves (received 1½) beating El Gordo by 6½ goals to five. At half-time the Knaves had their handicap start still intact, the board reading 3½ to two in their favour. In the fourth period El Gordo managed to get in front, first Traill scoring, and then Lacey hitting through with a very fine nearside shot, but the Knaves soon regained the lead, and in the end won with a goal to spare.

The teams were:—

KNAVES.—Aidan Roark, No. 1; Major E. G. Atkinson, No. 2; F. W. Dollar, No. 3; and Major J. F. Harrison, back.

EL GORDO.—Captain M. J. Kingscote, No. 1; the Marquis de Villabragima, No. 2; J. A. E. Traill, No. 3; and L. L. Lacey, back.

Playing on the No. 2 ground, the Cambridge University team (received 3½) just beat a Hurlingham team by 6½ goals to six. The teams were:—

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—A. Abel Smith, No. 1; E. A. Calvert, No. 2; F. W. Paget, No. 3; and Lord Somerton, back.

HURLINGHAM.—H. Nelson, No. 1; the Hon. C. Douglas, No. 2; Captain E. O. Crosfield, No. 3; and Major A. C. Gordon-Smythe, back.

ROEHAMPTON

In the semi-final round of the Lawson Cup tournament at Roehampton on Saturday, the 7th Hussars (received ½) beat the Chinchillas by 5½ goals to two. The teams were:—

7TH HUSSARS.—R. Younger, No. 1; F. R. C. Fosdick, No. 2; Captain G. Fielden, No. 3; and Major G. C. A. Breitmeyer, back.

CHINCHILLAS.—Captain E. J. L. Speed, No. 1; Lord Cromwell, No. 2; Major S. C. Deed, No. 3; and Sir Ian Walker, back.

Afterwards a well-contested match between the Queen's Bays regimental team and Major R. L. Benson's Cavaliers, with Major P. Magor substitute for Major E. G. Atkinson, ended in a draw of five goals all. The teams were:—

QUEEN'S BAYS.—Captain G. W. C. Drabble, No. 1; Captain A. H. Barclay, No. 2; Captain G. H. Fanshawe, No. 3; and Captain E. D. Fanshawe, back.

CAVALIERS.—Colonel T. F. Metvin, No. 1; Captain J. F. Sanderson, No. 2; Major P. Magor, No. 3; and Major R. L. Benson, back.

In a Junior League match played on the second ground, the Bluejackets (received 5½) beat the Grasshoppers by 12½ goals to four. The teams were:—

BLUEJACKETS.—Lieutenant-Commander C. R. W. Gairdner, No. 1; Lieutenant E. G. Heywood-Lonsdale, No. 2; Lieutenant-Commander Lord Louis Mountbatten, No. 3; and Lieutenant-Commander C. E. Lambe, back.

GRASSHOPPERS.—J. St. M. Ramsden, No. 1; Lord Digby, No. 2; J. B. Young, No. 3; and A. S. Rawle, back.

RANELAGH

The Novices' Cup tournament was concluded at Ranelagh on Saturday, the Dolphins easily beating the Rebels team in the final tie by 10 goals to two, after leading at half-time by seven to one. For the winners the Maharajah of Jaipur, who hit six goals, was in his best form. The teams were:—

DOLPHINS.—G. A. Kenmare, No. 1; the Maharajah of Jaipur, No. 2; R. Treves, No. 3; and Count Ernest F. de Janzenac, back.

REBELS.—D. Kennedy, No. 1; A. Brunner, No. 2; Major S. Swinton Lee, No. 3; and Major R. W. A. D. Love, back.

In later matches the Royal Artillery beat the Mixed Grill team by seven goals to six,

(Continued in next column)

RUGBY FOOTBALL

THE BRITISH TEAM WIN AGAIN

TIMARU, June 28.—The British Rugby team met with more resistance than they anticipated in their match with a combined team representing Ashburton, South Canterbury, and North Otago, but won by two placed goals, two penalty goals (16 points) to two penalty goals, one try (9 points).

The visiting team made nine changes from the successful Test team, five being in the forward line. Spong and Murray were rested, Bowcott moving to the stand-off half position, with Poole, the Cardiff scrum-half, as his partner. Three changes were made in the three-quarter line, and only Morley of the Test three-quarters was playing.

When play had been in progress five minutes the touring team were penalized for a passing infringement and Strang scored a penalty goal. A good passing movement, in which the local backs and forwards combined, ended in Strang scoring a try, which he failed to convert. After some fluctuating play, in which the British side were not impressive, Bowcott made a splendid run and passed to H. Jones, who sent Prentice over. Black converted. Just before half-time Hollow scored a penalty goal to give his side a lead of 9 points to 5. Soon after the start of the second half Black reduced the lead with a penalty goal. The play became very robust, and the local team were penalized for obstruction, Black kicking a penalty goal again. Morley, running strongly, swung the ball across to Jones-Davies, who however dropped the pass and an excellent chance of scoring was lost. The local team rallied again, but splendid tackling repelled these attacks. Jennings moved to the wing, changing places with Jones-Davies. This proved to be a successful move. The backs attacked strongly, and Davis passed to Jennings, who ran strongly to get over for a try, which Black converted.—*Reuter.*

WELLINGTON, June 28.—W. R. Irvine, the Hawkes Bay forward, has been injured and will not be able to play in the second Test Match against the British Touring Team. His place will be taken by J. Hore (Nelson).—*Reuter.*

CROQUET

RANELAGH TOURNAMENT

H. O. Hicks won the gentlemen's Open Singles at the Ranelagh tournament on Saturday by beating L. A. Chope in the final round in two games. The ladies' Open Singles was won by Mrs. T. H. F. Clarkson, who defeated Mrs. C. Waydelin also in two games. The results were:—

GENTLEMEN'S OPEN SINGLES.—SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—L. A. Chope beat W. H. P. Craig —5+12+25. FINAL ROUND.—H. O. Hicks beat Chope +16+26.

LADIES' OPEN SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—Mrs. T. H. F. Clarkson beat Mrs. C. Waydelin +22+4.

HANDICAP SINGLES.—FINAL ROUND.—R. W. H. Beaton (8) beat Walter Webber (7) by 15.

THE OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP

There are 43 entries for the Open Croquet Championship, which will be begun at Roehampton to-day. The draw is:—

Mrs. L. E. G. Nicholson, T. B. Moffat, R. Leetham Jones, F. D. Mathews, H. O. Hicks, Captain Corpful, Mrs. H. Franc, Mrs. H. de la Mothe, Miss D. D. Steel, H. F. Crowther-Smith, byes.

H. W. Nicholson v. Mrs R. C. J. Beaton.

Major-General Sir A. Paris v. R. C. F. Colman.

W. Longman v. Mrs. B. C. Apps.

Miss Winifred Heap v. Mrs. A. C. Ionides.

M. B. Beckitt v. E. Cattin.

Colonel C. K. Wilson v. Mrs. C. Waydelin.

Major S. F. Wright-Warren v. W. Windsor Richards.

C. F. Colman v. B. G. Klein.

G. D. Grundy v. Mrs. Edmund Reeve.

Mrs. W. H. Hope v. Miss E. M. Quill.

Edgar Whitaker v. J. Dickson.

E. T. Hardman, Trevor Williams, Mrs. W. L. George, H. R. Poulter, Ben C. Apps, Major F. G. O'Callaghan, Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Du Pre, C. S. Wentworth Reeve, H. T. Pinckney Simpson, Mrs. John Cary, and W. H. P. Craig, byes.

SPEEDWAY RACING

WIMBLEDON AT HEAD OF LEAGUE

Wimbledon got to the top of the League on Saturday by beating Crystal Palace, at Crystal Palace, by 29 points to 25. Their victory was largely due to two Australians. Lamont and Case, who both won three heats, Harringay, on their own track, beat Lea Bridge by 32½ points to 20½, the half-point being gained when Kidwell and Foulds tied for third place in the fifth heat.

Stamford Bridge easily won their match against a Birmingham team by 35 points to 19. At High Beech the home team lost by 30 points to 24 to West Ham, in the Essex County Championship. Southampton, on their own track, beat Portsmouth by 37 points to 17 in the first round of the South Coast Championship.

LEAGUE TABLE

The following table shows the positions in the Southern League up to and including Saturday (June 28):—

Team	Matches P.	W.	L.	D.	Score F.	A.	Pts.
Wimbledon	11	8	2	1	317	264	17
Coventry	14

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

TWO SHORT COMEDIES

The principal item in the London Regional programme this evening will be the performance of two short comedies—*In the Ravine*, by Mr. Percival Wilde, with Mr. Frank Cochrane and Mr. Andrew Churchman in the cast; and *The Proposal*, a jest in one act, by Anton Tchehov, translated by Mrs. Constance Garnett and produced by Mr. Howard Rose. At 9.25 p.m. a talk will be broadcast from the National station by the Archbishop of Canterbury, who will speak on the Lambeth Conference.

NEW TELEVISION EXPERIMENT

The B.B.C. announces that a special experiment in television transmission arranged in cooperation with the Baird Company will be given on July 14. The play entitled *The Man with the Flower in his Mouth* will be broadcast for sound on 261 metres and for vision on 358 metres from 3.30 to 4 p.m.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, June 30, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME (1,148kc.) (261.3m.) (193kc.) (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. 10.45:—The Countrywoman's Day. 9—Rabbit Keeping: British Undyed Rabbit Furs, by Mrs. Hunter. 11-11.30 (261.3m. only):—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound).

12:—Organ Recital by Edgar T. Cook; Eileen Wright (violin), relayed from Southwark Cathedral. 1.15:—The National Orchestra of Wales, conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales, from Cardiff. 2:—For the Schools: Special Talk for Preparatory Schools; Transport, 8—Aircraft, by Lieutenant-Colonel J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon. 2.20-2.30:—Interlude. 2.30-5.15:—Probable running commentary on the All England Lawn Tennis Championship Meeting, by Capt. H. B. T. Wakelam and Col. R. H. Brand, from the Centre Court, Wimbledon, and also, if necessary, from 5.15-6 and 6-6.15 p.m. 4:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 4.30:—Kate Johnston (soprano); Eileen Joyce (pianoforte).

5.15:—Children: Souvenir, Happiness (Schumann) and other Piano Solos, played by Cecil Dixon. The Railway by the Sea, written and told by John Heygate; The Story of Sark, by H. Mortimer Batten. 6:—In the Days of the Flood: Last Year's Work at Ur, by Mr. Leonard Woolley. 6.15:—Weather: News. 6.30:—England v. Australia: An eye-witness account of the Test Match, by Mr. A. C. Maclaren, relayed from Lord's Cricket Ground. 6.40:—Brahms and Mendelssohn Sonatas played by Carl Fuchs (violoncello) and Lucy Pierce (pianoforte), from Manchester. 7-7.20:—Books in General, by Mr. Desmond MacCarthy. 7.25:—Spanish Talk, by Don Juan Mascaro.

7.45:—Callender's Cable Works Band, conducted by Tom Morgan; Joseph Farrington (bass); R. W. Hardy and E. Farrington (cornet duet); Harold Laycock (trombone solo). 9:—Weather; News; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). 9.25:—The Lambeth Conference, by the Archbishop of Canterbury. 9.40:—The Virtuoso String Quartet: Hughes Macklin (tenor). 11 (1,554.4m. only):—Band, from the Piccadilly Hotel. 11.15-12 (1,554.4m. only):—Orchestra, from the Ambassador Club.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(842kc.) (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). 12:—Mona Quayle (contralto); Murray Brown (tenor). 12.30:—Gramophone Records. 1:—Orchestra, from the Piccadilly Hotel. 2-3:—Midland Regional programme. 5.15:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—The Gershom Parkington Quintet; Nora Sabini (soprano); Howard Fry (baritone). 8:—To-day and To-morrow: A Philosophy of Freedom, 10—About Social Morality, by Professor Macmurray. 8.30:—News. 8.35:—Two Short Comedies: In the Ravine, by Percival Wilde, with Frank Cochrane and Andrew Churchman; The Proposal, a jest in one act, by Anton Chekov, translated by Constance Garnett and produced by Howard Rose, with Hector Abbas, Barbara Couper and Abraham Sofaer. 9.20:—Midland Regional programme. 10.15:—Weather; News. 10.30:—Band, from the Piccadilly Hotel. 11.15-12:—Orchestra, from the Ambassador Club.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(626kc.) (479.2m.).

12:—London Regional programme. 2-3:—Orchestra. 5.15:—Children: How to get Effective Views, a further Snapshot Talk, by Hugo Van Wadenoyen; Songs by Olive Tomkins (soprano), Stanley Lowe (violin); More about Sea Bathing, by Percival Hardidge. 6:—London Regional programme. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—Orchestra, relayed from the Café Restaurant, Birmingham; Kathleen Gammon (soprano); Norris Stanley (violin); Harry Miller (violoncello). 8:—London Regional programme. 8.30:—News. 8.35:—London Regional programme. 9.20:—Bored and Lodging, a Stag-Song at Sea View, by Graham Squiers, with Colleen Clifford, Eve St. Clare, Mabel France, Charles Herbert, Donald Davies, John Rorke, Stainless Stephen, Patricia Rossborough, George Kemp, and Albert Daniels. 10.15:—Weather; News. 10.30-11:—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—See Glasgow. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 12:—Organ Recital. 12.30-1:—Gramophone Records. 2-2.30:—National programme. 4:—The Orchestra; Beatrice Tinsley (contralto); Marjorie Brown (violoncello); Harry Dyson (flute). 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25:—National programme. 9.40-11:—The Orchestra; Elsie Griffin (soprano); Kingsley Lark (baritone).

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2-11:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1.15:—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales. 2.30:—National programme. 4:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—Mr. R. P. Green—The Swimming World. 6.15:—National programme. 7.45:—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus) conducted by Warwick Braithwaite; Marion Browne (soprano); Ivor Walters (tenor). Relayed from the Pavilion, Llandaff Fields. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30:—Time, Weather, Stock Report and Gramophone Concert. 6:—Gramophone Records. 6.15:—Children. 7:—Gramophone Records. 7.20:—News. 7.30:—Time and Irish Lesson. 7.45:—Talk on Health. 8:—Concert. 10.30:—Time, News and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—See Glasgow. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—Orchestra. 4.30:—The Octet; Helen McKay (soprano). 5.15:—Children. 5.47:—Birthdays. 6.27:—Weather for Farmers. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2:—National programme. 4:—The Northern Wireless Orchestra, from Manchester; Ellinora Hogarth (soprano), from Newcastle. 5.15:—Children. 6:—Here-and-There Holiday Talks—5, Mrs. Stacy Bois: Provence and the Riviera in Summer. 6.15:—National programme. 7.45:—Castle Rushen, a historical play, specially written by Mr. Ramsey Moore and Professor Hamby Hey, adapted for broadcasting by R. Burnhaus, produced by Victor Smythe and D. E. Ormerod, with Mary Brash, Rhoda Fixsan, Hylda Metcalf, Edith Toms, Harold Chiff, James Bowyer, W. R. Dickman, D. W. King, A. G. Mitchenon, Charles Nesbitt, F. C. Nichols, J. Edward Roberts, C. B. Smith; incidental music by the Northern Wireless Orchestra. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1.15-2.30:—National programme. 4:—National programme. 5.15:—West Regional Programme. 6.15:—National programme. 7.45:—See Cardiff. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.)(288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1:—National programme. 2:—See Manchester. 5.15:—See Manchester. 6.15:—National programme. 7.45:—See Manchester. 9:—National programme. 9.15:—News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.:—5.30, Music and News. 9.30:—Astronomical Talk. 10:—Organ Recital. Weather and Exchange Quotations. 10.5:—Concert of Sardanas by the Cobla Barcelona. 11:—News. 11.5:—Orchestral and Vocal Concert.

BELGRADE (420m.):—5:—Concert from "La Maison Rodet." 7.30:—Talk, to be announced. 8:—Concert from the World of Yugoslavian Composers. 9:—Time and News. 9.30:—Relay of a Sound Film, from Paris.

BERLIN (Konigswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 26kw.:—4:—Concert, from Paris. 6.30:—Concert by the Mayfair Quartet. 7.30:—Concert at Dresden. 8.30:—Talk. 8.45:—Economic and Political Review. 9.30:—Agricultural Talk. 7.55:—Weather for Farmers. 8:—See Berlin (Witzleben). 11.30:—Liberation Festival, relayed from Zeesen.

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.:—7:—Concert. 7.55:—Labour Market Report. 8:—A Review on Gramophone Records of the Month. 8.30:—Concert in honour of the Second Birthday of the Deutsche Welle. 10:—Time, News and Weather. 10.15:—Dance Music.

BRATISLAVA (276m.), 13.6kw.:—7.30:—See Prague. 8:—News and Concert from Kosice (749m.). 9.30:—See Prague. 10.15:—Programme Announcements. 10.30:—Dance Music from Casino Orchestra.

BRESLAU (322.6m.) and GLEIWITZ (253m.):—7.15:—Talk on Weather. 7.30:—Weather for Farmers. 7.35:—Concert of Operatic Music. 9:—Weather Forecast. 9.2:—Talk and Song Recital. 9.40:—Cyclone Stories—Humorous Chamber Selections. 10.30:—News. 11:—Answers to Correspondents. 11.15:—Gramophone Records. 12 (midnight):—Liberation Festival Relay.

BRNO (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.30:—See Prague. 8:—Radio Cabaret. 9.30:—See Prague. 10.15:—News and Theatre Review. 10.20:—Programme from Moravska Ostrava.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 15kw.:—7:—Gramophone Records. 7.30:—Le Journal Parlé. 8.15:—Organ Recital. 8.30:—Talk. 8.50:—Organ Recital. 8.55:—Travel Talk. 9:—Concert relayed from the Kursaal, Ostend; followed by News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—7.20:—German Lessons. 7.40:—Gramophone Record Selections from Madame Butterfly, opera in two acts (Puccini); followed by Dance Music from the Marguerita Island.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 6.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 7.5kw.—4.50:—Weather and News. 5.15:—Time Signal. 7.30:—Talk. 8:—Town Hall Chimes. 8.2:—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. 9.15:—Reading. 9.45:—News and Report of the Worker's Radio Society. 10.15:—Operatic Concert—Programme from the Works of Mozart.

CRACOW (312m.), 1kw.—7:—Miscellaneous Items, Sports Notes, and Programme Announcements. 7.20:—Talk on Science. 7.40:—Agricultural Report and Talk. 8:—Time Signal. 8.2:—Radio Journal. 8.15:—Operetta, Talk, and News from Warsaw. 11:—Dance Music.

FRANKFURT (296m.), 1.5kw., and CASSEL (246m.):—7.5:—English Language Lesson. 7.30:—See Stuttgart. 10.30:—News, Sports Notes, and Weather. 11:—Concert in Celebration of the Evacuation of the Rhineland. 11.50:—Liberation Festival of the City of Mainz—Chimes, Choral Selections, and Addresses.

HAMBURG—Call ha (or Merse) (372m.), 1.5kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), FLENSBURG (216m.), HANOVER (344m.), KIEL (232.2m.).—7.5:—See Königswusterhausen. 7.30:—Talk. 7.50:—Exchange, Market Prices, and Weather. 8:—Mafeod Whyte, comedy in one act (Ludwig Thoma). 8.30:—Concert (from Hanover):—Concert from "Bad Pyrmont"—Programme from the Works of Tchaikovsky. 10.30:—The Rhine Musical and Literary Programme. 12 (midnight):—Liberation Festival—Microphone Report from Wiesbaden.

HILVERSUM (296m.), 6.8kw. After 5.40 p.m. on 1,071m.):—11.40 a.m.:—Gramophone Records. 1.40:—Radio Orchestra of Scena Renaissance, and Trumpet Solos. 2.40:—Recitations. 3.25:—Gramophone Records. 4.10:—Children. 5.10:—Orchestral Concert. 6.40:—Talk. 7.10:—Organ Recital. 7.40:—Talk on the following Transmission. 7.55:—Concert relayed from the Kurhaus, Scheveningen—Les Préludes (Liszt); Scotch Rhapsody (Lalo); Gramophone Records: The Fifth Symphony in C major (Tschaikowsky). News and Concert.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.8kw.—7.35 p.m.:—Time Signal. 7.55:—Concert. 10.10:—Service for Hospitals. 10.40:—Reading. 11.40:—Police Notes. 12.10:—Organ Recital. 2.15:—Talk. 2.55:—Lesson in Dressmaking. 3.40:—Service for Hospitals. 4.40:—Concert—Sonatina for Violin and Pianoforte (Beethoven); Two Impromptus in G major and A flat major, op. 90 (Schubert); Ballad for Flute and Pianoforte (Andersen); Petit Trio for Violin, Flute, and Pianoforte (Ort). 6.10:—Gramophone Records. 6.40:—Recital of Mezzo-Soprano Solos. 7.25:—Police Notes. 7.40:—Talk. 8.10:—Quartet Concert—Quartet, op. 2, No. 3 (Haydn); Quartet, op. 59, No. 3 (Beethoven); Quartet in G major (Ries). 9.55:—Talk. 9.57:—News. 9.45:—Concert—Andante, Minuet, and Allegro for String Trio (Mozart); Andante cantabile for String Quartet (R. Strauss); Fantasie caprice for Violin (Vieuxtemps).

LAHTI (1,600m.), 40kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—5.30:—The Count of Luxembourg, operetta (Lehar). 8.45:—News in Finnish and Swedish. 9.15:—Military Band Music.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 13kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (227m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (227m.).—7:—Exercise, Report, Weather, and Sports Notes. 7.15:—Spanish Conversation. 7.40:—Talk. 8:—Liberation Festival, followed by News, Sports, and Miscellaneous Notices. Concert, and Programme of German Dances. 11.50:—Relay from Trier of the Liberation Festival.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 1.8kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—7:—Variety Programme. 8.30:—Great Speeches. 9.10:—Symphony Concert—Concerto grosso, op. 3, No. 11, in D minor (Vivaldi); Symphony in E flat major, No. 39, op. 543 (Mozart); Don Juan, a symphonic romantic phanta-sparoria for Orchestra, op. 24 (Braunfels). 10.30:—Time, Weather, News, and Sports Notes. 11:—See Frankfurt.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA7 (424m.), 2kw.—8:—Chimes, Exchange, Market Prices, and Pianoforte Recital, followed by Musical Comedy Selection. 9.15:—Bull-fighting Notes. 9.25:—News.

MILAN—Call 1MI (531m.), 7kw.—7.15:—Concert, 8:—Report of the Geographical Society. Announcements. 8.15:—Topical News. 8.30:—Time Signal. 8.32 (only if Opera Orchestra (Rondoli)):—Talk and Introductory Talk. 11.30:—News. 11.40:—Dance Music.

MUNICH (535m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (346m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.), NURNBERG (238m.).—7:—Talk for Workers. 7.30:—Talk. 8:—Trio Concert. 8.10:—Talk. 9.40:—Concert for Violin and Pianoforte. 10.30:—Taxation Notes for the First Half of July; News. 12 (midnight):—Festival Programme in celebration of the Liberation of the Palatinate, relayed from the Cathedral-square, Speyer.

OSLO (491m.), 60kw., and FREDRIKSTAD (365m.), HAMAR (357m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), FORSGRUND (453m.), RIUKAN (447m.).—7.30:—Talk. 8:—With the Microphone at the State School of Farming. 8.45:—Soloist Concert. 9.30:—Weather and News. 9.55:—Topical Talk. 10.10:—Concert by the Radio Octet.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 12kw., 12.30:—Gramophone Concert. 1:—Time Signal and Exchange Quotations and News, and at 1.30:—Exchange Quotations. 7:—Exchange; Market Prices. 7.15:—Concert dedicated to Artois. Talk: Artois, Pianoforte Solos, (a) Pastorale d'Ariois (Dubois), (b) Conte de Fée (Naigel). Recitations, (a) Au Beffroi d'Arras en a Vermeni (Bureau-Provins), (b) Sonnet de la Cathédrale (Warcenier), (c) The Boutade de Jean Lurçat (Beuvier), (d) Stances (Lotte). Talk: The Engraver Arthur Maveur. Songs (Verger), (a) Two Scenes from Les Chansons de Lelleh, (b) L'Hymne au Soleil. Recitations, (a) Pour le Jubilé d'Alexandre Georges (Politeau), (b) Le Visage de l'Artois (Poterat), (c) La Fleur du Souvenir (Simon), (d) Conseil (Bouillette). Concert in the Interval at 8.45 p.m.:—Exchange Quotation. 4.45:—Pianoforte Recital relayed from the American Conservatoire at Fontainebleau. The Fourth Concerto (Weber); Selections (Chopin), (a) Etude No. 3, (b) Waltz-(c) Prelude No. 15, (d) Polonaise in A Flat; Kinderszenen (Schumann); Marche militaire (Schubert); Impromptu No. 3 (Fauré); Selection (Debussy); Rondo Pathetique (Mendelssohn); Danse Tzigane (Ravel). 6.15:—Concert dedicated to Artois. Pianoforte Solos, (a) Pastorale d'Ariois (Dubois), (b) Conte de Fée (Naigel). Recitations, (a) Au Beffroi d'Arras en a Vermeni (Bureau-Provins), (b) Sonnet de la Cathédrale (Warcenier), (c) The Boutade de Jean Lurçat (Beuvier), (d) Stances (Lotte). Talk: The Engraver Arthur Maveur. Songs (Verger), (a) Two Scenes from Les Chansons de Lelleh, (b) L'Hymne au Soleil. Recitations, (a) Pour le Jubilé d'Alexandre Georges (Politeau), (b) Le Visage de l'Artois (Poterat), (c) La Fleur du Souvenir (Simon), (d) Conseil (Bouillette). 6.40:—Pianoforte Recital relayed from the American Conservatoire at Fontainebleau. The Fourth Concerto (Weber); Selections (Chopin), (a) Etude No. 3, (b) Waltz-(c) Prelude No. 15, (d) Polonaise in A Flat; Kinderszenen (Schumann); Marche militaire (Schubert); Impromptu No. 3 (Fauré); Selection (Debussy); Rondo Pathetique (Mendelssohn); Danse Tzigane (Ravel). 8:—Time and Weather. 8.5:—Concert relayed from the Kursaal, Ostend—Overture to Le Roi d'Ys (Lalo); Ballet Music, Suite from Sylvia (Delibes); Selection from Les Cloches de Corneville (Planquette). 9.57:—Exchange and Closing Quotations. 10.30:—Time, News and Weather. 11:—Concert relayed from the Kursaal, Ostend—Overture to Le Roi d'Ys (Lalo); Ballet Music, Suite from Sylvia (Delibes); Selection from Les Cloches de Corneville (Planquette). 12 (midnight):—Liberation Festival Relay.

RENNES (458m.), 11kw.—7.30:—See Paris. 8:—Radio Cabaret. 9.30:—See Paris. 10.15:—News and Theatre Review. 10.20:—Programme from Montpellier.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 15kw.:—7:—Gramophone Records. 7.30:—Le Journal Parlé. 8.15:—Organ Recital. 8.30:—Talk. 8.50:—Organ Recital. 8.55:—Travel Talk. 9:—Concert relayed from the Kursaal, Ostend; followed by News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—7.20:—German Lessons. 7.40:—Gramophone Record Selections from Madame Butterfly, opera in two acts (Puccini); followed by Dance Music from the Marguerita Island.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 6.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 7.5kw.—4.50:—Weather and News. 5.15:—Time Signal. 7.30:—Talk. 8:—Town Hall Chimes. 8.2:—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. 9.15:—Reading. 9.45:—News and Report of the Worker's Radio Society. 10.15:—Operatic Concert—Programme from the Works of Mozart.

CRACOW (312m.), 1kw.—7:—Miscellaneous Items, Sports Notes, and Programme Announcements. 7.20:—Talk on Science. 7.40:—Agricultural Report and Talk. 8:—Time Signal. 8.2:—Radio Journal. 8.15:—Operetta, Talk, and News from Warsaw. 11:—Dance Music.

FRANKFURT (296m.), 1.5kw., and CASSEL (246m.):—7.5:—English Language Lesson. 7.30:—See Stuttgart. 10.30:—News, Sports Notes, and Weather. 11:—Concert in Celebration of the Evacuation of the Rhineland. 11.50:—Liberation Festival of the City of Mainz—Chimes, Choral Selections, and Addresses.

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HILVERSUM (296m.), 6.8kw. After 5.40 p.m. on 1,071m.):—11.40 a.m.:—Gramophone Records. 1.40:—Radio Orchestra of Scena Renaissance, and Trumpet Solos. 2.40:—Recitations. 3.25:—Gramophone Records. 4.10:—Children. 5.10:—Orchestral Concert. 6.40:—Talk. 7.10:—Organ Recital. 7.40:—Talk on the following Transmission. 7.55:—Concert relayed from the Kurhaus, Scheveningen—Les Préludes (Liszt); Scotch Rhapsody (Lalo); Gramophone Records: The Fifth Symphony in C major (Tschaikowsky). News and Concert.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.8kw.—7.35 p.m.:—Time Signal. 7.55:—Concert. 10.10:—Service for Hospitals. 10.40:—Reading. 11.40:—Police Notes. 12.10:—Organ Recital. 2.15:—Talk. 2.55:—Lesson in Dressmaking. 3.40:—Service for Hospitals. 4.40:—Concert—Sonatina for Violin and Pianoforte (Beethoven); Two Impromptus in G major and A flat major, op. 90 (Schubert); Ballad for Flute and Pianoforte (Andersen); Petit Trio for Violin, Flute, and Pianoforte (Ort). 6.10:—Gramophone Records. 6.40:—Recital of Mezzo-Soprano Solos. 7.25:—Police Notes. 7.40:—Talk. 8.10:—Quartet Concert—Quartet, op. 2, No. 3 (Haydn); Quartet, op. 59, No. 3 (Beethoven); Quartet in G major (Ries). 9.55:—Talk. 9.57:—News. 9.45:—Concert—Andante, Minuet, and Allegro for String Trio (Mozart); Andante cantabile for String Quartet (R. Strauss); Fantasie caprice for Violin (Vieuxtemps).

LAHTI (1,600m.), 40kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—5.30:—The Count of Luxembourg, operetta (Lehar). 8.45:—News in Finnish and Swedish. 9.15:—Military Band Music.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 13kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (227m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (227m.).—7:—Exercise, Report, Weather, and Sports Notes. 7.15:—Spanish Conversation. 7.40:—Talk. 8:—Liberation Festival, followed by News, Sports, and Miscellaneous Notices. Concert, and Programme of German Dances. 11.50:—Relay from Trier of the Liberation Festival.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 1.8kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—7:—Variety Programme. 8.30:—Great Speeches. 9.10:—Symphony Concert—Concerto grosso, op. 3, No. 11, in D minor (Vivaldi); Symphony in E flat major, No. 39, op. 543 (Mozart); Don Juan, a symphonic romantic phanta-sparoria for Orchestra, op. 24 (Braunfels). 10.30:—Time, Weather, News, and Sports Notes. 11:—See Frankfurt.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA7 (424m.), 2kw.—8:—Chimes, Exchange, Market Prices, and Pianoforte Recital, followed by Musical Comedy Selection. 9.15:—Bull-fighting Notes. 9.25:—News.

MILAN—Call 1MI (531m.), 7kw.—7.15:—Concert, 8:—Report of the Geographical Society. Announcements. 8.15:—Topical News. 8.30:—Time Signal. 8.32 (only if Opera Orchestra (Rondoli)):—Talk and Introductory Talk. 11.30:—News. 11.40:—Dance Music.

MUNICH (535m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (346m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.), NURNBERG (238m.).—7:—Talk for Workers. 7.30:—Talk. 8:—Trio Concert. 8.10:—Talk. 9.40:—Concert for Violin and Pianoforte. 10.30:—Taxation Notes for the First Half of July; News. 12 (midnight):—Festival Programme in celebration of the Liberation of the Palatinate, relayed from the Cathedral-square, Speyer.

OSLO (491m.), 60kw., and FREDRIKSTAD (365m.), HAMAR (357m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), FORSGRUND (453m.), RIUKAN (447m.).—7.30:—Talk. 8:—With the Microphone at the State School of Farming. 8.45:—Soloist Concert. 9.30:—Weather and News. 9.55:—Topical Talk. 10.10:—Concert by the Radio Octet.

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BRESLAU (322.6m.) and GLEIWITZ (253m.):—7.15:—Talk on Weather. 7.30:—Weather for Farmers. 7.35:—Concert of Operatic Music. 9:—Weather Forecast. 9.2:—Talk and Song Recital. 9.40:—Cyclone Stories—Humorous Chamber Selections. 10.30:—News. 11:—Answers to Correspondents. 11.15:—Gramophone Records. 12 (midnight):—Liberation Festival Relay.

BRNO (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.30:—See Prague. 8:—Radio Cabaret. 9.30:—See Prague. 10.15:—News and Theatre Review. 10.20:—Programme from Moravska Ostrava.

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SCHOOL SPEECH DAYS

CLIFTON COLLEGE

HEADMASTER'S DEFENCE OF FAGGING

The Guthrie and Percival commemoration was begun at Clifton College on Friday and concluded on Saturday.

Prize-giving took place on Friday night after a reception, and among those who attended were the Sheriff of Bristol, Master of the Society of Merchant Venturers; the Bishop of Barking (Dr. Inskip), Sir Thomas Inskip, Dr. T. Loveday (Vice-Chancellor of Bristol University), Vice-Admiral John Luce (Commemoration President), Mr. J. H. Whitley, Mr. V. F. Eberle, Mr. F. N. Tribe, and Sir Robert Witt.

The prizes were distributed by the HEADMASTER (Mr. N. Whatley), who spoke of the great success of the amalgamation of the junior and preparatory schools. On the question of fagging he said there had been an outcry in the Press against it, but he could assure them that at Clifton their sons were not dreadfully oppressed by it. He had never heard any complaint, and he had seen the good the fagging did to the spoilt boy when he first came. If fagging was in any way harsh or took up too much time it should be condemned; but he thought it was wrongly condemned merely on the ground that it made a boy have a certain amount of obedience and do a certain amount of service. He thought people who wrote letters to the Press saying it was a scandal for the younger students to act as lackeys to the senior ones were really objecting to treatment which was probably exactly what their sons wanted. The ordinary character of the average boy at Clifton was very satisfactory.

On Saturday the special preacher at the chapel in the morning was the BISHOP OF BARKING, an Old Cliftonian, who said there were present many old members of the school, and in some instances their memories went back to Percival, the maker of Clifton; to Wilson, happily still alive and alert in mind and body; and he might add in the centenary year, to T. E. Brown. Others recalled the days of Gladstone, the short régime of David, the longer reign of King, or the earlier years of the present Headmaster. Whether young or old, whether they recalled the form and voice of Percival and Wilson, or whether they felt but the other day, the spell of their old school linked them in one sacred and he might say divine fellowship.

In the afternoon the headmaster and Mrs. Whatley held an at home, and the Old Cliftonians' supper took place in the evening, when the society presented to the school a portrait of Mr. J. H. Whitley, ex-Speaker of the House of Commons and chairman of the B.B.C.

DULWICH COLLEGE

At the annual Speech Day of Dulwich College on Saturday, the Master of the College (Mr. W. R. BOOTH) said Sir Arthur Hirtzel, who was presiding that day, would retire from the chairmanship of the board of governors of the college on July 11, and from the Permanent Under-Secretaryship for India the previous day. Sir Arthur was an old scholar of the college, a former prefect and captain of the school.

Two other old boys of the school were also retiring and two masters, Mr. Taylor-Jones and Mr. Adams, the latter of whom had been on the modern side since 1898. The senior master, Mr. Hutchings, and the senior house master, Mr. F. A. W. Tayler, were also leaving the college this term. In addition the chaplain, Canon Hardman, was going to Chislehurst in August, after 17 years there.

After detailing the various honours gained during the year the Master referred to the O.T.C. He said that whatever failings might be urged against O.T.C.s, there had been no other movement yet created which they could put in its place and with which they could create equally well either the notions of discipline, self-discipline, and the proper delegation of authority under adequate safeguard, or which could create equally well the spirit of corporate responsibility and the quickening of the spirit of loyalty.

Turning to the equally controversial subject of examinations, he referred to the spirit of vitality which carved the destiny of a school. Vitality could not be measured in terms of examinations alone. The notion that every boy should pass a given standard of knowledge in several subjects at the age of 16 seemed wrong. Some boys developed early; others later. In his opinion it would be better if every school certificate issued by an examining body stated quite plainly the standard of achievement in every subject offered, and included also the weak subjects in which the boy had not passed. This would help an employer by showing him in what direction the boy's talents lay in his school subjects. In concluding the Master said the school was sending 200 boys out into the world this year.

LORD WINTERTON said the retirement of Sir Arthur Hirtzel would be a loss to the State, and to the India Office in particular. No one who had served at the India Office or had had any connexion with government in India would deny that he had brought to the office of Permanent Under-Secretary an ability and a knowledge as great as that of any of his predecessors.

Whereas 40 years ago the boys of the college went out into a country where there was an expanding trade, to-day boys went into a country which had a contracting trade. That was a very serious outlook.

FETTES COLLEGE

Sir John Simon paid a visit to his old school, Fettes College, Edinburgh, on Saturday and took part in the Founder's Day celebrations.

SIR JOHN SIMON said he came not only to express his devotion to Fettes College, but to proclaim himself a convinced believer in the benefits that accrued from the public school tradition. He would not attempt to define a public school, but at any rate it meant some great educational foundation, which aimed not at the service of a select and limited class, but at producing those who might play their part for the public good in the life which they might be called upon to lead when they grew up. He did not believe it was true that there were walking about this earth a large number of suppressed geniuses who would have contributed immensely to the national welfare if only they had not been sent to a public school. On the contrary an institution like Fettes, welcoming generation after generation of boys that came to it, was performing an immense national service. Nothing was better for a small boy than to come to a place where he learned that he was not so important as he thought he was.

Speaking of the fagging system, he said he met his fag master on the previous day. His fag master had forgiven him for his inefficiency, and he had no recollection of ill-treating him unfairly except on the occasion when the study fire went out because the wood was damp. (Laughter.)

GRESHAM'S SCHOOL, HOLT

Speech Day at Gresham's School was held on Saturday, when Sir Humphry Rolleston distributed the prizes. Mr. LOTHIAN D. NICHOLSON (Chairman of the Governors) presided and the following were also present:—

The Master of Pembroke College, Cambridge, the Bishop of Croydon, Major Evans-Lombe, Mr. E. D. Simon, M.P., Sir Francis Flood, Mr. W. P. Haskett-Smith, Mr. S. O. Walker, Mr. Owen Hugh Smith, Mr. E. W. Fordham, Mr. J. Y. Johnson, Sir Vincent Baddeley, Sir Evan Spicer, Sir Alan Anderson, and Mr. C. N. Hooper.

The HEADMASTER (Mr. J. R. Eccles) referred to the new block of buildings, to be erected very shortly, which would contain, as the central portion, a Memorial Library to the late Headmaster, Mr. G. W. S. Howson, and, in addition, several classrooms, a Geography Room, an Art Room, and two Biological Laboratories. Six "Firsts" had just been won by Old Boys at Cambridge, and O. H. Wansbrough-Jones, had been elected to a Fellowship at Trinity Hall. During the past year the regular training of Scoutmasters had been begun. He also mentioned the impending retirement of the Rev. F. G. E. Field and Mr. C. H. Tyler, who had rendered such long and devoted service to the school.

The CHAIRMAN announced the gift by the Headmaster of 15 acres of land adjoining the school for the extension of the school playing fields.

SIR HUMPHRY ROLLESTON said school was a training ground for after life, which needed more than learning—namely, wisdom and a broad sympathy with all sorts and conditions of men and their activities. What really counted was honest work, and with this the British sportsmanlike acceptance of success with modesty, of disappointment with good-natured philosophy, whether in the classroom or in the field. To play the game was the thing, and fortunate was the ideal boy who could do this both in work and in play; the lesson was more easily learnt in athletics in which teamwork was obvious.

The choice of a profession in after life was a serious matter and not to be hurriedly settled. The various walks of life, professions and trades, might be briefly summed up as supplying some form of service for which there was a demand. In making the momentous choice there were two main considerations: first, the material question, Will it provide a livelihood? and the second, Does it suit, is he fit to carry it out, and will it satisfy his mind?

NAUTICAL COLLEGE, PANGBOURNE

Saturday was Founder's Day at the Nautical College, Pangbourne, Berks. Mr. PHILIP DEVITT presided, and among the large company present were:—

Mr. and Mrs. John Swire, Mrs. Devitt, Mr. and Mrs. J. Herbert Scrutton, Admiral Sir Stanley and Lady Colville, Commander Tracey, Mrs. Tracey, Sir Walter and Lady Baynham, Captain Sir David Wilson-Barker, Admiral Sir Henry Campbell, Sir Edward Headlam, Sir Archibald Hurd, Rear-Admiral R. A. Hornell, Sir Basil Kentish-Cook, Brigadier-General Clifton Brown, M.P., and Mrs. Brown, Admiral P. Nelson-Ward, and Admiral Sir Reginald Tupper.

The CHAIRMAN said he had often referred to the great anxiety he felt at the apathy of shipowners generally to the urgent problem of properly training their future officers, but he was glad to know that lately there had been several definite movements whereby certain companies had evolved comprehensive schemes under which they accepted trained apprentices. That was a step in the right direction.

Mrs. SWIRE presented the prizes, including the King's Medal awarded annually to encourage cadets to acquire and maintain the qualities which will make the finest sailor. The medal was won by J. Smallwood, until recently chief cadet captain and who is now at sea. The medal was received on his behalf by Cadet A. Cazalet, the runner-up.

Mr. JOHN SWIRE addressed the cadets. Urging them to be efficient, he said "Don't try to be all-round men. Know one profession thoroughly and do not think every one is a fool who does not know exactly what you know."

KING'S SCHOOL, ROCHESTER

Commemoration Day was celebrated at the King's School, Rochester, on Saturday, when the prizes were distributed by LIEUTENANT-COLONEL SIR ARNOLD WILSON, who in his address emphasized the importance in life of being "a good mixer." "Don't let your education make you too fastidious," he said. "Go among the crowd. Get the best out of everybody you meet, yet don't even unconsciously allow yourselves to adopt the standard of those less fortunate than yourselves whom you meet."

He suggested that if they got a chance of undertaking some manual labour they should take it, if only in order to learn to understand the point of view of those who "maintained the world." He had never forgotten his experiences when he once worked for a month as a stoker. He remembered that with the money he thus obtained he paid his entrance fee and first year's subscription to a West End club, which he could not otherwise have afforded to do.

A vote of thanks was proposed by the Bishop of Rochester and seconded by the Archdeacon of Rochester.

DAUNTSEY'S SCHOOL

On Speech Day at Dauntsey's School a series of experiments and demonstrations was shown as usual, and scenes from *A Midsummer Night's Dream* were given in the grounds of the Manor House. The prizes were presented by Mr. Ormsby-Gore, M.P.

In his report the headmaster, Mr. G. W. OLIVE, referred to the benefits which the school had derived from the new boarding house and the biological buildings, both of which had now almost completed a year's work. There was no doubt that they had fulfilled the hopes that had been centred in them a year ago, and there was every reason to hope that their utility would continue to increase for some time to come.

Mr. ORMSBY-GORE said he had been very much impressed with all that he had seen in the course of the morning. He felt that at Dauntsey's they were carrying on an experiment of the very highest value, one, too, of which there was an urgent need in the country. He was the last to decry the value of the older type of public school education, on which he had himself been brought up, but he felt that in these days there was need for another type in addition. The world was needing men trained to have a modern scientific outlook on life and its problems, men equipped with a broad knowledge of science, biological and physical. An accurate and clear understanding of the laws of nature was essential if the problems of the world were to be solved. From what he had seen during the day, and from what he had heard from Sir James Currie, he felt sure that Dauntsey's was trying to turn out just the sort of boy that the world was needing.

COLLYER'S SCHOOL, HORSHAM

Founder's Day was celebrated at Collyer's School, Horsham, on Saturday. Sir Cecil Hurst distributed the prizes.

In his report the HEADMASTER (Mr. P. A. Tharp) said that the record of school certificates was slightly higher than that of previous years. A feature was the number of senior boys who stayed at school after they obtained certificates. At the present time especially the prizes went, not to those who embarked immaturely upon careers, but to those who had the patience to prepare and sharpen their weapons for the fray. Schools and universities were the factories provided for this.

SIR CECIL HURST said that in this country at the present time individual effort was needed more than anything else. The country was passing through a difficult period, and some of the schemes to remedy this had the effect of keeping out competition, which was, in fact, an incentive to work. A great many of the difficulties were caused by the fact that British products were not so good as they used to be. They could be improved only by individual effort.

ST. MARGARET'S SCHOOL, BUSHEY

Mrs. MARK KERR, Deputy Chief Commissioner of Girl Guides for London and Home Counties distributed prizes at St. Margaret's School, Bushey, Herts, on Saturday and spoke to the girls on "The Call to Adventure in Life." CANON MAPLESDEN, who presided, referred to the late Archbishop Lord Davidson, who attended Speech Day last year and took a warm interest in the school.

Lord Stanmore, chairman of the Governors, presided at Speech Day at Chigwell School on Saturday. The new assembly hall, erected as a memorial to Mr. W. Simkins, a former master at the school, was used for the first time. The Bishop of Chelmsford distributed the prizes.

LORD WAKEFIELD AT CHRIST'S HOSPITAL

YOUTH AND THE EMPIRE

LORD BADEN-POWELL, the Chief Scout, on Saturday opened the new headquarters presented to the Scouts of Christ's Hospital by Lord Wakefield. "This gift will do a lot to encourage Scouting as a whole," he said, "and it is a great thing that a man such as Lord Wakefield should see value in the movement. As is the case with other public schools, the boys here are not taking up Scouting for their own amusement. They are doing it with a wider vision and with a view to helping poorer boys to enjoy themselves."

LORD WAKEFIELD, in his speech, said that as president of one of the ancient Royal hospitals of London he took a great interest in the other four, and had always immensely admired this splendid school. From every point of view, Christ's Hospital was an institution worthy of its lineage. For the past three centuries it had educated citizens of renown, and literary and artistic genius had found shelter within its walls. He had known old Blues in all parts of the world, and he envied the school which could secure such life-long loyalty as he had found. There was greatness in tradition—when it was kept alive and not worshipped in its tomb. Among other public schools, Christ's Hospital stood out for its faithful administration of a great trust.

After a warm tribute to Lord Baden-Powell, Lord Wakefield continued:—"The problems of our time are many and difficult, but these very difficulties are having a salutary effect upon our knowledge of and intelligent interest in the progress of civilization, especially of the British Empire. Our vision is widened; it is a hopeful sign, for example, that the tremendous problem of India is engaging such attention to-day. All the many improvements in rapid communication, both in travel and in exchange of ideas, are tending to quicken the imagination of the youth of to-day. Educational authorities are beginning to react to the new problems, and as a good citizen of London I am proud to know that Christ's Hospital is a pioneer in some of the new ideas. For some years you have paid attention here to the call for youth in the Dominions of the Empire, and boys have been encouraged to study outdoor occupations with a view to playing their part in strengthening our Empire. Recently we have all heard with regret of the impending loss to the school of your headmaster, to whom Christ's Hospital owes so much. We are glad to think that in perhaps a widor field he will continue to work for Imperial strength and unity—for that strength which is based upon the trained energy and enthusiasm of young men."

The Scout Movement, he added, was an admirable avenue of introduction to a career of practical Empire-building. It released in the normally healthy boy a taste for open-air pursuits; it gave him sturdy independence and practical skill.

CHARING CROSS BRIDGE

THE PROPOSED ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The London County Council will receive, at their meeting to-morrow, a report of their Improvements Committee dealing with the appointment of the proposed advisory committee on the Charing Cross Bridge scheme.

The report of the committee recalls that the County Council, on June 3, resolved that, subject to the concurrence of the Minister of Transport, an advisory committee be appointed for the purpose of preparing and submitting to the Council, within nine months, an agreed scheme for a road bridge and approaches at Charing Cross, and that the constitution of the advisory committee should include two representatives of the Minister of Transport. The Minister of Transport was accordingly asked to concur in the setting-up of the proposed advisory committee and to nominate two representatives. The Minister, on June 20, informed the Council that his Majesty's Government attached great importance to the construction of a Charing Cross bridge at the earliest practicable date, and that the Council might be sure that their anxiety to see that improvement effected continued. He added that he was not disposed to dissent from a procedure which had commended itself to the Council, but that, in all the circumstances, he did not consider that he should himself appoint representatives to serve as members of the advisory committee, since, in view of the large traffic and financial considerations involved, he must be free at the time the scheme is submitted to him to consider it upon its merits and to examine it from the financial aspect, taking into account the position of the Road Fund at that time. He assured the Council, however, that he would facilitate any investigation the committee might undertake by putting at its disposal all the information and technical assistance available in the Ministry of Transport. Invitations were accordingly being issued to the authorities and societies mentioned in the resolution of June 3 to appoint representatives to serve on the committee.

The Committee state that they hope to be in a position to submit to the Council to-morrow recommendations in regard to the appointment of the chairman of the advisory committee and the Council's representatives.

THE RELATIVE VALUE OF DOG SHOWS

HARDENING GUNDOGS

(FROM OUR KENNEL CORRESPONDENT)

On the principle of tempering the wind to the shorn lamb the Kennel Club has grouped shows into four categories—championship, open, limited, and sanction. The most ambitious, of course, are the first two, which are open to all exhibitors. Limited shows are restricted to members of canine societies or residents in specified areas, and sanction shows, usually held in the evening or on Saturday afternoons, are confined to members of the promoting body. Of the 1,675 shows held last year, 1,303 were of the most modest kind. They have their uses, acting as recruiting agencies for the more important, and providing amusement for working men and women, who have neither time nor money to enable them to take part in the others. In spite of their handicap, many people of limited means manage to show extensively, and often find the hobby profitable.

The regulation of sanction shows has caused some anxiety to the Kennel Club. While not wishing to interfere with local autonomy, they recognized that some of these events were of such a minor character as to give a misleading value to the prizes won. With the object of raising their status they decided last year to fix a minimum entry fee and prize money. A good deal of criticism having been evoked by this action, the committee recently invited the opinion of societies that have organized sanction shows in the last two years, with the result that a considerable majority supported the new regulations. It is announced, therefore, that the regulations remain.

The matter is worth mentioning here, for people who desire to purchase well-bred dogs as companions do not always exercise discrimination in considering the character of the prizes they are said to have won. The worth of these is dependent upon the nature of the competition. Stranger still, those who propose founding an exhibition kennel frequently make similar mistakes, buying their experience so expensively as to be discouraged almost before they have begun. Too self-assured or too diffident to seek the advice of breeders of repute, they waste money on rubbish or in getting together a heterogeneous collection of animals that can never be moulded into strain that is distinctive and impressive.

The object of every intelligent breeder being to create a strain that will produce stock of the correct type with some degree of certainty, the wisest thing to do is to select dogs from the dominant kennel, and not to make any radical departure until knowledge has been gained. It is not necessary to give a lot of money for the matrons that are to form the nucleus, the chief considerations being their appearance, constitution, and pedigree. It is wiser at first not to have a stud dog, as the temptation to use him without regard to his suitability is irresistible. The points that constitute the ideal brood bitch cannot well be described on paper, and were one to attempt to do so the result would probably be unsatisfactory. So much depends upon the breed that generalizations might be fallacious.

WALWORTH MURDER CHARGE

HUSBAND'S ALLEGED CONFESSION

At the Lambeth Police Court on Saturday FRANK HARDS, 36, a joiner's mate, of Shorncliffe-road, Walworth, was charged on remand before Mr. Harold McKenna with the wilful murder of his wife, Laura Hards.

Mr. E. Clayton, prosecuting on behalf of the Director of Public Prosecutions, said the prisoner seemed to be devoted to his wife and their two children, boys aged 13 and 14. During the night of June 19-20 the elder boy heard his mother cry, and in the morning, when the boy was about to go to her bedroom to say good-bye to his mother before going to work, the prisoner stopped him, saying that his mother was not very well. The suggestion was that the prisoner had killed his wife during the night. The 20th was the younger boy's birthday and the prisoner took him out for the day. In the evening the prisoner was with his brother in a publichouse in Kennington Park-road. On coming out the prisoner went up to a policeman and said, "I want you to arrest me. I have murdered my wife this morning." On the way to the police station the prisoner said, "I murdered my wife about 5 o'clock this morning by strangling her."

When the police went to the house they found the body of the prisoner's wife lying on a bed. The body was lying out as though for burial. Dr. A. R. Moore, the divisional police surgeon, found that there were seven distinct wounds on the back of the head, from which death had resulted. When charged the prisoner said he killed his wife with a hammer, and one was found with blood marks upon it.

Mr. Clayton said the prisoner wrote three letters to relatives from which it was quite clear that he intended to kill not only his wife but the younger boy. He was a peculiar type of man, and there was some evidence of insanity in the family.

Evidence was called. When Dr. Moore deposed that the woman died from the injuries to her head, the prisoner exclaimed, "I should like to say that my wife died from strangulation."

Dr. Moore said there were no marks of strangulation.

The prisoner was again remanded.

TWO MEN KILLED IN AEROPLANE ACCIDENT

The following official statement was issued from Scotland Yard last night:—"At 2.40 to-day a Moth aeroplane, piloted by Mr. A. A. Anderson, with a passenger, Mr. Hammett, crashed into a field at Purley Way Warren, close to Croydon Aerodrome. The machine was totally wrecked and the pilot and his passenger were killed instantaneously."

The crash occurred within 300 yards of the aerodrome. Mr. Anderson, who was head mechanic of the Henderson Civil Aviation Bureau, had taken up a friend as a passenger, and it is thought they intended to fly to Brooklands. Colonel G. L. P. Henderson, head of the Bureau, stated that the machine was last seen from the aerodrome flying inverted and with the engine still running. After taking off, Mr. Anderson made a circuit and was flying back towards the aerodrome at a height of 300ft. Nobody knew why the accident occurred. It was apparently doing a left-hand turn when it went into a vertical dive and turned over. The machine was privately owned.

PLEA FOR A "COUNCIL OF EMPIRE"

SUGGESTION OF DOMINION PRESS DELEGATE

The delegates to the fourth Imperial Press Conference were the guests of the President and United Kingdom members of the Empire Press Union at dinner at the Merchant Taylors' Hall, E.C., on Saturday. Sir Henry C. Gooch, the Master of the Merchant Taylors' Company, was in the chair.

SIR ROBERT KINDERSLEY, in the unavoidable absence of Mr. W. Graham (President of the Board of Trade), proposed the toast of "Our Allies." The importance of such conferences, he said, could not be exaggerated. Overseas there were fewer large combinations in connexion with the Press. That fact was going to prove of enormous advantage to the public there, because the delegates on their return would be able to put before readers an infinitely greater variety of thought and expression than could possibly be the case in this country owing to the existence of large combines. While we were surrounded with difficulties at this time, he was afraid that we were allowing those difficulties to depress us unnecessarily. All over the world one found depression in industry, and it was only a question of degree. Recovery when it came was bound to be somewhat slow. His experience was that good times taught one very little indeed—very often they taught things which one had better not have learnt—but bad times taught one an enormous amount. The real question was, were we going as a country to benefit from the experience through which we were passing at present? So far as he was concerned there was no doubt about the answer. He was absolutely certain that at no time in the history of the country were the people as a whole so receptive of new ideas. Out of our troubles, sorrows, and difficulties he was certain a new era was opening for this country. The principal lesson which all of them had learnt was that there was an affinity between the Mother Country and the Dominions which deep down in their hearts was infinitely dear to every one of them. They would emerge from their difficulties and be bound to one another by new material and spiritual ties which no one would be able to break asunder.

ECONOMIC FUTURE

LORD HERBERT SCOTT, president of the London Chamber of Commerce, supported the toast. He said that he regarded the Press as the natural ally of industry and commerce. He was not one of those who took a gloomy view of the economic future. Great Britain was by no means a back number, and those who thought she was were destined one day to receive the shock of their lives. Channels in which international trade had flowed for years were suddenly dammed up by the Great War and the stream diverted into new beds. Of all nations this country—the greatest international trader—suffered most, and her economic life required greater readjustment. Moreover, as Great Britain was the oldest of the great industrial nations, her roots were more deeply embedded, and on account of tradition, character, and vested interests she had taken longer to adapt herself to a changed world. This country had men of brains, character, and organizing ability second to none. It had the most skilled workmen, and as a nation we still possessed sufficient resources with which to regain our industrial and commercial supremacy. Unfortunately, an ever-growing percentage of those financial resources was being diverted from the business of finding employment for the people to maintenance in idleness, which was not good for the country.

One recognized the extreme complexity of the problem and of the difficulty of its solution by any democratic Government. On the other hand, the Dominions could never hope to develop their vast territories, nor could they enjoy real security until they had obtained a very much larger increase in their population. No sane man expected that the Dominions should relieve Great Britain of its unemployed merely to add to their own unemployed. The solution of the problem lay in a well considered and comprehensive scheme of Empire development. To carry out such a scheme required vision and faith in the future of the Empire, together with courage and self-sacrifice of no mean order.

POLITICAL UNION

Mr. T. W. MACKENZIE, chairman of the South African delegation to the Conference, in reply, said that the overseas delegates were convinced from what they had observed during their visit that the old country was certainly not decadent. The great aim of all who attended the Conference was for closer union between the countries within the Empire. Freedom in unity was what the Conference set out to attain. While there must be closer trade understandings and relations, they must seek a more lasting cement than even the most favourable trade agreement. Their aim should be towards a political union—not a party political union, but a political union of the various countries. He wished to see a Council of Empire established, not a legislative or an executive body, but an advisory body which would deal with all big questions fairly and squarely, and advise the various Governments upon them.

Mr. C. BRUNSDON FLETCHER, of Sydney, Australia, proposed the health of the chairman.

The CHAIRMAN, responding to a request made on behalf of the oversea delegates, gave an interesting account of the history of the Merchant Taylors' Company, pointing out that its first charter, dated March 10, 1327, was still in existence, and that as Master he was six hundred and thirty-first on the list. His description of the ancient hall and its contents was listened to with keen pleasure by the visitors.

The invited guests included:—

Major Astor, M.P. (President of the Imperial Press Conference), Lord Lake, Lord Farrington, Lord Riddell, Sir Herbert Austin, Mr. J. C. Akerman, Mr. B. Brendan Bracken, Sir Harry Britain, Senator W. A. Buchanan, Sir Emsley Carr, Mr. Tom Clark, Sir Gordon Craig, Sir Edward Crowe, Sir Edward Dawson, Sir Hugh Denison, Sir Robert Donald, Senator R. D. Elliott, Mr. Theodore Fink, Mr. R. J. Gilmour, Mr. F. C. Goodenough, Sir Ernest Gowers, Sir Guy Granet, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, Sir Edward Hilfe, Mr. Wilfrid King, General Sir Herbert Lawrence, Sir Percy Mackinnon, Sir Edward Manville, Mr. Percival Manville, Sir William McLintock, Sir Frank Newnes, Sir William Peat, Sir William Plender, Mr. J. J. Prinse, M.P., Mr. Walter Ramsbam, M.P., Mr. W. Lints Smith, Sir Campbell Stuart, and Sir Ralph Wedgwood.

Members of the Imperial Press Conference attended morning service at Westminster Abbey yesterday, the feast of the patron saint, St. Peter. The Archbishop of Armagh, Primate of All Ireland (Dr. C. F. D'Arcy), preached.

MEMBERS OF PREVIOUS CONFERENCES

TRIBUTE TO LORD BURNHAM

A dinner in honour of Lord and Lady Burnham was given by delegates of previous Imperial Press Conferences at the Kit-Cat Restaurant, Haymarket, last night. SIR STANLEY REED (*Times of India*) was in the chair. The company included a number of delegates to the first Imperial Press Conference, held in London in 1909, and others who were present at the conferences in Canada in 1920 and in Australia in 1925.

Proposing the health of Lord Burnham, the CHAIRMAN described himself as one of the few survivors present of the first London conference in 1909. Others were Mr. Theodore Fink, Sir Robert Donald, Sir Alfred Robbins, and Sir Harry Brittain. Lord Burnham stood out in their memories as a journalist and as a missionary of Empire. In Canada, Australia, the West Indies, and Geneva Lord Burnham had done whatever lay to his hand, displaying wise sagacity that knew no obstacle and always secured results. More recently he had taken his place on the Simon Commission. His work as a journalist was stamped by altruism and the spirit of integrity.

LORD BURNHAM said that they felt a common pride in the triumphs which had followed the first Imperial Conference. There never was a time when newspapers exerted a greater influence in the world, and on the whole they exercised their power with a great sense of responsibility. There was nothing he looked back on so much as his lifelong work in a newspaper office.

The health of Mr. Taylor Darbyshire, the secretary, was proposed by LORD BURNHAM, and MAJOR ASTOR, M.P., proposed the health of the chairman.

Others present included:—

Lord and Lady Apsley, Lady Violet Astor, Sir Augusto Barton, Mr. E. D. Blumenfeld, Sir Harry and Lady Brittain, Sir William Davies, Sir Hugh and Lady Dowding, Sir Robert and Lady Donald, Senator R. D. Elliott, Sir Edmund and Lady Findlay, Mr. Theodore Fink, Mr. Percy Hurd, M.P., Sir Edward Iliffe, Sir Roderick Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan Kappe, Lieut.-Colonel C. V. Lascelles, Sir Frank and Lady Newnes, Sir Joseph and Lady Reed, Sir Alfred and Lady Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Ross, Sir Campbell Stuart, Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Walkom, and Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. J. H. Woods.

Another party from the British Legion emigration training centre—eight families or 24 persons—left for Canada on Saturday in the Ausonia from Southampton.

Established 1852 **GOOCH'S** Rebuilt 1930

THE MODERN STORE OF KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

GREAT Summer SALE

BEGINS TO-DAY at 9 a.m.

Nothing bought specially for the Sale—Our Usual Stocks reduced —that's why Gooch's Sale is as Popular as it is GENUINE

THIS Great Summer Sale is the crowning effort of the greatest year of VALUE in the entire history of Gooch's. Increased buying facilities, bigger stocks, more departments, keener merchandising—all these things contribute to the greatest Bargain Clearance ever staged. Remember, too, that no special purchases are made for Gooch's Sale—every item of merchandise is of Gooch's usual high standard of quality, and EVERY REDUCTION IS ABSOLUTELY GENUINE.

HIGH STANDARDS of QUALITY-and *GENUINE* REDUCTIONS

No. 1.—Marvellous Value in Ladies' Tweed COATS. Smartly cut and beautifully tailored in soft woollen Tweed in mixtures of Brown or Beige. An ideal holiday coat. In 41, 43, and 45 in. lengths. SALE PRICE Post Free 30/-

No. 2.—A collection of smart JUMPER SUITS in Stockinette and Tweed effects. In a variety of attractive styles and good colourings. A limited number only. Usual price, 4 Gns. SALE PRICE, a suit 20/- *Personal Shoppers only.*

No. 3.—Wonderful Sale Bargain—Beautiful Silk Evening SHAWLS, embroidered in bright colourings, and are reversible. Size 44ins. square, with 20in. knotted fringe. In Flame, Peach, Mauve, Yellow, Gold, Rose or Pink. A limited quantity only. Usual price, 75/- SALE PRICE each 40/- Post Free.

No. 4.—Attractive TWO-PIECE of Flowered Chiffon, lined crêpe de Chine to tone, Skirt of uneven length, finished with dainty frills. Short Coatee, in all the newest shades on Black grounds, also in pastel colourings. S.W. and W. sizes only. Usual price, 5 gns. SALE PRICE 70/- Post Free.

No. 5.—Group 2. A collection of smart COATS, in Wool Gerrards, Silks, Romaine, light and heavy weight Tweeds; trimmed and untrimmed, also a number of Summer Coats in Novelty Materials. In all pastel shades. Usual prices ranged from 4 gns. to 6½ gns. All to be cleared at SALE PRICE 60/- *Personal Shoppers only.*

No. 6.—An exceptional Offer of CARDIGAN SUITS and COATS and SKIRTS, all perfectly tailored in Worsted and Saxony Suitings; also a number of Novelty Tweeds in all the newest shades. Sizes, S.S.W., S.W., and W. Usual prices ranged from 5½ gns. to 9 Gns. SALE PRICE 60/- *Personal Shoppers only.*

No. 7.—Dainty flowered Voile FROCKS. In a delightful style, with pleated frills of plain Voile at neck and cuffs. Semi-fitting bodice and full flare skirt. In shades of Green, Blue, Mauve, or Pink. Orders should be sent immediately—this offer cannot be repeated. Sizes, 40, 42, 44, and 46in. Usual price 17/9. SALE PRICE each 10/- Post Free.

SEE HOW MUCH YOU SAVE!

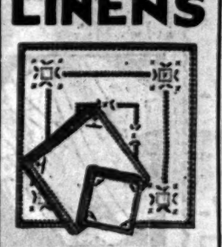
Slightly Soiled French TOILET SOAPS 3 lbs. for 2/4

No. 8.—Wonderful Offer of French Toilet SOAPS at greatly reduced prices, all made by well-known French manufacturers, including "Mauberts," "Ramboullet," etc. Slightly soiled, but perfect in every other respect, in assorted perfumes. SALE PRICES, 3 lbs. 2/4; 7 lbs. 5/-; 14 lbs. 10/-; 28 lbs. 19/6 Carriage paid on 28 lbs.

SALE Offer of SUNSHADES

No. 9.—Ladies' fashionable Chubby UMBRELLA or SUNSHADE, with the newest fancy striped art-silk cover, Crook handle to tone. In good shades of Brown, Navy, or Nigger, also Black/White. SALE PRICE, Post Free 10/6

REMARKABLE VALUES IN LINENS



LUNCHEON SETS

No. 13.—Attractive LUNCHEON SETS on fine Cream Linen. Hand embroidered in Blue, Gold, Green or Natural. All colours, guaranteed for washing. Sets for six people—Usual Price 11/6. SALE PRICE, set 6/11

Sets for 12 people—Usual Price 19/6. SALE PRICE, set 12/6 Post Free.

LINEN SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES

No. 14.—IRISH LINEN SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES. Thoroughly reliable, recommended for good wear. Single bed size. SALE PRICES, a pair 21/6 and 35/6. Double bed size SALE PRICES 29/6 & 47/6. Plain PILLOW CASES, size 20×30 ins. SALE PRICES, Hemstitched, 1/11, 2/6 and 2/11. SALE PRICES 2/11, 3/11, 4/11, and 5/6. Post Free.

ART SILK BEDSPREADS

ART SILK BEDSPREADS, daintily embroidered in two-tone effect, in shades of Rose, Old Gold, Rose, Green, Wine, Fuchsia, or Blue and Gold Mist. Single bed size. Usual Price, 25/9. SALE PRICE each 21/6. Double bed size—Usual Price, 29/6. SALE PRICE each 25/6 Post Free.

Wonderful Collection of DAINTY LINGERIE all at 7/6 per garment

Write for COMPLETE SALE CATALOGUE

No. 12.—A marvellous collection of the daintiest LINGERIE, including fine coloured Lawn Nightgowns, Cotton Dressing Gowns in all fashionable shades, fine Voile Cami-Knickers, entirely hand made and hand embroidered and bound contrasting colour, smart Bathing Suits in all colours, Bathing Wraps in attractive designs and colourings, girl's jumper shape Pyjamas. Usual prices from 14/9. SALE PRICE, Post Free 7/6

NOTE THE REDUCTIONS

No. 17.—Attractive CARDIGANS in a smart design. Made of fine quality wool and in a range of good colourings, including Beige, Green, Brown, Blue, Grey, etc. Usual Price, 25/9. SALE PRICE each 12/11 Post Free.

No. 18.—Fashionable Sleeveless BLOUSE in Swedish, finished at front with pleated frill and stitching. In all dainty colourings, including Blue, Beige, Green, Lemon, etc. Usual Price, 30/- SALE PRICE 20/- Post Free.

No. 19.—A group of woollen Sleeveless PULLOVERS, suitable for tennis and river wear, in a variety of designs and colourings. Usual price, 21/9 SALE PRICE 10/- *Personal Shoppers only.*

Wonderful Sale Offer of Boys CEYLONETTE Sleeping Suits

No. 20.—Marvellous offer of Children's Ceylonette SLEEPING SUITS, beautifully made and finished, and will give every satisfaction. In Pink or Blue with white collar and cuffs. In sizes to fit 2 to 7 years. Usual Price, 8/11. SALE PRICE, a suit, all sizes, Post Free 5/-

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPT

Reduced from 11/6 to 7/11

DECK CHAIRS (Reduced from 11/6 to 7/11)

No. 10.—Special Sale Offer (14 only) heavy Green Rotproof DECK CHAIRS, British made of heavy beech, dovetailed joints, and fitted extra supports on each corner, making chair safe and rigid. Usual Price 11/6. SALE PRICE, each 7/11 2 for 15/- (Part carriage 1/6 extra outside our delivery radius.)

TENNIS RACKETS by Famous Makers

Originally priced from 50/- to 75/- All to be CLEARED at *Personal Shoppers only.* 49/-

Grape Chokers HALF PRICE

No. 11.—Attractive Grape CHOKERS, in the following colours: Topaz Crystal, Sapphire Crystal, Ruby Crystal, Emerald Crystal, or Black Crystal. Fastening with bolt ring. Usual Price 2/6. Post free. SALE PRICE 1/3

CLEARANCE OF FURNISHING FABRICS

SHADOW TISSUE

No. 15.—34 inch SHADOW TISSUE, in a design of Hyacinths and Tulips. Very heavy cloth and reversible. In several good colourings, including Cream dotted with Mauve and Blue. Usual Price 2/6. SALE PRICE a yard 1/9

50 inch POPLIN, heavy ribbed material with lustrous finish, suitable for heavy curtains. In shades of Biscuit, Cream, and Rose. Guaranteed fadeless. Usual Price, 3/6. SALE PRICE, Post Free. a yard 2/3

Letters to the Editor

THE BATH ROAD

MORE PROTESTS FROM WILTSHIRE

Many letters from residents in Wiltshire continue to reach "The Times" commenting on the proposed widening of the Bath Road in that county. Representative letters are given below:—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The Minister of Transport assures us that the amenities are to be respected, the stretch of the Bath Road through Savernake Forest is even to be spared a kerb. The rest of this most beautiful road is presumably to be garnished in the best suburban tradition, and obstructions, such as trees and hedges, are to be removed. The argument that because traffic has increased greatly during the past five years preparation must be made for a similar increase during the next five years is based on mere supposition. The possibilities of long-distance motor coaching, heavy goods transport, and motor travel in general are now largely explored. Their extension on a scale comparable to their recent development is exceedingly improbable and it is safe to predict that within five years air travel will have become common. Another great change begun.

To widen a road which admittedly does not require widening at present and which, when widened, will, *ipso facto*, cost more annually for upkeep throughout its length is not going to relieve unemployment, but by adding to the total of our local and national burdens must in the long run tend towards its increase. Higher assessments, in many cases higher rates; income-tax at War-time level; a predicted additional expenditure in this county alone of some £230,000 if the school-leaving age be raised—who is to call a halt? Is there no cure for the financial megalomania that seems to afflict all departments of Government, local and national? To press this scheme at this time seems either cynical or obtuse. The beauties of a most rural county, undisputed facts and common sense, local opposition, the state of national finances—all these seem of little account. The Wiltshire County Council is threatened and capitulates, lest worse befall it. Bureaucracy is supreme.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
RUPERT BUTLER.

Kings Hall, Milton.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There are two points in the Minister of Transport's account of his inspection of the Bath Road which want examining. (1) He states that the average daily traffic amounts to 3,000 tons. How much of this is represented by really heavy traffic which ought to be on the railway?

The carriage of heavy stuff by road instead of rail is increasing because it is cheaper and less damage is done in loading and unloading. As regards the first reason, this is erroneous. It may be cheaper for those directly concerned with the material to be transported, but that is only because such transport is subsidized by the other road users and ratepayers; it does not pay its fair share of damage done to the roads. As regards the second reason, it is quite feasible to provide removable bodies for lorries; these could be lifted on and off railway trucks and put on lorries for conveyance from place of origin or to final destination. Lorries could be licensed to run in a radius of, say, 15 miles from any given centre. The heavy through traffic would then go on the railways, which were built for it and are suffering from its absence. The railways would be able to reduce charges all round; they would require more coal and more rolling stock, thereby helping the most distressed industries. Such a scheme would do more to help unemployment than any road building.

(2) There is to be a 5ft. wide footpath all along the Bath Road. The Minister did not state how many pedestrians he saw between Froxfield and Savernake Hill or between Bechhampton and Cherhill; I doubt if he saw half a dozen on either stretch, say, in 10 miles. I suppose the cost of a 5ft. footpath over these 10 miles would run into many hundreds of pounds, an expenditure quite unjustifiable, even in the most prosperous times.

Yours, &c.,
H. C. HONY.

Hallam, Ogbourne, Marlborough, June 27.

TRADE WITHIN THE EMPIRE

A CANADIAN VIEW

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It is regrettable that the solution of the question of inter-Empire trade, or increased trade within the Empire, has not been left to an independent commission or an Economic League of British Nations. This mode of procedure has been advocated by a group of Canadians since the month of April, 1929, and if the present Government had adopted the idea, the whole Empire would have been well on the way to a settlement of many of the problems which are now retarding this trade, to the advantage of the foreign trader and the disadvantage of the British manufacturer.

With others I have been campaigning for the solution of this perplexed question, outside of party politics, and judging from the many interviews, addresses, and correspondence with the Press, the public, and industrial representatives, I believe that Canada and the other Dominions are united on this subject. Why then do the politicians of the Mother Country continue to make political capital of this question, thereby engendering complications and contentious debates, misunderstandings, and bickerings of party politicians, from all of which little practical result is effected? In the meantime, the foreigner is quietly walking away with orders for goods which rightly belong to the people of the Empire, and more especially the unemployed.

To read the speeches and statements of the present-day politicians, one would think that the Dominions and Colonies have little to say with regard to inter-Empire trade, and that it is to be decided, or dictated, by one or more individuals, or political parties, of the United Kingdom, without a voice on the part of any of the integral parts of the Commonwealth in its consummation. Is this not a disastrous situation, especially when the Dominions and Colonies are so anxious to cooperate in finding the most logical and sane solution, outside of the party politics of any unit of the Empire?

This, however, is not the only danger in our procrastination. I have reason to believe that the United States is on the eve of announcing a new policy for extending generous reciprocal trade agreements with all countries who are buying from her, and if, and when, this takes place, the present opportunity for closer Imperial relations may be endangered. Why not make the sacrifice of dropping political party strife to save our Imperial trade?

Yours truly,
FRANK CARREL, Member of the Legislative Council of the Province of Quebec, Canada.

APPOINTMENT OF MINISTERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Lord Elibank has, it would appear, made a very unfortunate essay into political diplomacy. Now that Mr. Baldwin has replied to his lordship's letter and given the proper perspective to the motive, it may not be entirely out of place to draw attention to the simpler and more effective way of dealing with those who seek to traduce the Unionist Party and their leader.

Those Unionists who have allowed themselves to be drawn into the vortex of this political whirlpool must realise that unwavering loyalty (not personal only, but team loyalty) would have been a more effective method of scotching any attempt to break up the party. If, as a consequence of their action, the ordinary man regards their attitude as playing for "safety first," they cannot blame him.

But Lord Melchett's condoning of the unconstitutional claim of Lord Rothermere is a far more serious matter. Does he appreciate the full significance of the demand? And has he considered the full practical effect of his analogy when applied to the constitutional system of this country? Lord Rothermere has been opposed to the Referendum. Yet to-day he proposes to take a referendum of the readers of the *Daily Mail* on Mr. Baldwin's interpretation of the question at issue, with a bait of £120 as a prize! This surely must be the final act in this farcical tragedy.

I am, &c.,
G. E. HAMER-LEWIS.

London, S.W.1.

LAMBETH CONFERENCE

A WEEK OF PRAYER

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I venture to draw attention to the fact that this week is being observed as a world-wide week of prayer for the Lambeth Conference which meets in the library at Lambeth Palace from July 5 to August 10. It is expected that over 300 Bishops of the Anglican Communion will be present—a representation greater than ever before in the history of the Church.

It need hardly be said that this conference is fraught with almost limitless possibilities. Many vastly important matters are to be considered: and this week the whole Church is called to pray daily for our leaders. What might not happen if only Christian people would forget lesser things and unite in praying for a fresh endowment of the Divine Spirit? We need to-day, quite tremendously, the power which can alone enable us to do our Lord's work in the world as He would have it done. In the first days of Christianity the Church carried everything before it by its sheer enthusiasm, and a power which showed itself quite obviously in the lives of the men and women who called themselves Christians. The "signs following," which our Lord promised, were everywhere apparent. We all long for the time when the Church shall be one great consecrated and united army, on fire with devotion to our Lord, and prepared to set out in dauntless and high-hearted adventure for His kingdom of love and brotherhood. Nothing less than this attitude towards life is going to be of any avail in the face of the great world-problems by which we are confronted at the present time.

If Christian people everywhere will unite this week—and throughout all the time of the conference—in praying for our Bishops and for the rank and file of the Church, that we may resolutely put the coming of the Kingdom of God first, and wholeheartedly dedicate our lives to this great adventure, then anything may happen—much will happen.

I venture to suggest that in addition to the special intercessions at celebrations of the Holy Communion or other services, we should all remember to say a short prayer for the coming of the Kingdom at 12 noon each day.

Yours faithfully,
A. C. MACNUTT.

St. John's Vicarage, Hove, Sussex.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE AFTER SEVENTY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Will you allow me, as an old insurance man, and therefore supposed to know something of the principles underlying insurance practice, to draw attention to something very wanting, to my mind, in the conduct of accident insurance?

I have been guilty of living beyond the "allotted span" of life and have recently been advised (1) by one office that they can no longer continue to insure me against accidents, as I have attained the age of 70; (2) by another office that, under my motor-car insurance, accidents to myself must in future be excluded from my policy; but no reduction in premium is offered, although the risk is diminished by the elimination of the cover hitherto offered to me. Of course, the underlying idea is that a man of 70 is more liable to accidents than a younger man, and, alternatively, that if meeting with a non-fatal accident is less likely to recover than a younger man. In view of the loss of life recorded through reckless driving of cars and motor-cycles by young men who are insured the relative results are open to question.

Now, it occurs to me that, having accepted one's premium for 40 years (and in my case with practically no claim), it seems scarcely moral to refuse entirely to continue to insure, although it might be necessary to safeguard the office by certain reservations, such as that the insured after 70 undertakes not to drive a car; but as a passenger in a car he is no more liable to accident than a younger person alongside him, and it is hard that he should not be able to cover such risk of accident when no debility of his own can have contributed to the accident. Surely a measure of the usual compensation could be offered.

Yours faithfully,
SEPTUAGENARIAN.

AFTER PRISON

METHODS OF FINDING EMPLOYMENT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have read with interest the Rev. R. E. Little's letter in *The Times* of June 24, and Mr. J. H. Twamley's of a later date. While we agree that the best work for the unfortunate men and women who find themselves in prison can be done for them when they leave prison, we venture to express some doubt as to the wisdom of founding a workers' colony as suggested by Mr. Little. While the opportunity afforded by this might tend to restore a sense of personal responsibility and independence to those who, perforce, sought admission, the proposal is, in my view, open at least to two objections which rest on considerable Salvation Army experiences in this and other lands:—

(1) It would be undesirable from some aspects to have any colony composed entirely of ex-prisoners.

(2) It ought not to be a Government-controlled colony, unless Mr. Little means that prisoners should go to this colony for some weeks or months before their terms of imprisonment expired and when the discipline might be slightly relaxed.

We think that a beginning to meet the problem confronting the man on his discharge should be made immediately on his incarceration. To this end there are two essentials:—

(1) Prisoners, at the earliest possible moment, should be given the right to choose freely any one of the recognised aid societies under which they desire to leave prison on the completion of their sentence. This seems an elementary human right.

(2) Give to the accredited representative of that society ready, direct, and untrammelled access to such prisoners under rules which eliminate all other persons—in committees, &c., or otherwise—excepting, of course, the governor of the prison. Such access should be largely unfettered during the last three months of the sentence, when obviously frequent conferences with prisoners may be necessary.

The idea of personal contact and service is all important. Men are saved by friendship. For one thing, more use might be made of the Salvation Army, with its many ramifications and large numbers of men and women with whom the simple human touch is an everyday affair of life.

Yours truly,
DAVID C. LAMB, Commissioner, International Social Secretary.

The Salvation Army, International Headquarters, 101, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, June 28.

CHURCH AND STATE IN MALTA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of June 26 Sir Augustus Bartolo suggests that the Maltese people should be "left alone to settle their domestic dispute." This is a perfectly reasonable suggestion, so far as the dispute is merely "domestic"; but, if it involves (and so far as it involves) principles of general interest, people other than Maltese cannot avoid consideration of the matter.

One such principle (among others) was mentioned by Mr. H. M. Gooch in a question in *The Times* of June 21, when he asked, "Is the Roman Church asserting a claim to dominate or defy the State?" With your permission, I should like to make the following quotations from recent and authoritative Papal pronouncements, which make the general attitude of the Papacy as regards Church and State quite clear:—

Just as the end at which the Church aims is by far the noblest of ends, so is its authority the most exalted of all authority; nor can it be looked upon as inferior to the civil power, or in any manner dependent upon it.—Leo XIII., encyclical letter "Immortale Dei," 1885.

The Founder of the Church willed her sacred power to be distinct from the civil power, and each power to be free and unshackled in its own sphere: with this condition, however—a condition good for both, and of advantage to all men—that union and concord should be maintained between them, and that on those questions which are, though in different ways, of common right and authority, the power to which secular matters have been entrusted should happily and becomingly depend on the other power [the Roman Church] which has in its charge the interests of heaven.—Leo XIII., "Arcanum Divinae," 1880.

If the laws of the State are manifestly at variance with the Divine Law, containing enactments hurtful to the Church, or conveying injunctions adverse to the duties imposed by religion; or if they violate, in the person of the Supreme Pontiff, the authority of Jesus Christ: then, truly, to resist becomes a positive duty, and it is a crime to obey.—Leo XIII., "Sapientiae Christianae," 1890.

Although, in the extraordinary condition of these times, the Church usually acquiesces in certain modern liberties, she does so not because she prefers them in themselves, but because she judges it expedient to permit them until, in happier times, she can exercise her own liberty.—Leo XIII., "Libertas," 1888.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
J. W. POYNTER.

Church House, S.W.1, June 27.

A CHAPTER OF HISTORY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—One hundred years ago, on Tuesday, June 29, 1830, *The Times* published on its first page an advertisement titled "Royal Westminster Ophthalmic Hospital Building Fund." It was a list of 28 names, and the amount given by each donor.

The time, the occasion, and the names of the donors were alike interesting. The list was headed "His Majesty, £105." There followed "H.R.H. The Duke of York, £52 10s.," and "His Grace the Duke of Wellington, £75."

The Times of that day was printed with black borders and "turned rules" between the columns. King George IV., whose gift of 100 guineas was thus recorded, had died on the Saturday morning previous to this Tuesday. On the Monday the advertisements which then filled several columns of the front page had given place to matter relating to his death. Only on this Tuesday were the advertisements restored, and among them was the announcement of these gifts for the building of the Royal Westminster Ophthalmic Hospital.

It was a very remarkable list, though short, for it contained the names of many who had followed the fortunes of Wellington and helped in the field to win that series of great battles which broke the power of Napoleon. Lynedoch, the stalwart Scot who raised his own regiment and fought with Moore at Corunna, with Wellington from Ciudad Rodrigo to Toulouse, and lived to found the Senior United Service Club, and died aged 95 in his house in London; McGrigor, the greatest of Army surgeons, to whom the Army Medical Corps owes everything even to this day; Beresford, who took a great share in the retreat to Corunna; Colin Halkett, who, wounded four times at Quatre Bras and Waterloo—"a very gallant and deserving officer," said Wellington—yet lived to govern Chelsea Hospital; Hardwicke, one of the wisest of Irish Lord Lieutenants; George Byng, M.P., brother of the famous Brigadier who was afterwards Earl of Strafford and Field-Marshal; John Angerstein, son of Julius Angerstein, merchant, philanthropist, and founder of the National Gallery; Charles Gordon-Lennox, fifth Duke of Richmond, Aide-de-Camp and Military Secretary to Wellington from 1810 to 1814. There are others in this list equally worthy of mention. Some of their descendants may like to tell us of their deeds and their association with Wellington, or possibly with the name of our first founder, Surgeon General Guthrie, another friend of Wellington.

Our archives are very imperfect, but, thanks to *The Times*, we have recovered this chapter of our history. We of the committee shall be glad to receive other chapters from those who have documents relating to the hospital. May I add that we shall be deeply grateful to receive donations towards the £15,000 we still require to pay off the loan from bankers for the completion of the rebuilding at a cost of £140,000 of the hospital which Guthrie, Wellington and their friends founded nearly 114 years ago?

I am yours obediently,
AIRAN, Chairman, Royal Westminster Opthalmic Hospital.

Broad-street, W.C.2.

Points from Letters

LICENCES FOR MENSERVANTS

The main argument in favour of the 15s. menservants' tax, if we may judge from the report of Lord Arnold's speech in the House of Lords on June 25, is that the employers of menservants are mainly supertax-payers, who think little of so small a tax. Would it be possible to allow non-supertax-payers to employ menservants without a licence? The revenue would suffer little. People of smaller means, who do not wish to be thought rich, and to whom the tax is the last straw, might be tempted to employ men in domestic work. Why leave any stone unturned? A recent experience of the writer has shown that there is no lack of eager applicants in this district. —Mr. A. A. LEA, Thomason, King's Ride, Camberley.

ST. ANDREW'S, WELLS-STREET

When the vicar of St. Andrew's, Wells-street, says that his church is to be reconstructed in one of the new districts, does he mean that the intention is to take the edifice down stone by stone and attempt to use the material elsewhere? If so, is there any instance where such reconstruction of a London church has been carried out successfully? If St. Andrew's is to go, as seems inevitable, would it not be better to build an entirely new church elsewhere with the proceeds of the sale of the site, preserving the ornaments and treasures, especially the reredos? St. Andrew's, with its awkward shape (it is reputed to have no right angle in it) would look odd standing by itself in some new suburb, and one fears that its new congregation would soon be called upon to make good dilapidations inevitable with stones 83 years old.—Mr. CYRIL SMITH, 3, Spencer-road, Coventry, Warwickshire.

IN NEED OF A HOLIDAY

May we once more plead the cause of the working women of London? We want more help to enable us to lighten the burden of the mother of a large family, whose work is never ended, and who hardly knows what recreation means, of the lonely woman who, dependent upon her own modest earnings for her livelihood, carries on patiently, year in, year out, the dull struggle for existence, haunted by the fear of one day losing even that small income. The Women's Holiday Fund is striving to give to as many as possible of these tired and overburdened women the happiness and rest which a holiday should always bring. The applicants contribute what they can, according to their circumstances. Some indeed, having once tasted the joy of a holiday, begin saving up for the next year directly they return home. A sum of £2 will pay for a fortnight's holiday for one woman. Donations for this sum and smaller amounts will be most gratefully received by the Secretary, Women's Holiday Fund, 76, Denison House, Vauxhall Bridge-road, S.W.1.—The BISHOP of LONDON; MGR. M. J. BIDWELL; the REV. DR. J. SCOTT LIDGETT; and Mrs. FRANK POWNALL (chairman of Executive Committee, Women's Holiday Fund).

THE CARYATID BACK IN ATHENS?

I should like to add my support to Miss Ruth Fry in her suggestion that we should restore the missing Caryatid to the Erectheum. I know there are many excellent reasons why museums should not give up their treasures, but one of these reasons at least is absent in this case. The Caryatids are well protected from the weather, and the remaining figures are in a very good state of preservation. It seems to me that without starting a precedent we might exchange our Caryatid for the dark lady, who looks like an intrusive half-caste among her Parian sisters on the shining Acropolis, but who would be quite passable in the dimness of the British Museum.—Mrs. CARR, Ditchingham Hall, Norfolk.

A FIRST FLAG DAY

With Alexandra Rose Day so recently in our minds, it may seem ungrateful to the public to speak of another flag day so soon. My object in writing, however, is not to ask for monetary support, but to beg the assistance of ladies to collect for the Golden Square Throat, Nose and Ear Hospital on Thursday, July 10. This will be the first flag day the hospital has ever had, although it has been in existence for 68 years, and we very badly need helpers. All the collecting will take place within a short distance of Piccadilly-circus between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. Will ladies willing to help very kindly write to me or call at this hospital?—Mrs. ARTHUR RYE, Chairman, Ladies' Association, the Golden-square Throat, Nose and Ear Hospital, W.1.

MEDIEVAL STAINED GLASS

Captain Russell evidently refers to the manufacture of pot-metal and flashed sheet glass. The late Mr. Halahan's paper before the Newcomen Society proves that pot metal flashed and stained glass was found on the sites of the glass houses in the Chiddingfold district (Newcomen Society, Trans., Vol. 5). Under the monkish régime the arts of window glass-making and glazing were combined, and it is probable that this association continued in England until the window glass industry began to decay in the fourteenth century.—Mr. R. WYNDHAM HULME, Littlehampton.

ROAD SURFACES

Dr. Addison, the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, recently stated in the House of Commons, in moving the second reading of the Government's Land Drainage Bill, that "water does not percolate through the tar macadam roads as it used to do through the old metal roads." May I be permitted to add that these road washings add considerably to the volume of uncontrollable pollution entering our rivers? And, again, would not our main roads last longer, under the enormous wear and tear of modern traffic, if a "surfacing material" could be found that would allow water to percolate through, thereby binding and consolidating the foundations of the roads—in other words, ballasting it? It is the uncontrollable storm waters, and not the controllable manufacturing effluents, which pollute our rivers and exterminate our fisheries.—Mr. ALBERT WADE.

MEN FOR THE MINISTRY

I have noticed in your columns letters advocating the employment of men who though ordained priests shall continue to support themselves in their existing callings. Has this method ever been thought out? St. Paul could leave his tent-making to preach on the Sabbath day to the Corinthians, among whom he was a missionary, but how many could or would continue their work as solicitors appearing in Court, or clerks in offices, or schoolmasters, and be ready at any moment to leave the work they had in hand, to go and visit the sick and administer Communion to or absolve the dying? How many after a hard day's work in town, or in any other sphere, would visit their flock on a hot and sultry night or a cold and dark evening? It is expecting too much of human infirmity. The Christian religion is "whole-time conversion" and not a Sunday prayer-meeting, so that Sunday worshippers must be administered to and visited in the week.—The REV. F. H. LENO, St. Paul's Vicarage, Crewe.

THE AGE OF OAKS

In two letters last week doubt was expressed of the great age attributed to some trees. I think we have good reason for believing that the oak often lives over 1,000 years. When a tree is felled its age can be told with certainty. Sir George Courthope stated a year or two ago that of the oak he supplied for the repair of the roof of Westminster Hall two trees were over 600 years old and others over 500 years, and all were sound. Would not sound trees of these ages almost certainly live well over 1,000 years?—Mr. JOHN P. PHILLIPS, 8, Wulstan's, Tibberton, Droitwich.

POLLARD AND PLEACH

To "pleach a hedge" is still a common term and is generally used in this part of rural Monmouthshire. The persistence of pleach in these parts is due, perhaps, to hedging being the pride of certain families for many generations. At local ploughing matches these families contest in pleaching with much pride, and the young men speak of "fine pleaching" with keen understanding of its meaning and not simply as a colloquialism of a dead art. A "real" hedgerman pleaches because his father taught him the peculiar importance of the art in fenced country like Monmouthshire, where one hears of "live hedges."—Mr. D. ELIAS, The Hill, Bryngwyn, Raglan, Mon.

KILIMANJARO

The writer of your article "The Missionary as Explorer," in your Church and Empire Number, correctly gives New the credit of first climbing Kilimanjaro to snow level, but he gives the date of the climb as 1867. New was in Galla country in 1867. He did not travel west (of Ribe) till 1871. The exact date of his reaching his highest point on Kilimanjaro was August 28, 1871. The date is of importance to any unravelling of the tangled controversies about Kilimanjaro and other East African explorations.—Mr. H. O. WELLER, 90, Marina, St. Leonards.

MUTTON PIES

Probably many of your correspondents have never heard of or have forgotten a song which was extremely popular some sixty or seventy years ago—namely, "Poor Dog Tray." It concluded as follows:—

When in some written line
I ceased to cast my eyes;
And found there the name
Of Tray.

—Mr. E. BOUTFLOWER, Tower Chambers, 30, Spring-gardens, Manchester.

100 years ago—and NOW

Read the names of the men and women of **1830** who helped to build the

ROYAL WESTMINSTER OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL

WELLINGTON and his friends—Generals and Surgeons of the PENINSULAR WAR and the philanthropists of One Hundred Years Ago

ROYAL WESTMINSTER OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL.

The Building Committee announce the following Donations:—

His Majesty	£105	0	0
His Royal Highness the Duke of York	52	10	0
His Grace the Duke of Wellington	75	0	0
The Court of Directors of the East India Company	105	0	0
Anglesey, Marquis of	£52	10	0
Angerstein, John, Esq.	25	0	0
Bredalbane, Earl of	10	10	0
Byng, G. Esq., M. P.	105	0	0
Beresford, Viscount	42	0	0
Burton, Francis, Esq.	20	0	0
Canterbury, Archbp. of	21	0	0
Durham, Bp. P. C.	10	10	0
Fitzwilliam, Earl of	50	0	0
Grantham, Lord	50	0	0
Grenville, Lord	20	0	0
Hardwicke, Earl of	50	0	0
Halkett, Sir Colin	£5	5	0
Hammersley, G., Esq.	5	5	0
Jakson, L., Esq.	5	5	0
Lyndoch, Lord	105	0	0
M'Gregor, Sir James	40	0	0
Magrigan, Dr.	10	10	0
Richmond, Duke of	50	0	0
Richardson, H., Esq.	10	0	0
Wood, Col., M. P.	20	0	0
Wood, Lady Caroline	20	0	0
Wood, Sir Gabriel	5	5	0
Wellesley, Hon. and Rev. G.	5	0	0

Subscriptions received by Messrs. Coutts and Co., Strand, Messrs. Drummond, Charing-cross, bankers; and by the Joint Treasurers, at Col. Wood's, 18, Stratton-street. W. T. HUGHES, Sec.

This advertisement was published in "The Times" of June 29th, 1830. Just One Hundred Years Ago, and three days after the death of George IV., whose donation heads the list.

One Million Men, Women & Children

have known in One Hundred Years the relief which comes to those who seek the advice so generously given by the Surgeons and Staff of the

ROYAL WESTMINSTER OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL

Fifteen Thousand Pounds

will to-day complete the fund recently raised to rebuild and extend the Hospital which WELLINGTON AND HIS FRIENDS helped One Hundred Years Ago.

Royal Westminster Ophthalmic Hospital, Broad Street, Holborn, W.C.2.

(Signed) ARRAN, Chairman,
BERNARD HALSEY-BIRCHAM, Treasurer
J. H. JOHNSON, Secretary.

WHAT THE
SIMON REPORT
MEANS

A lucid explanation and summary

By S. K. RATCLIFFE

3rd Impression — One Shilling

On sale everywhere or from the Publisher (Postage 2d. extra)

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Great July Sale
IRISH LINENS
Robinson & Cleaver

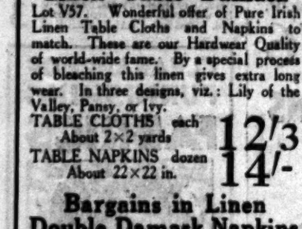
Linen Table Damask

Lot V57. Wonderful offer of Pure Irish Linen Table Cloths and Napkins to match. These are our Hardwear Quality of world-wide fame. By a special process of bleaching this linen gives extra long wear. In three designs, viz.: Lily of the Valley, Pansy, or Ivy.

TABLE CLOTHS each About 2×2 yards 12/3
TABLE NAPKINS dozen About 22×22 in. 14/-

Bargains in Linen Double Damask Napkins

Lot M210. 1,000 dozen Irish Linen Double Damask Table Napkins, in two designs, viz., Gothic or Lily and Ornament, a very exceptional bargain. Size about 22×22 in. Usual Price 28/6 SALE PRICE per Dozen .. 17/-



Lot 2. Real Filet Lace (heavy make), and hand embroidered Dinner Set. Exceptional offer. SALE PRICE Per set of 13 pieces .. 27/6 Per set of 25 pieces .. 39/6

Linen Sheets & Pillow Cases

Lot GK2. Medium fine make Hemstitched Irish Linen Sheets. By special bleaching treatment the fibre of the Cloth is not sacrificed for high colour. The strength therefore is unimpaired and they are rightly called "HARDWEAR."

2×3 yards. Single Bed. SALE PRICE Per Pair 29/6
2½×3 yards. Double Bed. SALE PRICE Per Pair 38/6

"Hardwear" quality Irish Linen Pillow Cases. Finished with soft linen buttons.

Plain. 20×30 ins. SALE PRICE Each 2/7
Hemstitched. 20×30 ins. SALE PRICE Each 3/11

Linen Face Towels

Lot 22. 100 dozen Irish Linen Huckaback Face Towels (medium fine quality). Size about 22×40 ins. SALE PRICE SIX FOR 14/-

Linen Towelling

Lot P5. Clearing offer of Linen Huckaback Towelling. 24 ins. wide. Usually 1/6. Offered at per yard 1/-

Cotton Sheets

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of Knightsbridge

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SALE

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R.A.F. DISPLAY AT HENDON

ROYAL VISITORS

AEROBATICS IN WARFARE

The Royal Air Force display at Hendon on Saturday was an even greater success than any of the 10 previous displays. Last year's crowd of 130,000 within the aerodrome made a record; but there were fully 30,000 more this time. In the car parks were 12,000 cars. Prince George, representing the King, was in the Royal pavilion, and with him were Royal visitors from Japan, from Greece, and Siam. For all the visitors, ranged in thousands round the great southern semicircle of the aerodrome, with the sun behind them, the weather was perfect; and the fresh breeze that made a long day in the sunshine agreeable seemed to do nothing to hinder the flying.

Apart from being entertained and thrilled by this spectacle, made up of achievements which are the everyday duty of the Air Force, the public felt extra admiration for the precision with which the programme was executed; every event was timed to the minute, and not even the process of getting 54 machines into the air at once and bringing them back in formations low over the aerodrome was allowed to be a cause of deviation from schedule. This stage, of course, had as its "wings" all the wide spaces of the sky to the horizon, for other aircraft had been warned off; yet here were a dozen different types of machine of varying speeds, each having a distinctive job to do, and they fitted into this fast-moving jig-saw as though trails had been laid and strings attached to bring them into the limelight at a given moment.

This parade of six squadrons was the culminating proof of control and cooperation in combined work. In quick succession the three squadrons of fighters and three of bombers took off and wheeled in formation to the distant horizon while other events took place. When their next turn came they were in proper position to make their roaring dives across the aerodrome in front of the Royal pavilion, and then again they were away while the programme ran on until it was time for the bombers to come back, first in great arrow-heads, then in flights, and finally in line ahead, which was turned finally into a wide circle of 27 machines moving like a merry-go-round in the sky.

If such movements proved the complete orderliness of aerial work, there were others to carry the case further and show that aerobatics, such as the fighter must learn if he is to make the best of his opportunities against an enemy, were also possible in formation. Squadron aerobatics have been done before. No. 43 Squadron impressed on the public mind the absolute certainty of these operations by carrying them out with the wing-tips of every flight tied together. The cords were rubber and were ultimately broken in the final zoom and roll of the individual machines, to show that they had not been a dangerous item, but while the squadron banked and looped like one machine the cords were not even stretched. Generally they were to be seen streaming in loops between the close wing-tips.

BOMBING ATTACK

This was display. The application of precisely the same sort of hazardous work was seen in other events. Nothing was more exciting than the converging attack on a small encampment by four Flycatchers of the Fleet arm. They made use of nearly all the aerobatics that were ever attempted. From four points of the compass they dived to within 50ft. of their objective, following across each other's course at perhaps three-second intervals, covering each machine's climbing retreat with a new attack, so that a non-existent enemy might not have time to take toll of his assailants. They had to loop and roll at the top of their zooms in order to come immediately back to the attack, and their work was so splendidly timed that they deserved their inexpensive victory.

The attacks on the big kite balloon by the fighters of No. 41 Squadron and on the Horsley bomber by three of the sturdy Bulldogs of No. 3 Squadron were another vindication of the training in aerobatics which the display exhibits. The enormous observation balloon was naturally a fine target. The Siskins showed how important it is to get away quickly after an attack, treating the balloon more perhaps as if it were a dirigible heavily armed for its own defence. They came up either above or below it. Some zoomed up under its tail and, having fired into the envelope from below, looped over or rolled away in its wake. Others swooped over the top of it and likewise sought safety in the cover of its bulk by looping almost above it. Its blazing hull made a fine curtain to the event.

The Horsley bomber, though slow in comparison with the trio of fast-climbing Bulldogs, made a fight and sent its assailants diving and swerving, and drove one to earth ablaze before itself becoming a victim and staggering to the ground out of sight of the aerodrome in a thick trail of smoke. Such individual incidents of bombing and fighting in aerial operations were drawn together and amplified in the last scene of the day. Here was a piece of work demanding at least four distinct services and illustrating the purposes of modern aircraft on occasions which a few years ago would have called for the assistance of a military or naval expedition. A mutinous crew had turned pirates. They had installed themselves, with two stolen aircraft, in a planter's house. Their stronghold had to be destroyed, they themselves exterminated or taken prisoners and their booty recovered.

BOMBED STRONGHOLD

In less than half an hour the job was done, making a famous spectacle of bombed and burning buildings, and giving ocular proof of the ease with which land operations may be linked up with those of the air. The pirates were first called upon, in a message dropped from the skies, to surrender, and their replies were anti-aircraft shells bursting in flash and smoke under the tail of the messenger. Two squadrons of fighters then took up the argument with machine-guns, and bombers followed them to destroy the pirates' aircraft on the ground and to drive the main body out of their stronghold. When they returned to complete the work, the pirates were offering to surrender and the turn of the troop-carriers, such as served Kabul, had come.

Three of the twin-engined Victorias planed down in front of the stronghold, disgorged their troops and waited until the pirates were rounded up and marched into the aeroplanes with their guards. Meanwhile the bombers had recovered the loot and loaded it; and as loot and prisoners flew off to the base, a few big bombs reduced their lair to a mass of burning timber.

Purely as a spectacle, the individual aerobatics by two pairs of machines were magnificent. Flying Officers R. Stokes and C. K. Turner-Hughes on Siskins gave loops and rolls timed so accurately that they might have been one and offered the thrilling sight of fast spins down from about 3,000ft. to less than 1,000ft., their machines glistening like silver darts in the sunshine. Flying Officers J. F. X. McKenna and D. S. McDougall did similar things still faster on Gamecocks, substituting for the spin upward corkscrews at the top of steep climbs. Inverted flying in formation by five Moths was equally good, and to add to such exciting sights was the interest of R 101's visit. She was a distraction long before her turn came, as she hovered silver and graceful in the distance. Her flight low over the aerodrome was far too short for the many thousands who had never seen her before. She seemed to be behaving perfectly and the ease with which she was handled disposed of many sceptics.

Some fantastic aircraft were shown in flight, and if the auto-gyro, with its wide spread of windmill above, proved an attractive suggestion as to possible vertical landings in the future, it was also a useful foil to the Handley Page slotted Gugnunc, which proved that nearly all that a gyroscope at present can offer in slow flying and safety from stalling can be achieved by the development of the slotted wing. The flight of the new machines was unusually interesting. The new de Havilland interceptor monoplane received special attention, and, though no risks were taken by its pilot, its speed and climbing abilities, secured with much less power by the small head resistance of its new engine, seemed to justify most of what had been claimed for it. There was much public interest, too, in the Puss Moth, the high-wing cabin monoplane of the type which the Prince of Wales has ordered for his own use.

The share given to the Auxiliary Air Force, the air equivalent of the Territorial Army, was amply justified. The City of London Squadron had been chosen for the display. They were flying Westland Wapitis, which are 20 miles an hour slower than the average fighter or day bomber, and making this allowance it must be admitted that their evolutions in formation were indistinguishable from those of regular squadrons. Efficiency of that order, attained in spare-time training, is a tribute both to the type of man attracted and to the keenness of the men who have beaten their hundreds of competitors for admission to the force.

Prince George was accompanied in the Royal pavilion by Prince and Princess Takamatsu of Japan, Prince George of Greece, and Prince Damrong of Siam. The Royal visitors were received by Lord Thomson, Secretary of State for Air, Air Chief Marshal Sir John Salmond, and Air Marshal Sir Edward Ellington, Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief, who was in charge of the display.

The headquarters' race over a 28-mile course was won by Halton (Flight-Lieutenant C. D. Adams on a Siskin) at 130 miles an hour. The Inland Area (Wing-Commander J. H. Herring on a Siskin) was second and the Air Ministry (Wing-Commander P. C. Maltby on a Gamecock) was third.

RETURN OF R 101

R 101, after her cruise on Saturday, was moored soon after 9 p.m., and yesterday morning was transferred from the mast to No. 1 airship shed. The conditions were perfect, and the large handling-party had completed the operation safely by 5.16. R 101 has had to give up the only mooring mast to her sister ship, R 100, which is due out of No. 2 shed within the next week for her final trial before her Canadian trip. This trip is scheduled for the end of July.

Now that the R 101 is back in her shed at Cardington the portion of the fabric which had been slightly damaged before her flight, and which had been temporarily repaired while the ship was at the mast, will receive attention. Colonel V. C. Richmond, designer of the R 101, stated that the fabric might have to be replaced, but that was an easy and comparatively inexpensive job. It would make no difference to the R 101's trial trip to India in September, when the Secretary of State for Air, Lord Thomson, is to make the journey.

During Saturday morning R 101 was over London and the Thames Estuary, and after being at the pageant cruised over Rugby. Mr. M. J. Giblett, chief meteorologist for airships, stated that an experiment in the transmission of weather maps from Cardington meteorological station had been successful, though it was still in the experimental stage. They had developed technique so far at Cardington that he was encouraged to try reception from Rugby on the R 100 when that ship would be over the Atlantic on her way to Canada in a month's time. At the moment, they were getting quite readable maps of weather distribution to airships in flight, but the maps were on the small side.

MAGNA CARTA DAY AT RUNNYMEDE

MESSAGE FROM THE KING

Many thousands of people were present yesterday afternoon at the annual service held at Runnymede in commemoration of the signing of Magna Carta. In acknowledgment of a message from the Rev. A. C. Tranter (vicar of Egham), who is chairman of the commemoration service, the King sent the following reply:—

"The King sincerely thanks the members of the Magna Carta commemoration committee for their loyal message on the occasion of their commemoration service, and is gratified to know that the historic site of the granting of the Great Charter will be preserved for all time for the use of the British people."

The service was conducted by the vicar of Egham. The Rev. Douglas E. Field (Egham Wesleyan Church) and the Rev. A. E. Snashall (Congregational Church) also took part. An address was given by Captain E. A. FitzRoy, Speaker of the House of Commons.

CAPTAIN FITZROY said that the British people were very apt to take their privileges, advantages, and liberties as a matter of course. During successive centuries they had made struggles against various forms of tyranny, in all of which they had been ultimately successful. There might be struggles in the future, against what form of usurper we knew not.

Describing the conditions which led to the Charter, he said there had been some controversy as to whether the movement which led to the granting of the Great Charter was a selfish movement, designed to benefit the feudal magnates and the Church, or whether its benefits were intended to extend to the humbler classes of the land as well. Neither side was entirely right. The motives which inspired the barons and produced Magna Carta were not so generous as enthusiasts had sometimes alleged, nor as selfish as detractors had tried to make out. No doubt, there was done for some classes more than there was for others, but there was no class of the community for which something was not done. Whatever the motives at the time, the subsequent results were plain. A great body of rights and liberties was definitely stated and recognized by the King. The Charter was a standard of reference to which appeal could be, and was, made in ascertaining the rights of Englishmen. Appeals had been constantly made to it in struggles which had afterwards taken place and would be made in any that took place in the future. Long might Magna Carta remain the charter of liberty of the British people, a Charter which, he prayed, they might never either forget or abuse.

Among those present were:—

Mrs. FitzRoy, Miss FitzRoy, the Dowager Lady Penrhyn, Sir Claude and Lady Mallet, Sir Alexander and Lady Gibbons, Sir Bruce and Lady Bruce-Porter, Sir George and Lady Peters, Major-General Sir Evan and Lady Carter, Priscilla Countess of Annesley, Sir John and Lady Pennefather, Major-General Sir Granville Ryrie (High Commissioner for Australia) and Lady Ryrie, Sir Thomas M. Wilford (High Commissioner for New Zealand) and Lady Wilford, Sir John Cameron, Sir Edward Nicholl, Sir Edward and Lady Stern, Major-General Carteret Carey and Mrs. Carey, Lieutenant-Colonel S. Wright (Mayor of Windsor), Mr. C. H. K. Marten (Vice-Provost of Eton College), and Mr. and Mrs. A. de Worms.

BOY KILLED IN MOTOR ACCIDENT

WITNESS IN A PROSECUTION

Wilfred Fox, aged nine, of Borodale, Broadlane, Coventry, whose cousin, named Brooks, awaits trial at Warwick Assizes charged with attempting to murder the boy, was killed in a road accident at Berkswell, Warwickshire, last night. He was a passenger with his mother and another boy on a motor-cycle combination driven by his father. The combination overturned, and Wilfred was thrown on to his head and killed instantly. He had only recently come out of hospital on recovering from the alleged attempt to murder him. The boy's mother had her collar bone broken and is detained in the Coventry Hospital.

SURREY ASSIZES AT KINGSTON

TRANSFER FROM GUILDFORD

The first Surrey Assizes to be held at Kingston for nearly 50 years will be opened by Mr. Justice Avory to-morrow.

Surrey Assizes were originally held at Leatherhead, but were transferred to Guildford in the reign of Henry III., who in 1267 granted Guildford a charter that the "County Court of Surrey" should be held there for ever. Later they were held alternately at Guildford, Kingston, and Croyden, but in recent years only at Guildford. They have not been held in Kingston since 1882, when the Mayor and Corporation of the borough petitioned the then Home Secretary for their removal on the ground that they were inconvenient to the town and of no useful service to it.

The calendar, a comparatively light one, includes one charge of murder and two of attempted murder.

FATAL QUARREL IN COALMINE

At the Newcastle Assizes on Saturday DAVID PALMER, 36, a miner, was charged with the manslaughter of Robert Dixon, a chargeman, of Cowpen North Pit, Blyth. Mr. MACFARLANE, prosecuting, said that Palmer refused to obey orders given by Dixon in the pit, and said Dixon had a spite against him. He then punched Dixon with his fist, knocking him down, and before he could rise to his feet swung his miner's lamp and struck Dixon on the head. The injured man walked from the pit with assistance, but died a week later. When arrested for wounding with intent, Palmer replied: "Not with intent. I lost my head. He was bullying me." Palmer, in evidence, said that Dixon threatened to throw him out if he did not obey his orders. Dixon grabbed his coat and he (Palmer) overbalanced, and his lamp struck the girder overhead and fell. The jury found Palmer *Guilty* of manslaughter. MR. JUSTICE HUMPHREYS passed sentence of six months' imprisonment in the second division.

The Secretary of State for Scotland has appointed Mr. John Hamilton, Principal Depute, Sheriff Clerk Service, Glasgow, to be Sheriff Clerk of Ayrshire, in the room of Mr. A. Crawford, deceased.

SUMMER SALES

MANY BARGAINS TO-DAY

Many of the sales begin to-day and will prove their annual usefulness in supplying holiday and other needs at big reductions. They have become very democratic affairs, and last week, at those which have already begun, many well-known people, including at least one princess, were taking advantage of special bargains. At a well-known model house whose sale begins to-day many people were viewing the bargains on Friday, and one woman earmarked 20 dresses for gifts. Model gowns of great beauty are to be had for very little this year. Furs, too, are exceptionally cheap.

WARINGS, Oxford-street, begin their three weeks' sale to-day. There is nothing that one needs for the house on which a saving cannot be made during the coming weeks. A very large stock of lace curtains is marked down to low prices, which are half-price in a number of groups. Everything in the furnishing fabric section is reduced and collections of damasks, brocades, tapestries, sunfast fabrics, and cretonnes contain many half-price offers. In carpets there are hand-made Indian carpets marked as low as £2 for a carpet 3ft. 1in. by 5ft. 2in., and there are many bargains in seamless Axminsters, seamless Wiltons, Persian rugs, and plain carpeting. Bargain hunters will also find tempting offers in carpets made up from remnants and discontinued designs. The important furniture departments have notable reductions which should be of advantage to those furnishing or renewing their household goods.

[illegible] begin their sale to-day and [illegible] event which is made use of both by those summers and those who only aspire to model clothes at sale time. Large collections of French models have had to be bought this year owing to the drastic changes in fashion and these models from such houses as Drecoll, Worth, Molyneux, Callot, Patou, Premet, Chanel, Cheruit, Lanvin, and other designers are at half price or less. There are many dresses which have been shown more than others and consequently have been marked at prices which bear no relation to their original cost; there are some at 5 guineas. Handsome fur-trimmed *ensembles* are at about half the cost price of the fur alone. In the millinery department there are bargains in model hats and a collection of felts and other hats at 2 guineas each.

DICKINS AND JONES, Regent-street, begin their sale to-day. There are a great number of bargains in the model gown department, where there are groups of afternoon and evening dresses at 5 guineas, 7½ guineas, and 9½ guineas, and other groups of model suits at 6½ guineas, 7½ guineas, and 9 guineas, including original models and copies of models in the new styles and materials. In the small women's department there is a collection of printed silk dresses and coats which are being cleared at 6 guineas, and a special offer of printed chiffon dresses and *ensembles*, usually 9½ guineas and upwards, all at 5 guineas. There are many bargains in the coat department;

ROBINSON AND CLEAVER, The Linen Hall, Regent-street, manufacture their own linens, and consequently in their July sale beginning to-day there are notable values in house linens; while handkerchiefs, curtains, lace, and ladies' and men's wear are also much reduced. Linen damask tablecloths, 2 yards by 2 yards, specially made to give lasting wear, are a special factory offer at 10s. 3d. Double damask table napkins are available in two designs, Gothic or lily and ornament, at 17s. a dozen. Among the bargains in linen sheets are some called "Zulu" quality, woven during slack time to keep the workers busy, and are in a durable quality at 17s. 11d. a pair single bed size, 2 yards by 3 yards. Pillow cases to match are 1s. 8d. a pair. There are innumerable bargains in the finest quality linens and special values in discontinued patterns.

SELFRIDGE'S, Oxford-street, are having a mammoth sale throughout their store beginning to-day. The holidaymaker is specially well looked after. There are wool georgette coats at 59s. in several colours and three-piece suits at 66s. in a fancy flecked woollen material; outsize crêpe de Chine frocks are 52s. 6d.; two-piece suits in silk ninon are 46s.; knitwear is at very low prices, useful suits in fine wool stockinette being marked at 29s. Useful holiday hats in handblocked felt are at 10s. in the model millinery department. There is an offer of three styles in shoes—willow calf semi-brogues, tan and white promenade shoes, and black suede court shoes—at 12s. 3d. A well-cut shantung dressing gown in printed designs costs 29s. and is easily packed.

GOOCH'S, Brompton-road, begin their sale to-day and have bargains of all kinds throughout their house. The fur department offers wonderful values to those who are wise enough to buy their furs when they are cheapest. The Paris model fur coats which were bought to introduce the new styles in sable squirrel, musquash, ponyskin and American broadtail lamb, and were originally priced at 95 guineas to 65 guineas, are now at one price, 20 guineas each. A number of other fur coats are grouped at £5, £7, and £10; there are fox ties at £2, £3, and £4, and silver foxes from £5. In the lingerie department there are special bargains for personal shoppers only, including bathing suits and other garments at 12s. 6d. and groups of corsets and underwear at 5s., 10s., and 15s. each. In the children's departments there are charming clothes for the young, among them children's washing cotton frocks with knickers at 10s.

MARSHALL AND SNELGROVE'S, Oxford-street, enter on the second week of a very successful sale. In the model gown department there are big reductions in flowered chiffons in charming designs suitable for Goodwood, garden parties, and other functions. This department, which has been very busy throughout the season, is offering its remaining models and copies of models at tempting prices.

ENOS, Mount-street, announce final reductions in gowns, hats, lingerie, tea-gowns, and sports clothes.

HAMPTON'S, Pall-mall East, begin their sale to-morrow. There will be many furniture and furnishing bargains.

GORRINGE'S, Buckingham Palace-road, begin their sale to-day with bargains in all departments.

MINERS AGAINST "SPREADOVER"

INTERVIEW WITH MR. GRAHAM TO-NIGHT

Mr. A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, on his return to London on Saturday from Geneva, where he has been attending the conference of the International Labour Office, made a statement with regard to the interview which the miners' officials are having with the President of the Board of Trade, Mr. W. Graham, this evening. He said:—

"The object of the meeting is to discuss the present serious position which has arisen as a result of the House of Lords' amendments to the Coal Bill, particularly the spreadover in place of the fixed 74-hour day the miners' executive and the miners' M.P.s are unanimously opposed. Statements have been made in the House of Lords that some of the miners are in favour of the spreadover, but I am in a position to state officially that not a single member, branch, or district of the Miners' Federation has sent in any request for this proposal.

"The miners know that it really means maintaining an eight-hour day, and that it would seriously endanger their position in July of next year when they expect to return to the pre-1926 position in regard to hours. The fact that there was such a decisive vote against spreadover proposals at the Geneva conference proves conclusively that it is an unfair method to attempt to adopt in Great Britain, and that it is intended to defeat the British miners' object in securing a shorter working day."

Mr. Cook added that after the interview between the officials and Mr. Graham the miners' executive would probably be called together, and it might be necessary to summon a national delegate conference to deal with the position. It was for the miners to decide, he said, whether they would have the Bill as it had been whittled down and interfered with by the House of Lords.

At the annual delegate conference of the South Wales Miners' Federation on Saturday at Cardiff the most important subject of discussion was the hours of working in the mines, on which the conference adopted a resolution protesting against "the insidious agitation carried on by the coalowners ostensibly in the interests of the miners respecting a shorter working day on Saturday under the Seven and a Half Hours Bill," and warning the miners "that this move is intended by lengthening the other working days to re-establish the eight hours day and weaken the demand for a return to the seven and a half hours day."

WITHDRAWAL OF SAFEGUARDING

WORKERS' PROTEST IN HYDE PARK

LORD LLOYD ON MARKETS OF THE EAST

Many thousands of men and women, including employers and employees in the trades concerned, took part in the demonstration in Hyde Park on Saturday afternoon to protest against the Government's decision to abolish the safeguarding duties. The resolution of protest against the prospective withdrawal was declared carried at each of the seven platforms.

There were contingents of varying sizes from the lace makers of Nottingham, whose numbers totalled about 4,000, from the glove, button, holloware, wrapping paper, braziers, piano, gas mantles, and gramophone industries. Owing to a mishap on the railway the lace workers were late in arriving at Hyde Park, and began their meeting just as the rest were concluding theirs. In the processions to the park some of the demonstrators carried symbols of their trades and others direct exhibits. In each of the processions there was a string of banners inscribed with arguments in favour of the retention of the duties, those of Nottingham being made of lace.

SEVEN PLATFORMS

In Hyde Park the demonstrators were marshalled in groups around seven platforms strung out in line on the grass not far from Marble Arch. At each platform were five or six speakers, including one representative employer and one trade unionist. At the central platform, representing the Empire industries Association, Sir Henry Page Croft, M.P., presided, and other speakers were Mr. Amery, M.P., Lord Lloyd, Mr. G. Spencer, secretary of the Nottingham Miners' Union, Mr. J. Colville, M.P., and Mr. J. S. Wardlaw-Milne, M.P.

SIR HENRY PAGE CROFT said that goods from foreign countries were coming into Britain at the average rate of £500 in every minute of each day and night, driving two British men per minute to the Labour Exchanges, while providing two foreigners with employment. At the moment when the unemployment figures were near the 2,000,000 mark Mr. Snowden had chosen to pronounce the death sentence on workers in safeguarded industries. To-day Britain was importing £300,000,000 worth of manufactures a year, which provided work for a million foreign workmen and women. It was also time the workers of Britain turned their eyes from Moscow to Ottawa, Wellington, Canberra, Cape Town, and Calcutta.

LANCASHIRE'S LOST MARKETS

LORD LLOYD said that in his 25 years in the East he had seen the great trade of Lancashire driven out of the markets of the East by dumped products from Japan, America, and Italy. He quoted figures to show the many millions of yards of cloth that Lancashire formerly sent to the markets of the East, and asked when the workers of Lancashire intended to take steps to safeguard their own employment. The markets of the East, he added, could be regained if we could produce sufficient cotton goods to reduce the costs of production. Bulk production was the secret of high wages and cheap goods. There was no need to import manufactured goods to this country. All we needed was the raw material, and we could export the manufactured article. Protection of British goods was the first step to salvation.

Mr. L. S. AMERY, M.P., said that the only effective cure for unemployment was to extend safeguarding. They were met to condemn the incredible folly of Mr. Snowden in choosing this time of all times, when the nation was struggling for its life, to take away from the few industries that enjoyed fair play the chance that another Government gave them. Wherever industry had been safeguarded there had been progress and increase of output. It had been the means of bringing new capital to industry and finding greater employment. In five years employment had been found for 70,000 more workers in the safeguarded industries. Free trade was the doctrine of selfishness, because it took no heed of the conditions under which cheap foreign goods were manufactured. Mr. Amery added that he stood for a 30 per cent. duty on all foreign manufactured goods coming into the country. When that duty had been imposed they could hold an inquiry to decide whether it should be increased or reduced.

LOW FOREIGN WAGES

Mr. GEORGE SPENCER, secretary of the Notts Miners' Union, said that he supported safeguarding because he saw in it a means of protecting workers against the lower standard of living of the Continent. No worker in this country wanted protection against fair competition, but they did want protection against competition which put our workers at a disadvantage. He referred particularly to the iron and steel industries, and said that Belgium, France, and Germany were increasing their output because they had a free market here into which they could dump their goods. Furnace after furnace was being closed down in this country. In France the rate of pay was 7d. an hour, in Belgium 6½d., and in Germany 11d. In this country it was 1s. 3d., and in America, where they enjoyed all the advantages of protection, 3s. 2d.

The resolution demanding the retention of existing safeguarding duties and their extension to other industries was carried amid cheers.

FORTY-THREE CLUB RAIDED

WARRANT FOR MRS. MERRICK

The raid on the Forty-Three Club, Gerrard-street, Soho, in the early hours of Thursday morning, was followed by the arrest of Mrs. EVELYN KATE MERRICK on Saturday afternoon.

Later in the day she was brought before Mr. Graham Campbell at Bow-street Police Court, and charged with unlawfully selling intoxicants at the Forty-Three Club without a licence. Mr. L. D. Woolfe defended. Mrs. Merrick was described on the charge sheet as independent, aged 55, and her address was given as Park-square, N.W.

A warrant for her arrest was granted on Saturday morning, and on hearing of the matter Mrs. Merrick at once went to Vine-street and surrendered to the police. Only formal evidence of her surrender was given and Mrs. Merrick was remanded until Thursday. Bail was fixed at her own recognizances in £1,000 and two sureties of £500 each.

Superintendent Concannon, of Vine-street, said that he saw Mrs. Merrick at the station on Saturday afternoon and told her that he had a warrant for her arrest for unlawfully selling intoxicants without a licence at 43, Gerrard-street on Thursday. In reply she asked, "Why a warrant?" She was formally charged and made no statement.

Mr. Woolfe applied for bail and asked the magistrate to accept Mrs. Merrick's own recognizances. He said that Mrs. Merrick had always been proceeded against by way of a summons, except upon one occasion. She was perfectly well known to the police, and was not a person who ran away from trouble.

The MAGISTRATE.—No; I think there must be sureties in the case. It is impossible to shut my eyes to the fact that there is a long record of similar offences.

Superintendent Concannon said the reason the police applied for a warrant was that Mrs. Merrick applied on Friday for a passport to enable her to proceed to Paris immediately.

Mr. Woolfe explained that Mrs. Merrick had business in Paris, and an application was made for a passport to enable her to attend to it. The passport she had had lapsed, and a new one was necessary.

The MAGISTRATE said he would remand the case, and having regard to what the police officer had told him, he would require two sureties in £500 each, and Mrs. Merrick's own recognizances in £1,000.

Later in the day Mr. Robert Albert Cripps, a musician, and Mr. Angel Gerrard Bizat, a manager, were accepted as sureties, and Mrs. Merrick was released.

MAN CHARGED WITH BLACKMAIL

At the Holland Petty Sessions at Boston on Saturday FREDERICK CHARLES GOLDSWORTHY, grocers' traveller, of Gainsborough, was committed for trial charged with blackmail and burglary. In the first case a letter was produced by Wilhemena Margaret Rogers, an elderly spinster, of Leverton Outgate, near Boston, and this was said to be a demand for money by menaces. In the second case Superintendent Dawson, Lincolnshire Constabulary, said that Goldsworthy while on remand had written a statement in which he confessed to burglariously entering a sub-post office at Boston two years ago and stealing money, notes, and stamps to the value of £173 8s.

ANGLO-CATHOLIC CONGRESS

SERVICE OF MASS ON FOOTBALL GROUND

The fourth Anglo-Catholic Congress began yesterday with the celebration of High Mass at Stamford Bridge Football Ground, and will be continued through the present week. The Congress subject is "The Church, One, Holy, Catholic, and Apostolic," and this will be discussed at four sessions to be held in the Albert Hall to-morrow, on Wednesday, and on Friday. It is intended that the Congress this year shall be the starting-point of organized preparation for the centenary in 1933 of the Catholic Revival.

The High Mass at Chelsea was attended by a congregation of perhaps 15,000 persons. All the seats in the great stand were occupied, the terrace below the stand was filled, and several thousands of people were gathered on the banks. A large altar had been erected in the centre of the football ground, and was sheltered by a white canopy. The decision of the Bishop of London to permit the service to be held had been the cause of protests by Mr. J. A. Kensit, of the Protestant Truth Society, but no serious attempt was made to interfere with the conduct of the mass. Outside the ground evangelical texts had been chalked on the pavements, sandwich-men paraded the streets carrying boards with printed texts, leaflets were distributed, and two men on a motor-van cupped their hands to shout Protestant slogans. During the service the only interruption was a distant reciting of a partly-heard verse of the Bible.

ECCLESIASTICAL PAGEANTRY

As an ecclesiastical pageant the High Mass was imposing. Hundreds of surpliced clergy were grouped together, and there was a large body of servers. A liturgical choir drawn from the Gregorian Association and volunteers was conducted by Captain Francis Burgess. Parts of the mass were sung by massed choirs, and a band accompanied the community singing. The celebrant was the Bishop of Nassau (Dr. Roscow Shedden), president of the Congress; the Rev. J. H. C. Twisaday acted as deacon; and the Rev. N. W. Scott as sub-deacon. Among those who took part in the service were the Patriarch of Alexandria, the Archbishop of the West Indies, the Bishop of Zanzibar, the Bishop of Masasi, the Bishop of Colombo, and the Bishop of Milwaukee. The mitre worn by the Bishop of Nassau was of gold and crimson, and he had an elaborate cope which glistened in the bright sunshine of the morning. The other Bishops were also in full vestments.

Members of the Church of England familiar only with the Book of Common Prayer would have found difficulty in understanding much of the ritual, but the congregation was limited to those who could give evidence, in the form of a badge, of membership of the Anglo-Catholic Congress, and the service was followed with deep reverence. At the Elevation, which was marked by the sounding of trumpets, all were kneeling. After the mass was over the Patriarch gave a blessing to the gathering, there was a procession round the ground, and fiery crosses were distributed to be conveyed to 11 churches in the London area. At 5 p.m. a 24 hours' Station Day of Prayer began in a number of churches.

The Bishop of Nassau, in a foreword to the Congress programme, writes:—"With another Lambeth Conference about to assemble we can hardly hope to escape from being once again suspected of dark and sinister designs. It would seem as though Anglo-Catholics in the Church of England to-day share one thing at least with the Christians of the apostolic age, that they are "everywhere spoken against." That we can bear; but let us at least make it clear that it is no part of our policy to dictate to Bishops at Lambeth as to what they should do, or to hurl threats as to what we should do in certain circumstances. Rather it is to energize with all our might and main for the guidance of the Holy Spirit upon Bishops, priests, and laity alike in these difficult times."

A meeting of protest against the Anglo-Catholic Mass at Stamford Bridge was held in Hyde Park on Saturday. It had been arranged by the Protestant Alliance. There were six platforms, and copies of the resolutions passed were taken to the residences of the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of London, and the Prime Minister.

MISS ENGLAND II. RAISED

DAMAGE TO HULL AND STEERING WHEEL

Miss England II., Sir Henry Segrave's speed boat, was raised to the surface of Windermere on Saturday and towed to dry dock for examination.

The boat sank on June 13, when, after breaking the world's speed record, Sir Henry Segrave and a mechanic lost their lives.

When the boat was brought to the surface it was found that she was the right way up. Pumps were at once put in and the boat was cleared of water. She was then fixed between two barges and towed to dry dock at Windermere.

When the boat was cleared of water Sir Henry Segrave's stop-watch was picked up from the cockpit. It had apparently fallen from his hand as he was flung from the boat.

After examining the boat in dock, Mr. Cooper, the designer, stated that the hull was found perfectly sound except for the torn main step on the bottom. The transmission was perfect.

Examination revealed slight damage to the steering-wheel and the flattening of a number of small exhaust tubes and one of the air intakes. Slight superficial marks on the hull are attributed to salvage operations.

There is to be a further examination of the boat by experts, who will report to the Coroner so as to permit of the conclusion of the inquest.

GLIDING AT FOLKESTONE

GERMAN'S DURATION FLIGHT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

FOLKESTONE, JUNE 29

The Channel Gliding Club at Folkestone was launched at the week-end with great success, and to-day the membership had almost reached 100. On Saturday and to-day Herr Kronfeld, the Austrian who holds the height record, and Herr Magersuppe, the young German glider expert, made some very fine flights, there being a steady westerly breeze, which made the flying-ground on the top of the cliffs a most suitable place for the machines to take off.

On Saturday the breeze was stronger than to-day, and Herr Magersuppe made a particularly fine flight of 3 hours 15 minutes, during which he attained a height of over 1,000ft. He eventually came down in a small recreation ground in a thickly populated district. The ground is only a trifle larger than a football pitch and his frail aeroplane skimmed the houses as it came down to the ground. This flight is, subject to official confirmation, a British record for a duration flight over a radius of ten miles.

Over 10,000 people watched the display to-day, and among those present were Mr. Gordon England, of the British Gliding Association, and Flight-Lieutenant Atcherley.

BRITAIN'S LARGEST MOTOR LINER

MAIDEN VOYAGE TO NEW YORK

There were stirring scenes on the landing-stage at Liverpool on Saturday on the departure on her maiden voyage to New York of Britain's largest motor liner, the Britannic, of the White Star Line. The occasion was touched with novelty in that the main features incident to the departure of the liner were broadcast, a running commentary being supplied by Lieut.-Commander J. H. Craine, R.N.R. (retired). The ship had been fitted with five microphones, and there was one in Riverside Station, and listeners all over the kingdom heard the boat train from Euston arrive at the station, within 100 yards of the Britannic. Mr. A. Wharton, the chief engineer, described the liner's engine room, and Mr. T. L. Evans, the purser, used the wireless for detailing some of the incidents connected with his department of the ship.

On the bridge were Alderman E. Russell Taylor, the Acting Lord Mayor, Captain F. F. Summers, commander of the Britannic, Mr. W. R. Roberts, manager of the Line, and others. In a brief speech ALDERMAN RUSSELL TAYLOR wished the liner *bon voyage*, and on behalf of the Lord Mayor said the Britannic was a noble successor in a long line of noble ships, and would uphold worthily the fame of the city of Liverpool.

News in Brief

The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs attended St. Anne's, Soho, in state yesterday at the morning service.

Frederick Leeming, a married man, of Ossington-street, Old Radford, was killed on the railway at Burton Joyce, Notts, as he was pushing his bicycle across the line on Friday night.

The Council of the Guild of Health have appointed Miss Eleanor Reed, the founder of the Guild of Constructive Thought, to be the new organizing secretary of the Guild of Health.

An available surplus of £21,235 is shown on last year's working of Coventry Corporation's electricity undertaking. The Transport Committee have a surplus of £10,507, and the water undertaking report a net profit of £8,395.

The King has appointed Mr. Duncan MacGillivray, LL.D., to be one of the Commissioners for the purposes of the Educational Endowments (Scotland) Act, 1928, in the room of Colonel John Archibald Roxburgh, LL.D., resigned.

At its meeting to-day, Plymouth City Council will be recommended by the Public Health Committee to apply to the Minister of Health for sanction to borrow £24,000 for the purchase of 1½ gramme of radium to meet the hospital needs of Devon and Cornwall.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The Headship of the Classical Department at Epsom College will be vacant in September. (p. 3)

A reward of £20 is offered for the recovery of a pearl necklace, lost at Hove. (p. 1)

Two assistant works managers are required for the Indian Ordnance Factories. (p. 3)

Information is sought of ten shares of the old preferred stock of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company, which were probably lost in 1911 or 1912. (p. 1)

Applications are invited for the post of Professor of Roman Law and History of Law in the Egyptian University. (p. 3)

Notice is given of the Indian Empire Garden Party at Hurlingham. (p. 1)

The results of the intermediate and final examinations of the Chartered Institute of Patent Agents are announced. (p. 24)

Assistant lecturers and advisers in agriculture, dairy husbandry, and horticulture are wanted by the Bucks Agricultural Committee. (p. 3)

NATIONAL BABY WEEK

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE

The Queen has sent the following message to the National Baby Week Council on the National Baby Week which begins to-morrow:—

"BUCKINGHAM PALACE

"I gladly congratulate the National Baby Week Council, of which I am Patron, on the occasion of its fourteenth anniversary, and on the splendid educational and propaganda work which it continues to carry out on behalf of the mothers and children of the country."

DUKE OF LEINSTER'S DIVORCE SUIT

Evidence was led in the Court of Session, Edinburgh, on Saturday, before Lord Mackay, in the divorce suit at the instance of Edward Fitzgerald, Duke of Leinster, against his wife, May Etheridge, or Fitzgerald, Duchess of Leinster, of Minzona, St. Leonard-road, Hythe, and and against Stanley Williams, of the same address as co-respondent. The suit was undefended. In granting a decree of divorce on ground of adultery, LORD MACKAY said he had no doubt about the facts in which the action was brought. The only question that might have caused some difficulty was that of domicile. Admitted that the Duke was originally an Irishman, his Lordship said the petitioner never had an Irish home in any sense except for the first two or three months of his life. He was almost forced to the conclusion that, from the time he was able to choose, the petitioner had proved that his domicile was Scottish.

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NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various topics of public interest.
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WHEN IDEAS ARE COPIED— INVENT SOME MORE

By CALLISTHENES

The number of ideas which can be made copyright is very small. There is copyright in the written word—but that does not matter very much in business affairs. It is possible to protect by a patent an idea which has been put into mechanical form. But even if such protection were absolute (and the better the idea the more likelihood there is of the prohibition being evaded in a few months) the field which it covers in commercial and industrial life is very small indeed.

The greater part of the ideas which matter in business can be copied as soon as they are put into operation.

The greatest circulation influence in newspapers during the last ten years has been free insurance—and the idea was copied as soon as its power was exhibited. Perhaps the most significant influence on British international trade in the last thirty years has been the adoption by Japan and India of Lancashire's methods of manufacturing cotton goods. At one time Lancashire had almost a monopoly, now it has to face competition from foreign firms which first got their ideas and their machinery from Lancashire itself.

This process is inevitable. Hundreds of attempts have been made to check it, but those who know much of business life know that, whether they like it or not, their ideas, their methods, if they are good, will spread rapidly from themselves to their neighbours, and that their customers will often become their rivals.

We have had a good deal of such experience in this House.

Ideas such as that of having the windows lit after business hours, the emphatic welcome to visitors even if they do not intend to buy anything, the Bargain Basement, and many others which have done so much to give this House its success, have been so widely copied that they are now almost the common stock of business practice.

We have not been at all perturbed by this imitation. It is always a compliment. You cannot imitate a firm without adding to its reputation. Also we like to see a business well conducted even if it does not happen to be our own.

Against the threat to supremacy inherent in this imitative process there is only one infallible protection—to invent, adopt and apply new ideas faster than they can be imitated. The only safety is in the application of new ideas—for the old will be imitated, and if we do not find the new someone else will.

That is the policy of this House. We do not worry about the imitation of our old ideas when we ourselves are evolving and applying new ideas. We believe that progress is the best protection.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

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All day long you are working hard and yet you look as fresh as a daisy"—"It's very simple; first an hour's exercise, then eight hours good sleep and, of course, only Caffein free H.A.G. COFFEE—The Coffee that gives more enjoyment and better health."

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103, MOUNT STREET, W.1.
SUMMER SALE
—THIS WEEK ONLY—
GOWNS — HATS — LINGERIE
TEA GOWNS and SPORTS CLOTHES
Many small sizes for slim figures
FINAL REDUCTIONS

Say a whisky and Perrier No comparison.

A record catch of 13,000 crans of herrings was brought into Lerwick (Shetland Islands) on Thursday by 250 boats. The curers were able to take only 15,000 crans, and the remainder, 5,000 were thrown back into the sea.

Entertainments

THE THEATRES

NEW COMEDY FOR THE ST. JAMES'S

Among the new plays to be produced in London this week is Franz Molnar's new comedy *The Swan*, which is to be staged at the St. James's Theatre to-night, in succession to Mr. A. A. Milne's *Michael and Mary*. The comedy is a light tale, lightly told, of a modern princess, closely bound by pride and tradition, who, face to face with an advantageous match, which she had in fact desired as ardently as her scheming mother, is tempted to flatter herself, at a humble tutor's expense, that she is a daring, romantic woman. She discovers, however, that she has made herself ridiculous—that a majestic swan which leaves the water and attempts to walk on shore differs in appearance very little from a goose. The principal parts in the piece will be played by Mr. Colin Clive, Miss Edna Best, Mr. Herbert Marshall, Miss Irene Vanbrugh, Miss Henrietta Watson, and Mr. C. V. France. To-night will also see the production at the Players' Theatre of *Marion-Ella*, a new play in two acts by Mr. Rodney Ackland, with Miss Gabrielle Casartelli, Miss Joan Harben, and Mr. W. E. C. Jenkins in the cast.

On Wednesday a new comedy by M. Sacha Guitry entitled *Désiré*, adapted by Mr. John Leslie Frith, will be performed at the New Theatre. For this production Mr. Owen Nares has been lent by the Famous Players' Guild to play the name part created in Paris by the author. The leading lady will be Miss Jeanne de Casalis, playing the part originated by Yvonne Printemps. The play is said to be a typical Guitry comedy, and is the first of Guitry's plays to be done in English since *Sleeping Partners*. On the same day, Miss Clare Eames, the American actress, will produce an interesting double bill at the Arts Theatre consisting of *The Procurator of Judæa*, adapted by Mr. Patrick Hamilton from Anatole France's story; and *S.S. Tenacity*, an English version of Charles Vildrac's comedy, *Le Paquebot Tenacité*, one of the most successful of post-War French plays.

Lady Windermere's Fan, to be produced at the Everyman Theatre on Thursday, will be the first of a new series of plays to be presented there by a group of actors on a profit-sharing basis. *Lady Windermere's Fan* has not been seen in London since Sir George Alexander's revival in 1911. It is to be staged this week in the costumes of the period of the first production in the early part of 1892, with Mr. Stephen Thomas as the producer. The cast will include Miss Kate Cutler, Miss Kathleen O'Regan, Mr. Eric Maturin, Mr. Ernest Thesiger, Mr. George Merritt, Miss Margaret Yarde, and Miss Pamela Carme. On the following Monday, July 7, Sir Nigel Playfair will revive *The Importance of Being Earnest*, at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, with Mr. John Gielgud as John Worthington, the part originally created by Sir George Alexander.

A new play by Mr. James Bridie, entitled *The Anatomist*, will be produced on Thursday night for the first time on any stage at the Lyceum Theatre, Edinburgh, by the Masque Theatre Company. The play is written around Dr. Robert Knox, the famous anatomist, who practised in Edinburgh during the period of the Burke and Hare murders. On Wednesday a dramatic *matinée* will be given at the Scala Theatre to augment the Kendal Scholarship Fund. Among those who have promised to assist are Miss Sybil Thorndike and Miss Isabel Jeans.

Two more *tableaux vivants* of pictures in the current Royal Academy Exhibition to be done at the Coliseum this week are Mr. James Durden's "Fantasy" and Mr. Arthur Spooner's "Summer." Other contributors to the programme are Noni, Miss Sybil Sances, and Messrs. Maurice and May. At the Palladium Mr. George Robey heads the bill, supported by Mr. Ernie Lotinga, Mr. Jack Stanford, and Mr. Norman Long. At the Holborn Empire are Mr. Teddy Brown and Mr. Billy Elliott.

Jealousy, which was revived at the Arts Theatre last Wednesday, with Miss Mary Newcomb in her original part of Valerie, will be put on at the Little Theatre on Thursday. It will thus be returning to its old home, for when it was originally produced in London it went from the Fortune Theatre to the Little, when Mr. Godfrey Tearle took over the part of Maurice, originally played by Mr. Crane Wilbur. This part is now taken by Mr. Julian Wyse.

Tennyson's *Becket*, which has not been seen on the London stage since Sir Henry Irving originally produced it, will be presented by the Church Players' Guild at Caxton Hall, Westminster, to-night. A second performance will be given to-morrow evening. This will be the outstanding dramatic feature of the Festival of English Church Art. The armour and robes to be worn are those originally designed under Sir Henry Irving's direction, and the producer will be Mr. Tom Heslewood, who was associated with Irving in that production.

The play *So Much to Do*, by Mr. H. R. Barbor, which Mr. C. B. Cochran has acquired for London production, is said to be an intensely dramatic study of the career of Cecil Rhodes. In it Cecil Rhodes is seen as a digger in the diamond fields, as a politician, financier, pioneer, and educationist. Among other characters who figure in the play are Dr. Jameson and Kruger. The title is taken from Rhodes's famous words, "So little is done, so much to do."

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

TO-NIGHT.—*The Swan*, St. James's: *Marion-Ella*, Players.

WEDNESDAY.—*Désiré*, New: *S.S. Tenacity* and *The Procurator of Judæa*, Arts.

THURSDAY.—*Lady Windermere's Fan*, Everyman: *The Three Lovers*, Rudolf Steiner Hall: *Jealousy*, Little.

"ONLY THE BRAVE"

FILM AT THE PLAZA

A pleasing and well-balanced programme opened at the Plaza Theatre on Friday with the presentation of two new films, *Only the Brave* and *Roadhouse Nights*. In the first of these, that dark and mischievous beauty, Miss Mary Brian, as Barbara Calhoun, daughter of General Calhoun, during the American Civil War, encounters the one officer, Captain Braydon, whom her crinoline airs cannot ensnare. This is saying a good deal considering the appalling havoc she wrought upon the handsomer officers of her father's brigade. Braydon is a spy carrying false dispatches, for which he is certain to be shot, so there is no particular reason why he should not practise misogyny in the meantime. He does so to prodigious effect. While his real object is to be caught, and thus mislead the enemy by his papers, Barbara so skilfully protects him that he cannot die if he would. The tragi-comical conflict which follows touches every degree of sentiment, gallantry, and wit, and between them Miss Brian and Mr. Gary Cooper charmingly decorate the theme. The subject is freshly treated, and is rather above the average of its kind.

Roadhouse Nights flits from these somewhat scented fields of war to ground of a more sordid colour. Apparently there is no life quite like that of an American newspaper reporter hot on the scent of a whisky-running gang. Sam Horner, principal outlaw in the distillery business, actually had his revolver in the reporter's back when Lola Fagan, his mistress, neatly dispatched him from another corner of the room. What lies between the chase and the revolver-shot Mr. Edgar Wallace himself could not better have prescribed. This is a well-constructed, racily-written story with no attempt at subtlety yet a good deal of real life observation, and is capital entertainment of the murderous kind.

FEDERATION OF COMPETITION FESTIVALS

The British Federation of Musical Competition Festivals is organizing a national competition festival for prize-winning choirs to be held at the Philharmonic Hall, Liverpool, next Saturday at 3 and 7, when the judges will be Sir Walford Davies, Mr. Geoffrey Shaw, and Dr. J. F. Staton. It is also organizing two summer schools to be held at the Normal College, Bangor, during the first week of September. The two schools will be separate for purposes of study, but will be held simultaneously at the same place for purposes of recreation. Mr. Ivor James will be the director of the chamber music school and Mr. Ernest Read of the chamber orchestra school. There is still room for more entrants, especially to the orchestral school, which is the first of its kind to be held. Application for all particulars should be made to the Secretary of the Federation at 22, Surrey-street, W.C.2.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 8.

SCARBOROUGH CHESS CONGRESS

THE LEADING SCORES

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

SCARBOROUGH, JUNE 28

The sixth round of all tournaments in the chess congress was played this morning, so the competitors have just passed the half-way stage.

In the two principal tournaments about half the players are almost on equal terms, and each of the leaders in the Masters' Tournament has five equally strong opponents yet to meet. When play finished to-day the leading scores here were:—

K. Colle, 4½ points; Sultan Khan, G. Maroczy, and A. Rubinstein, 4 each; Sir G. A. Thomas, C. Ahues, and E. Grunfeld, 3½ each.

In the British Ladies' Championship Tournament the leading scores were:—

Mrs. Holloway and Miss Hooke, 4½ each; Miss Andrews, Miss Gilchrist, and Mrs. Wheelwright, 4 each; Mrs. Stevenson, 3½.

W. A. Fairhurst leads in the Major Open Tournament with a score of 5½ points; E. M. Jackson is 4½; D. Noteboom and W. H. Watts, 4 each.

The pairings and results in the sixth round of the Masters' Tournament were as follows:—

White	Opening	Black	Result
Colle	Queen's Pawn	Thomas	Drawn
Sergeant	Four Knights	Grunfeld	Drawn
Rubinstein	Queen's Pawn	Maroczy	Drawn
Yates	Ruy Lopez	Ahues	Black won
Sultan Khan	Caro-Kann Defence	Miss Menchik	White won
Michell	Queen's Pawn	Winter	White won

The adjourned games from the fifth round ended as follows:—Maroczy beat Sultan Khan; Yates beat Sergeant; Miss Menchik drew with Michell.

Colle played his favourite variation of the opening against Thomas, who replied immediately with the fianchetto variation on the queen's side. A grim struggle followed, with the clock taking a hand in the later stages. Thomas had a passed pawn to the good. He had rook, bishop, and knight against rook and two bishops, so the ending was by no means easy, and it was eventually drawn in 46 moves.

Rubinstein was considerably behind his clock in the later stages of his game with Maroczy, who chivalrously refused to "play against the time," as he put it. I analysed the position with him afterwards, and it certainly seemed to be drawn, so there I will leave it.

Yates once again gave us a Ruy Lopez, with the Morphy defence coming from Ahues as a matter of course, and then Yates set himself to prepare a king's side attack. At the adjournment this appeared to promise him something tangible, but in the evening he quite lost his way in a won position, and resigned after 57 moves.

Sultan Khan easily beat Miss Menchik, as the score appended shows, and every move in the ending played its rightful part. Michell against Winter was an example of the capture of the gambit pawn, and Michell went a little way wrong in his efforts to regain the pawn. However, he risked something for a king's side attack, which was not correctly met, and Winter resigned on the 40th move.

The results in the other tournaments were as follows:—

BRITISH LADIES' CHAMPIONSHIP: SIXTH ROUND.—Miss Hooke beat Mrs. Stevenson; Mrs. Houlding beat Miss Abraham; Miss Gilchrist beat Miss Eveling; Mrs. Michell drew with Mrs. Holloway; Mrs. Wheelwright drew with Miss Hutchison-Stirling; Miss Andrews beat Miss Harrison.

The adjourned games from the fifth round ended as follows:—

Miss Hooke beat Mrs. Michell; Miss Eveling beat Miss Harrison; Mrs. Holloway drew with Miss Andrews.

MAJOR OPEN TOURNAMENT, SIXTH ROUND.—Fairhurst beat O'Hanlon; Drewitt drew with Seitz; Watts drew with Houghton; Jackson beat Saunders; Noteboom beat Heath; Morrison won against A. Wenman was adjourned. Adjourned game, Fourth Round.—Wenman drew with Seitz.

In the other tournaments the leading scores were as follows:—

First Class "A."—W. R. Morry, 5½; C. W. Fallows, 5. First Class "B."—S. H. Crockett, 4½; B. Bartonbickett, 4. Colliery cup: A. Wenman v. Welch. Second Class.—J. E. Scott, 7½; E. E. Shepherd, 6; the Hon. A. J. Lowther, 5½; W. W. Church, 5. (14 competitors in this section.)

Third Class, Division 1.—C. L. Green and F. S. Marsden, 5 each; R. N. Coles, 4½; the Rev. A. H. Brayne and D. A. Breach, 4 each. Division 2.—F. M. Argrave, Mrs. Peckar, and Miss Wickham, 4½ each.

The following is the full score of the game between Sultan Khan and Miss Menchik.

CARO-KANN DEFENCE

White Sultan Khan	Black Miss Menchik	White Sultan Khan	Black Miss Menchik
1. P-K 4	P-Q B 3	14. Kt-B 3	B-K 2
2. P-Q 4	P-Q 4	15. Q-B 2	P-K R 3
3. P×P	P×P	16. P-K Kt 4	P×P
4. B-Q 3	Kt-Q B 3	17. Kt-K 5	Kt×Kt
5. P-K B 3	Q-B 2	18. B P×Kt	Q-K sq
6. Kt-K 2	P-K 3	19. B-Kt 6	Q-Q sq
7. B-K B 4	B-Q 3	20. R×R ch	B×R
8. B-Kt 3	Kt-B 3	21. R-K B sq	B-K 2
9. Kt-Q 2	Castles	22. B-R 7 ch	K-B sq
10. P-K R 4	Kt-K R 4	23. Kt-B 4	P-K Kt 4
11. Castles	P-B 4	24. Kt-Kt 6 ch	K-Kt 2
12. R-B sq	Kt×B	25. Kt×B	Resigns
13. P×Kt	Q-B 2		

COLCHESTER ROSE SHOW

SUCCESS OF LOCAL GROWERS

Colchester Rose Show, which was held on Saturday in marquees beneath the walls of Colchester Castle, produced a wonderful display of blooms. Although many of the classes were open, the principal cups were retained by local rosegrowers, professional and amateur, who also won many prizes.

Experts stated that the roses have never made a better display. They were of fine size, were clean and perfect in shape, and their colour was very delightful. In the open professional classes Messrs. B. R. Cant and Sons, of the Old Rose Gardens, Colchester, won the Claude Egerton-Green Challenge Plate for 48 distinct blooms. The same firm won the Colchester Rose Challenge Cup for a representative group of cut roses. One of their blooms, a carmine named "Courage," received a medal for the best bloom in the professional classes.

Dr. R. C. Turnbull, of Colchester, won many prizes in the amateur section, including a silver challenge cup for 18 distinct blooms. Mr. F. H. Fieldgate, also of Colchester, was second, and he also won several other awards. Dr. Turnbull's fine blood red, flushed orange rose named "The General" was awarded a medal for the best bloom in the amateur classes. Other chief prize-winners were the Rev. Dr. W. J. L. Sheppard, Mrs. H. G. Papillon, Miss I. Stuckey, and Mr. C. P. Moore.

For pot plants (open to all England) Mrs. B. L. Des Barres was chief prize-winner. Mrs. A. P. Booth, of Lawford House, Manningtree, was first for nine vases of hardy flowers. Other prize-winners included:—

Mrs. G. Woodburn (hardy flowers), Captain H. M. Barnes, Ipswich, Messrs. H. W. Pawsey, and J. Balls (sweet peas), Miss Hawkins (violas), Mrs. P. Impey (old-fashioned flowers), Mrs. G. Woodburn (cut flowers, &c.), Mrs. G. Wyncoll (cut flowers), Mrs. Bevington-Smith (vase flowers), Mrs. S. Bunting (buttonhole bouquets), Miss M. Gosling (Victorian posy), Miss J. Lennox (bowl roses), Mrs. G. Ireland (bouquet roses), and Mrs. P. Payne (marigolds). For table decorations the principal prize-winners included Mrs. M. Shipman, Mrs. G. Woodburn, and Miss W. Wyncoll (for juniors).

BARNARDO'S HOMES

FOUNDER'S DAY CELEBRATED AT BARKINGSIDE

The celebration of Founder's Day by Dr. Barnardo's Homes took place at the Girls' Village Home, Barkingside, Essex, on Saturday. The annual assembly on the village green was presided over by Susan Duchess of Somerset. SIR WILLIAM FRY, vice-chairman of the council, welcomed the visitors in the name of Dr. Barnardo's Homes Council. He said that over 8,000 children were enjoying the hospitality of the homes. He asked the public to support the homes as far as they could. Over 108,000 children had been received into the homes and of these 30,000 had gone to the Dominions and the returns showed that under 2 per cent. were failures. In the evening there was an assembly at the Dr. Barnardo Memorial and a wreath was laid on the founder's grave. Among others present during the day were:—

The Salvadorean Minister, the Agent-General for Ontario, M. Ilmar Tomkom (representing the Estonian Minister), the Dowager Lady Congleton, the Dowager Lady Terrington, Colonel Sir Arthur Bannerman, Lady Tass, Sir George Hamilton, M.P., Lady Harty, Colonel Sir James Magill, Lady Matthews, Sir Edward and Lady Sharp, Lady Walker, Lady White, Captain and Lady Muriel Liddell-Grainger, Major-General H. F. Thuillier, Mrs. Albert Brassey, Mr. F. S. Hubbard, Mrs. C. W. Parish, and Mrs. Talbot Rice.

PRINCE DAMRONG AT SCOUTS' CAMP

Prince Damrong of Siam visited Gilwell Park, the Boy Scouts' training centre in Epping Forest yesterday and inspected the Scoutmasters in training from all parts of Great Britain and also many hundreds of Boy Scouts, chiefly from East London, who were camping in the boys' camping fields. The Boy Scout Movement in Siam was founded personally by the late King of Siam, where there are now 30,000 Scouts. Each summer a number of Siamese Scoutmasters are trained in their work at Gilwell Park at the request of the Siamese Government.

MUSIC THIS WEEK

CLOSE OF COVENT GARDEN OPERA SEASON

The last week of the opera at Covent Garden will provide two performances of Montemezzi's *L'Amore dei Tre Re*, the first to-night and the other on Friday, the last night of the season; the composer has been present at the rehearsals. The cast includes Miss Rosa Ponselle, Signor Autori, and Signor Inghilleri. When *Aida* is repeated on Tuesday Miss Eva Turner will sing the name-part and Mr. John Brownlee that of Amonasro. The latter will sing the name-part of *Rigoletto* on Thursday, when Miss Edith Mason will be Gilda. The Carl Rosa Company will begin a season of opera at the Strand Theatre on Thursday with *Cavalleria Rusticana* and *I Pagliacci*. Gluck's *Orpheus* will be given at the Royal College of Music to-morrow and on Wednesday. A performance of the B Minor Mass will be given in St. Paul's Cathedral on Thursday.

Concerts are as follows:—

TO-NIGHT.—The Westminster Abbey Special Choir will sing a special Evensong at 8 in which composers of every period of English Church music will be represented. Mr. Phillipowsky will give a piano recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30), and the Misses Waller and Maconochie will give their entertainment, "Old Song Pictures," at Aeolian Hall (8.30).

TO-MORROW.—Mr. Nigel Wheeler will give a violin recital, at which he will play Delius's first sonata (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

THURSDAY.—The performance of the *B minor Mass* in celebration of the reopening of St. Paul's will be given in the Cathedral at 6. The concert at the London Museum, St. James's (7.30), will be given by the Pro Arte String Quartet.

FRIDAY.—A Patron's Fund Rehearsal of new orchestral works will be given at the Royal College of Music from 10 to 1. Mr. John Payne will sing negro spirituals, with commentary by Mr. Garland Anderson (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

SATURDAY.—The choir and orchestra of Trinity College of Music will give an invitation concert at Queen's Hall at 3 under the joint direction of Mr. Kennedy Scott and Mr. John Barbirolli.

PRINCESS MARY'S VISIT TO BOURNEMOUTH

GIRL GUIDES INSPECTED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BOURNEMOUTH, JUNE 28

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, received to-day an enthusiastic welcome from the people of Bournemouth on her first visit to the town.

The main object of her visit was to inspect, as president of the Girl Guides, 6,000 members of that organization in Meyrick Park. The ceremony was watched by some 10,000 of the public. After official introductions her Royal Highness drove from the station before luncheon through the main streets to inspect about 600 Brownies, the junior Guide organization, at their revels. As she stepped from her car, the Princess was surprised by the appearance of a fierce-looking 30ft. dragon. Her surprise turned to laughter as a diminutive Brownie, attired as St. George, and on a hobby-horse, subdued the fierce-looking beast, and led it away by a silken cord. The dragon was composed of Brownies. "St. George" (Rosemary Ann Johnstone) proudly escorted the Princess to the next group of children, who were dressed to represent fairy tales. Princess Mary also inspected other Brownies at their singing games, and as she left the whole of them said farewell to their fairy godmother with a grand howl.

In Meyrick Park 6,000 Girl Guides were drawn up in massed formation, and they took a quarter of an hour to march past their Royal president. The colour-bearers headed the procession.

Later, Princess Mary laid the foundation-stone of the new Y.M.C.A. hostel and received purses, containing £1,000 towards £10,000 required, from ladies of the district.

PAGEANT PLAY AT THE ALBERT HALL

2,000 PERFORMERS

A pageant play, *The Vision*, in which 2,000 performers will take part, will be produced at the Royal Albert Hall from July 9 to July 12 for the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel. The performers will be drawn from clergy and people in the Metropolitan area, each deanery being responsible for some part of the programme. For example, from the Deanery of Wimbledon will come the Maya priests, youths, and maidens, with whom, as participants in a scene of human sacrifice, a first crude step in the search for God, the pageant opens. From Ealing, Richmond, and Harrow will come the Jews and Romans and other gentiles of the Gospel days. Hampstead Deanery will supply the Persians for a scene showing the persecution of early Christians at the Court of King Shapur II. (A.D. 310-379); and from Norbury will come the Frenchmen and the Indians in the scenes showing the introduction of Christianity in Canada, A.D. 1534.

The special choir of 200 will be under the direction of Dr. Ernest Bullock, of Westminster Abbey, whose choristers will also take part, and Miss Rosabel Watson, of the Stratford-on-Avon Festival Company, will lead the orchestra. The play will be produced by Mr. Henry Millar, as Master of the Pageant, and the Rev. W. J. Tooth, of the S.P.G., as director.

The story of the pageant has been written by Miss Rosamund Essex, daughter of the Rev. H. J. Essex, of Christ Church, Isle of Dogs. Invitations have been sent to the Bishops attending the Lambeth Conference, most of whom, it is stated, intend to be present at the evening performance of Friday, July 11.

BATHING IN SERPENTINE

EXTENSION OF HOURS ON WEEK-DAYS

The First Commissioner of Works announces that from to-day bathing will be permitted in the Serpentine throughout the day on week-days. On Sundays bathing will be allowed only in the morning.

This decision is a recognition of the popularity of the extended facilities for bathing in Hyde Park which came into operation a fortnight ago. Since June 16 public bathing has been permitted between the hours of 4 and 10 in the morning and from 4.30 to 8.30 p.m., and the numbers of people wishing to go into the water in the afternoon and evening has led to congestion at the new pavilion. The short experience has shown that with good weather outdoor swimming is quite as much appreciated in London as in European capitals where riverside bathing stations are provided. It is thought that by allowing bathing through the whole day the demand for dressing cubicles will be spread over a longer period and so will reduce the early evening rush. The new regulations, it is considered, should be a boon at the luncheon hour to shop assistants and workers in the West End who can find time to bathe before their meal.

Mr. Lansbury states that all causes for complaint in connexion with the Serpentine have now been removed and everything is working smoothly and satisfactorily.

"THE FAITH IN ACTION"

ST. PANCRAS HOUSING FILM

The Faith in Action is the title of a film which was presented at the Kensington Cinema yesterday afternoon, and which will be shown again next Sunday. It reveals the slums in Somers Town, St. Pancras, and the changes that are being wrought upon them by the St. Pancras House Improvement Society, Limited, who produced the film. The Rev. Basil Jellicoe, the chairman and organizer, explained it.

The housing achievements of the society are depicted at varying periods, from the beginning in 1924 up to now, when a miniature garden city is being created. The film induces quite a thrill at the demolition of slum property; and there are, besides, episodes of humour and delight caught from the lives of the people.

The REV. BASIL JELLICOE stated that the society took the original tenants on a site and rehoused them at rents which they could afford. Although slums might be a curse and a problem, they were also a colossal opportunity for Christian men. He appealed for support.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessees: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.
LAST FIVE PERFORMANCES.

L'AMORE DEI TRE RE.
TO-NIGHT, at 8.30.
Nadia Kovacevna, Jose Malone, Rosa Ponselle: Fernando Autori, Luigi Cilla, Giovanni Inghilleri, Francesco Merli.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.

AIDA. To-morrow, at 8.
Irene Minghini Cattaneo, Eva Turner; Octave Dua, Giovanni Inghilleri, Francesco Merli, Ezio Pinza, Michele Sampieri.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.

ROMEO ET JULIETTE ..... Wednesday, at 8.
With Edith Mason, John Brownlee, Andre Burdino.
RIGOLETTO ..... Thursday, at 8.30.
With Edith Mason, John Brownlee, Angelo Minghetti.
L'AMORE DEI TRE RE ..... Friday, at 8.30.
PRICES (including tax):—Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 25s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, 6l.; Amphitheatre, 12s.; Gallery (unreserved), 2s. 6d.
Box-Office, 10 to 6. Telephone: Temple Bar 7961.

STRAND. Proprietor, KYRLE BELLEW.
CARL ROSA OPERA SEASON.
Thurs. next and Nightly, at 8. Mats., Sat., 2.
Thurs.: Cavalleria and Pagliacci. Fri., Carmen.
Sat. Mat., Hansel and Gretel. Sat. Eve., Cavalleria.
Popular Prices. Temple Bar 4143.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
TOM WALLS, Mary Brough, and RALPH LYNN.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Tues., Thur., 2.30. G. 6970.
"*INSULT.*"
"*One of the finest plays in London.*" Last Week

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
The Old Bailey trial that is thrilling all London.

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) At 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30
"*NINE TILL SIX.*"
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

DALY'S. EVENINGS, at 8.30. Gerr. 0201.
THE COMMAND TO LOVE.
Yvonne Arnaud Ronald Squire Isobel Elsom
Matinées, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15 Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
DENNIS HOEY DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d., PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"*THE THREE MUSKETEERS.*"
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUCHESS, Aldwych. (Tem. 6888.) Pop. Prices.
EVGS., 8.30. Mat., Wed., Thurs., 2.3. (LAST WEEK.)
THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS.
Sara Allgood. Maire O'Neill. Arthur Sinclair.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Tem. Bar 5122.
TO-DAY, 2.30. EVGS., 8.30. MON. & WED., 2.30.
In association with Wilfhut, Ltd.,
Famous Players Guild, Ltd., presents
THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN.
By Walter Hackett.
MARION LORNE. AUBREY SMITH.
CATHLEEN NESBITT. GEORGE TULLY.

GAIETY. (Tem. 6991). NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30.
"*THE LOVE RACE.*"
STANLEY LUPINO, LADDIE CLIFF.
MADGE ELLIOTT, CYRIL RITCHARD, Connie Emerald.

GARRICK. Tem. 9713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. Gerrard 8724.
Charles B. Cochran's and Maurice Browne's
INTERNATIONAL SEASON.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., Tues., Thurs., 2.30.
THE JAPANESE PLAYERS
Including TOKUJIRO TSUTSUI.

GRAFTON, Tottenham Court-road.
ANNAJANSKA.
By GEORGE BERNARD SHAW.
And UNUSUAL VARIETY. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
WED., FRI., 2.30. Museum 1424. Café opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
EVERY EVENING, 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.
ANNIVERSARY PERFORMANCE, WED. NEXT.

HIPPODROME, London. (Gerr. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.15. Mats., Wed., Thurs., and Sats., 2.30.
Herbert Clarlon and Jack Waller in Association with Moss' Empires, Ltd., present
BOBBY HOWES
In a New Musical Comedy
"*SONS O' GUNS,*"
with ROBERT HALE and MIREILLE PERREY, &c.

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
12th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"*BITTER SWEET.*"
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

LITTLE. (Tem. 6501.) Thurs. Next, at 9.
MARY NEWCOMB in
JEALOUSY.
Mats., Tues. and Sat., at 2.30. First Mat. Sat.

LONDON PAVILION. 8.15. Tues., Th., 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.
"MR. COCHRAN'S BEST REVUE."—*Daily Mail.*

LYCEUM. TEMPLE BAR 7617.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Mats., Wed., Thurs., at 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE 1930 Production.
"*HERE COMES THE BRIDE.*"
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett.
Rose Hiller, Harper, and Naidi.
SEATS BOOKABLE from 3s. (Unres., 2s. and 1s.)

LYRIC. POPULAR PRICES. Ger. 3686.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"*LILAC TIME.*"
A Play with Music by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
EVENINGS, at 8.45. (THIS WEEK ONLY.)
A SEASON OF BALLET.
KARSAVINA and THE MARIE RAMBERT DANCERS.
Mats., Wednesday & Saturday, 2.45.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Mon., next, at 8.30.
Miss Fairfax presents
THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST.
Oscar Wilde.
John Gielgud, Mabel Terry-Lewis, Jean Cadell.

NEW. (Tem. 3878.) Wed. Next, 8.30, subs., 8.45.
SACHA GUITRY'S Comedy,
"*DÉSIRÉ.*"
Adapted by John Leslie Frith.
OWEN NARES. JEANNE DE CASALIS.
First Mat., Tues., July 8, and every Tues., Thurs., 2.30.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER and GERALD du MAURIER
in "*CYNARA.*"
By H. M. Harwood and R. Gore Browne.
CELIA JOHNSON.
ANN TODD. DORICE FORDRED.
CAMPBELL GULLAN.
Mats., Wednesday and Thursday, at 2.30.

PRINCE OF WALES. Gerrard 7482.
Proprietor: Tonie Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
"*BADGER'S GREEN.*"
A New Play by R. C. Sherriff.
WITH HORACE HODGES.
EVGS., at 8.30. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., 2.30.
"A LITTLE MASTERPIECE."—*Evening News.*

PRINCES. Temple Bar 3033.
A WARM CORNER.
NIGHTLY, 8.30. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., 2.30.
HEATHER THATCHER. AUSTEN MELFORD.
CONNIE EDISS. LESLIE HENSON.

THEATRES (continued)

ROYALTY. Gerr. 2690. 8.30. Tu., Th., 2.30.
THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM.
KEITH EVANS. GODFREY TEARLE.
Miles Malleson. Iris Fortescue.
Martin Walker. Mary Martlew.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.
"HASTEN TO THE ROYALTY TO SEE THE SALTIEST, MOST ELEGANT COMEDY ACTING OF OUR TIME. A DELICIOUS ENTERTAINMENT."—*Sunday Pictorial.*

ST. JAMES'S. Lessee & Mgr., Gilbert Miller.
TO-NIGHT & EVERY EVENING, at 8.15.
Matinées, Wednesday and Thursday, at 2.30.
FERENC MOLNAR'S COMEDY.
THE SWAN.
EDNA BEST HERBERT MARSHALL
IRENE VANBRUGH COLIN CLIVE
HENRIETTA WATSON C. V. FR

Imperial and Foreign News

THE HIMALAYA EXPEDITION

ANOTHER PEAK CLIMBED

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(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 28

Here in Calcutta on my homeward journey, news reaches me that Herr Hoerlin and Herr Schneider ascended Dodang Peak, 22,700ft., the highest point of the Dodang Nyima Range, separating the Lhonak Valley in Sikkim from Tibet.

They first traversed the Dodang Nyima pass to the Tibetan frontier, thence attacking the peak from the north-east. Extreme difficulties were met in overcoming the icefall, where so much step-

cutting was necessary in the exceptionally tough ice that they returned with their ice axes and picks bent round. The knife-like ridge was followed to the summit. The climb took so long that they narrowly escaped being benighted and returned late to camp after one of the hardest days in their lives.

It is probable that the monsoon has by this time greatly restricted the party's activities and that they are well on their way to Darjeeling. The first party, leaving the base camp on June 11, returned in nine marches to Gangtok, and thence travelled by motor-car to Darjeeling. Almost every variety of scenery and climate was encountered on this route.

After weeks passed among the eternal snows it was a relief to leave the base-camp and stroll over the gentle upland grass slopes of the Lhonak Valley. Yaks graze hereabouts, and some of these animals were used in carrying loads. The scenery was reminiscent of "The Coolins," the red hills of Skye, where the valley is bounded by grassy hills covered in red-dish scree, but with views of majestic peaks up on the unknown side. These valleys remind the traveller that he is indeed in the Himalaya and not in a Highland glen.

INTO THE MONSOON AREA

We passed the first night on a breezy pasture, with the sound of yak-bells in our ears. Two marches brought us into the monsoon area, but the moist air and warm rain came as a relief after the bodily and facial desiccation we had suffered in the arid air of the high Himalaya, and our countenances, formerly grievous ruins, responded gratefully. Two marches also saw us into rhododendron land where the hillsides were a riot of colour with red, white, and yellow dwarf and giant rhododendrons. The air was permeated with their sweet scents. Gradually the valley narrowed and the vegetation became more tropical and profuse. The snow line was lower than that of the upper Lhonak Valley and spoke of a greater rainfall than on the dry border of Tibet, while the dissolving débris of the huge snow avalanches encumbered the floor of the valley. Above Zemu Glen the valley was gorge-like. Fortunately Lachen men had cut a way through the snake-like tangle of the giant rhododendrons and made a bridge over the torrent. The bridge, which cost only Rs.15 (22s. 6d.), proved remarkably efficient. Logs and branches tied together with ropes of yak hair were the materials of which it was made. Soon we were marching through dim forest aisles with the familiar whir of a myriad insects and the clatter of innumerable frogs in our ears.

Above us the sullen grey shawls of the monsoon clouds sagged ever lower, obscuring the view we hoped to get of Siniolchu, one of the world's most superb peaks. At Lachen we were hospitably greeted by the two women missionaries who bravely endure the loneliness of this outpost of civilization. One of them has worked here for 30 years. Balancing tea cups was almost a lost art to us, and in view of our unshaven condition it would be hard to imagine a more desperate-looking set of ruffians at a tea party. From Lachen to Gangtok we slept in excellent *dak* bungalows, travelling during the day on lackadaisical Bhotia ponies. We gradually descended into the heart of a tropical jungle, and daily the heat increased, reaching its maximum at fever-ridden Dikchu, where we reluctantly spent a night. Teesta malaria is reputed to be the worst in the world, and at Dikchu we were severely bitten by mosquitoes, fortunately without ill result. Near Gangtok we were met by ponies, kindly sent by the Maharajah of Sikkim. Arrived at Gangtok, we found that provisions had been sent by the Maharajah and Mr. Dudley, his general secretary. In a few minutes we were once more eating bread, feasting off a variety of excellent foodstuffs, and drinking our first whisky for three months, a period of abstinence which the British members of the expedition would not willingly pass again. On the following day the Maharajah and the Maharani entertained the expedition at dinner. Our stay in Gangtok and the hospitality accorded us there will always remain one of the expedition's most delightful memories. Gangtok is, in situation, similar to Darjeeling; English apples and other fruit grow there side by side with tropical orchids and fruits.

BACK TO DARJEELING

June 21 saw us off on the last stage of our journey, at first on ponies, the motor road being impassable owing to wash-outs, and from Singtam in Austin Sevens. Once more at Darjeeling we were greeted most hospitably and entertained at luncheon by the Governor. Our last memory of the Himalaya was of a beautiful motor-car drive from Darjeeling to Siliguri on our way to Calcutta. Behind us, as we hummed along the flat plain near Siliguri, with the jungle on either hand bursting into the evensong of night birds, animals, and insects, dense cumulus were piled up in the heavens, silhouetted sharply in domes, turrets, peaks, and spires against a shy daffodil yellow. Their summits were tinged with copper and their bases were in the deepest shadow. In the half light they appeared as eternal as the great mountain range on which they were resting, the mountain range to which some of

(Continued at foot of next column)

us, at least, will return again and again as long as muscle and will respond to the irresistible lure that drags man from civilization to the remote corners of the earth.

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(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 28

Frau Dyhrenfurth, Dr. Richter, M. Duvanel, and Mr. Smythe left Calcutta to-night after two days of crowded hospitality. They will sail for Bombay on July 1 in the steamer Cracovia. The other members of the expedition have not yet arrived at Darjeeling.

GERMAN BUDGET DEFICIT

GOVERNMENT'S NEW PROPOSALS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 29

The Government's new financial proposals were presented to the joint committees of the Reichsrat yesterday, the first batch having been withdrawn since the change at the Ministry of Finance. In order to emphasize the importance attached to their rapid passage the Chancellor, Dr. Brüning, and the Vice-Chancellor and new Finance Minister, Dr. Dietrich, introduced them personally with long speeches. At the Chancellor's special request the sitting of the committee was held, contrary to custom, in public.

This unusual procedure attracted most of the Cabinet Ministers, the Premiers and Finance Ministers of the States, and the bulk of the Reichstag Deputies, whose sitting had been suspended. Thus the Chancellor was able to address his grave pronouncement to an exceptionally representative gathering without unleashing an immediate debate, as would have happened if he had waited until the Reichstag stage. Owing to the obscurity of the German budgeting system, the fact that the deficit to be covered is only an estimate, and the habit of different Ministers of making their own rough estimates in speeches, the figures have been somewhat confusing. When the first revenue proposals were introduced the estimated deficit was 750,000,000 to 850,000,000 marks. Of this some 600,000,000 marks was required for the unemployment insurance fund and extended benefits, and 150,000,000 marks represented over-confident revenue estimates. The Labour Minister added another 100,000,000 marks for productive employment schemes, but that is apparently to be borrowed later. Of the original proposals the increase of insurance contributions by 1 per cent. and saving through tightening up the regulations remain unchanged. But every week's delay diminishes their estimated yield. As now calculated they would leave an insurance deficit of 335,000,000 marks, so that the total still to be covered with the 150,000,000 marks revenue deficiency is 485,000,000 marks.

TAXATION PROGRAMME

The Government proposes to raise this amount by the following measures:—

A non-recurring 5 per cent. income-tax increase estimated to bring in 58,000,000 marks.

An additional levy on the income of all unmarried persons, estimated to bring in 110,000,000 marks. Of the total of 168,000,000 marks from these two measures the States will receive 5,500,000 marks, so that the net proceeds to the Reich will be 162,500,000 marks.

An "emergency levy" or "Reich offering" of 2½ per cent. of taxable income of all public officials earning more than 2,000 marks, and on all employees of public institutions earning more than 3,600 marks (the difference being that public employees earning less contribute to the insurance fund) estimated to bring in 135,000,000 marks. This proposal differs from the original in that salaried employees in private businesses are not affected except in so far as they are liable to the general 5 per cent. levy on incomes over 8,000 marks.

Readjustment of cigarette tax collection so as to bring in an extra 48,000,000 marks by March 31, the factories being compensated by the prolongation of payment dates afterwards; savings of 35,000,000 marks on the 1929 Budget and of 100,000,000 marks on the present Budget.

The total yield of this programme is 480,500,000 marks. It is proposed to cover the remaining 5,000,000 marks odd out of additional Customs duty expected as the result of import licence restrictions or by postponement of certain expenditures.

A consumption tax on alcoholic drinks is not contained in the programme, but the Finance Minister indicated his intention to propose one later for the benefit of the municipalities, as well as a system somewhat similar to the British local rating system. Unemployment could not be expected to diminish rapidly, in spite of the proposed productive schemes, and the tightening up of the insurance regulations would throw a greater burden on the local welfare authorities. Such local taxation would help them to meet this, and be a start in the direction of greater local independence and responsibility in place of the present system by which the municipalities spend money collected by the Reich and distributed through the States on a rigid scale. At the same time Herr Dietrich announced his determination to keep a sharp eye on municipal borrowing by prolonging and reorganizing the central loan advisory committee.

"If," said the Chancellor in the course of his speech to the committee, "we once again postpone the ruthless reorganization of our finances, it is possible that at a later date we shall be in the same position in further international financial negotiations as were our experts who went to Paris, that is to say, when demands are made we shall be unable, owing to our financial position, to reject them, but shall be forced to capitulate." It must be the Government's aim by a far-sighted policy to maintain and assure the dearly-purchased freedom from foreign control.

The Reichstag parties have not yet pronounced on the new proposals, but there are signs that the repeated urgent appeals of the Government are opening their eyes to the gravity of the situation. The new programme retains the fundamental principles of the old, and the Chancellor has made it quite clear that although he will consider further modifications, he still proposes to insist on the general framework being left untouched. Even the German People's Party shows a disposition to compromise, so that the Chancellor may yet get the measures through without resorting to decrees which, if not afterwards endorsed by the Reichstag, would lead to a dissolution.

ITALIAN OFFICER SHOT IN ALBANIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS)

ROME, JUNE 29

Lieutenant Giuseppi Chesti, one of the Italian instructors to the Albanian Army, has been murdered while riding a motor-cycle near Shkodra (Scutari). The assassin or assassins have not yet been identified. As soon as the crime was discovered the local Albanian authorities went to the Italian Consulate at Shkodra to express their horror and similarly the Minister for Foreign Affairs at once went to the Italian Legation in Tirana to express the grief of the whole Albanian nation.

MILAN, JUNE 29

The *Popolo d'Italia* learns from Tirana that the Italian officer Chesti was murdered for political motives. The murderer is an Albanian from Dibra and as a deserter had some time ago taken refuge in Yugoslavia. The correspondent reports that in Shkodra the rumour of the murder of an Italian officer was current the day before it actually happened.

MR. HOOVER AND THE SENATE

NAVAL TREATY FIGHT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 29

The passage of two Bills now stands between Congress and the adjournment. The more contentious of these, providing for a sliding scale of pensions for World-War veterans disabled in any manner, and at any time up to January 1, 1930, has passed the House of Representatives, and will be the object of an attack in the Senate to-morrow by those who desire to increase the scale of payment. The other is the Second Deficiency Appropriation Bill, from which the House removed an item of $250,000 [£50,000] for the maintenance of the President's Law Enforcement Commission, and into which the Senate later inserted the provision of $50,000 [£10,000], with an instruction that the money should be utilized only for inquiry into the working of the Prohibition Law.

Of more interest than either of these measures is the glimpse their discussion has permitted of Mr. Hoover's new readiness to fight in the open against deliberate antagonism. His veto of the original Veterans' Bill was sustained at a heavy cost—but after he had spoken out it was nevertheless sustained. His comment upon the insufficiency of $50,000 for the continued work of the Law Enforcement Commission was that if the money did not come from Congress he would get it from private sources—and now there is word of legislative willingness to give him what he desires. He will need all his assertiveness when the time comes to call a Special Session of the Senate for the discussion of the London Naval Treaty, for already the movement from Washington has begun, and he must act promptly if he is to have a quorum present.

Even Senator Borah, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, now cold, now tepid, in his advocacy of ratification, has announced that a Special Session should be called immediately after Congress adjourns, and without waiting until the Fourth of July holiday period is over. He has said so to the President, it appears, and has predicted that not more than four or five days of debate should be necessary, provided always that a quorum be present.

Most of the Opposition hopes are pinned to this "no quorum" possibility. If these are in vain there remain, of course, infinite variations to be played on the theme of Parliamentary procedure, but there is danger in obstruction when it becomes obvious that obstruction and nothing else is intended. Members of the Senate are well paid for the work they do, and voters upon whom they depend might end by resenting their apparent unwillingness to do it.

Senators Johnson (California) and Moses (New Hampshire), the leaders of the Opposition, will have their minority report on the Treaty ready to-morrow, and there is not likely to be anything in it which they have not already said. The much-advertised "confidential document" on the subject of the League of Nations Army and Navy having turned out, as might have been assumed at once, to be nothing more than a report on the subject by American naval officers made at the time, and for the purposes of President Wilson, will not be such a weapon as Senators Johnson and Moses had hoped, but they will undoubtedly make the most of it.

There is a sense in which everything may be said to hinge on Mr. Hoover's readiness to insist on an immediate discussion of the Treaty, and to demand a decision one way or the other before the Senate leaves Washington. His friends are saying he has had more than enough of the attempt at private and peaceful persuasion—which has not persuaded, and has not made for peace—that he will be vigorous and uncompromising, and that, like General Grant before him, he will "fight it out on that line if it takes all summer." His enemies do not believe he has the necessary determination.

RUMANIAN LIBERALS IN CONFLICT

DISPUTED LEADERSHIP

(FROM OUR BALKANS CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, JUNE 29

The confusion into which the Rumanian Liberal Party was thrown by the King's return shows no sign of clearing. On the morrow of his proclamation as King the head of the party, M. Vintila Bratianu, denounced this as illegal and unconstitutional and impossible for the Party to recognize. Its tail, however, represented by his nephew, Professor George Bratianu, boldly declared for the King. M. Vintila Bratianu's manifesto was endorsed by the whole of the Executive Committee of the party, but the Professor was promptly joined in his revolt by an enthusiastic following of Liberals from all parts of the country, so that for the moment it looked as if the tail would wag the head.

This has not proved to be the case yet. M. Vintila Bratianu is a formidable chief, and the party discipline is very strong. The number of the Professor's adherents is, indeed, growing daily, and they include many men of high standing in the party. It is above all the younger generation which has followed his lead, which suggests that the future will certainly be his. He has declined to recognize his expulsion from the party, and is building up a Liberal organization of his own which, he fondly hopes, will one day supplant the official machine.

This is rather a vain hope for the present. None of the 71 county centres of the official party organization has declared for him, nor have any of the Liberal members of Parliament joined his movement. This is largely due to the party's very strong financial texture. It controls several banks and numerous industrial concerns, on which most of its leading members are financially dependent. Over the affairs of all these institutions M. Vintila Bratianu rules with an iron hand. Any of his lieutenants who went over to the rebels would risk losing part of his income or having his bank credits called in. One leading Liberal of Craiova has actually been forced into bankruptcy as a punishment for deserting. There is war to the knife between uncle and nephew.

Meanwhile 99 out of every 100 members of the party, whatever their position, are inwardly in sympathy with the nephew's policy. They would like to kiss hands and swear allegiance to King Carol. A party which boycotts a popular King is obviously doomed to extinction. But they are held by the uncle. However much the party Press has explained away the phraseology of his manifesto, he himself does not appear to have budged an inch from his intransigent position.

MAJOR KINGSFORD SMITH'S PLANS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, JUNE 29

Major Kingsford Smith has telephoned to his *fiancée*, Miss Mary Powell, in Melbourne, saying that he expects to make a solo flight to Australia at the end of July. The marriage is being arranged for September.

Mr. Cosgrave, President of the Executive Council of the Irish Free State, has sent a telegram to Mr. Scullin, the Commonwealth Prime Minister, conveying the congratulations of the Free State Government and people on Australia's latest contribution to the conquest of the air. The message concludes with the words: "We are very happy that Ireland shares Australia's triumph."

HOURS OF WORK IN MINES

GENEVA CONVENTION REJECTED

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, JUNE 28

The fourteenth International Labour Conference finished to-day in a dramatic manner. The convention for the international regulation of hours of work in mines, which on Thursday had been adopted in principle by 73 votes to 33, was thrown overboard at noon in the final vote by its failure to obtain a necessary two-thirds majority. The voting on this occasion was 70 in favour of the convention and 40 against.

The wreckage of three weeks' discussion, and much earlier preliminary work by committees of experts, was attributed by Mr. Shinwell, the British Secretary for Mines, to-day to a last-minute change of front by the German Government. Mr. Shinwell, who had been *rapporteur* on this question, made no effort to disguise his disappointment in what had happened. He stated, with some feeling, that he wished the whole world to know why the convention had not been adopted.

It is understood that a number of those who had been persuaded to vote for the convention on Thursday withdrew their support to-day on learning that the German Government and employers' delegates had decided to abstain from voting, as their wishes had not been met in respect of the matter of overtime. The supporters of the convention, on the other hand, insist that numerous concessions were made in committee to special German demands, in spite of the dangers that these concessions afforded to the passing of the convention. Although the Conference decided later in the day to bring forward the question of an international agreement on hours in mines at next year's conference, some of the most stalwart champions of a reduction in hours are hesitating as to their future attitude towards international regulation.

MR. SHINWELL'S STATEMENT

In his speech after the defeat of the convention, Mr. Shinwell said that every attempt had been made to make concessions to the view of the German Government representatives. The responsibility was now on their shoulders. "I have no objection," he said, "to a recommendation as to this matter being referred to next year's session. The question must be settled sooner or later, not only in the interest of the miners throughout the coal-producing countries of Europe, but in the interests of every nation."

On the other hand, Dr. Stizler (German Government delegate) immediately before the voting explained why his Government would abstain from voting. The reason was the rejection of the idea of overtime. "We have made an attempt, along with certain other Governments (he said), to obtain a fresh vote on this question. I would ask you not to look on this attempt as an endeavour to impose our views of this point on the Conference. Our only motive was the fear that the convention in its present form, which is the result of a specially technical position, cannot find the necessary ratifications. When it proved impossible to have a second vote on the question we found that the German delegation was faced with a new position with which it had not so far reckoned. It had not formerly considered it possible that a convention could be drafted which excluded all provision for overtime for economic reasons. In these circumstances Germany will have to examine afresh, with great care, its attitude to this convention."

The two other conventions—on Forced Labour and the Hours of Work of Salaried Employees—passed out for signature and subsequent ratification. That on Forced Labour gained 91 votes with no recorded opposition. The Belgian, French, and Portuguese Government and employers' delegates abstained from voting. The other convention obtained 86 votes (the British Government delegates and British workers' delegate abstaining), with an opposition of 31 votes (the British employers' delegate included).

SEVEN HOURS' SPEECH BY STALIN

RED PROPAGANDA ABROAD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, JUNE 29

The Soviet Press began to-day the publication of the official text of the speech which Stalin made on Friday at the Communist Party's Congress. The speech lasted seven hours, and reviewed past and present conditions and policies at home and abroad.

According to the summaries and interpretations with which the Soviet Press has supplied its readers as an introduction to the full text, Stalin proclaimed that the old order of capitalist countries, including Great Britain and America, was doomed and that the Communists were gaining successes abroad which simply must bring about a final revolutionary victory soon throughout the world. There was only one branch of economic activity flourishing outside Soviet Russia, and that was the war industry, because the capitalists were feverishly preparing for war, war against the U.S.S.R. The so-called peace in industry and other forms of pacificism, including the disarmament efforts of the League of Nations and the London Naval Conference, were merely masks or smokescreens designed to conceal the plot for a general assault against the Soviet Union. "It will be difficult to begin it, however," said Stalin, "because the U.S.S.R. does not depend exclusively on the Red Army, but is rapidly obtaining more allies behind the enemy's lines. Communists have great opportunities now because of the enemy's economic difficulties: therefore, they must resolutely combat Right Wing heresies and lead the masses into open class war, while the U.S.S.R. continues its policy of peace and extension of economic relations with the capitalist world."

RUMANIAN CONTRACTS

BRITISH FIRM'S SUCCESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, JUNE 29

The contracts signed between the Casa Autonoma of Roads and Messrs. Stewart and Partners, Limited, of London, and ratified by the Rumanian Chamber on Friday, are for the construction of some 220 miles of roads on the most modern lines at a cost of £2,000,000. Payment for the work is guaranteed by a first charge on all the revenues of the Casa Autonoma, in addition to which the State guarantees payment in any event. The work is to be completed in two years. All the machinery required for it will be imported from England. Negotiations which preceded the signing of the contract lasted for 18 months and were carried through in the face of keen foreign competition, local prejudice, and much opposition on the part of some of the Rumanian newspapers, thanks to the untiring energy of the firm's representative here.

On Friday a Bill was passed confirming the contract between the Ministries of Public Works and Finance and the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation of New York, in virtue of which that body will take over with a monopoly right the entire Rumanian public telephone system against the payment of 800,000,000 lei (nearly £980,000). The State reserves the right to repurchase the system after 20 years. In addition to paying for the existing system, the corporation will put at the disposal of the Rumanian Government two loans, each of $4,000,000 (about £1,646,000 in all) at 8 per cent., repayable after five years.

THE ARCHDUKE OTTO

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUDAPEST, JUNE 29

It is reported here that the Archduke Otto, Head of the House of Hapsburg, who is just taking his examination for matriculation at the University of Louvain, will be sent next year either to Oxford or Cambridge to complete his education.

EGYPTIAN CABINET'S POLICY

STATEMENT BY PRIME MINISTER

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, JUNE 29

The new Prime Minister, Ismail Pasha Sidky, made the following statement to me at the Ministry of Finance last night:—

The Wafd has been the cause of the recent political crisis which led to my taking charge of the Government. The leader of the Wafd tendered his resignation because the King asked him to postpone the introduction of the Bill for the Protection of the Constitution, which is an innovation, and is contrary to the practice of other constitutional countries. The Wafd and its Leader argue that they could not postpone that Bill because they had been previously bound by the promise in the Speech from the Throne to submit it to Parliament in the present Session. Actually the promise made was not as precise as in the case of the promises about Bills for the reorganization of Chambers of Commerce, for the creation of a Court of Cassation for civil matters, for the protection of magistrates, and about the law of copyright, none of which were submitted to Parliament.

The present Ministry has not so far done anything unconstitutional, in spite of the Wafd's instigations and its wide campaign to create disturbances and upset public order and security. But the measures which the Government has adopted are a sufficient guarantee that no disturbances will occur, and, in the face of the general apathy with which this agitation has been received, will upset the Wafd's plans.

The Wafd, whether in its formation as political party or in its methods as a Government dealing with Parliament, is the enemy of true democracy. In its councils and in Parliament its members are deprived of their liberty, and the whole party is a toy in the hands of three or four members, of no great experience in administration, who direct it according to their caprices.

Some of the local newspapers have asserted that the Ministry may for economic reasons discontinue certain reforms, such as the schemes for irrigation and communications, and for public health. Nothing is further from the truth, and the Government will not postpone any project of undoubted advantage, but, owing to the need for budgetary adjustment, the Government wishes to make sure that these schemes have been carefully studied from the point of view of utility in relation to the estimates provided.

AUSTRALIAN ARBITRATION BILL

OPPOSITION EXPECTED IN THE SENATE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, JUNE 29

Having used its majority to impose the Arbitration Bill upon the House of Representatives, the Ministry is adopting a less adamant attitude in anticipation of formidable opposition to the measure in the Senate.

Mr. Brennan, the Attorney-General, who is conferring this week with Melbourne and Sydney employers, announces his willingness to consider amendments to the Bill at the Committee stage. He will probably agree to make the decisions of the individual Conciliation Commissioners subject to the agreement of the full Arbitration Court. Replying to London criticism, Mr. Brennan said a misconception seemed to have arisen. The penalties remained for both employers and employees who flouted the law deliberately, and would be applied equally. The penal provisions now being repealed were those specially directed against employees.

The Federal Senate is at present endeavouring to have the Central Reserve Bank Bill referred to a Select Committee with a majority of Nationalists. A motion to this end is expected on Wednesday.

THE RHINELAND

OCCUPATION ENDED TO-DAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 29

The Conference of Ambassadors has formally notified the German Embassy here that the occupation of the Rhineland territory will have been brought to an end by noon to-morrow, and that the activities of the Inter-Allied Rhineland High Commission are terminated also. It is announced that, at the same time, the ordinances issued by the High Commission will cease to have force. Reports from various garrisons state that the majority of the troops have already been withdrawn, and that the French civil and military authorities have formally handed over their powers to the Germans.

The evacuation is regarded here as a very important landmark in the sequence of post-War events. It is commented upon as both an end and a beginning. In the more liberally minded quarters the end of the 11 years' occupation of German territory by French troops is hailed with relief, especially by those sections of political opinion which look to a Franco-German *rapprochement* as the best means for promoting peace in Europe.

In the Press of the Left, M. Briand and the late Herr Stresemann are given the greater share in the credit for having brought to a fulfilment the policy inaugurated five years ago at Locarno. This, however, is only one aspect of the comments in the French Press. In the more Nationalist quarters the evacuation, taking place four years earlier than the date laid down at Versailles, is considered to be an act of generosity on the part of France, a sacrifice in the cause of *rapprochement*, and a gesture of peace, in return for which Germany should give some tangible proof of her own good will.

A certain element of disquiet runs through all these comments, which is, in effect, an expression of the solicitude for the security of the French eastern frontier. This, it is pointed out in many quarters to-day, now rests solely on German good faith, along with the continued fulfilment of the reparation payments.

The most satisfactory feature of the comments is the general recognition that a new régime now begins in which it will be the task of French diplomacy to come to the best understanding possible with her neighbour. It is expected that the negotiations on the future of the Saar, which had already begun to develop rapidly, will be pushed towards a solution.

MARCH OF DOUKHOBOR EXTREMISTS

TOWARDS THE U.S. BORDER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

VANCOUVER, JUNE 29

Two hundred Doukhobor extremists, self-styled "Sons of Freedom," reached Nelson yesterday on a "march for freedom." Their destination is unknown.

Ten days ago they left the Government reservation at Porto Rico, where they had been virtually interned since the disturbances of last year. They then attempted an invasion of the orthodox Doukhobor community, but were defeated in a pitched battle.

The authorities at Nelson, fearing a repetition of the sect's tactics of naked parades, met the party with police, and conducted them through the town in motor-lorries. Nobody seems to know where they are going, or why. They are now within 20 miles of the border, and have headed in that direction, but the United States immigration officers have warned them that they cannot enter the country.

Mr. J. G. A. Creighton, 80 years of age, who became Law Clerk to the Canadian Senate in 1882, and has been its Parliamentary Counsel for the last 21 years, died suddenly in RIDEAU Club on Friday evening.

Telegrams in Brief

Sokel festivities, which began on June 6 in BELGRADE, ended yesterday.

M. Sokolnikoff, the Soviet Ambassador to Great Britain, left Moscow for London yesterday.—*Reuter.*

Communist literature, printed in English, is being distributed in JAMAICA by an organiser from the United States who was trained in Russia.

It is reported from LE TOUQUET that an American woman, Mrs. Rella Factor, of Chicago, has won nearly £50,000 there at baccarat.

In company with Major De Havilland Miss Amy Johnson flew on Friday afternoon to ADELAIDE, where she is the guest of the Governor, Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven, V.C.

Kurds have raided across the frontier from Persia into TURKEY, where they have been joined by local Kurds. Reinforcements of Turkish troops are being sent to quell the disorders.

Owing to bad weather, Mr. James Matthews and Mr. T. Hook, who are trying to fly from Lympne to Australia, had to return to ALLAHABAD yesterday after starting for Calcutta.

In the Sudbury region of ONTARIO flood conditions, as a result of the recent torrential rains, have been exceedingly serious, and the total loss of life from train wrecks caused by them is now 13, with nearly 30 injured.

At Hoboken, near ANTWERP, on Saturday Princess Josephine Charlotte, daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Brabant, launched a new steamer of the Ostend-Dover service. The new steamer bears the name of the Princess.

An R.A.F. aeroplane which recently made a forced landing in AFGHANISTAN has been brought back to Peshawar aerodrome by lorry. It appears that the Afghan Government does not permit flying over Afghan territory.—*Reuter.*

Two hundred kilogrammes of heroin, part of the cargo of the Italian steamer Bulgaria, from Constantinople, have been seized by the Customs authorities at MARSEILLES. This is the third important seizure during the past few days, making a total of 2,250 kilogrammes.

The Mandates Commission of the LEAGUE examined the Report on South-West Africa on Friday and Saturday in the presence of Mr. te Water, High Commissioner of the Union of South Africa, and Mr. Courtenay Clark, of the Administration of South-West Africa.

A BELGIAN Court has given judgment for the Soviet Government in its action against a Belgian firm for non-fulfilment of contract, although counsel had argued that as the Soviet Government has not been recognized by Belgium it could have no standing in law.

From July 1 Messrs. George Allen and Unwin, Limited, will take over the agency for Great Britain, Northern Ireland, and the Crown Colonies of League of Nations publications, hitherto held by Messrs. Constable and Co. Messrs. Allen and Unwin will conduct all League of Nations business from 38, Great Ormond-street, W.C. The London office of the League of Nations, for all purposes except the sale of publications, remains at 16, Northumberland-avenue.

The board of directors of the London Missionary Society has approved in general terms a protest of the SOUTH AFRICA District Committee viewing with grave alarm the present tendency of Union legislation in native affairs, especially in regard to such measures as the Riotous Assemblies Bill. The danger at the moment is believed to be not from the natives, but from the state, almost of panic, into which some of the Europeans of the country have worked themselves.

THE SITUATION IN SPAIN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

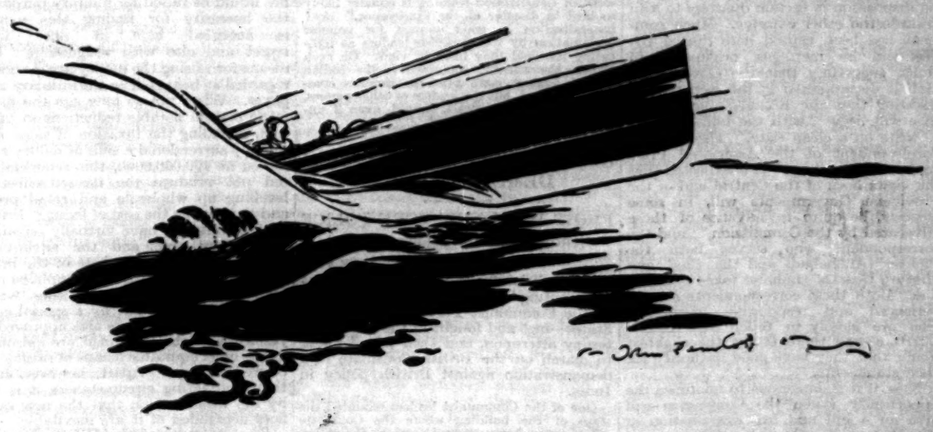
MADRID, JUNE 29

Although there is still a good deal of unrest in different parts of the country and rumours of further strikes (notably at Saragossa, where special precautions have been taken) the Government appears to be well informed about the activities of the trouble-makers and to have the situation well in hand.

The General Workers' Union has issued manifestos both in Madrid and Bilbao calling for discipline among its members, recommending caution and advising them not to allow themselves to be led away by terrorists.

Other Foreign News on following page

DUKE of YORK'S TROPHY



won by

F. T. BERSEY

on Sunbeam-engined motor boat "Minx"

on

Pratts HIGH TEST SEALED

THE REPORT IN INDIA

FALSE RUMOURS

"CUT AND DRIED" OR "SHELVED"?

GOVERNMENTS IN COUNCIL

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JUNE 29

An emergency meeting of the Viceroy's Council was held early yesterday morning to consider matters arising out of the publication of the Indian Report.

It is understood that the next few weeks will see almost continuous consultations both of the Central and of the Provincial Governments for the purpose of discussing the recommendations and submitting considered opinions as a basis of joint discussion. Unfortunately, there is no indication yet that the political leaders are prepared to follow the official example, and their comment is still confined to hysterical abuse. In the circumstances it is more than ever difficult to determine what silent India thinks about it all. It is safe to say that the Report has been met with a wave of hostility in all quarters that has been an unpleasant shock even to those who had a shrewd idea of the nature of the recommendations. Particularly is this the case with the professional and commercial communities, who, having a large stake in the country, have up till now disclaimed any alliance with the Congress leaders and other extremists. Now they have come into line, and the temporary solidity of that line is instanced in a score of random examples, more or less serious—from the determination of the Punjab "War Councils" to carry on their defiance of the Ordinances to the resolutions of the Bombay cotton merchants to withdraw their money from British banks and the refusal of Parsees to take part in quadrangular cricket in the future.

AN ENCOURAGING FEATURE

One, perhaps the only, encouraging feature of the present situation is that up to the time of writing this dispatch there has been no serious outburst of popular violence which may directly be attributed to the publication of the Report. There is still the threat of trouble in the Punjab. There is still the usual crop of scuffles in many districts as a result of picketing. But, just as Mr. Gandhi's arrest was followed by an anti-climax, so the appearance of the Report, which many good judges prophesied would be the signal for a general upheaval, has so far not provoked any increase of public unrest.

Yesterday I saw a fatuous procession down in the bazaar here. A young Indian, dressed in long coat, white *topi*, and labelled "Sir John Simon," was carrying a miniature coffin with the inscription "Simon Report." Behind him came a donkey with a helmet strapped on its head and saddled with a bundle labelled "Foreign cloth." The procession created due amusement among small boys and bazaar loafers, but, though similar scenes are being enacted all over India to-day, they are harmless enough in all conscience, and we can only pray that the next few weeks will produce nothing worse.

There are many who think that the real trouble will begin when the rival parties begin to discuss the Report on communal lines and the old quarrel is thrown into the ring once again. For the moment, however, all parties and all communities are content to join in the general hymn of hate against the Commission, and until the first excitement has died down it will be impossible to gauge real opinion towards the details of the recommendations.

FOLLOWERS MISLED

Meanwhile leaders carefully refrain from reminding their followers of the Round-Table Conference ahead, and there is no doubt that many credulous townspeople and villagers believe that the Report is a cut-and-dried Constitution foisted on the country by the British Raj.

On the other hand, there is a disquieting disposition in certain quarters to lean towards the other extreme. Much comment has been caused here during the week-end by messages, originating in Simla, suggesting that the Government itself is disappointed in the Report, and asserting that the Round-Table Conference will begin "with the fullest liberty to write on a clean slate." The Political Correspondent of the Associated Press goes so far as to say, "It is expected that the views both of the Central and of the Provincial Governments will, in some respects, be quite in advance of those advocated by the Commission"; and the correspondent who serves both the *Pioneer* (Allahabad) and the *Civil and Military Gazette* (Lahore) takes a similar line. Both these correspondents are experienced and responsible journalists, who are closely in touch with official quarters, and there is not the slightest doubt that they have good authority for their statements.

Now, if it is dangerous to minimize the opportunity which the Conference will give for a full and free examination of the Report, it is equally dangerous to minimize the importance of the Report itself. Nothing would please leaders who have so uncompromisingly damned the Commission's recommendations more than the chance to tell their followers that those recommendations are on the scrapheap already. Thus these early and apparently semi-official suggestions merely produce a whoop like "Simon Report Shelved," which I noticed on a newspaper bill displayed in the Simla streets yesterday.

The opinion of those who can see both sides, and are desperately anxious to bring them together, is that the proper line to take at the moment is to remind the Indian leaders that it is no use spending the time between now and the Conference thinking in parrot-cries. If they are really sincere in their desire to serve their country, and not their personal claims for publicity, their plain duty is to sit down straightaway and show exactly where they consider the Report is in error and how this error can best be rectified. But nothing would be more likely to ruin what chance of success the Conference still possesses than that they should spend the time in the ship going to England simply rehearsing their tedious slogans.

To say that the Conference will have full liberty to write on a clean slate is merely to recite an obvious truth, but it is another thing to suggest that the standard text-book should be put away on the shelf. If such advice were followed, the result would almost certainly be a petulant squeaking of aimless slate pencils.

MOSLEMS AND REPORT

PROVINCIAL PLAN "AN ADVANCE"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 29

Sir Abdur Rahim is one of the few leaders who have attempted any reasoned criticism of the Indian Report. For the most part, the Extremists and so-called Moderates in Bengal have been content with denunciation of the Report or with a public announcement of their refusal even to read it.

In his presidential address at the Bihar and Orissa Moslem Conference at Patna on Saturday, Sir Abdur Rahim said the general conclusion of the Commissioners seemed to be based on the idea that without constant supervision of the administration by British representatives, supported by British troops, no stable Government could be maintained in India. "The main pillars on which the whole structure of Sir John Simon and his colleagues is supported are the problems relating to the North-West Frontier, the Indian States, and Hindu-Moslem rivalries and dissensions." He did not admit that the problem of an Indian Army officered by Indians was insoluble. He believed that arrangements could be made to get rid of frontier raids, which were not a serious menace to the country before the British took possession of the Punjab and Peshawar. He agreed that the proposals for the Provincial Councils were an advance and gave great satisfaction, but he criticized the powers reserved to the Governor as minimizing the grant of responsible government, and he denounced the recommendations for the Assembly as a retrograde step. Moslems equally with the other communities wanted responsible government for the country, with additional safeguards in the Constitution against the overriding of their rights by a communally-inclined Government. They never expected that the main objective of all parties should be ruled out because of communal rivalries.

All the efforts of the local Peace Committee to restore confidence at Dacca have failed so far. People are still afraid to move about the city, and the streets remain deserted. Shops open an hour or two in the morning, but are quickly closed again. All the schools are closed, and although the University will reopen this week there are few new students. Many inhabitants who fled from the city are afraid to return, and outsiders do not care to enter. The official inquiry into the riots hears evidence each day.

"BOYCOTT WEEK" IN BOMBAY

UMBRELLA PROPAGANDA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 25

This week is to be observed as "Boycott Week," and the committee appeals to the public to assist "in paralysing foreign trade, which is sucking our economic lifeblood." The programme includes boycott tableaux, to be arranged at different centres in Bombay from Wednesday; a fancy dress carnival next Sunday designed to illustrate the glory of Indian goods, art, and beauty; the affixing of boycott stamps on envelopes; and the hoisting of the boycott flag everywhere, or, as the instructions quaintly say, on "houses, gymkhanas, clubs, restaurants, umbrellas, overcoats, and every other dwelling place in the city." Umbrellas, which in Bombay are often adorned with advertisements, are further to be embellished with the painted inscription, "Boycott British Goods."

There was a largely attended students' conference yesterday at which Dr. Vaidya, who presided, suggested that students joining the Congress campaign should be unmarried, should not be under 18 years old, and should obtain their parents' blessing. He said that the British people were prepared to kill the movement by perpetrating any amount of violence, but Indians should be prepared to tire out the British by continued sacrifices and strict adherence to non-violence.

Referring to the Simon Commission's statement that "a Constitution is something more than a generalization; it has to present a constructive scheme," the *Times of India* asks what is the alternative better scheme that will find general acceptance with the Indian delegates when presented at the Round-Table Conference.

The newspaper urges that the working out of a constructive scheme should be immediately undertaken. "India for the most part stands at the gate rather bewildered and wondering what is going to happen next. We are told—but this view is probably held more in Bombay than in any other parts of India—that every day's delay in making a fresh announcement about the Conference invites disaster. It seems true also that every day's delay in the work of Constitution-framing is equally likely to lead to disaster at the Conference." Any generalization is good enough for popular declamation by the Congress leaders as indicating the goal they have in view. On such leaders the warning contained in the Indian Report against mere generalizations is completely wasted, but the leaders of other parties, particularly the Liberals, should, even if unconsciously, take it to heart.

COMMUNISTS' ANTI-BRITISH DEMONSTRATION

FIGHT WITH NEW YORK POLICE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 29

Between 1,000 and 1,500 Communists—representing two mutually hostile factions of the Communist Party in the United States—met and fought in the street yesterday afternoon, and then joined forces to march on the British Consulate in a demonstration against British policy in India.

One of the Communist leaders mounted the steps of the building where the Consulate offices are and was dragged down by the police, who tried to disperse the crowd with baton charges. The crowd re-formed on the other side of the street and charged the police. Severely beaten by the policemen's batons, the demonstrators retreated and stood some way off singing "L'Internationale." The stream of traffic prevented further fighting until emergency squads of police arrived in patrol wagons. The Communists then moved towards the Consulate building and smashed the windows of the Lloyd Sabaudo Steamship Line offices on the ground floor. A violent struggle ensued, in which a number of men and women was knocked down and beaten unconscious. The Communists finally scattered, pursued through the side-streets by the police, several of whom were injured in the fighting.

BRITISH CATHOLICS IN PARIS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 29

One thousand Roman Catholics from Great Britain attended High Mass at the Sacré Coeur Church in Paris this morning. The Mass was celebrated by Cardinal Bourne, Archbishop of Westminster, and the Papal Nuncio to France and Mgr. Baudrillart, Titular Archbishop of Melitene, and Mgr. Chaptal, Titular Bishop of Isinda, auxiliaries to the Archbishop of Paris, were present.

At a luncheon speeches were made by Cardinal Bourne, Cardinal Verdier, Archbishop of Paris, and the Papal Nuncio. Cardinal Bourne said they wished to declare their steadfast loyalty to the Holy See and proclaim the supranational unity of the Church of Christ. They wished to collaborate in every way to carry out the teaching, desires, and inspirations of the Sovereign Pontiff.

FRANCO-ITALIAN RELATIONS

NEGOTIATIONS TO BE RESUMED

ADVANCE TOWARDS AGREEMENT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 29

The progress made recently in the preparations for the renewal of the Franco-Italian negotiations is considered as an indication that these will be resumed at an early date. M. Briand recently conferred with Count Manzoni, the Italian Ambassador, and in a statement made subsequently he declared that "all doors were open for the negotiations anticipated to occupy the coming month." It is understood that the conversations will be carried on through the ordinary diplomatic channels. They will in the first place deal with the general points at issue—the status of Italians in Tunisia and the Tripolitan frontier question. On both points there has been a considerable advance of late towards an agreement. It is considered that the differences of opinion with regard to naval strength, which were left over from the London Conference, can safely be relegated to a later discussion.

The principal obstacle in the way of resuming the discussions has been the somewhat violent tone adopted by Signor Mussolini in his speeches and the sharp comments in the Italian Press. Both in turn appear to have been based on French military developments, which in turn have really been misinterpreted by the Italian authorities. It is understood that on this point explanations recently made have led to the dissipation of these misunderstandings and have brought about a much needed improvement in the general atmosphere. An improvement in the tone of the Fascist Press has been remarked as a favourable omen.

ITALIAN MILITARY FORCES

INCREASED ESTIMATE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 29

The Italian Government decided yesterday to increase the military expenditure for the year 1930-1931 by an additional sum of 500,000,000l. [about £5,435,000]. Of this sum 300,000,000l. are to be added to the extraordinary estimates for the Army; 100,000,000l. are assigned to the Navy; 80,000,000l. to the Air Force, and 20,000,000l. to the Militia for the equipment and arming of the cohort battalions—that is to say, apparently, those picked units of the Militia which are being trained to cooperate intimately with the units of the Regular Army.

This additional expenditure is to be found by raising as from July 1 next the tax on all sales to the uniform level of 1.50 lire per cent. and by a simplification in the methods of its exaction. It is evidently anticipated that this taxation will more than suffice to bring in the 500,000,000l. declared in the official *communiqué* to be the "minimum indispensable to national defence." This *communiqué*, in explaining the sums allotted for the year 1930-31, says that the proceeds of the taxation will also provide a "sum to be determined during the drawing up of the preliminary estimates for subsequent years." In the meantime 15,000,000l. are now being allotted for agrarian relief in the colonies; 20,000,000l. for public works in Sardinia; 40,000,000l. for the direct railway route Bologna-Florence; 30,000,000l. for agrarian credits and 100,000,000l. for public works in relief of the ordinary winter unemployment.

Thus a total of 205,000,000 lire is assigned to profitable developments and enterprise of national importance. In case of necessity these millions will obviously be available for yet further military expenditure. For the moment, however, they are being devoted to pacific purposes in order presumably to make it clear to the world in general that Italy has been compelled by the sheer necessities of self-defence to incur this additional expenditure, and that she is not spending upon armaments all the money available, as she would be doing if she were bent upon an aggressive policy.

As I pointed out in my recent message [given in *The Times* on Saturday], hinting that this further sum of 500,000,000 lire would be raised for military purposes, the necessity for finding this money is accepted here at once with regret and also with resignation. The means for raising the money are generally regarded as being fair to the ordinary taxpayer. When not so long ago the State made certain notable reductions in taxation, including the taxation of sales, and thereby surrendered a sum of money estimated at 400,000,000l., this renunciation did not produce the desired effect of levelling up wholesale and retail prices and so reducing the cost of living. Prices, on the contrary, have virtually remained where they were, and the advantages have gone into the pockets of the intermediaries. Hence the new simplified provisions on the taxation of sales, which have been worked out by a special commission and which were also approved at yesterday's Cabinet Council, are welcomed as the most equitable means of raising the desired money. Apart, however, from these mitigating circumstances it is felt by the whole nation that the new sacrifices demanded of it are inevitable.

The attempts of the French Press to represent Italy as the intending aggressor because France has no territorial claims on Italy are stigmatized here as superficial and evasive arguments that will not bear serious scrutiny. The Italian standpoint is well summed up by one writer, who, after noting that the Italian measures have followed those adopted already in France, proceeds:—

The Italian measures tend to re-establish an equilibrium or, to be more exact, to reduce the alarming disproportion between the French armaments and those existing to-day in Italy. This disproportion grows to dizzy figures if account is taken also of the armaments of the military allies of France, some of whom are stationed on the Italian frontiers. Italy has no military alliances and does not cultivate the policy of *blocs*.

One impartial observer, in summing up the history of the last few years, said that Italy had been talking war and acting peace, whereas France had done exactly the opposite. It cannot be gainsaid that the present position is thoroughly unsatisfactory, and the desirability, not to say the necessity, of the Italo-French negotiations being resumed seriously and without delay is becoming more and more imperative.

ITALIAN GOLD COINS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 29

It was decided at yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet to issue gold coins of the value of 50l. and 100l. This decision is greeted as another proof of the healthy state of the Italian monetary system.

THE WEEK'S DEBATES

CHANNEL TUNNEL TO-DAY

MORE FINANCE

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

For the first time in the life of the present Parliament the House of Commons is to have an opportunity of discussing the Channel Tunnel project. Normally to-day is a Supply Day, and there is to be a debate on housing in the early part of the day. But it has been agreed that this shall end at about the dinner hour and that the remainder of the session shall be given up to the Channel Tunnel.

The debate is to take place on a motion handed in by 100 supporters of the scheme, mostly Labour members, who argue that every facility should be given for the project to be undertaken at the earliest possible opportunity in view of the fact that it has been shown that it can be done by private enterprise without State assistance, and that it will provide immediate employment. Opinion on the subject is so sharply divided among the political parties that nothing practical is likely to emerge from to-day's debate, and the general belief is that the motion will be "talked out." Its supporters know that they can expect little help from the Government, who have already issued a White Paper in which they state that, having considered all the circumstances, they have come to the conclusion that there is no justification for a reversal of the policy pursued by successive Governments for nearly 30 years in regard to the Channel Tunnel.

This decision was reached after the Cabinet had had before it the views of the Committee of Imperial Defence and of the special Committee which was set up by Mr. Baldwin in March, 1929, to inquire into the economic aspects of the Tunnel. The present Government take the view that that report revealed a conspicuous absence of enthusiastic support of the scheme from any large trade, industry, or interest. They base their decision not to reverse the policy of previous Administrations on the element of doubt about the feasibility of construction, the weakness of the economic case, the great cost, the long period before which the capital expended could fructify, and the small amount of employment provided. On the military side the Committee of Imperial Defence could not find a single advantage from a military point of view.

NAVAL POLICY

To-morrow and on Wednesday and Thursday the House of Commons will be engaged on the Committee stage of the Finance Bill. The consideration of the postponed clauses 29 to 33, which deal with the position of one-man companies, is likely to take a good deal of time, but during the week-end Mr. Snowden has fulfilled his promise to issue as a White Paper the text of Clause 29 as it will read if the House accepts the amendments which he proposes to move. The business for Friday has not yet been settled.

In the House of Lords there is to be an important discussion on the London Naval Treaty to-morrow, when Lord Beatty intends to call attention to the "serious effects" which will ensue to this country from the Treaty. The programme of new shipbuilding will also come under review. The House of Commons is not likely to have a chance of discussing it until the Supplementary Estimate is published, but many Labour members are already working hard to persuade the Cabinet to reverse its decision and to stop any new building during the present financial year.

On Wednesday Lord Parmoor will move the second reading of the British North America Bill. On Thursday Lord Passfield will ask the House to agree to the appointment of a joint committee of the two Houses to consider the Reports on Closer Union in East Africa and the conclusions of the Government thereon. The second reading of three Government Bills—the Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Bill, the Air Transport (Subsidy Agreements) Bill, and the Overseas Trade Bill—will also be taken.

A NEW REFERENDUM

Mr. Baldwin has received a large number of messages of congratulation on his protest against Lord Rothermere's claim to be consulted as to the members of the next Conservative Administration which is formed in this country—a claim which appears to have given offence in many different quarters. Lord Rothermere announces that his contention has the full support of Lord Beaverbrook, Lord Elibank, Lord Melchett, and Sir Robert Donald, and he is also offering money prizes for correspondence in his newspapers on this "vital question of constitutional practice." Readers are informed that "as individual electors they may be condemned to mute obedience by the Conservative Party machine, but in our columns they can state their opinion freely." The inducements offered for this spontaneous expression of public opinion range from £1 to £100.

A £25,000,000 FORTUNE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 29

The late Mr. Thomas Fortune Ryan, who had made his money chiefly in tobacco, railways, and electrical utility companies, left an estate of the gross value of $125,000,000 (more than £25,720,000), which is believed to be the second largest estate ever appraised for taxation in the United States. The late Mr. Payne Whitney left more than $194,000,000.

PRINCE AND PRINCESS TAKAMATSU

Prince and Princess Takamatsu, of Japan, concluded their three days' State visit to the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace on Saturday. They left the Palace during the morning and drove in closed cars to Claridge's, where they will stay as the guests of the British Government. The Prince and Princess took leave of the King and Queen at the Palace. A large crowd cheered the Royal visitors as they drove out of the centre gates of the Palace.

THE PRESIDENT-ELECT OF BRAZIL

Dr. Julio Prestes de Albuquerque, President-elect of Brazil, is arriving in London to-morrow for an official visit of four days as the guest of the British Government. He will be met at Victoria by the Prince of Wales, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and others, and will stay at Claridge's. On Wednesday he will take luncheon with the Prime Minister, and on Thursday he will dine at the Foreign Office.

CONSERVATIVE POLICY

MR. BALDWIN ON DICTATION

MR. LLOYD GEORGE ON MR. BALDWIN

The political speeches delivered during the week-end contained many references to the dispute between Mr. Baldwin and Lord Rothermere and Lord Beaverbrook over the future policy and leadership of the Conservative Party. Among the principal points in the speeches, which are reported on page 16, are the following:—

MR. BALDWIN

Safeguarding is the pivot of our policy.

The protection which farmers require on cereal crops would have to be so high at present that they would never get it accepted in the industrial areas.

If you can get higher prices without a corresponding reaction on bread, that is your method of approach.

No one remedy is going to restore prosperity to agriculture, but we want to do what we can, and the guaranteed price for wheat is the basis of my policy.

The country will not give anyone the right to tax even foreign staple foods until they know what they are going to get in exchange.

An Imperial Conference may throw light on that question, but we have had no light thrown on it yet.

I ask Lord Beaverbrook in a perfectly friendly spirit to let us have his policy of Empire free trade perfectly clearly put before the electorate. Where does free trade come in?

Every paper up and down the country except those of Lord Rothermere and Lord Beaverbrook has condemned the attempt to dictate to the Crown and to the Government of the day. That dictation will be resisted by this country to the end.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE

The record of the first year of the Socialist Government is disappointing and the result has been disillusionment even among their own friends.

I am hopeful that in the next Session they will show greater firmness, enterprise, and boldness in tackling their job.

The Liberal Party thought it right to respond to the Prime Minister's invitation to cooperate with him in solving the unemployment problem. Another party takes a different view of its duty.

I am very sorry that Mr. Baldwin has adopted this selfish and partisan attitude towards the King's Government.

I regret that Mr. Baldwin has thought it necessary to make a wanton, ill-conditioned, and ill-favoured attack upon the good name of the Liberal candidates at the last election.

I am not surprised that Mr. Baldwin has always expressed a preference for the society of pigs.

Mr. Baldwin is afflicted with an extraordinary and morbid self-complacency. No man in public life is less entitled to arrogate to himself these airs of superiority.

Let Mr. Baldwin's friends point out one thing either in statesmanship or in business which stands to Mr. Baldwin's credit as a success.

Mr. Baldwin was in power for five years and did nothing to help us out—with the unemployed figures well over a million.

"OVER-PRODUCTION" OF PRISONERS

A NEW SOVIET PROBLEM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, JUNE 29

A Governmental Commission which was recently appointed to amend the Soviet Criminal Code has published a summary of the changes it proposes. These require confirmation by the Government before they become law.

Comrade Shirwindt, Managing Director of the Prisons Department, has informed the Moscow Press that alterations in the Code became necessary to combat the "over-production" by the Soviet tribunals and the crowded deliveries to the prisons with instructions to keep the prisoners "behind bars." Under the revised Code evictions from the prisoners' home districts and long-distance banishments, with or without compulsory labour, will be given a general preference over imprisonment locally. A new feature of the Code is that it is proposed to "abolish the shooting of citizens younger than 20 and older than 70, and pregnant women."

It may be recalled that four years ago the Soviet Government formally decreed the abolition of capital punishment, except in cases of "endangering the foundations of the State." Executions have, however, continued, and no abatement of shootings has been noticeable.

ICELANDIC MILLENARY

END OF THE FESTIVAL

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

REYKJAVIK, JUNE 29

Heavy rain fell when the delegations departed from Thingvellir on Friday evening, but the next morning a bright sun shone on the last day of the festival, which, after addresses, a meeting of the Althing, and sports in the afternoon, was officially closed by the Prime Minister at 8 o'clock.

The tented city at Thingvellir and its inhabitants have begun to disappear, and the plain, with its romantic gorges, streams, cascades, and lake encircled by magnificent mountains, will soon resume its habitual loneliness. For the Icelanders the millenary celebrations have been a great national event, and during the celebrations arbitration treaties between Iceland and other Scandinavian countries have been signed.

The King and Queen of Iceland and Denmark sailed from Reykjavik this morning in the Niels Juel for a short trip and will return here on Monday. Sir Robert Hamilton, M.P. for Orkney and Shetland, whose constituents have a close affinity with the Icelanders and Faroe Islanders, has arranged to address a private sitting of the Althing here this afternoon.

Yesterday H.M.S. Rodney entertained the officers of the foreign men-of-war. The hospitality of the Icelandic Government has been magnificent and its organization of every detail throughout the festivities admirable. The thanks of journalists are particularly due to the Press Association of Iceland, which left nothing undone to assist them.

The Crown Prince of Sweden has presented two cups for boat races between H.M.S. Rodney and the Swedish battleship Oscar II. One cup is for a race between junior officers pulling British six-oared gigs; the other for crews of seamen pulling first in Swedish and then in British cutters, the times being taken. Both races will be for one mile to-morrow afternoon. The keenest possible interest is being taken in this international event.

HENDON AIR DISPLAY

Prince George represented the King at the R.A.F. display at Hendon on Saturday, and with him in the Royal pavilion were Prince and Princess Takamatsu, King George of Greece, and Prince Damrong of Siam. The crowd exceeded that present at any of the previous 10 displays. A full description of the spectacle is given on page 11.

THE TEST MATCH

AUSTRALIA'S BIG SCORE

Australia made a magnificent reply in the second Test Match at Lord's on Saturday to England's total of 425. After the England innings had been completed W. M. Woodfull and W. H. Ponsford scored 162 for the first wicket, and at the close of play Australia had made 404 for the loss of only two wickets. Woodfull was dismissed a few minutes before stumps were drawn for a very fine innings of 155, and at the close of play D. G. Bradman had scored 155 not out. The partnership for the second wicket between Woodfull and Bradman realised 231 runs. With eight wickets in hand, Australia are only 21 runs behind.

The play was watched during the afternoon by the King, to whom the members of the two sides were presented. A special report of the match appears on page 6.

LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

The Queen was again present at the All-England Courts at Wimbledon on Saturday to watch the play in the Lawn Tennis Championships. In the Singles and the Women's Singles the last eight was reached. J. C. Gregory was the only British player to reach the last eight in the Singles Championship, but in the Women's Singles Championship Miss P. E. Mudford, Miss J. C. Ridley and Miss B. Nuthall all reached that stage.

Play will be continued in the Singles to-day to reach the semi-final round; there are five American, two French and one British player still competing. The next round in the Women's Singles will not be played till to-morrow. Fine weather has favoured the play so far and there has been no interruption so that the tournament is well advanced. The report of the play on Saturday, the results and the order of play for to-day will be found on page 7.

THE GRAND PRIX

M. Edouard Henriquet's filly Commanderie, ridden by F. Herve and trained by P. Carter, won the Grand Prix de Paris at Longchamp, yesterday by a length and a half from Château Bouscaut, who was a short head in front of Velouerême and Godiche, who deadheated for third place. The running was made by Lord Glanely's Grand Salute and Lord Derby's Katrine for a long way, but both were beaten and dropped back some distance before the winning-post. Seven English jockeys were riding in the race.

A full description of the race by our Racing Correspondent appears on page 5.

OPENING OF INDIA HOUSE

THE KING'S SPEECH TO BE BROADCAST

Arrangements have now been completed for broadcasting the King's speech at the opening of the new India House, Aldwych, on Tuesday, July 8. The speech will be relayed to all B.B.C. stations in this country, as well as to the experimental short-wave station at Chelmsford, which will be opened specially so that listeners abroad may hear the speech.

The last broadcast by the King was given in January, when his speech, welcoming the delegates of the Five Powers to the London Naval Conference, was clearly heard throughout the world. On that occasion the King's speech was received in Delhi at loud-speaker strength, and, as the second broadcast is also to be given in the morning, there is little doubt that thousands of listeners in various parts of India will again be able to hear his Majesty's speech distinctly.

ENGINEERING FIRMS AND RATIONALIZATION

AN IMPORTANT ARRANGEMENT

A working arrangement, which is expected to be far-reaching in its effects, has been entered into between two important British engineering firms—Messrs. Ruston and Hornsby, Limited, of Lincoln, Grantham, and Stockport; and Messrs. R. A. Lister and Co., Limited, of Dursley, Gloucestershire.

The arrangement, which affects 12 companies, does not involve the merging of the financial interests of the two firms, but has been entered into solely to secure efficient co-ordination in the design, production, and sales of the firms' products.

Messrs. Ruston and Hornsby, Limited, hold all the Ordinary shares in the well-known agricultural engineering firm of Ransomes, Sims, and Jefferies, Limited, of Ipswich (founded in 1789), and a 50 per cent. interest in Ruston-Bucyrus, Limited, of Lincoln, manufacturers of excavating machinery. The parties to the arrangement control subsidiary and associated companies in Canada, the United States, France, Belgium, Germany, Australia, and the Argentine; and their financial, manufacturing, and selling resources will now be devoted to securing a substantially greater share of oversea trade for British engineering products in the principal export markets of the world.

In order to secure the closest working cooperation between the two firms, Mr. G. R. Sharpley, the managing director of Ruston and Hornsby, Limited, will join the Lister board, and Mr. Percy Lister, the managing director of R. A. Lister and Co., Limited, will join the Ruston and Hornsby board.

The works of the two firms cover over 400 acres, and their combined assets are estimated at over £6,000,000, making them one of the largest engineering groups in this country.

It is calculated that as a result of the arrangement the firms concerned will be able within the next six months very materially to increase their output, and arrangements have already been made for a considerable expansion of their production programmes.

Over 12,000 persons are at present employed by the companies at home and abroad.

Messrs. Lister, whose works have for the past three years been consistently employed to their utmost capacity, will not only continue the substantial extensions now being made to their plant and factory at Dursley, but will also be able to contribute to an increase in the volume of work done by the Lincoln firm.

Under the arrangement Messrs. Lister will concentrate on engines up to 25 h.p., while Messrs. Ruston and Hornsby will continue the manufacture of oil and gas engines, both horizontal and vertical. A new light, high-speed, cold-starting Diesel engine of between 25 h.p. and 100 h.p. will be produced jointly by the two firms.

THE BOLIVIAN REVOLT

FALL OF CABINET

MILITARY DIRECTORY IN POWER

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 29

A Military Directory of six members, headed by General Don Carlos Blanco Galindo, has taken over the Government of Bolivia following a successful rising against the Cabinet chosen by Dr. Siles to conduct the Administration when he resigned the Presidency. Dr. Siles has taken refuge in the Brazilian Legation at La Paz.

The rising against the Siles Government began several weeks ago, when it became evident that Dr. Siles intended to

try to change the Bolivian Constitution so that he might continue in office after the expiry of his legal term this month. At that time the University students joined by workmen, began a series of hostile manifestations. The Government retaliated by closing the schools, imprisoning many of the students, and deporting their leaders from La Paz to unhealthy parts of the country. Last Sunday the students, as has already been reported, attacked the headquarters of the Police and were repulsed by machine-gun fire, with many casualties. There was another clash on Monday; but no more outbreaks until Wednesday, when news reached the capital of the outbreak at Oruro which secured the control of the railways for the Insurgents.

On learning of this 150 students in the Military College revolted, seizing the arms and ammunition stored there. At the barracks of the 1st Engineering Corps they secured another 100 supporters, and with these and the help of a number of workmen they attacked the Government's troops, of whom about 2,000 had remained loyal to the Cabinet. The troops drove them back to the aviation training field on the heights, but instead of supporting the Government the Flying Corps went over to the students *en masse*. The Cabinet thereupon resigned, ostensibly to avoid further bloodshed, and a Military Directory took its place. The Directory in La Paz has the support of the military leaders who are in control of Oruro and are reported to control all the other large towns in Bolivia.

It is reported in Lima that the late President's stoutest supporter, General Hans Kundt, who was the dominating spirit in the Cabinet, has been killed. General Kundt was lent by the German Emperor to Bolivia in 1910. He remained in La Paz until the outbreak of the Great War, engaged in introducing Prussianized methods into the Bolivian Army. After the War he returned to Bolivia and was made Chief of Staff. His methods were intensely disliked by the Army and he was not popular with the public; but Dr. Siles found him invaluable.

NEW YORK, June 29.—General Kundt is not dead, as previously reported, but has taken refuge in the German Legation in La Paz.—*Reuter.*

U.S. ARBITRATION TREATY WITH CHINA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 29

An Arbitration Treaty between the Chinese Nationalist Government and the United States of America was signed here on Friday afternoon. It is understood that it follows closely what is now the conventional model for arbitration treaties concluded by the United States.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 12)

OPERA

Covent Garden	L'AMORE DEI TRE RE	8.30

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TO SIX	8.30
Daly's	THE COMMAND TO LOVE	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duchess	THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS	8.30
Duke of York's	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	2.30 & 8.30
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	THE JAPANESE PLAYERS	8.30
Grafton	ANNAJANSKA	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.40
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	8.15
Lyric, Hammersmith	KARSAVINA AND MARIE RAMBERT DANCERS	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	8.30
Prince of Wales	RADGER'S GREEN	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Royalty	THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM	8.30
St. James's	THE SWAN	8.15
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	2.30 & 8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Vaudeville	RUTH DRAPER	8.45
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Palladium	6.30 & 9

CONCERTS

Aeolian Hall	MISS GUELDA WALLER AND MISS VERA MACONOCHIE	8.30
Wigmore Hall	MR. PHILLIPOWSKY	8.30

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	1 to 11
Astoria	SUCH MEN ARE DANGEROUS	1 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	JOURNEY'S END	2 to 11
Capitol	THE BRAT	12 to 11
Carlton	PARAMOUNT ON PARADE	2 to 11
Empire	THE GIRL RAID NO	12 to 12
Kensington	DISRAELI	2 to 11
Marble Arch Pavilion	CONDEMNED	2 to 11
New Gallery	COURAGE	2 to 11
Plaza	ONLY THE BRAVE	11.45 to 11
Polytechnic	ACROSS BOLIVIA	2.30, 5.30, & 8.4
Prince Edward	SONG O' MY HEART	2.30 & 8.30
Regal	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	1 to 11.30
Stoll Picture Theatre	DISRAELI	12.15 to 11.45
Tivoli	LOVE FINDS A WAY	12 to 11

THE TIMES

MONDAY, JUNE 30, 1930

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate south or south-east wind; mainly fine, but perhaps thunderstorms or thundery rains later; warm.

Further Outlook for the British Isles.—Unsettled. (p. 16)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

Arrangements have been made to broadcast the King's speech on the occasion of the opening of India House, Aldwych, on July 8. (p. 14)

To-day the House of Commons will debate the Channel Tunnel project on a motion handed in by 100 supporters of the scheme, mostly Labour members. (p. 14)

Officials of the Miners' Federation are meeting the President of the Board of Trade to-night to discuss the Lords' amendments to the Coal Mines Bill, especially the hours "spreadover." (p. 11)

Prince George represented the King at the R.A.F. display at Hendon on Saturday. The attendance was a record. (p 11)

The Examiners in Engineering in the Final Honour School of Natural Science issued a Class List on Saturday. The Rev. L. W. Grensted has been elected to the Oriel Professorship of the Philosophy of the Christian Religion. (p. 16)

It is announced by the Imperial War Graves Commission that the completion of the memorial to the Missing at Thiepval (Somme) is not expected until the Autumn of next year. (p. 8)

A number of School Speech Days were held on Saturday. (p. 9)

Mr. T. W. Mackenzie, chairman of the South African Delegation to the Imperial Press Conference, speaking in London on Saturday, urged the formation of a Council of Empire to deal with all big questions and to advise the various Governments upon them. (p. 9)

POLITICS

Mr. Baldwin, speaking in Dorset on Saturday, asked Lord Beaverbrook to put his Empire free trade policy clearly before the electors. He declared that Lord Rothermere's attempt at dictation to the Crown and the Government of the day would be resisted by the country to the end. (p. 16)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

Official consultations on matters arising out of the Statutory Commission's Report began in Simla on Saturday. Our Special Correspondent telegraphs that there is a disquieting disposition in certain quarters to minimize the importance of the Report in relation to the Round-Table Conference. Nothing, he says, would please the leaders who have so uncompromisingly damned the Report more than the chance to tell their followers that it is on the scrap-heap already. (p. 14)

The Italian Government has decided to increase the military expenditure for the year 1930-31 by 500,000,000 lire (about £5,435,000). From Paris it is reported that explanations have led to the dissipation of misunderstandings in regard to French military developments and that the renewal of the Franco-Italian negotiations may be expected at an early date. (p. 14)

Sir Abdur Rahim, speaking at a Moslem conference in Bengal on Saturday, subjected the Indian Report to a reasoned criticism. The proposals for the Provincial Councils, he said, gave great satisfaction, but he criticized the powers reserved to the Governor, and said the recommendations for the Assembly were a retrograde step. (p. 14)

Two of the members of the Kanchenjunga Expedition have ascended Dodang Peak (22,700ft.). This is the end of the expedition's mountaineering. (p. 13)

The convention for the international regulation of hours of work in mines was rejected at Geneva on Saturday, the necessary two-thirds majority not being secured. The German Government delegates abstained from voting. (p. 13)

SPORT

M. Edouard Henriquet's filly Commanderie, ridden by Herve and trained by Carter, won the Grand Prix de Paris at Longchamp yesterday ; the Sandown Park First Summer Meeting was concluded on Saturday. (p. 5)

The second Test Match was continued at Lord's on Saturday, when, in reply to England's total of 425, Australia scored 404 for the loss of two wickets, Woodfull making 155 and Bradman 155 not out. (p. 6)

The All-England Lawn Tennis Championships were continued at Wimbledon on Saturday, when J. C. Gregory beat F. J. Perry in the Singles and Miss Nuthall beat Mrs. McIlquham in the Women's Singles. (p. 7)

The Hurricanes beat Goulburn (Australia) in the final tie of the tournament for the Champion Cup at Hurlingham on Saturday by nine goals to seven. (p. 7)

In an athletic contest at Stamford Bridge on Saturday the London Athletic Club beat Cambridge University by 15 points, with the Dominion Students third. (p. 5)

The draw for Henley Royal Regatta was made on Saturday. (p. 4)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on :—The Buenos Ayres and Pacific Issue ; A Rationalization Scheme ; Newcastle Electric Issue ; Paton and Baldwins Bad Year ; Sleeping Car Share Trust Report ; Affairs of a Brazilian Firm ; Sound Finance ; Dental Profits; Fire Premium Incomes Last Year. (p. 21)

Heavy displacements of credit took place in Lombard-street on Saturday, but conditions remained easy. A further large amount was borrowed from the Bank of England. Discount rates showed little change. The Foreign Exchange market was active. The New York rate rose further to $4.86¼. Spanish pesetas were again weak. Silver rose 1-16d. for cash to 16d. per oz. (p. 22)

ARMAMENTS OR NEGOTIATIONS ?

The message from our Paris Correspondent which is printed on the opposite page contains rather more reassuring news of the relations between France and Italy than has been received for some time ; and it may now be hoped that negotiations about the differences that exist between them may be begun without too much delay. When the Naval Conference ended it was arranged that naval conversations between the two countries which had failed to agree in London should be continued in Rome and Paris ; after the subsequent meeting of the League Council it was understood that general negotiations regarding other points at issue would be resumed through the ordinary diplomatic channels ; but until now there has been no news of resumption in either one case or the other. In the meantime there has been much information of a different and disturbing character ; and our Rome Correspondent announces only this morning that the Italian Government has decided to authorize supplementary expenditure on armaments for 1930-31 of over £5,000,000. Indeed the supposed danger of war between Italy and France has become quite a common topic of conversation wherever foreign affairs are discussed; and travellers who return from either country, especially if they happen to have been visiting the region where the two frontiers join between the Alps and the sea, bring back disquieting accounts of warlike talk and even of overt military preparations. Moreover almost daily examples may be found in the Press of either country—though on the French side they are chiefly confined to newspapers circulating along the Riviera and in the South-East—of querulous or passionate declamations against the neighbouring Government and all its ways, which certainly do nothing to dispel the unfavourable impressions of travellers. Nor does the most trustworthy information belie them. The present unhappy relations between the two great Latin countries have moved so experienced an observer as MR. WICKHAM STEED to propose that the League of Nations should be invited to intervene. He suggests that some neutral and disinterested State should be ready at a moment's notice to draw the attention of the Council to "a matter of concern to the "whole League." Such action is of course permissible under Article XI. of the Covenant. It is there declared to be "the "friendly right" of each member of the League to bring to its notice "any circumstance what-"ever affecting international relations which "threatens to disturb international peace or "the good understanding between nations." Still, it is difficult yet to see what useful result the setting in motion of the official machinery of the League could achieve. For the moment the interference of others in these differences, as MR. STEED will probably himself agree, would at least be premature. It would be distasteful to the two countries concerned ; and the Council itself would be handicapped by having no outstanding incident or precise problem upon which to focus discussion. One of its difficulties is always the natural tendency for debates to roam about among secondary and unrelated issues ; the more simple and tangible the point of difference the better is the chance of the League to settle it. In the present case the symptoms of disagreement are both numerous and palpable; but the real causes are difficult of apprehension, and lie deep in the national aspirations and geographical positions of the two peoples.

Ostensibly the points at issue between France and Italy are two in number and are confined to North Africa. The position of Italians in Tunisia—where they still outnumber the French—was settled by a Convention in 1896. Italy obtained very favourable terms—too favourable, the French Governments of to-day are inclined to think, for by it the settlers are enabled to retain their Italian citizenship and to form "a State within a "State." On the other hand the Convention is renewable every three months ; and it is regarded by the Fascist Government as something of a humiliation that it has to make, as it were, a periodical application for a renewal of the rights of its citizens in Tunis. Italian critics, as our Correspondent in Paris pointed out in the articles which he recently devoted to Franco-Italian differences, do not hesitate to declare that France has tried to circumvent the 1896 Convention by passing laws unfavourable to the Italians and trying to force them to seek French citizenship for economic reasons. On the French side it is suspected that some ulterior design lurks behind the Italian zeal which builds so many schools and other institutions for the benefit of the settlers. And the negotiations intermittently conducted in Rome for the last two years have brought the two countries no nearer to agreement. The other point at issue, which has also long been unprofitably discussed, is that of the boundary between Tunisia and Libya. By the Treaty of London, under the terms of which Italy entered the War in 1915, she was to obtain, upon its successful conclusion, a rectification of her Tripolitan frontier from France, just as she bargained for—and has got—a rectification of the boundaries of Jubaland from Great Britain. France accordingly conceded to Italy certain territory along the Tripolitan frontier in 1919 ; but the concession was stigmatized by SIGNOR TITTONI as "only a "partial and limited application" of the relevant article of the Treaty of London ; and SIGNOR MUSSOLINI has endorsed his predecessor's judgment.

The removal of these points of difference would be a real gain to the relations of the two countries and to the stability of European peace; and it is impossible to believe that the ingenuity of Franco-Italian diplomacy would fail to find a settlement if it were really informed by good will. They must have been settled long ago, either by direct negotiation or by resort to arbitration—and both countries have signed the optional clause of The Hague Statute which makes a dispute about the interpretation of a Treaty a compulsory subject of arbitration—if other and profounder causes of difference had not hampered the efforts of the diplomatists. The rise of Italy since the War, her recent rather strident insistence upon the relatively enhanced importance of her position among the Great Powers, and the reluctance of France, conveyed in a hundred subtleties of diurnal diplomacy, to recognize it; the rivalry of the two Powers for influence in the Balkans; a sense of grievance in Italy because, despite the increase of her Continental territory after the War, she was not regarded as a Colonial Power, and has not been entrusted with a single Mandate, though France and even Belgium became mandatory Powers; the demographical problem of excess of population in Italy and under-population in France, causing a steady influx of Italian workmen into the Midi, where, in accordance with Fascist principles, they refuse to accept French citizenship ; and, finally, the contrast between the Fascist nature of the one State and the democratic institutions of the other—all these points of contrast constitute a clash of principles and a cumulative antagonism which for the moment quite obliterate the common services to civilization which the two nations have rendered in war and in peace. And the most disquieting feature of all is the rivalry in armaments, a symptomatic consequence of all the enumerated causes of difference. Quite recently the Socialists in France were shocked to learn that M. TARDIEU was asking for a supplementary credit of £8,000,000 for national defence; and SIGNOR MOSCONI in Rome refers to "the grow-"ing armaments of other countries" while asking the Fascist Parliament to vote additional sums for the same purpose. SIGNOR GRANDI did indeed propose the other day that there should be a naval holiday between the two countries in 1930. What has become of his proposal? There is a race between negotiations and armaments; and at the moment diplomacy is not winning. It seems incredible that the statesmanship of Italy and France should allow a disastrous mistake of the pre-War period to be repeated.

Landowners and Greengrocers

Recent correspondence in these columns—more especially the letters of LORD SELBORNE, MR. H. E. RICHARDSON, and MAJOR NELSON ROOKE (which is printed this morning)—has drawn much-needed attention to the damage threatened to landowners and therefore to agriculture by Clauses 29 to 33 of MR. SNOWDEN'S Finance Bill. Because of their personal experiences the reality of this danger has long been painfully familiar to landowners, but it is not so clear to the general public, nor apparently to the officers of the Inland Revenue. In the Treasury memorandum explanatory of the five clauses it is stated that they are designed to check loss of estate duty caused by the transference of property to "private" companies and to the difficulty of arriving at a true value of shares in such companies. On the face of it there is nothing wrong in this design. It is perfectly legitimate. But so also is the action of the agricultural landowner who transfers the management of his property to a private company. Not only is there no original sin in his desire to look after his own interests—which in this respect are also the national interests—but he is legally entitled and empowered to do so under the Companies Acts. Why, then, should he be treated differently from another man who, under the same Act, forms a company to carry on any other business, such as a greengrocer's shop or a factory ? Why should the Bill penalize the one class of company by dealing with it on a principle fundamentally different from that applied to all others ?

On these points the memorandum offers no explanation. Clauses 29 and 30, it says, impose the charge of estate duty in cases where the deceased has transferred property to a private company (so that it does not "pass" on his death), but has continued to enjoy the use of it or to obtain payments from the company in place of the income which he formerly derived from the property. That sounds fair enough until it appears that the intention is to mulct one class of those who wish to transfer their property and to allow the rest to go scot free. On all principles of equity what is sauce for the property of the deceased landowner should be sauce for that of the deceased greengrocer. But in one of the paragraphs of Clause 29 the words "transfers inci-"dental to the transfer of a *bona fide* business" are followed by the invidious qualification "not "being a business which substantially consists "in holding, managing, developing, or dealing "with land." But why this discrimination ? Is the management of land not a *bona fide* business ? There is in fact every reason for LORD SELBORNE'S conclusion that the five clauses are largely, if not mainly, designed to hit the agricultural landowner who has transferred his *bona fide* business to a private company, while for the present excluding from their operation tradesmen and manufacturers who have done the very same thing. The grounds on which landlords as a class have been singled out for this distinctive treatment are not apparent, unless, indeed, as LORD SELBORNE suggests, MR. SNOWDEN'S action is due to the desire of the Socialist Party for their destruction.

If this policy of destruction is carried out, what will be the effect ? A reasonable and convincing answer to this question was given in MR. RICHARDSON'S letter and is repeated in greater detail by MAJOR ROOKE. The policy is manifestly unfair because it is based on the principle that there is to be one law for the landowner and another for the tradesman or industrialist. It would be disastrous to agriculture because of the great part which landowners have played in the maintenance of that industry. For generations past they have been, and, according to their ability, are still anxious to be, one of its main props. By the employment that they have given and by the extent to which they have helped their tenants to tide over bad times and carry on their business of producing the nation's food they have been of invaluable service to the State. As MR. RICHARDSON pointed out, their capital invested in land yields them the lowest rate of return that any capital in the kingdom affords—lower, certainly, than the greengrocer (honest man) expects to get when he forms his company. In recent years the charges for income-tax, supertax, and death duties (especially heavy during the War) have taken a toll from landed properties out of all proportion to that imposed upon other commercial concerns. Faced with the increasing difficulty of meeting their liabilities, more and more landowners have been forced to sell their estates at break-up prices, or else—in the hope of imparting an element of corporate permanence to the ownership of landed properties with all its contingent responsibilities—have made use of the machinery provided by the law for forming companies to undertake their management. Now, if Parliament allows MR. SNOWDEN to have his way, those who did so, and thereby incurred a reduced liability to estate duty, are not only to be deprived of the assistance afforded by the existing law, but are to be mulcted retrospectively for having availed themselves of the consideration which it showed them and without which it will in most cases be impossible for them to carry on. It is hardly necessary to point to the effect which their forced retirement from their *bona fide* business must have on the fortunes of the farming industry, on the volume of agricultural employment, and indeed on the general body of taxpayers, who (as MAJOR ROOKE reminds us) will have to shoulder the burdens once borne by the lost estates. A heavy responsibility lies on Parliament, and especially on the Labour Party and MR. MACDONALD. If they pass the five clauses without drastic amendment they will be supporting a policy which is not only unjust but uneconomic, and must inevitably and indefinitely postpone the agricultural revival which, in common with the other two parties and in the interests of their agricultural constituents in all parts of the country, they profess to desire.

Taking Trouble Over Tourists

The lawsuit in Paris, in which a Queen of the Apaches has been suing a tourist agency over money due for her performances in the low haunts to which the tourists are conducted, has been a further proof that no pains are too great to ensure the pleasure of foreign visitors. The Queen, in reality a variety artist, would load the tourists with abuse until an old gentleman appeared, claiming every night that it was his eighty-second birthday and persuading the Apache Queen to sing her songs. It might have been thought a perilous business to have so many birthdays, for the experience was one of which the tourists were expected to boast to one another ; but from the beginning of history travellers have been a gullible lot, and all the happier for it.

"All foreigners are mostly fools," said DR. JOHNSON, and, on the whole, human beings tend to disapprove of foreign countries. Yet their approval, or disapproval, is of considerable economic importance, and the problem arises for statesmen and moralists what use to make of the means thus provided for changing the habits of native populations. The campaign against unsightly posters is very much strengthened when people realize that it pays to be a beauty-spot. The vandalism of past generations towards the relics of the past is now checked and the tables are turned, for it is the part of the hard-headed and unsentimental business man to preserve whatever he can that may make his town worth visiting. Local peculiarities of dress and conduct have a value in cash, and the more humane attitude of people towards the eccentrics in their midst may have its business side. Reforming rulers, alike in the Levant and in the Caribbean, have already discovered that if they bring their people too much into line with Western civilization the pleasure cruises will omit them from their itinerary, and in each country a certain portion of the population must be excepted from the proposed improvements and sacrificed to the needs of the tourist industry. Patches of Wild West are still preserved in the Western States of America for the tourists from the East, and Africa is already experiencing the legerdemain of the thoughtful organizers of conducted tours. Even the civil wars in China may have to continue indefinitely, in the interests of local colour. What is stereotyped may be very irksome to the local population, but it need only be maintained during a season each year, and, while there are so many agencies at work reducing the world to an unexciting sameness, it would perhaps be a mistake to cavil at whatever protects, however meretriciously, the rich diversity of local life.

Straw Hats

The time has gone by for heaving half-bricks at strangers, and innumerable agencies exist to teach the importance of being friendly towards foreigners. Yet it is a familiar truth of history that people must quarrel over something, and that the State with no outside enemies is peculiarly prone to see its citizens at loggerheads with each other. So that it is easy to conjecture patriotic motives behind the announcement that the straw hat manufacturers of Florence intend to start a campaign of jeering against all Italians who do not wear straw hats. The approval of the Italian Government has in fact been secured, for the straw hat is a home industry of repute in Italy, and he is a sorry Italian who prefers to expose his bare head to the powerful Italian sun, which might almost seem in league with the manufacturers. Every healthy nation needs its butts, and, in an age too humane to consider Bedlam as a side-show or to mock at frailty or oddity, those must serve as lawful butts who are acting in a fashion which is not only singular but bad for trade.

If men are put to scorn for not wearing straw hats, there will be a certain poetic justice about it, for straw hats have not been made much of so far. It is true that the Americans—whose heightened tariff is the ultimate reason for the new attitude of Italian manufacturers—allow no one, under pain of extreme displeasure and possible mild violence, to wear a straw hat at his own discretion. All must move together as one people, and not anticipate the day on which the season opens. The "boater" carries club colours, and in various English public schools divinity hedges it round, while in the world of the comic picture post-card it has long enjoyed a position of special eminence. Otherwise its distinctions have been few, and the greedy topper, not content to hold the records for solemnity and formality, has eclipsed it as a source of humour, a field in which the competition between hats is very high. Conjurers, too, who are the men among all mankind whose favour confers real distinction on objects, vastly prefer the topper to the boater, and only the rather melancholy minor jugglers who revolve things on walking sticks put the straw hat in pride of place. It is not least among the many limitations of the straw hat that it is linked with many proverbs which will prove a handicap to those dull-witted but patriotic citizens who want to think of insults and cannot. The various lines of approach through the proverbs all help the bareheaded, with their ready references to drowning men, hair, wind, and camels. But sovereign States are legally omnicompetent, and if it is going to help trade nobody will be surprised to see the connotations of words changed for public policy, and a eulogistic implication henceforward firmly attached, by public decree, to the phrase "a man of straw."

AFTER THE INDIAN REPORT

THE AGITATORS' AIMS

CONGRESS AND THE CONFERENCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A letter I have received this week from a brother officer indicates how trying the circumstances now are in India, and is otherwise of such interest that you may like to have the gist of it.

Congress has managed to rouse much more excitement in towns than at one time seemed likely, and has excited an enormous amount of ill-feeling against Government and against the British. Agitation has not yet reached rural areas and the great danger of an agrarian agitation against the landlords has hitherto been avoided. In the towns, the arrest of leaders of varying importance continues and there is danger if this sort of thing goes on that tempers on both sides will become dangerously frayed. The agitators hope that by proving the extent of their organization and their power to make trouble they may get better terms in any settlement which may ultimately be arrived at. Consequently it will not suit them to let the agitation die down, and they will do their best to keep it alive till the Conference sits in October or November.

The one fear is that people in England may try to produce a solution by one of those extraordinary gestures which commend themselves to a certain class of politicians but which count for nothing in India. At the moment there is no reason to think that the people believe that Government has weakened or failed to support its own cause. Our officials, major and minor, though bored and a good deal provoked, are still in fair heart. Landowners are beginning to play up against the agitator. Above all there are no signs of defeatism among our own people.

Yours faithfully,
C. M. KING.

Walldown, Whitehill, Hants, June 26.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your Correspondent at Simla notes the dissatisfaction aroused in India at the inadequate number of copies of the Simon Report ordered by the Government of India. Even if an ample supply of copies of the Report in English is sent out, there are only 16 Indians in 1,000 who can read it. What is to be done for the 100 persons per 1,000 who are educated in their own vernacular and know no English ? They are quite as capable of forming an opinion on it as the few who can read and understand English, and they represent at least as important if a less advertised part of the population.

It has been suggested in your correspondence columns that the Report should be translated into the principal European languages, as its importance deserves. Surely it is still more desirable that it should be immediately translated into all the main vernaculars, so as to reach at any rate the bulk of the present electorate in India. There are schoolmasters in the *mufassal*, merchants, small landed proprietors, subordinate officers in the Indian Army, religious leaders, *Karis*, *Gurus*, and Brahmin pundits, to say nothing of many Indian ladies, who can read their own language but not English. They are all interested in their country's future and are as patriotic as the noisiest Swarajist. It is to the interest of the anti-British party that the Report should neither be read nor understood by their fellow-countrymen. Translated into the principal vernaculars, such as Bengali, Urdu, Hindi, Gujerati, Tamil, and Telugu, the Report will speak for itself.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
H. TEMPEST REILLY, I.C.S., Retired.

Cliff Castle, Seaton, Devon.

FRANCE AND ITALY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There is reason to believe that relations between France and Italy are severely strained. At any moment a fresh "incident," like those recently reported in your columns, may inflame public feeling on both sides of the Alps to a point at which international peace might be endangered. Both countries, members of the League of Nations and signatories of the Kellogg Pact, are heeding in practice what Signor Mosconi, the Fascist Minister of Finance, termed on Wednesday "the wise old Roman saying that if you desire peace you must prepare for war." May not the moment be at hand when other members of the League should bethink themselves of Article 11 of the League Covenant ? It runs :—

> Any war or threat of war, whether immediately affecting any of the Members of the League or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern to the whole League, and the League shall take any action that may be deemed wise and effectual to safeguard the peace of nations. In case any such emergency should arise the Secretary General shall on the request of any Member of the League forthwith summon a meeting of the Council.
>
> It is also declared to be the friendly right of each Member of the League to bring to the attention of the Assembly or of the Council any circumstance whatever affecting international relations which threatens to disturb international peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

The most positive feature of this Article is that, in case of emergency, the Secretary General shall "on the request of any member of the League" forthwith summon a meeting of the Council. It seems unlikely that either France or Italy would make this request. Great Britain is too deeply interested in Mediterranean affairs to escape suspicion of partiality were she to take the lead in setting the League machinery in motion. No prospect of armed conflict between two great naval Powers in the Mediterannean could fail profoundly to affect British interests.

But there are many members of the League to whom this consideration does not apply. Holland and the Scandinavian States are among them. Would it not be expedient for the Governments of those States to inform themselves carefully, to watch the situation vigilantly, so as to be ready to act without a moment's delay should further complications arise ? The "wise old Roman saying" may be a pernicious fallacy in the modern world. Far wiser is the revised version of it which the Mayor of Havre caused to be engraved upon the golden pen with which Secretary Kellogg signed the Multilateral Treaty for the Renunciation of War : "Si vis pacem, para pacem" (Wouldst thou have peace prepare for peace).

I am, Sir, yours obediently,
WICKHAM STEED.

PREACHING AT ST. PAUL'S

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As a young man, when I was passing through Durham going North in July, 1883, the then Archdeacon of Durham (the late Dr. W. H. Watkins) kindly asked me to luncheon, and I had the great good fortune to meet, besides my host, Dr. Lightfoot, Bishop of Durham, Dr. Harvey Goodwin, Bishop of Carlisle (preaching in the Cathedral that week-day afternoon), and Dr. Evans, the University Professor of Greek. The question (*inter alia*) was freely discussed by these learned men of most wide and varied pulpit experiences, personal and otherwise, who was the greatest preacher they had ever heard in the pulpit. The verdict was unanimous. Canon Henry Melvill, of St. Paul's Cathedral, who died in 1871. Dr. Harvey Goodwin (himself acknowledged to be an excellent preacher) told us of the canon's manner and method in the pulpit ; how he read his sermons very rapidly in an even and quiet tone, holding the congregation spellbound, and seldom lifting his eyes from his manuscript, except at the close of each section of his discourse, of which, the Bishop said, there were usually three.

At that time (1883) Dr. Liddon was drawing vast crowds to St. Paul's during each April, August, and December, to their very great edification, comfort, and delight, and his merits as a preacher were fully weighed. As a humble layman I venture to differ profoundly from much of Mr. Dean's opinion of that first-class theologian and very wonderful preacher of the Word of God, as Dr. Inge writes under the heading "The Preaching Traditions of St. Paul's," in your admirable Church and Empire Number, for which so very many must be most grateful all over the Empire.

Yours truly,
C. B. GABB.

The Royal Societies Club, S.W., June 26.

AN AIRWAY TO CANADA

EXPLORATION IN GREENLAND

A BRITISH SURVEY

(By H. G. Watkins, Leader of the Expedition)

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Shackleton's old ship, The Quest, will leave St. Katharine's Dock on the morning of July 4 carrying the British Arctic Air Route Expedition to the Faroe Islands, Iceland, and Greenland. Captain Scheldrup will have a crowded ship. Besides his Norwegian crew of 10, there will be 13 members of our Expedition, two motor-boats, and one aeroplane on board. At the Faroe Island this already varied complement will be increased by 50 dogs, who will have to be packed in pens on deck. If the weather is bad, the dogs will suffer more than anybody, and we shall not be a peaceful company.

A second aeroplane, also a De Havilland Moth, will be carried to the east coast of Greenland in the Danish Government boat shortly afterwards. The Quest will also have on board many hundredweight of precious instruments, cameras, survey equipment, cases of synthetic foods, and strange Arctic garments. If the ice is not bad this year, we should get to Angmagsalik by the end of the month. We shall hand over The Quest to its Norwegian owners not later than September 15, after which date no ship can be insured in Arctic waters.

The Expedition will remain in Greenland for a year, laying the foundations for flying in and across Greenland. Various parties will make journeys by dog sledge on the ice cap, down to the south and up the centre into the far north. If possible trial flights will be made across to the west coast. In addition, we shall make geographical ground and air surveys of a large section of the east coast, and a party of meteorologists will spend the winter relieving each other in a lonely outpost on the highest part of the ice cap. They will gather a mass of information about the weather of that section of the Arctic that so affects the vagaries of the English climate. But, as was announced in *The Times* of June 4, the main work of the Expedition is to survey the ice cap of Greenland and the east coast with a view to the possibility of using the straightest line between England and Canada for an air route.

By the iniquity of Mercator's Projection, Greenland seems to hang like an enormous tongue of ice and snow far above the trade routes of the Atlantic, a frozen waste useless to man, and certainly remote to all appearances from the communications of Empire. Actually, such is the conformation of our apple-shaped planet, it droops its pendulous snout straight between England and Canada. A direct line from Scotland to Winnipeg passes across the middle of it. On that line lie the Faroe Islands and Iceland. It is predominantly a land line; no more than 300 miles of sea need be crossed at any one stretch. It has, in fact, the makings of an air line.

AN IMAGINARY JOURNEY

We are going to Greenland to investigate and, if possible, to lay the foundations of such an air line. Leaving London by aeroplane, the traveller by this line would fly straight to the North of Scotland (about 700 miles). There, on the coast of Sutherland or Caithness, at some airport prepared in one of the numerous harbours between Cape Wrath and Pentland Firth, he would change into a seaplane. Given a stretch of water half a mile wide, and reasonably open in all directions, but sheltered from the main sea, seaplanes could land and take off there for Canada in all winds and weathers. Guided by signals from wireless directional beacons, the seaplane would fly straight over the Orkneys to Thorshaven in the north of the Faroe Islands, a lap of 300 miles, 250 of them over sea.

Thorshaven lies in a fiord amid Norwegian scenery, steep cliffs with mountains behind. The deep harbour is sheltered, though the sea round the islands is likely to be the roughest that the traveller will see anywhere on his journey. The Norse islanders are fair-haired, like Icelanders, and very amiable. They preserve close links with the Shetland islanders, and even two years ago played a football match against them. They are strictly teetotal.

The crossing to Thorshaven would probably have to be made in daylight. At Thorshaven would be a refuelling station, and, if necessary, means of shelter. Between Thorshaven and Iceland are about 320 miles of sea, but the whole of the next stage to Reykjavik is 500 miles long. Reykjavik and its inhabitants are well accustomed to flights, and its wide harbour would be a safe and easy landing stage. The Air Ministry has at present a survey flight out to the Faroes and Iceland, and their reports on flying conditions would be most valuable for the initial stages of flying to Canada.

At Reykjavik the traveller to Canada would change his aeroplane. From a seaplane with floats he would get into one with floats and a ski-under-carriage that could be lowered. The reason for such a change is that we believe there is no reason why the next landing should not be on the Greenland ice cap. The old idea was that after Iceland the seaplane would head for the Greenland coast, and then turn south to fly down to the southern point, landing at Ivigtut or Julianehavn, and that the next stage would be across to the north coast of Labrador. Such a route would be the best for travellers to New York and Eastern cities, and may still be used for that purpose. But it involves a long stretch of sea flying through the constant fog belt where the currents of differently-heated waters of the North Atlantic, Hudson Strait, and Davis Strait meet. By going straight across to some point on the east coast of Greenland, north of latitude 65°N., probably near Angmagsalik, the fog belt should be avoided and the Greenland ice cap take the place of a long sea stretch.

The details of how we propose to prepare the way for such a landing station on the ice cap will be discussed in a later article. The imaginary traveller, leaving the station, would now climb steadily up over the hog's back of the Arctic ice that covers Greenland from side to side. This cap rises in some places to 9,000ft.; but there is a theory, which we shall investigate, that somewhere across Greenland, probably from Disko Island on the west (latitude 70° N.) to the region between the head of Scoresby Sound and Angmagsalik (latitude 66° N.), runs a shallow trough, a depression in the ice. It would be an advantage to fly along this depression, since it would avoid the necessity of climbing as high as 9,000ft.—possibly no higher than 7,000ft.—and there would probably be steadier winds down it. The reasons for this theory of the depression are that of the three previous explorers that have crossed the ice cap, Koch, crossing with Icelandic ponies in 1913 from about latitude 77° on the east to latitude 70° 30' on the west, found the highest land under him to be slightly south of his path, north of latitude 75°. Then Nansen, crossing in 1888, from Gydenlöve Fiord to Godhavn, at about latitude 64°, found land lower than Koch found. Finally, De Quervain, crossing by dog sledge from

Jacobshavn on the west coast, about latitude 69°, to Angmagsalik (latitude 66°) found land lower than either Koch or Nansen. The land must slope into a trough south of Koch's route.

Whether he followed a depression or not, the traveller would not be more than seven hours or so over the ice—it would be about 450 miles from the base—to Godhavn, on Disko Island, which has about the best weather to be found on the west coast. Godhavn is a big station; it is the centre of an Eskimo settlement on the west coast, which all told numbers several thousands (as compared with the 600 on the east coast), and it has a good harbour and a nursing station. Moreover, it is north of the worst of the fog belt. Holstenborg, to the south, is nearer to Baffin Land, but is right in the middle of the worst weather.

Before the traveller now stretch the fearsome seas of Davis Strait, an unflown rift in the ice, with the inhospitable mountainous shores of Baffin Land, free of ice cap but icebound most of the year, beyond. However, it is only 200 miles of sea, and, given a clear stretch of water in Cumberland Sound, across the first peninsula of Baffin Land, and a reasonable let-up in the fog when the time came to land, the traveller should be able to cross the 400 miles from Godhavn to, perhaps, Pangnirtung, a Hudson Bay Company post, in daylight in the darkest days of winter.

After Baffin Land the best, and straightest, line for the traveller would be to Southampton Island, at the top of Hudson Bay opposite the Strait, 550 miles, mostly over the mountains and lakes of Baffin Land, where there would be plenty of emergency landing-places for a seaplane. After that would be a short lap of 200 miles or so to Chesterfield Inlet, on the north-west shore of Hudson Bay. Then he would be within the normal range of North Canadian flying. Aeroplanes fly up regularly along the west shore of Hudson Bay, through Fort Churchill and Chesterfield Inlet, and on over land to Wager Inlet, and even across to Alaska.

It would be easy flying down the 320 miles of coast to Fort Churchill, at the mouth of the Churchill River, the terminus of the new railway built to bring the produce of the plains to the ships and markets of the Old World. Canadian surveyors and engineers fly frequently over the low, rolling country of forests and lakes between Winnipeg and Fort Churchill. The usual route is to follow the river the whole way. It can be done either in one or in two laps, in an ordinary North Canadian seaplane. This stretch would present no more dangers than that from London to the North of Scotland, and is not much longer. When he settled on the broad, smooth surface of the Red River at Winnipeg the traveller would have flown a little under 4,000 miles, less than a third of it over the sea, and he would be in the heart of Canada, now a good 12 days removed from London.

The British Arctic Air Route Expedition will not go farther than Greenland. It will lay the foundations for flights across the seas to Greenland, and—which no one has ever done—across the ice cap of Greenland to the west coast. After that the project lies in Canadian hands. The Canadian Government can command the services of the men most experienced in the wilds of Baffin Land and its Arctic seas. Three years ago it sent an air expedition to explore Hudson Strait. It has wireless stations on Resolution and Nottingham Islands, and near Hopes Advance. Government boats go up yearly to Baffin Land.

We have no wish to minimize the very real dangers of some sections of such a flight. Flying knowledge about the greater part of the area which the Expedition will cover is very slight, and such flights as have been made have shown very clearly the difficulties that are likely to be encountered. On the Canadian side the perils and obstacles are far worse than on the eastern sections.

No one has actually ever flown across the Davis Strait from Greenland to Baffin Land. At the top of Hudson Bay serious flying has hitherto been thought almost impossible on account of the fogs, the fierce winds that sweep through Hudson Strait and across the Melville Peninsula, and the risks that would be entailed in a forced landing among the shifting pack ice. The search for a piece of open water in the last emergency might prove very long, and perhaps futile. In winter the ice round the Baffin Land shores would in sheltered places be frozen smooth enough to land with skis, but then the days would be so dark that there would be very few flying hours.

The peculiar difficulties of this part of the route may be gathered from the fact that the Canadian Air Service from Winnipeg reaches without serious trouble Aklavic, in Alaska, latitude 70° N., which is probably five degrees farther north than any flight prepared for by this Expedition would go. Weather conditions in the neighbourhood of Baffin Land make flying operations there much more perilous than at higher latitudes farther west. This section was avoided by the United States Army airmen on their flight round the world in 1924. From Southern Greenland they flew about 570 miles over the sea to Indian Harbour, on the Labrador coast, preferring the risk of a longer sea crossing to the unknown hazards of a passage over Baffin Land.

The possibilities of flight between the Orkneys and Greenland are little enough known. Some of the more fearsome perils are absent here, but the difficulties are still great. Last summer Captain A. Ahrenberg took a little more than a month to fly from Sweden to Greenland, and after many troubles he abandoned his scheme to fly by an Arctic route to New York. The Americans on this route were troubled by fog over a large part of their course, and one machine was forced down into the water near the Faroe Islands. At Iceland they were delayed for more than a fortnight by bad weather and by the inability of their supply ships to find suitable landing harbours for them on the east coast of Greenland. Eventually they were driven to make the long 800 miles flight from Iceland to Frederiksdal, at the southern extremity of Greenland, having taken 19 days from the Orkneys for a journey of only about 1,700 miles.

No journey along the line described has thus ever been undertaken. We shall see whether or not such a flight is possible. What we shall do in Greenland will be novel and exciting work, and in time we believe it will bear fruit in some great pioneer flying, and eventually in a great new all-British air route.

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RALLY OF GIRLS' CLUBS AT ALBERT HALL

Lady Patricia Ramsay took the place of the Duchess of York at the Albert Hall rally on Saturday, organized by the National Council of Girls' Clubs, and received purses on behalf of the national appeal. A telegram from Lady Houston promising £100 was received by LADY ELEANOR KEANE, who presided, and Mrs. PHILIP SNOWDEN announced that £1,000 was promised by a donor as soon as £15,000 was raised. She also announced that Nottingham, although "trade is so bad in that part of the country," had given £350. In the splendid gymnastic display that day, they had, she said, the very best argument for girls' clubs. The Duchess of York, in her message, declared that such a gathering from all parts of the United Kingdom spoke as nothing else could for the need for a Central Council to focus opinion, provide guidance and material help, and organize the training of club leaders.

Political Speeches

EMPIRE FREE TRADE

MR. BALDWIN AND HIS CRITICS

QUESTIONS FOR LORD BEAVERBROOK

Mr. Baldwin addressed a gathering of about 5,000 at a Conservative fête at Merley House, Wimborne, Dorset, the residence of Captain Angus Hambro, who presided.

Mr. BALDWIN said that he came "as the leader of the party to speak to you about our policy." Everywhere he went he found that the unemployment figure had risen, was rising, and would rise. Their opponents largely won the last election by the hope they excited in the electors that they alone could deal with that question. When the Conservative Party went out of power the number of unemployed was 1,100,000. It was now 1,885,000. It was quite true that the increase last week, great as it was, was attributed to temporary unemployment, which meant in effect that trade was so bad that numbers of employees were given a holiday for a period in the hope that in the interval orders might accrue. Whatever the cause, they knew the harassment, the worry, and sorrow to the housewife who had to keep house when a regular weekly wage was not coming in. The unemployment figure in Dorset had gone up 46 per cent. in 12 months. Bournemouth had gone up 24 per cent., Southampton 18 per cent., Hampshire 23 per cent. So the tale went on all through the country, because the confidence of every one engaged in industry had been destroyed, and destroyed largely by the legislation and taxation of the present Government, and because it was known that so long as they were in office there could be no certainty—whatever the Front Bench might desire—there could be no certainty that the back benches would not force on the Government further legislation and further expenditure.

The first thing that had to be done by whatever Government came into power was to shut down expenditure in the country by every means practicable until once more the revenue began to rise. When free trade was introduced in the time of their great-grandfathers, whether people intended it or not, the country districts were sold into the hands of the towns. The best way they could help themselves was to bring the difficulties of the country before the town. They were indissolubly connected. They had to work for a common policy, which would bring prosperity to both alike. (Cheers.)

NEW TRADE UNION ATTITUDE

Referring to the Conservative Party's industrial policy Mr. Baldwin said:—It is essential in the present state of the world that many of the industries in this country should be safeguarded against lower wages, longer hours, and the dumping of surplus mass production. That is the pivot of our policy. Experience has taught us that by safeguarding you can increase the competitive powers of our manufactures. The publication within the last few days of the report of the Economic Advisory Council of the Trades Union Congress shows that those who are responsible so much for working-class opinion with regard to industrial matters have definitely come to the conclusion that they must examine with unprejudiced views the whole question of safeguarding and of making trade arrangements with our Dominions. With the trade unions that is something quite new, and I look on it as one of the happy results of that unhappy year 1926. After those great struggles ended there were men in the Labour movement, and all honour to them, who made up their minds that they had been working the wrong way to get progress by studying perpetual fighting in industry, and they turned their attention to what could be done by studying peace. These are the first fruits, and great credit is due to the general secretary, Mr. Citrine. I wish him a speedy restoration to health, and I hope if I go back to office I may be able to work, as I have always wanted to, with them for the bringing together of all parties in industry and for bringing in a strong safeguarding policy with reciprocal preferences formulated by the masters and men in our great industries."

GUARANTEED WHEAT PRICE

Turning to agriculture, Mr. Baldwin said:—The protection which farmers require on cereal crops would have to be so high at the present day that they will never get it accepted in the industrial areas. If you believe that, as I do, you have to look for some other method of approach, and if you can get higher prices without a corresponding reaction on bread, that is your method of approach. There is no one remedy that is going to restore prosperity to agriculture, nor any one remedy to restore prosperity simultaneously to everybody. But we want to do what we can. If wheat is a key to agriculture, the basis of my policy is the guaranteed price for wheat. That policy has received widespread approval from those best qualified to judge, and I have responded to the invitation of the National Farmers' Union and have asked one of my expert friends to get in touch with the secretary that we may begin together to examine the best way of bringing about that guarantee. I am confident that once that is settled and passed into law, which will be done as soon as we come in, we shall see a considerable increase in the acreage in this country, and we shall keep a great deal of competition from coming into being. I am examining very carefully how far applicable to this country may be the quota system, and how far it may be possible to employ it in the selection of the wheat you use for milling in this country.

After referring to the necessity for keeping out bounty-fed oats, Mr. Baldwin drew attention to the position of the producers of luxury vegetables. Those producers, he said, were being hit by importations coming in freely from increasing areas. It was not fair. He did not quite know yet what was the best way to stop it, but he believed that it could be stopped, and they were going to do their utmost to stop it. He had no intention of letting down the sugar-beet industry of the country. He would like to see farmers devoting their minds and skill to the examination of their own particular problems. It was quite true that they could never hope to feed themselves entirely, but they could do a lot more. If the farmers would give their minds to this, and organize any scheme on this question, they would help in consultation, and they would help financially, if financial help were needed. (Cheers.)

LORD BEAVERBROOK'S POLICY

He was convinced, and that was where he differed from some of his friends, that the country would not give anyone the right to tax even foreign staple foods until they knew what they were going to get in exchange. It might be that the Imperial Conference would throw light on that question, but they had had no light thrown on it yet. He must know what he was going to get before he asked the country to put any tax upon foreign staple foods. (Cheers.) The Conservative Party was standing together fairly well. It might be better, but they were certainly standing together as well as the Socialists, and as well as the Liberals. (Cheers.) Mr. Baldwin proceeded:—"I want to say a word about a recent speech by Lord Beaverbrook, because he intimated, as I understand, that he was going to run candidates against candidates of our Party who do not support his programme of Empire free trade. If that is the threat to our candidates I think it is only fair that our candidates should know exactly what Empire Free Trade means. I ask Lord Beaverbrook in a perfectly friendly spirit to let us have what he calls his policy perfectly clearly put before the electorate. Where does Free Trade come in? Or does the policy mean that the Dominions give up their tariffs, or that they are going to give reciprocal preference on certain conditions? Does it mean that we are to adopt Protection in this country, and if so on what, in order that we may give reciprocal preference, or does it as I imagine from the address of the candidate in Norfolk, who accepts Empire Free Trade and all that it implies, imply protection upon agricultural produce? I think we are entitled to know, does it or does it not? If so, on what produce, and how much? The great pity of all this is that, so far as I understand his speeches, our objective is precisely the same, but I cannot see—I may be very stupid, I am told very often that I am—but I cannot see how he is going to bring about what he wants by pursuing the line which he is pursuing at present.

LORD ROTHERMERE'S DEMAND

Now, I would like to pursue my observations on that interesting nobleman, Lord Rothermere. He was saying a day or two ago in one of his organs that this country was in for a period of revolution, and that you wanted a stiff-backed man like Lord Beaverbrook to control its affairs. I am not very much afraid of that myself. I know this, if there were a revolution, Lord Rothermere would be the first man to go to the South of France. I tell you that what makes me feel his lordship is not really alarmed is that a friend of mine was good enough to show me a copy of his organ to-day. I opened the middle page, and I found splashed across it—I believe that is the technical phrase—two or three important matters, because, mind you, nothing gets into that paper without his lordship's approval—you go on the streets if you do not agree with his lordship. One was: "Should the public know? Forming a Cabinet in secret." The other article was: "Plumper and brighter women." (Laughter.) Now no one is going to be interested in plumper or brighter women if there is a revolution coming, so I think we might take it as conclusive argument that two days ago his lordship was talking through his hat, or, should I say, through his coronet. (Laughter.)

Why is his lordship so interested in me and my prospective Cabinet? Does he think I am the only person likely to be returned to power? (Laughter and cheers.) If he had the instinct of fair play he would ask for Mr. MacDonald's Cabinet as well as mine. He would ask for Mr. Lloyd George's Cabinet, and tell us the names he would submit to Lord Beaverbrook for inclusion in his Cabinet. I wish I could help him. (Cheers.) I have tried, but I cannot get beyond the Hon. Esmond Harmsworth for Chancellor—(laughter)—and there is a name I have noticed sometimes if there is anything unpleasant about to be said about me—Mr. Ward Price. I recommend him to his lordship for the Board of Trade. And I should like my old friend Tom Webster to be in the Cabinet, because I think he would brighten up rather a dull lot. (Laughter and cheers.) I think three names are enough to start with. I will have some more when I speak next time.

But, quite seriously, it is a very remarkable thing. I have had the files of the whole Press of this country searched after that meeting on Tuesday, and, except in his lordship's organs and Lord Beaverbrook's organs, in every paper up and down the country—Radical, Labour, Conservative—there is nothing but condemnation for such an attempt at dictation to the Crown and the Government of the day. (Cheers.) That is a dictation that will be resisted by this country to the end. (Cheers.) No threat, no abuse, no great bribe, nothing, will have the slightest effect upon us, and the Tory Party will go forward united with its own policy. (Cheers.) If Lord Rothermere likes to support it, he can. If he likes to damn it, he can. (Cheers.) But we go forward, and we go forward to victory, and victory alone. (Cheers.)

LORD BEAVERBROOK'S REPLY

TARIFF WALL ROUND THE EMPIRE

Lord Beaverbrook made a statement to the Press Association yesterday, in the course of which he said:—

On Saturday Mr. Baldwin put certain questions to me. Since I agree with him that he and I have a common objective, I am anxious to answer at least the most important one among them without delay. He asks me, "What is Empire Free Trade?" I reply, first and generally, that it is like liberty, an ideal to be striven for. Men strive to be free; they never wholly succeed. But there is no reason why they should not strive. If they made no effort, they would have not even the smallest modicum of liberty. The Free Trade Empire in its ideal shape lies in the near future, but we ought to fight for the closest approach to it that we can hope to attain now. I reply, secondly and particularly, that what we can attain now is a "tariff wall" round the Empire with duties on foreign foodstuffs, which is an essential part of the programme. Inside this Empire there would be absolute free trade with the Colonies subject to existing revenue tariffs, there would be limited partnerships with the Dominions. We should endeavour to establish Free Trade in as many commodities as possible, but we should never allow the hope of a future best to be the enemy of a present good. Our desire is to make the longest step forward that is possible towards a united Empire and to the provision of assured markets as outlets for our productive capacity, with work for the unemployed.

I will say this to Mr. Baldwin. I had thought I had made our policy abundantly plain to him during our several and lengthy conversations on and before March 3. Does not the fact that at this stage he is obliged to question me as to the meaning of Empire Free Trade explain much that he has complained of in me during the last four months? If he is not yet sure what our policy is, is it surprising that I should have felt that he was not backing it to the full extent of his power?"

LORD ROTHERMERE'S RETORT

Lord Rothermere, in a statement issued yesterday, said:—

All Mr. Baldwin's friends know that at the merest glimmer of a revolution he would make off at top speed to seek refuge at Aix-les-Bains. The whole principle of Mr. Baldwin's last Government was surrender. He surrendered in India, in Egypt, and at home. Mr. Baldwin's surrender to the miners' union in August, 1925, which was the forerunner of the general strike, was described by a distinguished American newspaper as the greatest act of cowardice in political history. Instead of Stanley, his name should be Surrender Baldwin.

RESOLUTE POLICY NEEDED

SIR A. STEEL-MAITLAND ON EMPIRE TRADE

SIR ARTHUR STEEL-MAITLAND, M.P., speaking on Saturday at Woodford Park, near Blackburn, said:—"I am not going to dwell unduly to-day on the present Government, their extravagant promises, their abysmal failure to implement them. But I do ask you to realize that they are not fit to be allowed to deal with the question any longer. They made great promises and now they say that events are beyond their power to control. These events are inherent in the nature of the problem. Did they know that when they made their promises? If so, they were dishonest. Did they not realize it? If so, they did not know their business. In either case they are clearly unworthy to be trusted with them longer.

"The national need transcends mere party considerations. What I suggest to you is that what the country needs is a clear and resolute policy and to go full steam ahead upon it. In the late Parliament our hands were tied. We could not go full steam ahead. Now they are free. We have a clear and definite policy upon agriculture. We have a clear and definite policy on industry. Our industrial policy has both a domestic and an Imperial side. I suggest to you we should attack the problem of trade from all the three sides resolutely—foreign, Imperial, and domestic. Let us regain all that is possible with foreign countries. But, as that is problematical, let us develop our trade within the British Empire and let us keep for ourselves our own home market.

THE REFERENDUM

"I daresay you have heard much in the last few days of the referendum. The referendum may be right or it may be wrong. But it is only a possible means to an end, not the end itself. But when a great party is told to drop it at the bidding of the *Daily Mail* and the *Daily Express* it is inconceivable. If those two papers are in favour of safeguarding and of Empire Trade I am glad. If they will cooperate I am the more glad. But cooperation is one thing; dictation to a great political party is another. I think Lord Beaverbrook is genuine in his desire for Empire free trade. If so, the greater will be the pity if he is not ready for free cooperation.

"I turn to our domestic policy of safeguarding. If tariff reform really would make Lancashire goods dearer and therefore harder to sell overseas in competition with Japanese or Italian cottons, it would be a most serious objection. But that is not true under modern conditions. Modern large-scale production means that if a factory runs full-time it can often produce much more cheaply than when only half full of orders. But there is another and still more important consideration. If our factories were not running the great bulk of rates and taxes could not be paid. Every article worth a pound in this country causes, on the average, more than 5s. to be paid in rates and taxes to the Government or the local authority.

"Look nearer home; £680,000 worth of cotton goods was imported this year in the month of April alone. In the same month nearly £200,000 was spent in unemployment benefit in the cotton trade alone—quite apart from all the other rates and taxes lost to the country through this mass of unemployment. Would it not have been worth paying a little more—though even that would not have necessarily followed—to have kept that £680,000 worth of trade for our own men and women to do?

"Safeguarding and Empire Trade is a clear and definite policy. Hold to it. Don't be misled by ill-wishers. We shall carry it if only we all unite as one band of enthusiasts for our cause, and one strong and of a good courage."

LIBERAL CANDIDATES

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S DEFENCE

Mr. Lloyd George spoke at his house in Addison-road, Kensington, on Saturday, at a Liberal garden party organized in connexion with the Home Counties Liberal Federation.

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE said we were now at the end of the first complete year of a Socialist Government, and he thought its best friends would admit that its record was disappointing.

"The Prime Minister has invited the two other parties in the House of Commons to cooperate with him in solving the very grave national crisis through which we are passing. He was right. If he was wrong at all it was in delaying the invitation. It is not merely that he represents a minority in Parliament and therefore must secure the cooperation of one or the other of the two parties that are not represented in the Government in order to carry through his measures; it is more than that; it is that we are passing through one of the gravest national emergencies we have ever witnessed in this country, and therefore the Prime Minister was doing nothing but his duty when he appealed to those who represented other sections of the community than those which he leads, to assist to the utmost of their power to solve these difficulties. The Liberal Party thought it their duty to respond at once to that appeal and we have done so. (Cheers.) There is another party that takes a different view of its duty.

"Party advantage, in my judgment, is always to be submerged for the common good. The very strong party man will assure you that the welfare of the nation and the chance of his own party are identical, and that it is better to exploit the mistakes of a Government for the benefit of your own party than to help to avoid those mistakes and thus benefit the country as a whole. That is a very narrow and very unpatriotic view to take of your political duty. I am sorry, but Mr. Baldwin has adopted this selfish and partisan attitude towards the King's Government.

"THE SOCIETY OF PIGS"

"Talking of Mr. Baldwin, I regret that in the little quarrel which he has, the little domestic quarrel with the members of his own household, he should have thought it necessary to make a wanton and ill-conditioned and ill-favoured attack upon the good name of the candidates who championed Liberalism in 500 constituencies at the last election. Strong language is always to be expected in the conflicts of politics. I have used it many times myself and, please God, I shall do so again, but that's a different thing. There was no provocation. We were not interfering in that quarrel and, moreover, the language was not merely offensive but coarse and vulgar in the extreme. You dig up the speeches of political leaders for a century, and there is no precedent in any one of them for the coarseness exhibited in this attack. When I read it I said to myself, 'I am not surprised that Mr. Baldwin has always expressed a preference for the society of pigs.' But I do not mind telling you that I was surprised when a decent man like Mr. Neville Chamberlain, who, although he is a hard hitter, is never foul-mouthed, should have said that this extraordinary outburst should have endeared Mr. Baldwin to the Tory Party more than ever. (Laughter.) I do not believe it. I hope it is not true, but time will show."

Continuing, he said he wanted to say a few things about these candidates. He did not choose one of them, not even his own daughter. They were all chosen by the constituency associations, and he never interfered. In so far as the Central Association interfered or assisted it was done exclusively by Sir Herbert Samuel. "I deliberately refrained from interfering. It was left entirely to him," he continued. "I say this, that they were as capable and as honourable a set of men and women as ever submitted themselves to the searching scrutiny of an election. . . . There were a great many of them who had been serving their country and municipalities, doing excellent work. There were many of them, young men and women, who had won distinction in the great universities of this kingdom. And there were a great many of them who had risked their lives on the battlefields in the Great War. And these are the men and the women who are subjected to this vulgarity and boorishness by the leader of a great political party who has twice been Prime Minister of this land. I am here to protest against that kind of mean and disgraceful attack upon honourable men and women. (Cheers.)

ATTACK ON MR. BALDWIN

"Mr. Baldwin began his speech by saying he was going to take off the gloves. It is desirable that you should take off your gloves if you mean to indulge in mud-slinging. But you must also take off your gloves if you propose to flick off some of the mud, so I am going to take off the gloves too. (Laughter and cheers.) I can quite understand the irritation which Mr. Baldwin feels. I know he does. He has not been able to conceal it. It was due to the intervention of these candidates that he was flung out of office with the largest majority ever recorded against a Prime Minister or any Government in this country. And therefore he is naturally very annoyed. But that does not excuse him for such a gross outrage upon good taste. The trouble with Mr. Baldwin—among other things—is that he is afflicted with an extraordinary and morbid self-complacency. That leads him to believe that everybody who criticizes him, whether he is a candidate or a journalist or a newspaper proprietor or a colleague, must be both malignant and malodorous creatures who cannot appreciate sterling worth.

"Now I want to say a thing which I know, but which I have not said before. I do know Mr. Baldwin, and I do know his worth, and I say there is no man in public life who is less entitled to arrogate to himself these airs of superiority than Mr. Baldwin. (Hear, hear.) I will tell you why. All statesmen and business men in the course of their career have their failures, but good statesmen and good business men have also their successes, and if they are very good, well then, the balance is heavily on the right side. I do not know if there is a friend of Mr. Baldwin here. I should like him to point out to me one thing either in statesmanship or in business which stands to the credit of Mr. Baldwin as a success.

"There are only two things he ever personally accomplished. One was the settlement of the American debt, which quartered upon this heavily burdened country £40,000,000 a year for over 50 years without ever having taken the slightest trouble to make our own debtors pay the much larger sum that was due to us. That is one thing that stands to his credit. The second is the payment of £22,000,000 or £23,000,000 by way of a subsidy to the coalowners of this country to put off a strike, which was not put off, which developed into the most prolonged and biggest strike this country has ever seen, and that fatuous piece of business the industry in coal has not got over to this day.

"And no one knows what we may not have to pay for the disastrous weakness exhibited by Mr. Baldwin last summer over India. I would rather not dwell upon that.

NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS

"Well, I am not concerned with his quarrel with powerful newspaper proprietors. I have quarrelled with them myself. I had to face exactly the same combination when I was Prime Minister plus the powerful aid of *The Times*, which was also against me. I had no sympathy from Mr. Baldwin then; on the contrary, he took full advantage of that intrigue. He is very shocked at it now. I will not say more than that very combination made it possible for him to be Prime Minister in 1923; the same combination made him Prime Minister in 1924. It was the Zinovieff letter exploited by the *Daily Mail* that gave him his majority. And now these people who made him Prime Minister twice—they are an offence to his delicate nostrils. I am not surprised that they are complaining that he has requited their services with both ingratitude and insolitude, and I leave their quarrel there.

"Mr. Baldwin was in power for five years and did nothing to help us out—literally nothing—with the unemployed figures well over 1,000,000 right through. He says now that the only remedy is safeguarding. If safeguarding is the remedy why in heaven's name did he not apply it when he was all-powerful, with a majority of over 200, and both Houses of Parliament in his pocket? He had no pledges that prevented his safeguarding. He had pledges that would have prevented his carrying a general tariff, but he had promised safeguarding whenever there was a case made. Why did he not do it if he thought it was the only remedy, and unemployment was over 1,000,000? I will tell you why he did not do it. It is because he is Mr. Baldwin. (Loud laughter.) He believed in it, so he says, and I take his word for it. He believed in it as the only remedy then and to-day, but he didn't do it.

"Fickle, inert, resourceless, except when his own personal position is challenged—and this is the man who has gone out of his way when there was no provocation, when the Liberal candidates were not quarrelling at all, to attack 500 men and women of good repute and name, and he does this in order to extricate himself out of his own domestic difficulties. It is one of the meanest things ever done by a great political leader."

UNIVERSITY NEWS

SCIENCE CLASS LIST AT OXFORD

OXFORD, JUNE 29

The Examiners in Engineering in the Final Honour School of Natural Science yesterday issued the following Class List:—

CLASS I.—P. V. MACKINNON, Trinity.
CLASS II.—H. EAGERS, Jesus; J. C. HOSKIN, Brasenose; H. H. LOCK, Lincoln.
CLASS III.—J. H. CRIDLAN, Worcester; F. H. CRITTENDEN, Oriel; G. A. E. FARQUHARSON, Brasenose; S. E. KENWORTHY-BROWNE, Brasenose.
CLASS IV.—J. K. W. ALEXANDER, Trinity; F. M. GRAZEBROOK, Christ Church; J. A. INGLES, Magdalen; J. C. E. LUARD, Christ Church; T. G. E. PRICE, Brasenose; R. F. STEWART, New College.

The Rev. Laurence William Grensted, Fellow of University College, has been elected to the Oriel Professorship of the Philosophy of the Christian Religion, to hold office from August 1, 1930.

The bronze medal given to the Oxford medical graduate who has, in the opinion of the Board of Awarders, made the most valuable contribution to the science, art, or literature of medicine, who has not previously received the award, has been awarded to Sir Wilmot P. Herringham, K.C.M.G. (Keble).

The Theodore Williams Scholarship for 1930 has been awarded to Mr. H. N. Davis (University).

CAMBRIDGE, JUNE 28

The following College Awards are announced:—

JESUS COLLEGE.—Elections for one year.—Elected to Major Scholarship.—N. E. COSTAR. Re-elected to Major Scholarships.—J. BRONOWSKI, E. W. JONES, E. A. MARSH, E. M. PHAIR, J. M. REEVES, J. V. STEPHENSON, J. TOWNSEND. Re-elected to Minor Scholarships.—A. H. ARMSTRONG, S. L. BAXTER, L. BEHAN, D. E. BRUNDRITT, M. D. ELPHINSTONE, T. GREENWOOD, T. F. A. RAGG, J. ROWBOTHAM, F. J. TONGUE, E. F. WILTSHIRE. Elected to Exhibitions of £40.—J. E. BARKER, E. H. FORRESTER. Re-elected to Exhibitions.—J. E. BALDWIN, J. W. POOLE, R. G. STOW, F. R. TROTT. Elected to Two Scholarships of £15.—J. W. POOLE, R. G. STOW. Re-elected to Somerville Scholarship.—F. H. BRAIN. Awarded grants for books.—£10, A. B. BARTLETT, J. M. COBBAN; £5, F. J. TONGUE, Keller Prizes of £5 each.—J. BRONOWSKI, T. E. M. MEADE, J. ROBINSON. The Master's Reading Prize.—T. F. A. RAGG, Morgan Prize.—D. N. BUNGEY, Brereton Prize, Greek Verse.—D. N. BUNGEY and J. V. STEPHENSON (equal). Latin Verse.—J. V. STEPHENSON. Dr. Nairne's Prize.—T. F. A. RAGG. Prizemen.—A. H. ARMSTRONG, J. E. BARKER, A. B. BARTLETT, L. BEHAN, G. G. BOOTHROYD, J. BRONOWSKI, D. N. BUNGEY, J. M. COBBAN, N. E. COSTAR, H. E. C. DE CHASSIRON, E. H. FORRESTER, H. GODFREY, W. H. HADLEY, E. W. JONES, F. P. R. MARTEN, T. E. M. MEADE, R. C. O. PRIBBS, T. F. A. RAGG, J. ROBINSON, J. ROWBOTHAM, L. C. SHEPHERD, J. V. STEPHENSON, F. J. TONGUE, J. TOWNSEND, F. R. TROTT, G. F. WOODS.

At St. Catharine's College, the REV. C. D. WADDAMS, M.A., Chaplain, and Lecturer in Mathematics, and E. E. RICH, M.A., Lecturer in History, have been elected to Supernumerary Fellowships.

LONDON, JUNE 29

University Postgraduate Travelling Studentships of the value of £275 for one year have been awarded to J. E. Keyston and S. G. West. Mr. Keyston obtained the B.Sc. (Special) Degree with First Class Honours in Physics as an External student from University College, Nottingham, in 1929, and was awarded the Heymann Research Scholarship. He proposes to carry on research in physics in Germany. Mr. West obtained the B.A. Degree with First Class Honours in English from King's College in 1929, and was awarded the George Smith Studentship. He proposes to carry on research in the universities and libraries of Portugal, where manuscripts and documents relevant to the subject of his research, "The Life and Works of William Julius Mickle," are to be found.

University Postgraduate Studentships in Arts of the value of £150 for one year have been awarded to Marjorie Greenhill Chappell, who obtained the B.A. Degree with First Class Honours in History in 1929 from Westfield College; William Mark Jordan, who obtained the B.A. Degree with First Class Honours in History in 1929 from University College; and George Herbert Kimble, who passed the B.A. Honours Examination with First Class Honours in Geography in 1929 from King's College. All three students propose to work for the M.A. Degree.

The seventh annual dinner given to the Ramsay Memorial Fellowship Trustees and Ramsay Memorial Fellows by Dr. Allen Mawer, Provost of University College, London, was held at University College on Friday. Among those present were:—

Lady Ramsay, Sir Hugh Bell (chairman of the trustees), his Excellency the Greek Minister, M. de Bourg, representing the Swiss Legation, Sir Donald and Lady MacAlister, Sir Robert and Lady Robertson, Dr. and Mrs. Tilly, and Professor F. G. Donnan (chairman of the Ramsay Advisory Council).

SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS

The following school awards are announced:—

ST. GEORGE'S SCHOOL, HARPENDEN.—Elected to Scholarships.—J. G. HEATON, S. G. F. TAYLOR, O. VOYSEY-MARTIN, P. COLEBY, J. M. VEALE, and P. H. YOUNGMAN.

Elected to Bursaries.—J. I. VALENTINE, C. R. BUNCHER, G. S. D. C. DAVIS, V. J. DAVIS, J. B. HANDFORD, J. D. PATERSON, F. M. J. BLANK, B. J. E. HAINES, B. J. HANDFORD, W. H. MARSH, and B. M. PAGE.

OBITUARY

SIR MAUI POMARE

Our Wellington Correspondent telegraphed yesterday that news had been received of the death in California, where he had gone in an attempt to recover his health, of Sir Maui Pomare, the distinguished Maori doctor and statesman, who from 1912 to 1928 was Minister representing the Maori race in successive New Zealand Cabinets and combined that office in later years with the portfolios of Health and Internal Affairs successively.

Sir Maui Pomare was one of the most striking examples of the success of the Maori in adapting himself to the white man's institutions while at the same time retaining an intense loyalty to his own race. Entering public life at a time when the old bitterness between settlers and natives was at last dying out he saw that there was only one direction in which the Maori race could look for a future—that, as the wisest of his countrymen had already proclaimed, not of assimilation on the one hand or of a permanent existence as a discontented minority on the other, but of self-respecting cooperation with the white inhabitants, on as equal a footing as could be won and with no sacrifice of racial integrity. He held consistently to this belief through many years of service, and in winning the liking and respect of his white colleagues kept no less the confidence of his countrymen. He lived to see both a long step taken towards a settlement of the vexed land question, which had so long embittered relations between the Maoris and the white men, and the beginning of an era for the Maori of stability and prosperity.

Born at Pahou, Taranaki, in 1876, son of William Nacra Pomare, chief of the Atiawa tribe and grand-nephew of the celebrated Chief Pomare, Sir Maui Pomare was educated at the Rev. Charles Turrell's private school at Christchurch, at Te Aute College, Hawke's Bay, and at the American Medical School at Chicago. On his return to New Zealand he was appointed in 1901 Chief Health Officer to the Maoris. He entered Parliament in 1911 as member for one of the Maori districts, and as the only native representative of the Reform Party. A good speaker and of striking personality, he quickly drew attention to himself, and on the formation of the Massey Government in 1912 it was natural that he should be selected as the Minister representing the Maoris, an office which carries with it also the administration of the Cook and other islands within the Dominions. He held this post, through several changes of Government, for the next 16 years, besides being Minister of Health from 1923 to 1926 and Minister for Internal Affairs for some months in 1928. His early service in the Health Department had given him an intimate knowledge of the Maori settlements throughout New Zealand and he was able while in office to carry through many progressive native health measures.

Sir Maui Pomare was made C.M.G. in 1920 and K.B.E. in 1922. He was married, and leaves two sons and one daughter.

LIEUT.-COLONEL A. C. TURNOR

The Rev. Henry Tower, Chaplain of the Windsor Garrison, writes of the late Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Turnor, commander of the Royal Horse Guards, for whom a memorial service will be held at the Holy Trinity (Garrison) Church, Windsor, at 12.15 to-day:—

It was Colonel Turnor's dream one day to command The Blues; and from some few years' acquaintance with him I always felt he would be the ideal commanding officer. I had one or two friendly talks with him when he came into command, and I gathered he was determined to do all in his power to make the regiment as good as any in the Service; and he was particularly anxious that it should have a high tone and perfect discipline. And in the short five months he was in command he not only raised the tone and discipline, but won also the absolute loyalty and support of the whole regiment. He did this not by severity but by showing he wanted to be the real friend of all ranks. He always entered heart and soul into the sport of the regiment. He had a warm place in his heart for the old comrades of the regiment and marched with them to the Garrison Church only a day or two before his death.

THE WEATHER

MAINLY FINE; WARM

Meteorological Office, June 29

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 7 P.M.—A depression off West Ireland is spreading eastward, and a secondary over Southern France is likely to move northwards. Weather will be rather unsettled in the West and in Scotland, but mainly fair in Eastern England and the Midlands, though thundery conditions may spread across from France later.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., MIDLANDS, E., W.—Moderate south or south-east wind; mainly fine but perhaps thunderstorms or thundery rains later; warm.

ENGLAND, S.W., N.W., WALES, SCOTLAND, S.E., S.W., Mid., N.E., ISLE OF MAN, ORKNEYS, and SHETLANDS.—Moderate or fresh southerly wind; cloudy, occasional rain; rather warm.

ENGLAND, N.E., MIDLANDS, N.—Moderate southerly wind; mainly fair; warm.

SCOTLAND, W., N.W., IRELAND.—Moderate or fresh southerly wind; cloudy, some rain; moderate temperature.

FURTHER OUTLOOK.—Unsettled.

SEA PASSAGES

ENGLISH CHANNEL.—Wind south or south-east, light or moderate; fine; perhaps thundery rains later; visibility mainly good; sea slight.

IRISH SEA.—Wind south, moderate or fresh; cloudy, occasional rain; visibility moderate; sea moderate.

FLYING PROSPECTS

AIR ROUTES (London - Paris - Brussels-Cologne-Amsterdam).—Variable winds becoming southerly, 2 to 10 m.p.h., increasing to 10 to 15 m.p.h. at surface, 15 to 20 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Fair, with risk of local thunderstorms later in the day. Visibility improving to 6 to 12 miles.

Sun rises, 4.48 a.m.; sets, 9.18 p.m.
Moon rises, 9.28 a.m.; sets, 12.14 a.m. to-morrow.
First Quarter, July 3.
Lighting-up time, 10.18 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 5.30 a.m. and 5.42 p.m.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, JUNE 29, 7 P.M.

An extensive area of low pressure covered the Atlantic and spread eastward during the day, while a relatively feeble anticyclone over France moved towards Central

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Afternoon or Evening Ensemble, comprising sleeveless Frock and finger-tip Coatee in chiffon over a blue slip *Ready to Wear Department.* SALE PRICE 9 gns.

Afternoon Coat made in black Givrine, lined beige crêpe-de-Chine, with huge collar of marten dyed taguan. *Originally* 29 gns. SALE PRICE 19½ gns.

Smart Coat, in grey-dyed American Broadtail, 43½in. long, trimmed flounce, collar and cuffs of clear grey Squirrel .. *Originally* £125 SALE PRICE £75

Beige-dyed Squirrel, 43 ins. long, lined beige crêpe-de-Chine. Worked half-skins in a new design. Light weight *Original Price* £55 £35

Beaded and embroidered Bridge Coat in royal blue and silver, also in pink and black, lined chiffon to tone .. *Originally* 15½ *gns* 5 *gns*

Tinsel voile, in red, blue, and gold, over a slip of blue crêpe-de-Chine, fashions a lovely Dance or Dinner Frock .. *Originally* 15 *gns* 8½ *gns*

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A large collection of Oddments in French Millinery in felt and straw, in a variety of shapes and colours *All specially reduced to* 21/-

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Graceful Sports-suit of fine wool stockinette appliquéd with motifs of crêpe-de-Chine in contrasting colour *Original Price* 5½ *gns* 3½ *gns*

Pyjama suit made from heavy silk of a delicate pink shade, tastefully piped in white, making a nice contrast *Original Price* 6 *gns* 2 *gns*

Small quantity of the "Crown" make Hose in 44-gauge, in beige, nude, blonde, deer, etc. Slightly below standard. *Originally* 25/6 11/6

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Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, JUNE 28

Prince and Princess Takamatsu of Japan, attended by the Members of their Suite, left the Palace this morning upon the conclusion of their visit to The King and Queen.

The King received the Chief of Bhor and his son the Yuvraj, and the Maharaja of Tripura.

The Lord Buckmaster had an audience of His Majesty.

The King, attended by Lieut.-Colonel Reginald Seymour and Major the Hon. Alexander Hardinge, was present at the Test Match between England and Australia at Lord's Cricket Ground this afternoon.

The Queen, attended by the Dowager Countess of Airlie, the Lady Cynthia Colville and Sir Harry Verney, was present at the Lawn Tennis Championship Meeting, at the All-England Lawn Tennis Club, Wimbledon.

The Prince George, attended by Major Humphrey Butler, witnessed the Royal Air Force Display at Hendon.

His Royal Highness, attended by Major Ulick Alexander, presided at the Annual Dinner of the All-England Lawn Tennis Club, which was held at the Trocadero Restaurant this evening.

JUNE 29

The King and Queen, with the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in the Private Chapel this morning.

The Service was conducted by the Revd. L. H. Nixon (Priest-in-Ordinary in Waiting) and the Revd. E. P. Swain (Vicar of Putney) preached the Sermon.

The Princess Mary and the Earl of Harewood visited Their Majesties and remained to Luncheon.

The Princess Royal and the Lady Maud Carnegie visited The King and Queen this afternoon.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, JUNE 28

The Prince of Wales was represented by Major H. McCormick (Secretary of the Duchy of Cornwall) at the Memorial Service for the Earl of Radnor, which was held in Salisbury Cathedral to-day.

The Duke of Roxburghe has left 2, Carlton House-terrace for Norway.

The Dowager Marchioness of Milford Haven left London on Friday for abroad, and will be away for two months.

The Marquésa de Portago gave birth to a daughter at 7, Connaught-place, W.1, on June 28.

The Countess of Listowel returned to 14, Bryanston-square last night from Paris.

The Dowager Countess of Lichfield returned to London on Saturday from Eastbourne. She will leave 63, Montagu-square during the middle of next month for Ascot.

Viscountess Sandhurst will return to 60, Eaton-square to-day from the South of France.

Lady Beatrix Wilkinson will leave London to join Sir Nevile Wilkinson in Dublin on July 16.

The afternoon tea party which Bishop Talbot and the Hon. Mrs. Talbot are giving at 45, Lexham-gardens in celebration of their diamond wedding will take place on Thursday, July 3, and not on Wednesday, as stated before.

Marjorie Lady Nunburnholme has left 7, Green-street, W.1, for Hornington House, Coombe Bissett, Salisbury, until the autumn.

Lord Templemore left 26, Norfolk-crescent on Saturday for Upton House, Alresford.

Sir Michael Lakin has arrived at the First Avenue Hotel, Hove, from The Cliff, Warwick.

Sir Ernest and Lady Rennie will leave 20, Lowndes-street on July 15 for Marienbad and Oberammergau.

Sir Ernest and Lady Wills regret that, owing to the death of the brother of Lady Wills, they are obliged to cancel all invitations to Littlecote sent out for Tuesday and Wednesday next.

Major Dermot and Lady Helen McCalmont will leave 3, Norfolk-street, Park-lane, to-day for abroad. They will be away for about three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Norment, of Washington, D.C., have arrived in the Olympic and are staying at the Ritz Hotel.

Mrs. James Boyd is most grateful for all the expressions of sympathy she has received, and hopes to answer them all personally in due course.

Princess Marie Louise's concert in aid of the Princess Club Settlement (Bermondsey) will take place to-night, June 30, at Kent House (by permission of Mr. and Mrs. Saxton Noble), at 8.45 for 9 o'clock precisely. Princess Beatrice and Princess Helena Victoria will be present.

The Marchioness of Titchfield will receive the guests at the club ball to be held at the Ladies' Carlton Club on Thursday, July 10, at 10 p.m. Lady Greenwood has been appointed chairman of the ball committee.

There will be the annual Eton dinner of the "Old Evansites" at the Trocadero on Thursday, July 10, at 8 o'clock. The Hon. Francis Curzon will be in the chair. Tickets from Mr. Sidney Evans, Ballards, Limpsfield.

MISS RUTH DRAPER

Miss Ruth Draper, according to her custom, is giving three special *matinées* on behalf of charities during her season in London. They will take place at 2.45 on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, July 8, 9, and 10, at the Vaudeville Theatre—the first for the Cheyne Hospital for Children, of which the Queen is president, the second for the "Peter Pan" League *Matinée* in aid of the Great Ormond-street Hospital for Sick Children, of which the Prince of Wales is president, and the third for the Highway Girls' Club in Shadwell and the Children's Play Centres. All seats are bookable in advance at the box office (Temple Bar 4871, 4872), and at all ticket agencies.

MANSION HOUSE LUNCHEON

Yesterday the Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress received at luncheon at the Mansion House the Judges on the rota for attendance at the afternoon service at St. Paul's Cathedral.

The guests included:—

The Master of the Rolls and Lady Hanworth, Lord Justice and Lady Lawrence, Lord Justice Romer, Mrs. Charles Romer, Mr. Justice and Lady Horridge, Mr. Justice and Lady Clauson, Mr. Justice and Lady Farwell, Mr. Justice and Lady Bennett, Alderman Sir Charles and Lady Batho, Aldermas Sir Kynaston and Lady Studd, the Recorder of London and Lady Wild, Mr. Alderman and Miss Howell, Alderman Sir Stephen Killik, Mrs. Glynne Roberts, Mr. Alderman and Sheriff Neal, Mr. Sheriff and Mrs. Bywater, Mr. A. P. and Mrs. Pachet, Prince Leonid Lieven, the Common Serjeant and Lady Dickens, Judge and Mrs. Shewell Cooper, Judge and Mrs. Homan Gregory, Canon and Mrs. Alexander, the Rev. J. H. and Mrs. Willcox, the Rev. W. P. and Mrs. Reaby, the Commissioner of City Police and Lady Turnbull, the Comptroller and Mrs. Crowther-Smith, the Remembrancer and Mrs. Aspinall, the City Solicitor and Mrs. Pickford, Mr. Under-Sheriff Deighton, Mr. Under-Sheriff and Mrs. Clennell, Miss Sybil Hay, Major A. E. Wood, Mr. W. J. Bostock, Captain D. F. Maury, Mr. W. J. Waterlow, Mr. P. G. Waterlow, Sir William Seeley, and the Rev. W. Stevenson Stuart.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL A. J. ELLIS AND MISS JOHNSTON

A marriage has been arranged between Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Ellis, D.S.O. (late The Border Regiment), elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis, of Longtimber, Ivybridge, South Devon, and Marguerite, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James S. Johnston, of 4, Porchester-gate, W.2.

LIEUTENANT M. H. C. YOUNG, R.N., AND MISS BROMLEY TAYLOR

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Lieutenant Malcolm Henry Cathcart Young, Royal Navy, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. A. Young, and Gwenda, only daughter of the late William Bromley Taylor and Mrs. Bromley Taylor, of 11, Ladbroke-terrace, W.

CAPTAIN L. O. A. HUNT AND MISS JEFFREY

A marriage has been arranged between Captain Louis O. A. Hunt, The Northamptonshire Regiment, only son of Mr. and the late Mrs. Hunt, formerly of Stratford-on-Avon, and Nancy M. Jeffrey, only daughter of the late Mr. Jeffrey and the late Mrs. Teakle; formerly of Putney, now of 19, Ashbourne-gardens, Bradford.

SQUADRON-LEADER R. G. GARDNER AND MISS J. G. BALCHIN

The engagement is announced between Squadron-Leader Richard Gregory Gardner, R.A.F., youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Gardner, of St. Ronan's-road, Southsea, and Jessie Grace, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Balchin, of Regent's Park-road, N.W.

THE REV. R. V. SELLERS AND MISS I. OESTERLEY

The engagement is announced between the Rev. R. V. Sellers, B.D., son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Sellers, of Mytholmroyd, Yorkshire, and Irene, daughter of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Oesterley, 1, Turner's-wood, N.W.11.

MR. C. F. G. MACDERMOTT AND MISS PRICE WILLIAMS

The engagement is announced between C. F. G. MacDermott, only son of the Archdeacon of Norwich, and Marjorie Mansergh Price Williams, eldest daughter of John M. Price Williams, M.I.C.E., of Woking, Surrey.

MR. G. C. TODD AND MISS A. MCLAURIN

The engagement is announced between George Cargill Todd, elder son of the late George Todd and Mrs. Todd, Trochrague, Girvan, Ayrshire, and Audrey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard McLaurin, 4, Kirkleequadrant, Glasgow.

MR. W. W. CHERITON AND MISS RICKARDS

The engagement is announced of William Wheeler Cheriton, Senior Master, Bilton Grange, Rugby, to Gwennyth Marguerite, elder daughter of Mr. C. J. and Mrs. Rickards, of 82, Lewin-road, Streatham, S.W.16. The marriage will take place in April.

MR. E. R. SHARPE AND MISS I. L. BATES

The marriage arranged between Edward Richard, son of Mrs. Sharpe, Hayselden, Sissinghurst, Kent, and the late Colonel Sharpe, Middlesex Regiment, and Ivy, the fourth daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bates, Kenardington, Kent, will take place quietly at Holy Trinity Church, Maidstone, on July 26, at 10.30 a.m.

MR. F. K. WILSON AND MISS H. SNOW

The marriage arranged between Mr. F. K. Wilson, of the Sudan Medical Service, and Miss Hilary Snow will take place at St. Luke's, Brislington, Bristol, on Saturday, July 5.

MARRIAGES

MR. H. I. BRADSHAW AND MISS MAITLAND

The marriage took place at St. John's Church, Edinburgh, on Saturday, of Mr. Humphrey Ion Bradshaw, The Gordon Highlanders, son of the late Mr. H. L. Bradshaw, and of Mrs. Bradshaw, Portrush, Co. Antrim, and Miss Edith Charlotte Maitland, elder daughter of the late Major the Hon. Alfred Henry Maitland, The Cameron Highlanders, and of Mrs. Maitland, Darnick Tower Cottage, Melrose. The Rev. the Hon. Sydney Maitland officiated, assisted by the Rev. P. S. Lockton.

The bride, who was given away by Colonel S. J. P. Scobell, wore an ankle-length gown of cream satin, and a Brussels lace veil (lent by Mrs. Scobell). Her train of cream satin, trimmed with true lovers' knots in ninon, was carried by Miss Melloney Scobell and Master Billy Clark. She wore a regimental brooch, and carried Harrisii lilies. The little girl attendant wore an ankle-length frock of cream ninon, with a hat to match, and the page wore cream satin trousers, and a silk shirt. The grown-up bridesmaids, Miss Nora Maitland (sister of the bride), Miss Ruby Bradshaw (sister of the bridegroom), Miss Snowdrop Wilmot, Miss Eunice Marindin, Miss Margot Showers, and Miss Isobel Fausset-Farquhar, wore ankle-length gowns of rose-coloured ninon, with coatees of the same material, and crinoline hats to match. They wore pink crystal necklaces, and carried carnations to tone. Captain K. C. Davidson, The Gordon Highlanders, was best man, and a reception was held at the Freemasons' Hall, George-street, Edinburgh. Among those present were:—

Mrs. Bradshaw, Miss Bradshaw, Miss N. Maitland, Mrs. Scobell, Mrs. and Miss Britten, Miss Scobell, Mrs. Cartland, Mr. R. Cartland, Mrs. and Miss Palairet, Mrs. and Miss Nixon Eckersall, Mr. and Mrs. A. Clark, Mr. W. M. Clark, Miss A. Hall, Captain and Mrs. Forsyth-Grant, Sir George and Lady Kinloch, Major and Mrs. C. M. Usher, Sir Douglas and Lady Ramsay, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. McCall, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Plummer, Miss Riddell Carre, Marie Lady Stewart-Clark, Major-General and Mrs. Marindin and Miss Marindin, Captain Fairlie-Lucy, Mr. and Mrs. John Stansfeld, Mrs. Theophilus and Lady Biddulph, Mrs. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Caldwell, Mr. H. P. H. Caldwell, Captain Ridley, Lady Ewart, Captain and Mrs. A. Money, Mr. R. Miers, Mrs. J. J. Cowan and Miss Cowan, Colonel and Mrs. Greenhill Gardyne, Colonel and Mrs. MacLaren, and Miss MacLaren, Colonel and Mrs. Ferguson, Captain K. C. Davidson, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Bruce Jardine, and Captain D. V. Kennedy.

MR. C. A. S. PROWSE AND MISS MILLAIS

The marriage took place on Saturday at St. Mary's, Frensham, of Mr. Charles Anthony Stanley Prowse, only son of the late Brigadier-General Charles B. Prowse and Mrs. Prowse, of Littlegate, Akehurst-road, Roehampton, and Miss Esmé Millais, only daughter of Sir Geoffroy Millais, Bt., and Lady Millais, of Spreakfield, Frensham, Surrey. The Rev. G. N. Emmet officiated, assisted by the Rev. M. Collet.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a long-sleeved medieval gown of heavy satin girdled with pearls. Her train of old family Venetian point lace was held in place by a halo wreath of orange-blossom, and she carried a sheaf of white lilies. Master John Haddon was the trainbearer, and Miss Diana James, Miss June Buller, Miss Pamela Haddon, and Miss Anne Bulley were the child bridesmaids. They wore Kate Greenaway frocks in two shades of pale mauve georgette with wreaths of stocks in their hair. They carried Victorian posies of shaded stocks and had crystal necklaces. The page wore mauve satin trousers with a frilled shirt to match. Mr. Ralph Millais was best man, and Lady Millais afterwards held a reception at the Road Farm, Churt (lent by Rear-Admiral and Mrs. James). Among the guests were:—

Mrs. Prowse, Lady Stuart of Wortley, the Hon. Clare Stuart-Wortley, Miss Millais, Miss Violet Prowse, Colonel and Mrs. Prowse, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Millais, Mrs. Grace, Mrs. Campbell Meiklejohn, Miss Campbell Meiklejohn, Lady Gray, Miss Veronica MacEwen, Mr. Melville Gray, Mrs. W. M. James, Mrs. Cowley, Colonel and Mrs. Earle, Mrs. Watt, Mrs. Cecil Bates, Miss Daphne James, Lady Constance Combe, Major-General Sir Alfred and Lady Bilenkinsop, Major and Mrs. Rupert Anderson, General Sir Walter and Lady Braithwaite, Colonel, and Mrs. Swayne, Major-General Sir Edward and Lady Perceval, Captain the Hon. Thomas and Mrs. Fitzherbert, Mrs. Parkinson, Major and Mrs. Patrick Grant, the Misses Grant-Meek, Brigadier-General H. Jones, Sir Walter and Lady Napier, Major and Mrs. Bourne May, Mrs. Herbert Pullin, Miss Mayo Robson, Mrs. Beaumont, Mrs. Soames, Colonel and Mrs. Twentyman, Lady Verner, the Misses Verner, Mrs. Dangar, Miss Dangar, Mr. D. F. Dangar, Miss Arundel Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Whiteley, Dr. and Mrs. Tanner, Mr. and Mrs. Smithson, Mrs. and the Misses Thomson, Miss Rowell, Mr. Maurice Gribbon, Mr. Roberts, Mrs. Fielding Hall, Miss Fielding Hall, Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Money, Commander and Mrs. Hodson, Miss Fairie, Mrs. Empret, Miss Emmet, Miss Demsey, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Duff, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Waghorn, Mr. and Mrs. Raoul Millais, Mrs. Fisher, Mr. Buchanan, Miss Gaskine, Mrs. Lester, Mrs. Gardner, Mrs. Horne, the Misses Horne, and the Misses Warner.

The honeymoon is being spent in Cornwall, and the bride travelled in a hyacinth-blue dress under a coat to match, and a large Tuscan straw hat edged with blue.

DINNER

COUNTESS LÜTZOW

Countess Lützow gave a dinner party at 23, Knightsbridge on Friday evening. Her guests were:—

The Turkish Ambassador, the Duke of Argyll, the Earl and Countess of Denbigh, the Countess of Shaftesbury, the Earl of Powis, the Earl and Countess of Stradford, Viscount and Viscountess Lee of Fareham, Baroness Beaumont, Elizabeth Lady Chesterfield, Lord and Lady Forres, the Hon. Thomas and Lady Bertha Egerton, Sir Albert Seymour, and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Beit.

The Prince of Wales has consented to be present at a midnight revue which Mr. C. B. Cochran will present on July 10 at the London Pavilion. The performance is in aid of Lady Louis Mountbatten's appeal for £10,000 for the Prince of Wales's Personal Fund for the British Legion. The programme sellers will be under the direction of Mrs. Cunningham-Reid, the Countess of Carlisle, and Mrs. Arthur Paget, and there will be an all-star cast. Lady Louis Mountbatten is chairman, the Countess of Brecknock deputy-chairman, and the Hon. Mrs. Henry Mond and Mrs. Cunningham-Reid vice-chairmen of the committee, and tickets may be obtained from any of them.

MEMORIAL AND FUNERAL SERVICES

LORD RADNOR

The Prince of Wales was represented by Major H. McCormick (Secretary of the Duchy of Cornwall) at the memorial service for the Earl of Radnor, which was held in Salisbury Cathedral on Saturday. Bishop Randolph and the Archdeacon of Sarum (the Ven. H. W. Carpenter) officiated.

Among those present were:—

The Countess of Radnor, Viscountess Folkestone, Lady Jane Pleydell-Bouverie, Lady Katharine Pleydell-Bouverie, Lady Elizabeth Pleydell-Bouverie, Lady Helen Pleydell-Bouverie, the Hon. Mrs. Duncombe Pleydell-Bouverie and the Misses Pleydell-Bouverie, Viscountess Powerscourt, Miss Chaplin, the Countess of Pembroke, the Hon. Lady Gatacre, Allen R. J. Stephenson.

The Duke of Somerset, the Marquess of Lansdowne, Field-Marshal Lord Methuen (representing the Council of Marlborough College), Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Montgomery-Massingberd (Commanding-in-Chief, Southern Command) and Lady Montgomery-Massingberd, Lord Heytesbury, the Hon. Louis Greville, Sir Cosmo Antrobus, Sir Henry and Lady Newbolt, Major J. and Miss Dispencer-Robertson, Major the Hon. Eric Long, M.P., Major-General A. A. McHardy and Captain W. Parsons (Southern Command), Major-General E. Evans (representing The Wiltshire Regiment), Major-General Sir Henry Everett and Major C. F. Ellison (representing the Wilts Territorial Association), Brigadier-General Malcolm Welch, officers and men of the 4th Battalion, The Wiltshire Regiment, Colonel W. H. Mann (representing the Royal Wiltshire Yeomanry), Major Fuller, Captain A. J. G. Stancomb, Colonel J. N. Benett-Stanford, Lieutenant-Colonel Hoel Llewellyn (Chief Constable) and a detachment of the Wilts Constabulary, the Mayor of Salisbury (Mr. H. Medway) and members of the Salisbury City Council, city magistrates, a body of 150 Freemasons, and representatives of many other organisations.

The funeral of the Earl of Radnor took place, at the same time as the memorial service, at Britford Church, Salisbury, when, by request, only male relatives and intimate friends, in addition to past and present employees of the Longford estate, attended. The Bishop of Salisbury and the Rev. J. B. Jackson (the vicar of Britford) officiated.

The coffin, which was drawn on a farm wagon to the church, was followed by Viscount Folkestone, Commander the Hon. Edward Pleydell-Bouverie, R.N., the Hon. Anthony Pleydell-Bouverie, and the Hon. Peter Pleydell-Bouverie (sons), and Mr. W. M. Thornley (private secretary). The Hon. Bartholomew Pleydell-Bouverie (son) was prevented by illness from attending. Six senior estate employees were the bearers.

The congregation included:—

Colonel the Hon. Stuart Pleydell-Bouverie, Mr. Christopher Pleydell-Bouverie, Mr. R. J. Balfour, Mr. Frank Chaplin, Mr. Anthony Chaplin, Captain Percy K. Stephenson, Colonel the Hon. W. P. Alexander, Captain Gerald Fetherick, Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Lawson, Mr. Charles Adeane, Colonel and Mrs. Wingfield, the Marquess of Bath, the Earl of Pembroke, the Earl of Normanton, Major-General T. C. P. Calley, Major E. D. H. Buckley, Mr. R. E. Macan, Colonel Maitland, Colonel Makgill-Crichton-Maitland, Mr. W. J. Barry, Captain C. Liddell, Mr. D. Liddell, Mr. H. F. Read (representing the farm tenantry), and Mr. J. W. Miles (farms manager).

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL A. C. TURNOR

The funeral of Lieutenant-Colonel Algernon Corbet Turnor took place at Foxley, Malmesbury, on Saturday. The coffin was drawn to the churchyard on a farm wagon preceded by a firing party, trumpeters, and 30 N.C.Os of the Royal Horse Guards (The Blues), while 34 other members of the Household Brigade formed a guard of honour. Six trumpeters sounded Reveille and Last Post after three volleys had been fired over the grave. Those present included:—

Major-General C. E. Corkran (Commanding the London District), Sir Peter Grant Lawson, Lord Apsley, Lord Stavordale, Major Scott, the Earl of Erne, Captain the Hon. Henry Broughton, Colonel Bowles, Major J. A. Herbert, Mr. F. Dunne, the Duke and Duchess of Beaufort, the Duke of Norfolk, the Marquess of Londonderry, the Earl and Countess of Westmorland, Sir Audley Neeld, Sir Lionel Darell, Colonel and Mrs. Graham Wilder, Captain and Mrs. Sheaner, Captain Spicer, Colonel and Lady Avice Menzies, Colonel Burdon, Major Pryke Morgan, Sir Christopher Codrington, Major Keith Menzies, Baron de Tuyll, Captain and Mrs. Fetherstonhaugh, Major Lewsley Williams, Colonel and Lady Moira Combe, Colonel and Mrs. Morrison Bell, Captain Thompson, Colonel and Lady Helena Gibbs, Major de Klee, Captain Lancaster, Major Keyworth, the Hon. James Howard, Major and Lady Agnes Poynter, Colonel Brinton, Captain Forestier Walker, Major Pope, Captain Vivian, Colonel Gilbert Heavy, Major Trevor Horne, and Colonel and Mrs. de Paravacini.

COLONEL G. L. BENCE-LAMBERT

The funeral of Colonel Guy Lenox Bence-Lambert took place on Saturday at Thorington, near Halesworth. The service was conducted by the Rev. W. N. Matthews (the rector), assisted by the Rev. G. H. C. Bowen and the Rev. A. S. Thompson. The chief mourners were Mrs. Bence-Lambert (widow), Mr. and Mrs. Guy Lambert, Major and Mrs. Alex Lambert, Mrs. Brabazon Combe, Captain and Mrs. Alec Bence, Captain Harvey-Combe, Mr. Harry Trower, Mr. Guy Trower, Miss Muriel Trower, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Mr. Starkie-Bence, Commander and Mrs. Francis Lambert, Miss Alice Pendergast, Mr. Ted Bence, Mrs. J. A. Lambert, Miss Joan Lambert, Miss Edith Bence, and Dr. and Mrs. Roxburgh. Among others present were:—

The Earl of Stradbroke, Mr. T. D. Lawrance, Mr. W. E. Long, Captain Percy Briscoe, Mr. Willett Ram (Clerk to Halesworth Bench), Mr. Thomas Sheldrake (chairman) and Mr. F. Sutherland (representing Halesworth Conservative Association), Mr. F. G. Ford, the Rev. J. Hardingham, Dr. Knights, Sir Herbert Hambling (chairman) and Mr. T. M. Scoggins (Eye Division Conservative Association, of which Colonel Bence-Lambert was vice-president), Mr. Macdonald Eggar, Mrs. Rupert Heward, Miss Coney, Mr. F. Egbert Holland, Mr. F. C. Loftus, Alderman C. H. Lomax (chairman, East Suffolk County Council), Alderman R. Eaton White, Mr. A. V. Reading, Mr. J. H. Lachlan White, Captain Sir Ralph Hicks, Major-General Sir Ronald and Lady Lane, Sir Thomas Gooch, Mr. Ernest Mortimer, Sir Harry Courthope-Munroe, Admiral E. F. Bruen, Colonel F. Garrett (chairman, Suffolk Territorial Army Association), Mr. A. Catchpole, Mr. D. W. Stanford, Mr. R. M. Peto, Mr. H. Scrimgeour, Superintendent R. G. Pallant, Mr. and Mrs. Hackwell, Mr. M. J. Clarke, Mr. James Snell, Mr. H. W. Hawdon, the Rev. C. H. Bayen, Dr. Marriott, Mr. W. C. Mitchell, Captain Scrivener, Mr. J. W. Farry-Crooke, Mrs. H. C. Newberry, Major and Mrs. Watson, and Mr. E. Eggar White.

SIR ISRAEL GOLLANCZ

A memorial service for Sir Israel Gollancz will be held at the West London Synagogue, Upper Berkeley-street, W., to-day (Monday) at 4 p.m.

SERVICE DINNERS

THE ROYAL SCOTS (THE ROYAL REGIMENT)

The dinner of The Royal Scots (The Royal Regiment) was held at the May Fair Hotel on Thursday evening, Captain Glen C. Holland, The Canadian Scottish Regiment, was the guest of the evening and other officers present were:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Altham, Captain B. H. Ashmore, Major G. D. Baillie-Hamilton, Captain Sir Roland Bourne, Captain Biddolph, Captain J. Broadwood, Major A. E. Croker, Lieutenant-Colonel N. S. Coghill, Colonel N. K. Charteris, Captain E. F. Combe, Major D. Rivers Currie, Major N. R. Crockatt, Captain R. de B. Devereux, Mr. S. G. Dickson, Mr. J. K. M. Drysdale, Mr. D. A. Duke, Colonel M. H. Dyas, Mr. D. A. D. Eykyn, Captain H. H. Francis, Lieutenant-Colonel N. H. S. Fargus, Mr. A. E. Galloway, Lieutenant-Colonel M. M. Haldane, Captain W. Harris, Major G. H. Hay, Mr. A. D. C. Hole, Major J. Larmie, Brigadier-General A. J. G. Moir, Colonel J. H. Mackenzie, Mr. J. Masterton Smith, Captain A. T. McL. Mitchell-Innes, Lieutenant-Colonel A. Murray, Mr. A. G. Mackenzie Kennedy, Captain J. B. McCance, Brigadier-General H. E. P. Nash, Major D. H. Nicholson, Mr. J. R. Oakley, Major E. H. B. Raymond, Colonel L. K. Smith, Major R. B. de Stacpoole, M. M. Shafto, Captain V. Gartside Tippinge, Major D. C. Thompson, Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Versturme-Bunbury, Lieutenant-Colonel R. Wemyss Campbell, Captain S. K. E. White, Captain J. K. Wyllie-Roger, Captain C. C. Winchester, and Captain W. S. Baillie-Hamilton (private guest).

THE ROYAL MUNSTER FUSILIERS

Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Belfield presided at the annual dinner of The Royal Munster Fusiliers, which was held at the Army and Navy Club on Friday evening. Other officers present were:—

Brigadier-Generals R. C. Boyle, G. D. Crocker; Colonels A. M. Bent, J. A. F. Cuffe, E. FitzG. Dillon, G. W. Geddes, R. R. Hawes, H. S. Jervis; Lieutenant-Colonels E. V. Banning, W. H. Forrelick, F. A. D'O. Goddard, R. A. D. Moseley, G. S. Ormerod; Majors G. C. Bowen, L. H. Branson, A. Gorham, G. Forbes Holland, G. N. Monro, C. R. Rawlinson, C. B. Williams; Captains J. H. Jordeson, H. A. Newson, H. R. Sugrue, J. Watts; Messrs. R. H. A. Dagmore and P. R. O'Sullivan.

NEW CIVIC CENTRE FOR SOUTHAMPTON

THE DUKE OF YORK'S VISIT

The Duke of York will visit Southampton to-morrow, when he will lay the foundation-stone of the town's new civic centre which is being erected at an estimated total cost of nearly £400,000. His Royal Highness will also open the new women's hostel at Highfield in connexion with the University College of Southampton. An opportunity will be afforded him to see the progress of the Docks Extension scheme, which will cost about £13,000,000, and he will also open the summer show of the Southampton Royal Horticultural Society.

Southampton's civic centre will be a dignified building which will take some five years to complete. It will be constructed in four sections. The first portion, now being erected, consists of the administrative block, with accommodation for the staffs of the various Corporation departments, together with a Council Chamber. The next portion to be proceeded with will be the courts and police accommodation, and the two remaining sections will be the town hall, with seating accommodation for over 2,000 people, and facilities for municipal concerts and civic receptions, and an art gallery, with art school attached.

The new hostel for women students of University College is evidence of the remarkable development of the College, which aims at becoming the University of Wessex. Its erection has been made possible by an anonymous gift of £14,000 towards the total cost of £40,000. It will provide accommodation for 110 women.

ST. PAUL'S

WEEK-END SERVICES OF THANKSGIVING

A service of thanksgiving for the preservation of St. Paul's Cathedral, arranged by the Archdeaconry of Middlesex, was held in the Cathedral on Saturday evening, and was attended by a crowded congregation.

The service opened with a procession of nearly 200 clergy, followed by another procession comprising the choir, Bishops, the Dean of St. Paul's, canons residentiary, the Archdeacon of Middlesex, prebendaries, minor canons, and rural deans, the hymn, "Lift the strain of high thanksgiving," led by trumpets, trombones, and organ, being sung meanwhile. A bidding of welcome to the congregation to the restored Cathedral was spoken by the Bishop of Kensington, and the lesson was read by the Archdeacon of Middlesex. The preacher was the BISHOP of SOUTHWARK (Dr. Garbett).

JUDGES AT THE CATHEDRAL

The Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress, the Sheriffs, and members of the City Corporation, together with many of his Majesty's Judges, attended service at St. Paul's in state yesterday afternoon. Before the service the Judges took luncheon with the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House, and they drove in procession to the Cathedral. This annual service is usually held on Hospital Sunday, but was postponed till the Dome and Choir were reopened and took the form of a thanksgiving for the completion of the work of preservation. The Lord Chancellor headed the Judges' procession, which included Lords Justices, Judges of the King's Bench, and other Divisions of the High Court.

BISHOP OF RIPON ON THE VATICAN

THE LAMBETH CONFERENCE

The BISHOP of RIPON (Dr. E. A. Burroughs), preaching last night in Ripon Cathedral, said that never since the Reformation itself had the grasp of, and allegiance to, the principles underlying the English Reformation been so closely tested as they were likely to be tested at the Lambeth Conference.

The time had come, he thought, in all kindliness, to ask those of his fellow Churchmen who when they spoke of reunion really meant "Rome" to be content with such things as they already had in the English Church or else to seek their ideal elsewhere. Very large accommodation had of late been made for them in the Church of England at considerable sacrifice of its interests as the Church of the English people, and at no little discomfort to many of its sober, peaceable, and truly conscientious sons. Some of them had recently presented to the Bishops a rather shrill and petulant demand for more generous recognition of their claims. Others had threatened secession if the South India proposals were endorsed at Lambeth. But no great Church could submit to dictation by one section of its members, especially when submission would imperil the very principle of comprehensiveness by which that section found a place within it. However great the desire to afford reasonable comfort to that section they must respect the authority of, and accommodate themselves to, the peculiar character of the Church they belonged to, and not to try to play the cuckoo in the Anglican nest.

It was, perhaps, providential that the Vatican, by its action in Malta, had chosen just this moment to remind the English-speaking peoples of what Rome still stood for, and of how inconceivable it was that the Roman Catholic religion in anything like its present form, or with its present presuppositions and claims, could ever become the religion of the British race, with its instincts for freedom and respect for human individuality. They might, perhaps, even thank the authors of the concordat between the Church and State in Italy, which had made the Church of Rome once more a foreign Power. Anyhow, that new and curious development in our political relations with the Vatican was one more fact which added significance to the meeting of the Lambeth Conference, and marked it as the ordeal of Anglicanism.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

The Duke of Gloucester opens the Bernhard Baron St. George's Jewish Settlement, Berner-street, 3.15 p.m.

Norfolk by-election: Nominations.

Imperial Press Conference: Concluding session. Grosvenor House, 10; farewell dinner, Grosvenor House, 7.30.

Royal Commission on Civil Service, 10.30.

Anglo-German Mixed Arbitral Tribunal. 2. Cavendish-square, 10.30.

Anglo-Catholic Congress, Royal Albert Hall, 5.

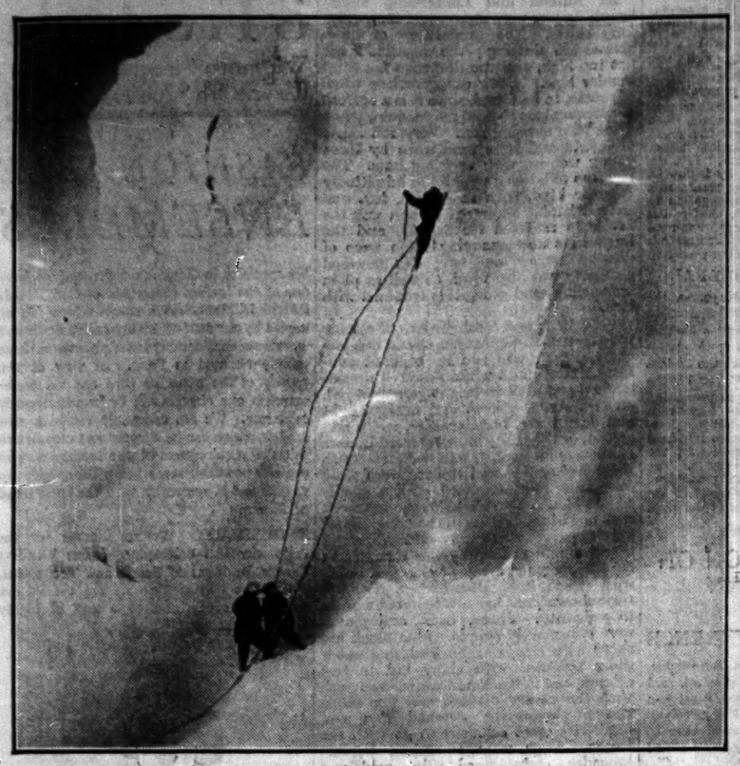
Edinburgh University: Professor Sir Edward Sharpey Schafer opens the department of Research in Animal Genetics, King's Buildings, 12.

Société Culinaire Française de Secours Mutuels: Dinner to Mr. Herbodeau, the French Ambassador presiding, Frascati's Restaurant, 9.30.

City of London Truss Society: annual festival, Carpenters' Hall, 7.

Bisley meeting of the Army Rifle Association and the rifle associations of the Royal Navy and Royal Marines.

21,500 FT. UP THE HIMALAYA: ATTACKING A GREAT ICE WALL



CUTTING STEPS ON THE ICE WALL.—Herr Schneider and Herr Weiland photographed cutting steps on the ice wall on the north ridge of Kanchenjunga. This work, which they shared with Mr. Smythe, at 21,500ft., was most exhausting. As they progressed wedges were driven into the ice and ropes fixed for the porters, who enlarged the steps.

ON KANCHENJUNGA.—A nearer view of the attack on the ice wall of Kanchenjunga. Right; Rescuing a porter from a 30ft. crevasse into which he had fallen near Camp II. He escaped without serious injury.

AT THE HEAD OF THE KANCHENJUNGA GLACIER.—"It is difficult to imagine a finer situation," wrote our Correspondent with the Kanchenjunga expedition, referring to the site of Camp II., at the head of the Kanchenjunga Glacier. Above we reproduce a photograph showing the position of this camp (20,000ft. up) and a party of porters approaching it. It was from here, also, that Mr. Smythe saw the avalanche which nearly wiped out the party who had gone forward to establish Camp III. on the first terrace of the great ice wall. All the work done on the ice wall, as illustrated in our other pictures, was destroyed. This avalanche and the lateness of the season led to the abandonment of the attempt to scale the mountain.

Clearance Sale at SELFRIDGE'S *Begins To-day at 9 a.m*

We try to prove that "the customer is always right." We undertake to see that no transaction is complete which does not meet with the entire satisfaction of the customer.—*Copyright.*

ACCOUNT CUSTOMERS: All goods purchased TO-DAY will be charged on the July account.

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One of the most important events in this great Clearance Sale takes place on the Second Floor in the Fur Salon, where EVERYTHING IS REDUCED. Not only the stock we feel ought to be cleared, but all the newest models . . . we must be *certain* of having a clean stock sheet for the new Season's merchandise.

FORMER PRICE £69 SALE PRICE £39
Store remains open during First Week of Sale until 6.30 P.M. except Saturday.
FORMER PRICE £169 SALE PRICE £89

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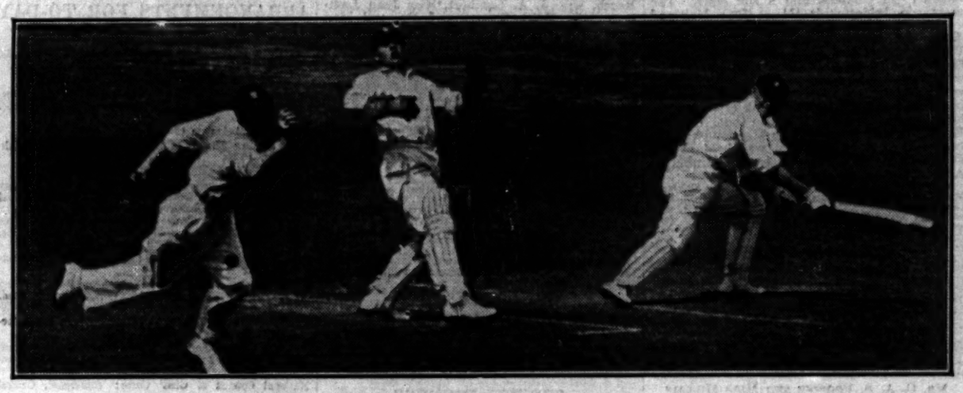

AUSTRALIA'S REPLY.—For the loss of only two wickets Australia scored 405 runs in reply to England's 425 at Lord's on Saturday. Woodfull, who scored 155, getting a ball past Hammond. He was stumped by Duckworth when the score stood at 393. Bradman, not out, had equalled his captain's total when stumps were drawn.

CANFORD SCHOOL.—Guests at Canford School on Speech Day, showing in the background Beaufort House, the new wing which was opened by the Duke of Beaufort. The foundation-stone of another new wing was laid by the Duchess of Beaufort.

LACOSTE AND HIS BRIDE.—M. René Lacoste, the Lawn Tennis Champion in 1925 and 1928, and Mlle. Thion de la Chaume, who won the Ladies' Golf Championship in 1927, were married in Paris this week-end. A photograph after the civil wedding.

TO VISIT LONDON.—Dr. Julio Prestes (right), President-Elect of the Brazilian Republic, photographed in Paris, where he is making a brief stay. He is due to arrive in London to-morrow.

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Please help her up a rung or two.

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400,000 Half-Crowns Required.

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750 SETTEES and LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS covered morocco leather, heavy woven art tapestries, rich silk, and a large quantity covered plain art linen, all being of excellent quality and in most cases equal to new: SEVERAL SMALL LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS offered at 25s. each. Small-size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS in REAL HIDE, 3gns. Larger size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS from £4 17s. 6d. to 12gns.; well-made SOFTLY SPRUNG CHESTERFIELD SETTEES, 8gns.; Large-size CHESTERFIELD AND OTHER SETTEES, many with loose down pillow seats and backs, from £7 15s. to 25gns.

THE DINING, RECEPTION ROOMS, LOUNGES, and LIBRARIES comprise a magnificent collection of Walnut, Mahogany, and Old Oak Furniture in styles of Cromwellian, Queen Anne, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, and Adam, the small complete suites including sets of Chairs, Sideboard, Table, &c., offered for 10 guineas, the more elaborate sets ranging up to 300 guineas, many of these exquisite sets having cost over double the figure now asked to clear. Quantity of Cottage Wheelback Chairs at 5s.

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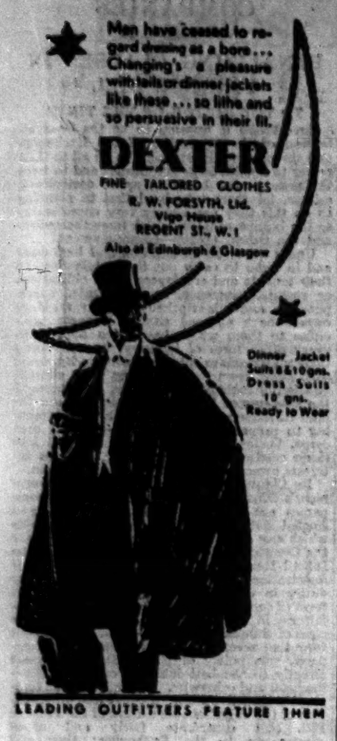
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THE PROGRESS OF SCIENCE

SPACE AS THE ONLY REALITY

PROFESSOR EINSTEIN'S LATEST THEORY

(FROM OUR SCIENTIFIC CORRESPONDENT)

Professor Albert Einstein is human as well as mathematical, and it is possible to suspect him of concealing a grin when he protests himself to be merely a mathematician and not a metaphysician. Certainly he has set our metaphysicians dancing to very exciting tunes, and the summary he gave of his great address to the World Power Conference in Berlin a fortnight ago is likely to increase the speed of their gyrations. Calling it indeed a metaphorical summary, he declared space to be sole representative of reality; it had eaten up light and gravitation, electro-magnetic fields, corpuscles and their movements. By space, doubtless, he meant the four-dimensional space-time continuum, and by eating up he meant that all we know of the universe, gravity, electricity, light, matter, can be included or deduced from a space-time continuum of such a kind that it is satisfied by certain simple (mathematically speaking) mathematical conditions.

Now mathematics, we may readily agree, are products, or states, or whatever one may choose to call them, of mind, and it will be an inference very agreeable to many philosophers that here is a leading man of science, possibly the leading man of the day, proclaiming idealism as the message of modern science, insisting that in the last resort the only reality is mind. The inference is worth examining. The conception of limitless space seems to most of us to be necessary, and many philosophers have declared it to be intuitive, a natural endowment of the human mind. Einstein rejects both the intuitive view and the conception that we can get the idea of a spacial continuum directly from our senses.

HISTORY OF SPACE

According to Einstein, people must have begun with the notion we all have, that the external world is real and is full of material things. Some of these external objects are in contact and all have, or seem to have, relative positions. Measuring for practical purposes, such as building and marking plots of land, led to a primitive mathematics. The Greeks, of whom our old friend Euclid is the type, made an abstraction from reality by imagining such ideal things as the point, the straight line, the plane and linear extension, defining these by the well-known axioms—a point has position without magnitude, a straight line is the shortest distance between two points, and so forth. On this basis they were able to construct a rational system of deductive geometry, in which the conception of continuous space did not appear.

Descartes introduced a spatial continuum into mathematics, apparently because it seemed easier to have one body against which all other bodies could be measured, instead of comparing bodies only the one with respect to the other. His "space" was a pure abstraction, and except that it was empty, it was like a solid, extending infinitely in every direction. By the mathematical system of coordinates which he invented, it was possible to describe by a formula the position of any point, the path of any kind of line, straight or curved, and the configuration of any kind of shape with reference to axes of length, breadth, and depth.

It was to such a mathematically conceived universe, occupied by material bodies, that Newton fitted his laws of mechanics and his conception of gravitation and acceleration. If light could have been regarded, as Newton hoped to be able to regard it, as an emission of particles travelling from body to body through empty space, then the scheme of the universe might have been left as Descartes and Newton conceived it. But the wave theory of light required a vehicle, and so the aether was imagined and assigned the necessary theoretical qualities. But gravitation was left out, and had to be accepted as an unexplained phenomenon. Later came trouble with electro-magnetic fields; if the aether were given qualities, so to speak, to fit the theory of these, then it ceased to fit the Newtonian laws of mechanics.

Meantime mathematicians had been developing a logic in which there were not three but four dimensions of space, and exploring the theoretical properties of such a continuum. Then, as is now well known, by taking time as one of these four dimensions, Einstein was able to devise formulae which brought gravitation into his fold, and now, he tells us, has also brought in electro-magnetic fields and possibly also particles. Not several different systems but a single mathematical conception of space-time fits all we know of the universe.

BACK TO "REALITY"

But there is a reservation to be made, and probably Einstein had that in his mind when he said that he was a mathematician and not a metaphysician. You cannot take out of a mathematical mill more than you put into it, although the flour may be very different in its usefulness from the raw corn. And the grist brought to the mill at every stage of the long and magnificent history of physical science has been abstractions from what we call reality in the crude every-day sense of the word. The point, the straight line, the plane, Descartes' space, Newtonian mechanics, fields of gravity and of electro-magnetism, the quantum, molecule, atom, electron and so forth, are all theoretical conceptions, observations stripped of the crudeness of reality, and taken as pure symbols. They were mental conceptions from the beginning, and nothing but a mental conception can be deduced from them. It is to be noticed, moreover, that Einstein himself still relies on external reality. The standard of truth which he adopted for relativity was not the correctness of its mathematical deduction, but the circumstance that observations made on the light of a planet observed during an eclipse, and shifting of the lines of a spectrum under certain conditions confirmed his mathematics. And now he tells us that inferences from his new Unitary Field Law are standing the test of confrontation with the empirical, that is to say observational, laws of gravity and electricity.

PUTNEY HOME FOR INCURABLES

LORD BRENTFORD presided at the festival dinner of the Royal Hospital and Home for Incurables, Putney, held at the Grocers' Hall, last week. The hospital, which was founded in 1854, costs in maintenance about £50,000 a year, of which the assured income is only £11,000. LORD BRENTFORD, in proposing the toast of the hospital, pointed out that it received nothing from King Edward's Hospital Fund or from the Hospital Saturday or Sunday Funds because it was regarded as a home rather than a curative hospital. Mr. CHARLES CUTTING, the secretary, announced that subscriptions amounting to £9,144 had been received. This sum included £1,365 from "T.R.C.," a sixth donation of £1,000 from the executors of the late Sir H. P. Shepherd, and £1,000 from "L."

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

GIFTS TO CHARITY

Mr. GEORGE BENNET NANCARROW, J.P., of Ravenscroft, Grove Hill, Middlesbrough, and Dunorlan, Castleton, Danby, Yorks, late of Messrs. Peat, Marwick, and Mitchell, chartered accountants, a director of the Cleveland Trust, Limited, of the Middlesbrough Exchange Company and the Royal Insurance Company, died on April 21, aged 72, leaving £44,305, with net personalty £43,136. He gives:—

£1,000 in trust for his secretary, Hilda Preston Frost, and £100 each to George Charlton, gardener, and James Hist, chauffeur, if still in his service.

After life interests and other bequests the ultimate residue between the Middlesbrough High School, for scholarships; the National Children's Home, London; the Wesleyan Methodist Foreign Mission; Leys School, Cambridge, for scholarships; and the Wesleyan Methodist Worn-Out Ministers' Widows' Fund.

The Hon. Sir HENRY ROBERT JUTA, of The White House, Battle, Sussex, formerly Judge President of the Cape Provincial Court, and an additional Judge of the South Africa Court of Appeal, died on May 16, aged 72, leaving property in this country valued at £312 gross, with net personalty £36.

Mr. HERBERT ISOTSON WARD, of Walbrook, E.C., and of Little Flanchford, Leigh, near Reigate, Surrey, solicitor, died on April 19, leaving £63,541, with net personalty £52,646. He gives:—

£1,000 to Frederick Oswald Gask, clerk; £500 to his managing clerk, Ernest B. Haseldine; £200 to Albert Carr, clerk; and £100 each to George Constable and his coachman, Harry Cooper.

Mr. ALBERT WALTER GAMAGE, of Holborn, E.C., and of Grange Farm, Chartridge, Chesham, Bucks, founder and lately chairman of Messrs. A. W. Gamage, Limited, and lately chairman of Messrs. Benetfink and Co., Limited, of Cheapside, E.C., who died on April 5, aged 74, left unsettled property of the gross value of £28,766, with net personalty £6,636.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
ASKWITH, Lieutenant-Colonel John Browning Harrison (67), Royal Field Artillery (retd.), of Courtfield-gardens, Kensington, S.W. (net personalty £10,710)	£12,190
ASTON-LEWIS, Mr. William Henry Denys (75), of Sandringham House, Dawlish (net personalty £9,344)	9,382
CROFT, Mr. Joseph (72), of Laurel Bank, Sykelane, Earlsheaton, Dewsbury, Yorks, retired chartered accountant (net personalty £8,511)	8,579
CURRON, Mr. William Henry (64), of Locarno, Chester-road, Northwich, builder and contractor (net personalty £3,552)	8,000
DELL, Miss Mary Elizabeth, of Pinecliffe-avenue, West Southbourne, Bournemouth (net personalty £12,063)	12,181
DULLEY, Mr. Herbert (61), of King's Bench-walk, Temple, E.C., barrister-at-law (net personalty £17,574)	17,628
DWIGHT, Mr. Thomas Frederick (40), of Upper Farm, Drayton, Beauchamp, Bucks, farmer (net personalty £10,060)	10,110
EVERY, the Rev. Edward, of Fairwood, Pobjoy-road, Exeter (net personalty £2,799)	2,804
FARRALL, Mr. Charles, of Harehills-avenue, Leeds, late manager of I.C.S. boot department (net personalty £2,009)	4,217
FIRTH, Mr. Robert (69), of York-road, Leeds, retired draper (net personalty £1,140)	4,620
FORSHAW, Mr. George Alfred, of Western Holme, Stanley-road, Hoylake, Cheshire (net personalty £34,875)	25,131
GILL, Miss Eleanor Maud, of The Red House, Tadworth, Surrey (net personalty £23,060)	29,722
GRAHAM, Mrs. Jessie Scott, of Fotheringay-road, Pollokshields, Glasgow (personal estate in Great Britain £14,167) (personal estate of the total value of)	14,261
HENDERSON, the Rev. John, of Great Bircham Rectory, Great Bircham, Norfolk (net personalty £773)	828
HESKETH, Mr. James Royle, of The Grove, Oldfield-road, Altrincham, Cheshire, chartered accountant, unsettled (net personalty £2,556)	14,356
MARSHALL, Mr. Thomas Henry (73), of Richmond-road, Worthing, outfitter (net personalty £2,748)	6,108
NAINBY, Mrs. Amy Louise, of Gordon House, Puddenswick-road, Hammersmith, W., widow of H. J. Nainby (net personalty £4,422)	4,510
PRIDE-JONES, Mr. Victor (44), M.R.C.V.S., of Sackville House, Newmarket, veterinary surgeon to the Jockey Club since 1926 and a partner in the "Headquarters Bloodstock Purchasing Agency" (largely concerned with the purchase and export of thoroughbred stock) (net personalty £1,740)	3,281
RAGG, Mr. William Watkins (76), of The Green, Lower Edmonton, N., chemist and druggist and sub-postmaster (net personalty £8,139)	9,733
ROBERTS, Mr. Hugh Iorweth (70), M.I.M.E., of Eastham Bottom-lane, Purley, Surrey, and of Broad-street House, Old Broad-street, E.C. (net personalty £1,582)	4,824
SANDILANDS, Dr. John Edward, M.C., M.D., of Gayton-crescent, Hampstead, N.W. (net personalty £4,209)	4,346
SHILLINGTON, Miss Elizabeth Mildred, of Star Hill, Elvetham, Hants (net personalty £12,338)	14,143
SMITH, Mr. Douglas Rucker (70), of Brock-hill-close, Malvern Wells, retired H.M. Inspector of Schools (net personalty £4,228)	5,256
SMITH, Mrs. Emily Mary (81), of Alexandra-grove, N., widow of T. A. Smith (net personalty £6,433)	6,664
STEELE, Mr. James, of Albert-drive, Pollokshields, Glasgow, a director of the City and County House Purchase Company, Limited, and the Union Investment Company, Limited (personal estate)	20,188
THOMPSON, the Rev. Eugene Herbert, of St. Margarets-road, St. Leonards-on-Sea (net personalty £1,162)	1,226
WARRACK, Miss Harriet Grace, of Greyfriars-garden, St. Andrews, for many years an art teacher at St. Leonards School for Girls, St. Andrews (personal estate in Great Britain £8,642) (personal estate of the total value of)	15,007
WARREN, Mr. Tom Healey Kiddle (62), of Hill House, East Dereham, Norfolk (net personalty £6,757)	7,156
WELDON, Mr. Harry (48), of Maida-vale, W., for some years a well-known music-hall comedian, husband of Hilda Glyder (net personalty nil)	1,119
WHITE, Mr. William Andrew (48), of The Chilterns, Burkes-road, Beaconsfield, Bucks, journalist, a writer on lawn tennis, and for some years on the staff of the *Birmingham Post* (net personalty £3,002)	6,944
WILSON, Miss Mary Jane, of Carden-place, Aberdeen (personal estate in Great Britain)	13,085

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

£5,000 FOR BELFAST CATHEDRAL

The DEAN of BELFAST (the Very Rev. H. R. Brett) announced on Saturday the receipt of an anonymous gift of £5,000 for the completion of the chapel to be built in the north-west corner of the cathedral. This is the second anonymous gift of £5,000 from the same donor for this purpose. The chapel will be named the Chapel of the Holy Spirit, will accommodate 30 worshippers, and will be completed with mosaics and stained glass windows according to the design of the architect of the cathedral (Sir Charles Nicholson).

YORK MINSTER WINDOWS

The great west window of York Minster, restored to its fourteenth century beauty at the cost of the citizens of Bradford, who raised £2,500 for the purpose, was unveiled on Saturday by the Lord Mayor of Bradford. The centre of its tracery forms the shape of a heart, and the window is popularly known as the "heart of Yorkshire" window. It contains 958sq. ft. of stained glass. Before the work of preservation was begun 10 months ago the window was of a uniform dull red hue, caused by the rust of centuries from the bars which supported it. It was revealed at the unveiling on Saturday in the blue, red, green, and gold of the Middle Ages. The Lord Mayor and Sheriff of York attended the service in civic State.

APPOINTMENTS

The Bishop of Durham has appointed the Rev. LORD THURLOW, chaplain superintendent of the Mersey Missions, to be rector of Sedgefield, Co. Durham.

The Rev. H. NIGHTINGALE, curate of St. Clement's, Spotland, Rochdale, has been appointed lecturer of Bolton Parish Church—patrons, the Vicar of Bolton as one body and the Trustees of the Bolton Lectureship Estate as the other. The appointment will take effect on October 1.

The Rev. C. G. HOLLAND, hon. C.F., has been appointed Chaplain of St. George's Church, Lisbon, Portugal—patrons, the congregation.

NOTES

The King and Queen have presented the Rev. C. V. C. Cocan, Minister of St. Gabriel's, North Acton, with two pictorial panels for the new church which is to be built shortly.

The advowson of the rectory of Ladock, Cornwall, has been presented to the Worshipful Company of Grocers by Mrs. Raffles-Flint, widow of the late Canon Stamford Raffles-Flint, Archdeacon of Cornwall.

The restoration of the ancient tower of Hale Magna and Hale Parva Church, Lines, for which the rector appealed in *The Times*, has now been completed. From £30 to £40 is still required to pay for the work.

The Bishop of Dover, Commissary for the Archbishop of Canterbury, ordained as deacon in the parish church of Shirley, Surrey, on June 22, Hector David Anderson, Trinity College, Dublin, B.A., who was licensed to the curacy of Shirley.

The Estate Market

THE AEOLIAN HALL

LONDON LEASES

The Aeolian Hall and appurtenant premises in New Bond-street will be offered to-day by Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley at Hanover-square. Another Bond-street property, unrestricted freeholds, Nos. 2, 3, and 4, will come under the hammer of Messrs. Daniel Smith, Oakley and Garrard and Messrs. H. and R. L. Cobb (Charles-street, St. James's-square, and Rochester) at the Mart on Wednesday.

Six of the 26 City sales of real estate take place to-morrow at the Mart. Messrs. Reynolds and Eason have to offer a freehold in High-street, Shoreditch, and Bow and Bermondsey leases. Besides residential freeholds in and near Croydon, a factory in Chesham is for sale by Messrs. Blake, Son and Williams. The 70 years' term of a new house in Mayfair and a Portman lease in Manchester-square await bids through Messrs. Folkard and Hayward and Messrs. Robinson, Williams and Burnands. Main road premises in Bayswater-terrace will be submitted by Messrs. Allsop and Co., and houses in and near St. John's Wood are for sale by Messrs. Snell and Co. and Messrs. Pemberton and Clark.

Two Kensington houses that have been converted into flats in Earl's Court-square and Philbeach-gardens will be sold on Wednesday by Mr. C. W. Mayne. An unusually long list of freehold ground-rents, for disposal by Messrs. Newell and Hamlyn, shows small lots with reversions in from 19 years onwards to substantial rack rents in Deptford, and there are freeholds in Plumstead and Woolwich. This district is represented, too, in the lots to be sold by Messrs. Mark Lidell and Co. and Mr. C. W. Mann. Among residential offers are those by Messrs. Humbert and Flint, of a Kings Langley estate of 60 acres; Messrs. Prickett and Ellis, of a Highgate leasehold; and Messrs. Stimpson, Lock and Vince and Messrs. Henry Holmes and Co. of a Northwood house. The Priory, Wareham, and a house and 296 acres in Somerset are in the hands of Messrs. Hankinson and Son.

Portman-square and Elgin-avenue leases will be submitted by Messrs. Ralph Pay and Taylor on Thursday, and a Hampstead freehold on Rosslyn-hill, by Mr. Wm. J. Ross, at the Mart. Messrs. Turner, Lord and Dowler have an auction at Winchester House. An Edenbridge property of three acres will be sold by Messrs. Mosely, Card and Co. on Friday.

To-morrow at St. James's-square Messrs. Hampton and Sons will sell a Hampstead freehold in Pilgrim's-lane, an old house and five acres on Brockley-hill, Edgware, a freehold of seven acres at Beaconsfield, and Homewood, a Weybridge freehold of half-an-acre. Norfolk House will be offered on July 22 by order of the Duke of Norfolk.

Sites for houses and shops in and near Southbourne-on-Sea will be offered to-morrow by Messrs. Fox and Sons (Bournemouth) and the local agent, Mr. H. F. Blatchford. Some of the lots are "suitable for bungalows, huts, or caravans."

Sir Philip B. Wrey's Brenchley estate, Tawsden, 27 acres, near Paddock Wood Junction, is for sale at the Mart on July 23 by Messrs. Constable and Maude, who showed two views of Rydes Hill House, Guildford, in their list on Friday (p. 28). It is elaborately decorated.

Old Farm, Beech, near Alton, a fifteenth-century farmhouse in three acres of gardens, orchard, and paddock, will be offered by Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley on July 22.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Knight, Frank and Rutley	20, Hanover-square, W. (2.30)	Leasehold Properties
R. Garrings	White Hart Hotel, Lewes, (—)	Country Properties

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c. SALES THIS DAY

Wm. Willett, Ltd.	Hensie Park, Buntingford (11.30)	Contents of the Mansion
Hampton and Sons	Clarence Hall, Cast le-street, Bloomsbury (12.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Christie, Manson and Woods	King-street, St. James's, S.W. (1.0)	Pictures and Drawings
Sotheby and Co.	34-5, New Bond-street, W. (1.0)	Rare Books
H. R. Harmer	5-9, Old Bond-street, W. (2.30)	Rare Postage Stamps

THE SALE ROOM

C. WHIBLEY'S LIBRARY

Messrs. Hodgson's three-days' sale last week of the extensive library (noticed in *The Times* on June 20) of the late Mr. Charles Whibley produced £3,406.

A fine copy of the first collected edition of "The Workes" of Sir Thomas More, 1557, with rare unnumbered leaf at p. 1,136, fetched £80 (Maggs); N. Monardes, "Joyfull Newes Out of the Newe Founde Worlde," 1577—£58 (Quaritch); Montaigne, "Essayes," translated by J. Florio, 1613—£21 (McLeish); Downe, "Poems, with Elegies on the Author's Death," 1633—£26 (Quaritch); Pepys, "Memoires Relating to the State of the Royal Navy," 1690, large paper copy—£30 (Bain); R. Ackermann, "History of the University of Cambridge," 1815, with 95 fine coloured aquatint plates—£75 (Heffer); Boswell, "Life of Samuel Johnson," 1791, first edition—£55 (Bain); Smollett, "Humphry Clinker," 1771—£63 (Pickering); Ovid, "Les Metamorphoses," Paris, 1767, with engravings after Eisen, Gravelot, and others—£31 (Lubrano); Woodes Rogers, "A Cruising Voyage Round the World," 1712, from the Heber Library—£22 (Edwards); and Cervantes, "Don Quixote," Madrid, 1780, the Real Academia Española edition, with engravings by J. del Castillo and others, a fine copy—£20 (Lubrano).

BOOKS FROM WELBECK ABBEY

Sotheby's five days' sale of books last week totalled £7,097, and included duplicates from the library at Welbeck Abbey, the property of the Duke of Portland. Among the more important lots were J. C. Nattes, "Bath Illustrated," 1806, with 28 coloured aquatints—£40 (Batsford); T. Smollett, "Roderick Random," 1748—£36 (S. H. Joseph); Fielding, "Tom Jones," 1749, first issue of the first edition—£180 (Maggs); Kingsley, "Westward Ho!" 1855, first edition, with 16 pages of advertisements—£59 (Elkin Mathews); Sir Walter Scott, "Ivanhoe," 1821, first edition in original boards—£80 (Drake); Melville, "The Whale," 1851, first edition in original cloth—£170 (Elkin Mathews); R. L. Stevenson, "An Inland Voyage," 1878, fine copy of the first edition—£50 (Pickering); and "Treasure Island," 1883—£70 (Drake); and Darwin, "On the Origin of Species," 1859, first edition, with 32 pages of advertisements at end—£23 (Joseph).

OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE

Messrs. Holmes have now on exhibition at 29, Old Bond-street one of the most comprehensive collections of Old Sheffield plate ever got together. It has recently been acquired from a well-known London collector. To make it even more complete than it was, a few additions from other sources have been made, with the result that the exhibition fills a large room. Sheffield plate, after long years of neglect so far as collectors were concerned, has during the present century come into fashion again, with a corresponding increase in market value. Horace Walpole admired it, for he tells us that in 1760 he passed through Sheffield, "one of the foulest towns in England" as he called it, and purchased for two guineas a pair of "quite pretty" candlesticks. Two guineas will not go far to-day in purchasing Sheffield plate. The many hundreds of articles in this exhibition show that practically everything that was made in silver could also be turned out in Sheffield plate, which was much cheaper and almost as enduring. The exhibition is open free daily to collectors and others interested in Old Sheffield plate. A neatly printed brochure on the history of the subject gives a rapid view of the origin, rise, and decline of this industry.

DICKINS & JONES SUMMER SALE
BEGINS TO-DAY

Dickins & Jones Sale bears the reputation of being the outstanding fashion opportunity of the season. Smart women await it, knowing fully how much *farther* sale money goes at Dickins & Jones. Here you will find to-day's most distinguished fashions—many suitable for Autumn wear—at astonishingly low prices.

120 This Season's Coats
reduced from 6½ gns–8½ gns–12½ gns

IN SMARTEST SHAPES AND NEWEST COLOURS

98/6

Many of these Coats were made so late in the season that they forecast styles that will be correct for the Autumn. Included you will find coats of the conservative kind that are smart for many occasions. Styles are so varied that personal shopping is essential. *Dept., Second Floor.*

Heavy quality Black Wool Georgette coat, lined Crêpe-de-Chine. Cuffs and scarf edged Monkey. S.W. size. Usual price 12½ gns.

MATERIALS:
Fine Wool Suitings, Artificial Silk and Wool Romaines, etc., etc.—many trimmed fur.

COLOURS:
A selection of the season's most fashionable shades; also Navy and Black.

SIZES:
S.W., W., and O.S. fittings.

Matron's Coat in Navy Wool Romaine. Lined Crêpe-de-Chine. Soft collar of Fur. Usual price 8½ gns.

Navy Wool Georgette Coat, lined Crêpe-de-Chine. Collar of Martin Foxaline. Usual price 8½ gns.

Paris model in Bright Wool Crêpe, lined Crêpe-de-Chine. Smart collar of fur. Usual price 13½ gns.

200 This Season's Gowns
reduced from 10 gns–12 gns–15 gns

FOR EVERY DAY AND EVENING OCCASION

7½ GNS

The exquisite gowns in this sale collection will arouse great enthusiasm. They are so fashion-right for late Summer wear, so different and artistic in conception. And with such big reductions on the original prices, these unusual values will necessitate very early buying. The models sketched are representative of the high character of all the dresses in the collection.

FOR PERSONAL BUYING ONLY!

(Large Figure.) Afternoon Gown in heavy Crêpe-de-Chine in Cyclamen shade. Bodice finely shirred. Original price 16½ gns. (Foreign)

(Small Figure.) French Model in soft Plum Taffeta. Original price 19½ gns.

(Large Figure.) Original Agnes Model, in Grey Romaine Hand Embroidery. Original price 45 gns. (Foreign)

(Small Figure.) Original Model by Madeleine Vionnet, in Black Sa in Crêpe. Original price 50 gns. (Foreign)

TWO-PIECE SUITS
7½ GNS

Marvellous value is offered in this group of TWO-PIECE SUITS. Some have Cloth coats and Silk gowns, others in Wool crêpe. Also TAILORED SUITS in Saxony Suiting, Worsted and Tweed Suiting.

Reduced from 9½, 10½, and 11½ Gns

MODEL ENSEMBLES & TAILORED SUITS
9 GNS

A sale group comprising a limited number of MODEL ENSEMBLES and TAILORED SUITS; also a few copies of models all in the newest styles and materials.

Reduced from 16½, 18½, and 20 Gns

DICKINS & JONES, LTD. *Telephone: Gerrard 9700.* REGENT STREET, W.1

Agriculture

A RUTLAND FARM

MR. O. H. SMITH'S ENTERPRISE

LIGHT ON IMPORTANT PROBLEMS

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

Rutland has other claims to prominence than that of being the smallest county in England. Uppingham School and its own school at Oakham, which between them prepared the England cricket captain for Cambridge and later honours in the national game, have won fame for Rutland, and in the view of hunting people its relationship to the historic Cottesmore country invests it with corresponding or even greater distinction. The farming achievements of a locality may not appeal in the same sense to popular imagination or approbation, but no nation can really be forgetful of the productive merits of the land and the manner in which they are utilized for private or public good.

The small county of Rutland has a long and creditable record of skilful and resourceful husbandry. The fact that only about a third of the total area is ploughland is a measure of intelligent interpretation of the conditions of soil and climate rather than any reflection of a wish to evade the responsibilities of rotation cropping. The land is often heavy, as the visitor can see from the prevalence of the "water ridges," and although most of it may have been cultivated when the growing of corn was an attractive proceeding—and might be again if wheat would bring a price commensurate with the cost of production—modern circumstances, including the national subordination of the primary business of farming, have reduced the area under the plough to less than 30,000 acres out of the 88,000 scheduled as "under crops and grass." Having regard to the predominant soils, the undulations and other governing conditions, the proportions of arable and grass are normal and indicative of wise and experienced adaptation of the natural resources to the requirements of the nation and, presumably, to the economic advantages of the occupiers and owners.

It was my privilege recently to inspect the farming enterprise in the county of Mr. Owen Hugh Smith. The centre of this interesting project is at Langham, about a couple of miles from Oakham, but as several farms are included in the 1,200 acres, the holding extends into a number of parishes and even at a point crosses into the county of Leicester. The arable area is about 200 acres, so that there is more than the usual county proportion under permanent grass, a departure from the normal that inspection fully warrants, for better grassland, pasture, or meadow it would be difficult to imagine in June of this year. All seasons are not alike, of course, and in 1929 circumstances favoured arable here as in many other parts, but the present is more nearly normal and, therefore, the course of management that has emerged from observant experience is seen at its best and in impressive excellence. Haymaking had begun and, in addition to bountiful crops of clovers, admirably mixed crops of meadow hay were being mown at the middle of the month. The pastures were equally productive of the finest herbage for stock of all kinds, the clovers having responded freely to the manurial dressings designed to induce their development in desired proportion. Pastures and meadows alike testified to the skill with which the lessons of experience were being turned to effective account. The cultivated crops were good and moderate in about the same proportion as is seen elsewhere, but, worst of all, evidences of unavailing struggles with the turnip "fly" were depressingly abundant. Can nothing be done to subdue this increasingly destructive pest?

THE LIVE STOCK

The outstanding feature in the Langham farming scheme is the live stock section. The grassland reflects intelligent management, but seasonal influences have played their part in achieving this result. The herds, flocks, and studs are to a greater degree the result of "the human factor." The several hundreds of commercial bullocks and heifers bought at different times and at different centres have clearly been selected with understanding and discernment, but chief interest centres in the pure-bred stock, and of this class there is a remarkably attractive representation. Except for the one variant of Berkshire pigs, one might imagine oneself inspecting an East Anglian farm when looking at the pedigreed stock on this Rutland farm. The Red Poll cattle, Suffolk Punches, and Suffolk sheep have all found a congenial home here. The Red Polls are acquitting themselves with credit in utility and show performances. The herd is assuming, or has assumed, uniformity of type which makes it easy to perceive the direction in which it is being moulded, and already the East Anglian breed has in Rutland a stronghold of high merit and corresponding influence. Milk production is a leading consideration, but the other qualities and characteristics of the breed are never overlooked in evolving and cultivating the animal that is wanted. The herd numbers about 230 in all, and this total not only necessitates the sale fixed for July 3, but speaks well for the breeding properties of the cattle. The heifers and other young stock are particularly attractive and are a credit to the older stock from which they are bred.

The Suffolk horses and sheep also have adapted themselves well to the district, as was to be expected, for these breeds are no longer local. Some of the best Punches of the time are included in the young stud, while of the sheep it is notable that rams bred here have proved peculiarly fitted and popular for crossing purposes in the surrounding districts. Acclimatization is an important factor in sheep-farming, and it has proved itself of definite value at Langham. The herd of Berkshire pigs is not large, but there are evidences of development. The Light Sussex fowls are also worthy of mention in any notice of a farming enterprise that is to be welcomed and watched on account of the light it seems capable of shedding upon problems of fundamental importance in these difficult times. The owner has entrusted the management to Captain C. E. FitzRoy, who, with Mr. Hollingshead and others of experience to help him, seems destined to achieve such success as is attainable in farming pursuits.

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

THE HAY HARVEST

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

"Catchy weather for the hay" have been familiar words in the country of late. They express fittingly what farmers experienced in the first weeks of the hay harvest. The excellent crops that abound in many districts are being "made" and stacked with difficulty; and, as usually happens, the heavier the yield the greater the trouble in drying and securing the fodder. But the weather, though unsettled, has not been disheartening. Interruptions at first were frequent and disturbing, occurring often just when men were on the field ready to gather the hay into ricks. Still, there have been no prolonged delays such as involve repeated turning and handling to the point of irretrievable injury. June has been a dripping month, yet not so much so as to put the margin of result on the wrong side for the farmer. The showers, or storms, that stopped work on the hayfield, did good to the rest of the farm, especially to the root crops, and altogether the conditions on the productive side are encouraging.

ECONOMICS OF RURAL LANDOWNING

The subject of Mr. Dampier-Whetham's presidential address at the meeting of the Agricultural Economics Society at Oxford on Saturday was well chosen. It was "The Economics of Rural Landowning." No class of property, or of person, has suffered more severely from recent legislative activities and changes than agricultural land and its owners, and the resulting injury and depreciation to property have been endured in almost unbroken silence or, at least, in face of disregarded protest. Mr. Dampier-Whetham is a competent authority on the question, for besides being an economist he happens to be an owner of agricultural land. The treatment the subject receives is characteristically impartial and enlightening. The hearer or reader is asked to take nothing for granted; he is provided with hard facts set forth with lucidity and understanding that make them impressive and instructive. The owning of land as a commercial business has few attractions. The return on capital is meagre and uncertain, and the responsibilities numerous and often heavy. Recent legislation, one-sided and "uniformly bad," has been largely accountable for the changes indicated, and while landowners and their estates have been impoverished in the result, the desire among farmers to own the holdings they cultivate has been suppressed. The position so accurately depicted by Mr. Dampier-Whetham is disquieting to well-wishers of prosperity and stability in the countryside.

EMPLOYMENT ON THE LAND

The suggested schemes for training unemployed for work on the land merit full and sympathetic consideration, but it is arguable that the provision of employment on the land for those already proved to be capable and trusted farm workers deserves prior consideration. It appears scarcely wise to drive experienced people from farm work through economic misfortune or reward on the one hand, and, on the other, to incur the cost and tedium of training substitutes for them. It is true the farmer, on occasion, complains of the indifference of those men he loses from his inability to pay the statutory wage, but it is also true that he would prefer those he knows to the new hands of whom he knows nothing and of whom he harbours grave doubts. The best contribution then that agriculture can make towards solving the unemployment problem is in prevention—in keeping its normal complement in active work, so that no contingent from the land may swell the ranks of the workless from urban and industrial areas. Suitable markets and prices for the produce of the land, and of their labours, alone can ensure constancy of employment for the skilled agricultural worker. For the unskilled or the partly trained there is little prospect of employment on farms at all.

TINNED SKIM MILK

The debate initiated by Lord Cranworth in the House of Lords on June 18 on "tinned skim milk" was notable for two things. First, for Lord Cranworth's comments upon the poor quality of the article, and the worthlessness of the British official report upon the manner of its production on the Continent; and, secondly, for the want of courage and enterprise in high quarters in taking action. No immediate danger to health, it is said, results from the consumption of this valueless stuff, and since other Governments did not interfere in the interests of the public health, this Government declines to risk the criticism that might be offered if imports were hampered. Tinned skim milk may be convenient and cost little money, but reckoned on any sound basis of value, it is not cheap—not so cheap as the wholesome fresh liquid milk it so largely displaces in the homes of the consumers who are not sufficiently mindful of the nutritive value of the foods they give their children and themselves. It is regrettable that with milk which is home-produced under direct official supervision, contains the ingredients of whole, fresh milk, and is offered in excess of requirements, this other machine-separated stuff should be permitted to usurp its place in so many households.

GRASS LAMBS

The reference a few weeks ago to the unsatisfactory appearance of grass lambs this season has brought me interesting suggestions from various sources. All correspondents agree as to the slow progress of lambs in grassland flocks this year, and several state that they have found "pilling" an advantage. The pill commonly used is a proprietary remedy (Coopers) for internal parasites, and, costing 1d. a lamb, it has been inexpensive as well as effective. One successful flockmaster says by pilling and always keeping iodized salt bricks before his lambs (they will begin to lick the bricks at three weeks old) he has overcome the trouble for the last two seasons.

SUGAR BEET PRICES

A body that undertakes the adjustment of prices for a product usually "asks for trouble" and seldom fails to find it. The Sugar Beet Committee of the N.F.U. is negotiating now for terms for the crop that is in the land. Growers in some districts appear to be a little uneasy lest the committee fail to make the best prices and easiest conditions obtainable, and a few would go so far as to impose certain limitations as to their freedom in making terms with the factory owners. Past experiences should make apprehensions regarding bargaining ability on the part of the committee unnecessary, for although complaints have sometimes been heard—and always will be—concerning the terms concluded, results have usually shown them to be equitable and sometimes moderately generous. At least, the help the sugar beet industry has been to arable districts in which the crop could be grown has been due in no small measure to the tact and reasonableness of the organization deputed to negotiate with the factory owners. Matters at the present juncture had better be left in the hands of the same body, and, above all, individual growers should refrain from either tying its hands or manifesting undue haste for a settlement.

LAND MARLING

Marling has long ceased to be practised to any considerable extent outside certain areas. I have seen in progress in the Fens the same or kindred operation of raising clay from below the peaty surface and spreading it on the top so that it could be mixed with the cultivated soil. This process has the double advantage of improving the fertility of the soft surface soil and, equally, and perhaps more important, of prolonging the "life" of the land. The richest of soils are apt to depreciate from constant cropping, especially cropping on the luxurious scale common in the Fens; they may even waste away in bulk and general utility. Claying is practised by Fen farmers as a means of ensuring undiminished productive power. But the operation, as I saw it, and as it used to be practised, is laborious and costly. If the work can be done by machinery there is not a farmer whose holding can be improved by marling or claying who would not employ a machine even if the cost were considerably higher than that incurred normally. The Agricultural and General Engineers, Limited, Aldwych House, Aldwych, W.C.2, have brought over from the Continent, and have tried at several centres, a machine designed for land marling, which merits the closest attention. An operation of the kind, exacting and heavy, can never be inexpensive; substantial outlay is inevitable. But there may be various degrees of cost, and the process as exemplified by this German machine at from £8 to £10 an acre is worthy of consideration. The work so far appears to have been pleasing to experienced farmers and landowners, and further trials will be followed with confidence.

MARKETS AND ROAD TRAFFIC

The Automobile Association has appealed to the National Farmers' Union to use its influence to stop the holding of markets on Bank Holidays on account of the inconvenience to traffic and the risk of injury to cattle and sheep on such occasions. In many centres markets that ordinarily would fall on Bank Holidays are suspended on the adequate grounds that business also is largely discontinued on public holidays. But apparently this course is not, and possibly cannot be, adopted in all cases, and the result must be unfortunate for the users of the roads, for whom the Automobile Association speaks, and the owners of live stock. The highways are incapable of serving with equal efficiency requirements so dissimilar as those indicated. At the same time it may not be quite easy for the roads to be completely abandoned to holiday motorists, and the N.F.U. was wise to refuse to interfere in a matter that can best be adjusted by local authorities fully conversant with local conditions.

LORD RADNOR

Lord Folkestone, now Lord Radnor, had made his name, as well as himself, so familiar to agriculturists that it will take some time to become accustomed to the change. One result of his succession to the earldom, however, will be anticipated with satisfaction. As a member of the House of Lords he will enjoy greater freedom than if he had had to fight elections for the House of Commons, and judging from the prominence he has already attained in agricultural work the whole of the time so saved from political activity will be used to advantage for the advancement of agricultural interests. The new Lord Radnor has farmed extensively on his own account, and, like most agriculturists of his age, he has been industrious in testing on the land and with live stock the most promising of modern ideas about practical and economic farming. His experiences have accorded with those of others. The complete domination of conditions beyond human control have thwarted some of the most acceptable theories and systems and brought the most enterprising sharply up against the stern realities of environment. But Lord Radnor is resolute and discreet in his farming activities, and endowed with a quick and receptive mind his service to agriculture is destined to be of high importance.

REPLACEMENT OF LAYING STOCK

QUESTIONS OF ECONOMY

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

It seems to be assumed by the general body of poultry-keepers that the average hen which develops no apparent defect is worth keeping for two laying seasons. That is to say, she begins laying in late summer or early autumn, carries on until the following late summer, when she moults and takes a rest of varying duration; in due course—possibly in November, but perhaps as late as January—she begins her second season, and from that time produces eggs at a fairly steady rate until she exhausts her energy and is discarded during the following summer. This, of course, refers to the average hen of the commercial egg-producing flock, as distinct from the selected hens of the breeding flocks, which are frequently retained for three of four seasons.

This popular assumption is undoubtedly based to a great extent upon experience of commercial practice; yet the policy of keeping laying hens for two seasons is open to criticism, especially with White Leghorns, whose second season yield seldom compares favourably with that of the first season. On some commercial farms the majority, if not the whole, of the White Leghorns are replaced after one laying season, and there can be little doubt that this practice would be far more common but for the cost and risks of replacement. So long as chicken-rearing remains the most critical task of the poultry farmer's year there will be no general move towards the policy of replacing the whole of the laying stock after one season's production; we may even observe a tendency in the direction of keeping hens for three seasons, which has been and is being done with first crosses. That raises the interesting point whether first cross females from selected parents inherit a greater degree of stamina and productive power than ordinary pure-bred birds; and in view of the reputed physical superiority of first crosses some important results should accrue from a test in which crossbreds in their third season are compared with purebreds in their second season.

It has been said that the cost of replacement is really the difference between the selling price of old hens and the buying price or rearing cost of pullets. That is putting it baldly, for the economic cost is likely to be greater if a bad rearing season is experienced and one fails to raise sufficient pullets to stock the laying houses. Once more we are faced with the difficulties and uncertainties of the rearing season, and unless at last with third season first cross hens reveals surprising results it seems likely that the economic duration of the commercial laying hen's career will not be determined until the problems of hatching, rearing, and chick mortality have been solved in such ways that the task of replacement is no longer attended with risks and undertaken with fear.

While we are uncertain of the costs of raising pullets—which necessarily depends upon the proportion of failures—it will be difficult to assess, even approximately, the expenses of replacement; but it is quite a reasonable argument that the superior commercial qualities of the White Leghorn as an egg-producer are discounted by its low selling value as a contribution towards the cost of replacement. The fact that Leghorn hens have to be sold at 1s. to 1s. 6d. apiece at the end of the laying season, compared with 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. for heavy breeds, not only entails a sacrifice, but constitutes an argument against yearly replacement. On the other hand, the long rest which Leghorn hens are accustomed to take after the moult, and the difficulty in getting them to recommence laying in winter without night feeding by artificial light, are factors which must also be considered from every economic standpoint.

THE WORLD POULTRY CONGRESS

CONDITIONS OF MEMBERSHIP

An appeal is made to poultry-keepers to become members of the World Poultry Congress, which will be held at the Crystal Palace from July 22 to 30. Privileges of membership include participation in all the sessions of the congress, where opportunity will be afforded of meeting the leading poultry breeders, research workers, and pathologists from all parts of the world; and enjoyment of the programme of entertainments, which includes several social functions of particular interest. The appeal can also be made on patriotic grounds, since British poultry-keepers should support the congress by their presence and so impress overseas visitors with the strength and solidarity of the poultry industry in this country.

The fee for full membership of the congress is £2 2s. for residents of the United Kingdom and £1 1s. for wives and relatives of members. These fees entitle members to free admission to the congress and to the various functions and entertainments in connexion therewith, in addition to a printed report of the proceedings at the close of the congress. Persons who are unable to attend the congress, but desire to be associated with it and to receive copies of the printed report and papers, may become associate members for a fee of £1 1s. Application for membership should be made to the Secretary, World Poultry Congress, Ministry of Agriculture, 10, Whitehall-place, London, S.W.1.

A very attractive programme has been arranged for the Army and Royal Air Force Pageant, to be held in the Stadium at the Crystal Palace on the evenings of Friday and Saturday, July 25 and 26. This display has been arranged for the benefit of congress visitors with the cooperation of the War Office and the Air Ministry, and the troops taking part will be the massed bands of the Brigade of Guards, the 3rd Carabiniers (Prince of Wales's Dragoon Guards), "J" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, the Pipers of H.M. Scots Guards, and recruits of the Royal Air Force. The pageant will begin at 7.30 p.m., and will conclude by 9.30. Ordinary admission charges to the exhibition of 3s. during the day and 1s. 6d. in the evening will secure a good view of the pageant, but seats in the grand stand can be obtained for 2s. 6d. Prince Arthur of Connaught will take the salute on Friday evening, July 25.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE MARKETS

STRAWBERRIES PLENTIFUL

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

During the past week the presence in large quantities of home-grown summer fruits, especially of strawberries, dominated the situation at Covent Garden Market. The strawberries were especially plentiful, and as they were generally in good condition they sold at reasonable rates. There was an increased supply of cherries, and as a consequence prices came down considerably as compared with the previous week. Apricots arrived from Spain in big quantities, and changed hands at lower rates than in the previous week. Plums, mostly from Spain, have also begun to make their appearance, and have been selling fairly well, considering that the attention of the trade has been so much taken up by the strawberries. A shipment of very nice peaches has been imported from Italy, but these again have not realized the ordinary high price that was to be expected owing to the influence of the strawberry invasion. A novelty was provided by the arrival of the earliest variety of Californian dessert plums, which on that account realized good values.

Oranges, which arrived from the Brazils, California, and South Africa, were for the most part in good condition, and very juicy; they therefore sold well. The Spanish varieties are now practically finished. In regard to lemons, there is no particular change to report; fruit in first-class condition realized good prices. Grapefruit also remained without change.

Apples, on account of the quantities of fresh summer fruit on the market, decreased in value, and prices were easier all round. As to tomatoes, which are now mostly home-grown, the previous quotations were well maintained; if anything they were slightly higher. Cucumbers, on the other hand, have eased off.

Trade at Spitalfields market was generally good throughout the week. Arrivals of large quantities of strawberries from the Southampton district and from Kent and Essex were a notable feature, and the fruit cleared well. Cherries, both home-grown and from the Continent, also found ready purchasers. Gooseberries, on the other hand, sold more slowly. Red and black currants from France met with improved demand, and inquiries were steady for apricots and cherry plums.

Best oranges and lemons sold well at good values, while grapefruit continued in demand at unaltered prices. Trade in apples was steady.

In the vegetable market increasing supplies of peas fetched varying prices, according to quality. Heavy arrivals of cabbage were in good demand, but Belgian cauliflowers failed to attract. Home-grown tomatoes improved in price, and imports from Holland were firm. Cucumbers of good colour sold to advantage. Salads were generally in demand and cleared well.

English kidney new potatoes were in fair demand; rounds changed hands more slowly. There were increased supplies of St. Malos, which realized easier prices, but Jerseys were slow to move.

THE ROYAL SHOW

GOOD PROSPECTS FOR MANCHESTER

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

Next week, July 8-12, the Show of the Royal Agricultural Society at Manchester will be the outstanding event for agriculturists of all classes. The great summer fixture is becoming more and more the meeting place for representative landowners, farmers, and others interested in the national industry, and Manchester is a convenient and popular centre for most parts of the country. The prospects for the Show are reassuring. The entries of live stock, poultry and produce aggregate 3,137, 901 and 506 respectively, compared with 3,403, 943 and 363 last year at Harrogate. In the Implement Yard there will be 443 stands against 431 at Harrogate, and the space occupied (exclusive of open ground space) will be 10,693ft., against 10,851ft.

The implement yard of a Royal Show is always impressive and instructive by reason of the number, variety, and excellence of the exhibits. Many visitors devote more time to an inspection of the exhibits in this section than to the live stock department, not only on account of greater interest in machinery than in animals, but for the reason that they are eager to make themselves familiar with the latest and best appliances and powers for the working of the land and the requirements of the homestead. Mechanical equipment is a heavy item in the capitalization of a farm, and nothing is easier, in this as in other matters, than to regard expenditure and efficiency as synonymous terms. The most costly plant is not always the best adapted for the needs of a holding. The farmer has first of all to be informed as to the requirements of his particular holding, the nature of the land, the crops to be grown, and the kinds of stock kept, and when thus prepared to make a wise choice of his equipment, the Royal Showyard provides the facilities for procuring the outfit, or, alternatively, for repairing deficiencies that experience and time may have revealed.

The agricultural industry owes an inestimable debt to the ingenuity and enterprise of the engineering firms who cater for its needs. One has only to go into, or look into, a hayfield to see what agricultural engineering science and manufacturing enterprise, operating together, have achieved for the industry. Hand labour, laborious as well as expensive, has been reduced to a minimum, with the result that perishable crops are harvested more cheaply and in shorter time. It will be the same when the corn harvest comes; and again when autumn tillages are occupying attention. All the year round on the farm and at the homestead there are definite examples of great and continuing changes in the methods of performing the strenuous and exacting duties of the farm. The Royal Showyard is crowded with examples of the latest and best inventions designed to reduce costs and risks in the management of the business, and farmers and landowners can be assured of much to interest, instruct, and possibly to tempt them at Manchester next week.

The implement yard includes many exhibits besides machines and implements. There is nothing more imposing than the representative displays of seeds, plants, &c., on the handsome stands of the leading firms of seedsmen.

FRUIT GROWING ON CHALKY SOILS

CHOOSING THE RIGHT VARIETIES

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

In many parts of the country the top soils run shallow, and deep-rooting plants like fruit trees soon have their roots down into the soils below. Where these lower soils are of a kindly nature good growth continues; but otherwise complications arise, and considerable checks occur. Those growers who are producing fruit in sands overlying ironstone or (as more often occurs) overlying chalk, realize only too well that trees grow exceptionally well for seven to 10 years, and then become chlorotic.

So long as the roots are mainly in the sands good growth is possible; but when they have penetrated into the chalk the leaves of the trees lose their green colour and become a sickly yellow. In this stage the leaves are not able to manufacture sugars and starches to the full extent, and the sap becomes very weak in consequence. Cropping and growth are soon affected, and unless measures are taken to check the disorder the fruit-growing venture must be written down as quite unsatisfactory. Growers who are so situated that they must use these types of soils for fruit production—and clearly they are not well suited for this purpose—should definitely impose certain limitations on themselves. First, fruits predominantly of a shallow-rooting character should be grown. Fruits like strawberries, for instance, often grow and crop exceedingly well on soils of this type. Gooseberries, currants, and raspberries, at any rate, if well supplied with dung, equally give satisfactory crops. The tree fruits are the difficulty.

Cherries, perhaps, are more tolerant than others and grow well in soils which make apple trees chlorotic. Plums are peculiar, in that certain varieties are affected much more seriously than others. None, perhaps, are free from the trouble, but a few kinds (which must be discovered for each soil) seem to tolerate conditions under which others almost succumb. All varieties of apples are affected and a few kinds (Emneth Early, James Grieve, and Lord Grosvenor, for example) are highly susceptible and soon succumb. A few sorts may be selected that withstand these conditions for a longer period. The most one can do with the apples is to graft the trees on to stocks that have a surface rooting habit, for so long as the roots can be kept feeding in good top soils all is well. No stocks, of course, are surface rooting entirely, but the Jannе de Metz and the Doucin Paradise stock excel in this character.

Even when varieties have been restricted and the stocks judiciously chosen a certain amount of chlorosis may still appear and other measures may be necessary. Writings are numerous of specific treatments with iron sulphate and soots that our forefathers have found to give beneficial results. It is believed these treatments do give improvements temporarily, and in some cases permanently, but by far the most successful results obtained in recent years have been secured simply by sowing the ground to grass seed. In a few years the trees become greener and show marked improvement, but they will need much feeding with sulphate of ammonia to remedy the impoverished condition that the continued grass crop will induce.

POTATO BLIGHT

Early in the present month it was announced that potato blight had been observed in the Penzance area about the middle of May. By June 5 the disease was found on some of the main-crop potatoes in that district, and was observed in Kent on June 10. It was found on plants growing through the top of a derelict potato clamp. Some hundreds of plants were attacked, both the stems and the leaves being blighted. Again, on June 25, blight was seen in the Boston district of Lincolnshire, so that it is now present in at least three widely separated areas. To prevent the development of epidemics of blight spraying with Bordeaux mixture or with Burgundy mixture is the recognized and proved method of setting to work. Spraying with these mixtures is a preventive and not a cure, and application of them to the potato crops, therefore, should be made before the blight appears. Full particulars concerning potato blight and its prevention are contained in the Ministry's leaflet No. 23, which can be obtained free of charge and post free from the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, 10, Whitehall-place, London, S.W.1.

APPEAL TO GARDEN LOVERS

LORD RIDDELL, who presided on Friday at the 85th anniversary festival dinner of the Gardeners' Royal Benevolent Institution, held at the Grocers' Hall, made an appeal to lovers of flowers and gardens to see that provision was made for gardeners who in their old age needed financial help. He spoke of the increasing importance of the gardener in a period when the popular taste was changing from cereal food to fruit, and when there was an increase in the country of glasshouse agriculture, and in a statement on the work of the Royal Benevolent Institution expressed deep regret that last year 20 aged candidates for pensions could not be elected owing to the lack of funds. The amount raised at the dinner was £3,700, which was a record except for the year when the Prince of Wales presided at the festival.

LIVE STOCK SALES

HIGH PRICES FOR PIGS

A large company of breeders, drawn from all parts of Britain, assembled at Hermitage Farm, near Edmonton, on Friday, for Messrs. Harry Hobson and Co.'s dispersal sale of the entire prize-winnig herd of pure-bred large white pigs, the property of Messrs. J. Rackley ad Sons. Trade was in keeping with the company, and a total sum of £3,653 3s. 9d. was paid by various buyers. The principal portion of the herd comprised 115 head, which realized £2,850 4s. 6d., making the notable all-round average of £24 15s. 8d. The following sub-averages are of interest:—Sows and served gilts, £24 16s. 5d.; January, 1930, gilts, £17 5s. 3d.; and boars, born before March, 1930, £46 4s. Some high prices were registered. Sir Gomer Berry, Bt., paid 100 guineas, the highest price at any pig sale this year, for Edmonton Bonetta 69th, a grandly-bred young sow, sold with her litter of young pigs, a few weeks old. Another fine sow, Edmonton Bonetta 6th, reserve champion at the Royal and other shows two years ago, and entered for Manchester Royal, was bought after keen competition at 85 guineas by Mr. J. Paton, a Scottish breeder. Many other females realized high prices, and mention must be made of a litter of seven gilts, sired by Bushes Turk 32nd, the dam being the sow just mentioned. Mr. F. Sainsbury, the well-known Suffolk breeder, bought four of these pigs, only nine months old, for 52, 48, 40, and 35 guineas; another went to Mr. C. Harding at 56 guineas, while Mr. George Gee, of Woking, and Mr. L. K. Osmond, of Beelsby Hall, Grimsby, secured the two remaining gilts for 36 and 27 guineas respectively. The demand for the older boars was also remarkable. Ninety guineas was given by Mr. Gee, for Edmonton King David 285th, a Royal Show entry, and other prices were 52, 44, 40 (twice), 38 (twice), and 33 guineas downwards. This was one of the most important events in the history of the large white breed in recent years, and the dispersal of such a famous herd was much to be regretted.

Messrs. John Thornton and Co. were the auctioneers at the dispersal sale of the late Mr. James H. Ismay's herd of pure-bred Dairy Shorthorns, which drew a large company to the Dorset village of Iwerne Minster on Tuesday. Although no big prices were recorded, trade was up to expectations, and the young stock sold well and fast. Altogether 96 head brought in £3,696, an all-round average of £38 10s. An outstanding price was 100 guineas paid by Sir Edward Mann, Thelveton Hall, Scole, Norfolk, for Iwerne Wildeye, a young cow, whose dam, Elsie Wildeye, realized 330 guineas to the same buyer at the 1927 sale at Iwerne Minster. Sir Edward Mann also paid 75 guineas for Iwerne Foggathorpe 2nd, one of the best of the yearling heifers, which were nearly all keenly competed for. The third best price of 58 guineas was given by Captain T. Allen-Stevens, from Berkshire, for Iwerne Barrington 5th, a two-year-old heifer, which may possibly be seen at the next London Dairy Show. Another strong supporter of the sale was Dr. M. J. Rowlands, who acquired some of the pick of the cows and heifers, including Ashe Lady Hudson, and Red Rose 31st, for 54 and 51 guineas respectively. The best price for a bull was 41 guineas for Iwerne Ruben 15th, a two-year-old sire, whose new owner is Mr. Ralph Tustian, Great Tew, Oxfordshire.

From the pure-bred tuberculin-tested herd of Dairy Shorthorns owned by Mr. W. H. Hitch, a well-known Gloucestershire breeder, Messrs. John Thornton and Co. dispersed a selection of 54 head at Elkstone Manor, near Cheltenham, on Friday. The total realized by a capital trade was £2,432 17s., an all-round average of £45 1s., which may be considered gratifying at the present time. The premier price was 100 guineas paid on two occasions for females. The first animal to reach the century was the young cow, Barrington Lady, her buyer being Captain C. Robinson, Moor Wood, Cirencester. The three-year-old heifer, Elkstone Coquette 3rd, also changed hands at 100 guineas, the new owner being Captain Dashwood, an Oxfordshire breeder. Some of the heifers were in great demand, and the pick, Elkstone Wild Maid 2nd, a two-year-old heifer, was bought at 88 guineas by Captain Robinson. Among the bulls, the yearlings Elkstone Don 26th and Elkstone Don 28th realized 48 guineas apiece, the respective buyers being the Trustees of Barnwood House, Gloucester, and Messrs. J. German and Son, Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Leicestershire.

The best price at the collective sale of pedigree Jersey cattle conducted by Mr. L. J. Craufurd, of Messrs. Hammond and Craufurd, at Bristol, on Tuesday, was 53gns., Mr. R. G. Berkeley, Spetchley Park, Worcester, obtaining this amount from Mr. Mattock, of Taunton, for his yearling bull, Spetchley Silvo, whose sire and dam are both winners at Jersey shows. Mr. Berkeley's three-year-old heifer, Spetchley Dipper, a second prize winner at the Three Counties Show last year, realized 30gns. to Mrs. Blakeney; Mr. Hartley paid 25gns. for Crocombe Lucy, a two-year-old heifer, entered by Mrs. Trollope, Crowcombe Court, near Taunton, and other animals met a fair demand from a company of moderate size.

Owing to Yeovil Fair, held on Friday, falling this year on a small market day, and farmers being busy with the hay crop, entries of cattle were not so large as usual. Messrs. R. B. Taylor and Sons made up to £30 for heifers and calves, and for cows and calves. About 200 head of grazing cattle and young stock were on offer, the top prices being as follows:—Aberdeen-Angus heifers, £21 2s. 6d.; Aberdeen-Angus steers, £18; and roan Shorthorn bulling heifers, £16 12s. 6d. At Messrs. W. Palmer and Co.'s sale the best price for a heifer with her first calf was £23 10s., and for a cow with her second calf £29 15s. Bulls went up to £21; in-calf heifers to £23 2s. 6d., and maiden heifers to £23 5s.

About 300 head of store and dairy cattle of all ages were penned at the special summer sale conducted at Edenbridge, Kent, on Friday, by Messrs. Fox and Manwaring. A large company was present and trade was good. Young growing cattle were eagerly sought after, owing to the abundance of keep; yearling heifers made up to £15 each, and two-year-olds for short keep up to £24. The demand was excellent for good in-calf heifers, which had a top price of £24 15s. Barren cows, which were not quite so plentiful, realized to £19.

The annual lamb sale, which Messrs. Thos. Wm. Gaze and Son held at Diss on Thursday attracted a great number of buyers. There were 17,235 entries, made up of 14,580 first-cross and half-bred lambs, 1,212 registered Suffolk black-faced and Southdown lambs, 435 black-faced and half-bred shearling ewes, and about 1,000 other ewes. Prices showed an advance, speaking generally, of from 8s. to 10s. per head, and the top figure for registered Suffolk lambs was 91s. per head for a pen of 10 sheep consigned by Mr. J. S. Miles, of Great Ashfield. First-cross (fat lambs) made 73s. and 70s. per head. Sir Edward Mann, Bt., entered 360 registered Suffolk lambs from Thelveton Hall, Scole, Norfolk, and these had an average of nearly 58s., and made up to 83s. per head. Other averages were 62s. for Mr. J. S. Miles's 301 head, which included the top-priced pen; and 53s. 6d. for 220 sheep from Mr. Philip Palmer, of Thornham, while Southdown lambs from Mr. E. H. Baker realized from 46s. 6d. down to 38s. 6d. Among the older sheep Mr. S. W. Armstrong's ewes went to £6 each.

Messrs. Simpson and Sons received a splendid entry for their first special lamb sale of the season, held at Bury St. Edmunds on Wednesday, when there was a large company of buyers. A sharp trade prevailed, and prices were generally a little higher than a year ago, despite the fact that the lambs were shown in hardly such good condition. Wether lambs from Colonel G. H. Long, of Fornham, realized from 63s. 6d. to 70s. 6d. a head, and ewe lambs from the same vendor 61s. 6d. down to 55s. Mr. Charles Kemball, of Risby, made from 58s. to 51s. 6d. for wethers, and 54s. to 50s. for ewe lambs, and there were numerous other transactions between 50s. and 57s. 6d., including 54s. 6d., the top price for ewe lambs from the Cadogan Estate Trustees.

At Messrs. Lacy Scott and Sons' sale, the top figure was 66s. for a pen of 50 strong black-faced wether lambs, the property of Mr. H. Sidebottom, while Lord Glanely's consignment sold to 56s. each.

At Romford (Essex), on Tuesday, Messrs. G. B. Hilliard and Son sold fat lambs, Border-Leicester Suffolks making up to 56s. 6d.; Suffolks to 64s.; Kent-Hampshires to 54s.; Kerry-Hampshires to 54s.; Masham-Hampshires to 54s., and Cheviot-Suffolks to 50s. Among the shearlings, Border-Leicester Suffolks were sold at prices ranging up to 77s. 6d., while the top price for Kent ewes was 55s.

The special Midsummer Fair sale of horses, held by Messrs. A. T. Grain and Sons at Cambridge on Tuesday, brought together about 120 lots. The demand was very keen for all classes of cart and van horses, the supply not being equal to the demand. In the class for cart horses, the first prize was gained by Mr. Herbert Cross's five-year-old bay gelding, which was sold for 71 guineas, 52 guineas being

(Continued at foot of next column)

THE INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW

CHAMPIONSHIP DAY AT OLYMPIA

The International Horse Show concluded at Olympia on Saturday, when the best of the exhibits in the various sections competed for the championship trophies. Horses and ponies which had won first and second prizes were again paraded before the judges, and visitors had an opportunity of witnessing fine displays of riding and driving. In the afternoon Princess Helena Victoria and Princess Beatrice visited the show and witnessed the judging from the Royal Box. Excellent final displays of horsemanship were given by the detachment of Royal Canadian Mounted Police under Major Dann, and at the close of the musical ride in the evening each man was presented with a riding whip as a souvenir gift from the directors of the show. The presentation ceremony took place while the Mounted Police were lined up in the arena. Lord Lonsdale handed the whips to the men amid great cheering.

The Balmanno Cup for the best exhibit in the classes open to hacks ridden astride by ladies or gentlemen was the first trophy awarded. The contest was between Mr. J. Kenneth Stevenson's Mignonette, last year's Cup winner, and Mr. J. V. Rank's Royal Irish. The judges again decided in favour of Mignonette. Similarly, in the competition for the Champion Cup for single harness horses over 14 hands, last year's winner, Glenavon Debutante, shown by Mr. Frank W. Buttle, was again placed at the top of an imposing parade. Dr. Alex Bowie's A1's Conquest was the runner up. Mr. J. V. Rank's Lord Slane repeated his successes of last year by winning the Jowato Cup for the best lady's hack shown in the open classes and the Moscow Challenge Cup for the best lady's hack in the show. In both cases the second place was taken by Mr. J. Kenneth Stevenson's Mignonette, which was also the runner-up last year. The Dozi Champion Cup for ladies' hacks, ridden side-saddle by amateurs, was awarded to Landrail, shown by Mrs. E. M. Heseltine and Mrs. S. Petch.

The Louisville Trophy for harness pairs was won by Mr. H. J. Colebrook's Don Pedro and Egeria, which were the runners-up for the trophy last year. The second prize went to Glenavon Charity and Glenavon Pierrette, shown by Baron Goetz of Okocim, Poland. In the competition for the Challenge Cup for the best single harness horse in the show there was a keen contest between Mr. Frank W. Buttle's Glenavon Debutante and Mr. William S. Miller's pony Eastertide, last year's championship winner and runner-up respectively. Ultimately the pony was given the preference and last year's decision was reversed. The Montreal Cup for tandems was won by Dr. Alex Bowie's handsome bays A1's Chin Chin and A1's Conquest, which beat The Raider and The Ringer, Mrs. A. C. King's brown geldings, which were the winners of the trophy last year.

The Tattersall Cup for the best hunter in the show was won by Lord Hillingdon with his chestnut gelding Handley Cross. The runner-up was Mrs. Basil Young's Hillmorton. Miss

A Copy of this Prospectus has been delivered for registration to the Registrar of Companies.

The List will open on Monday, the 30th June, 1930, and close on or before Thursday, the 3rd July, 1930.

BUENOS AYRES AND PACIFIC RAILWAY
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1880.

SHARE CAPITAL.

5 per Cent. First Preference Stock, issued	£1,200,000
5 per Cent. Second Preference Stock, issued	1,000,000
6 per Cent. Preference Stock, issued	1,000,000
6 per Cent. Preference Shares, 100,000 of £10 each	1,000,000
Ordinary Stock, issued	10,000,000
	£14,200,000
6 per Cent. Preference Shares, 100,000 of £10 each, unissued	1,000,000
	£15,200,000

DEBENTURE STOCK (OUTSTANDING).

4 per Cent. First Debenture Stock	£2,925,000
4½ per Cent. Second Debenture Stock	2,075,000
4½ per Cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock	7,942,673
5 per Cent. (1912) Debenture Stock	4,000,000
	£16,942,673

ISSUE OF
£1,000,000 Five per Cent. (1912) Debenture Stock.

The Stock will be secured by a Trust Deed, and the charge thereby created will be subject to the charge in favour of the 4 per Cent. First, the 4½ per Cent. Second and 4½ per Cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock already issued or which may hereafter be issued under the powers reserved to the Company as mentioned below. The Company reserves the right to create further Debenture stock, carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, or such less rate as may be fixed by the Board and ranking in all respects *pari passu* with this issue and the £4,000,000 Debenture Stock already issued, for such further sum as with this issue and the £4,000,000 already issued shall not exceed the amounts from time to time paid up on the Ordinary Stock or Share Capital for the time being issued.

The whole or any part of the Stock is redeemable at the option of the Company at any time after the 30th June, 1950, at 110 per cent., on six calendar months' notice to the Stockholders.

The Company is entitled and reserves the right to create further 4½ per Cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock ranking in all respects *pari passu* with the above £7,942,673 4½ per Cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock for an amount at the rate of £4,000 per mile of additional line acquired by the Company, or of new line for the time being constructed or in course of construction or about to be constructed (including the extra track taken at £4,000 per mile, where existing lines are doubled), in excess of the mileage belonging to the Company in operation on the 26th May, 1907, less £2,000,000 4½ per Cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock already issued since that date in respect of extra mileage. Also for such further amount as shall be sufficient to redeem *pro rata* at not exceeding the par value of the Stock for the time being redeemed and any premium payable under the terms of the issue thereof, and 4½ per Cent. Consolidated Debenture Stock has already been issued in redemption at par of £942,673 5 per Cent. Debenture Stock, part of a previously existing issue of £1,250,000.

AT £82 10s. PER CENT.,

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS :—

£5	0	0	per cent. on Application.
£45	0	0	per cent. on Allotment.
£32	10	0	per cent. on 17th September, 1930.
Total £82	10	0	per £100 Stock.

Bearer Scrip will be issued after allotment, to be exchanged for registered Debenture Stock Certificates after 1st January, 1931, the Stock being transferable in multiples of £1.

The interest is payable by warrant to the Registered Holders of the Stock on 1st January and 1st July in each year. The first payment of interest, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, calculated from the due dates of allotment and instalment respectively, will be made on 1st January, 1931, on presentation of the Coupon attached to the Bearer Scrip.

Payment in full on allotment can be made under discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE BUENOS AYRES AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED, have authorised LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, 39, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, and Branches, and the ANGLO SOUTH AMERICAN BANK LIMITED, 117, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2, as Bankers of the Company, to receive applications for £1,000,000 5 per Cent. (1912) Debenture Stock of the Company, ranking *pari passu* with the existing issue of £4,000,000.

The Company owns and has in operation 1,547 miles of railway in the Argentine Republic, and works under agreement the Argentine Great Western Railway (1,118 miles) and the Villa Maria and Rufino Railway (141 miles), all broad-gauge (5 feet 6 inches) lines.

The system has a total length at present open to public service of 2,806 miles of railway serving large agricultural districts in the provinces of Buenos Ayres, Cordoba, and San Luis, and also the chief wine producing centres in the provinces of Mendoza and San Juan.

The proceeds of the present issue will be applied in meeting Capital Expenditure incurred and to be incurred in connection with the construction of new branches, the purchase of Rolling Stock, and the general purposes of the Company.

The following is a report by Messrs. Turquand, Youngs and Co., the Company's Auditors, with respect to the profits of the Company for the last four financial years ended 30th June, 1929 :—

To the Chairman and Directors,

19, COLEMAN STREET, LONDON, E.C.2, 25th June, 1930.

BUENOS AYRES AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

We certify that the profits of your Company, including those from lines leased for the four years ended 30th June, 1929, as shown by the books and vouchers of the Company and the certified returns received from Argentina, after providing for Renewals and all other outgoings except income tax, but before crediting interest received from Compania Ferrocarriles de Petroleo and surpluses on sales of land, were :—

Year ended 30th June	1926	1927	1928	1929
Gross Receipts	£7,555,740	£7,864,418	£8,267,375	£9,134,333
Working Expenses	5,290,561	5,316,145	5,784,874	6,436,223
Profit on working of the system	£2,265,155	£2,486,273	£2,482,501	£2,698,110
Balance of miscellaneous revenue, after allowing for difference in exchange	52,124	80,217	119,718	120,440
	£2,317,279	£2,527,490	£2,602,219	£2,818,550
Out of which Interest on Debenture Stocks and Rents payable under agreements for lines worked have absorbed	£1,450,188	£1,556,157	£1,816,787	£1,649,454

The charge for Debenture interest will be increased by the sum of £50,000 in a full year as the result of the present issue.

Dividends have been paid at the following rates in respect of each of the last seven financial years ended the 30th June, 1929 :—

On £1,200,000 First Preference Stock	5 per cent.
On £1,000,000 Second Preference Stock	5 per cent.
On £10,000,000 Ordinary Stock	7 per cent.

In addition there has been paid since the issue in January, 1929, on £1,000,000 Six per Cent. Preference Stock a dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, calculated to 30th June, 1929.

TURQUAND, YOUNGS & CO.,
Chartered Accountants.

The balances carried forward at 30th June in each of the last seven financial years to 30th June, 1929, were as follows :—

1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.
£205,129	£225,659	£295,142	£352,233	£513,566	£538,997	£769,510

Interim dividends of 2½ per cent. actual on the First and Second Preference Stocks and 3 per cent. actual on the 6 per Cent. Preference Stock and Ordinary Stock have been paid on account of the year ending 30th June, 1930.

No dividend has yet become payable on the 100,000 6 per Cent. Preference Shares of £10 each, issued in November, 1929.

The receipts for the year ended 30th June, 1929, as shown in the above report by the Company's Auditors, were the highest in the history of the Company. Since the 1st July, 1929, the Company's traffics have shown a considerable reduction over the previous year, which has resulted in a decrease of £1,261,000 in gross receipts up to the 21st June. This is mainly due to a very severe drought experienced in the zone served by the Railway, during the spring and summer of last year, which caused a greatly reduced harvest and yield in all classes of grain produced on the Company's system. The low prices obtainable for grain have also contributed to a reduction in the quantity carried by the Railway. It is not expected, however, that the final dividend on the Ordinary Stock will be affected.

Although it is too early in the year to forecast the next season's harvest, plentiful rains have been experienced during the last three months over the Company's system, which have facilitated ploughing and the sowing of cereals for the next crop.

Applications on the form accompanying this Prospectus, together with the deposit of £5 per cent., should be forwarded to Lloyds Bank Limited, 39, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, or any of its Branches, or to the Anglo South American Bank Limited, 117, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2.

If no allotment is made, the deposit will be returned without deduction. Should a smaller amount be allotted than applied for, the surplus paid on application will be appropriated towards the instalment due on allotment. Non-payment of the instalment upon the due date will render the amount previously paid liable to forfeiture. Interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be charged on instalments in arrear.

Apart from contracts made by the Company in the Ordinary course of business, the following Contracts have been entered into within the two years immediately preceding the date hereof, namely :—

Contract dated 12th November, 1929, and made between the Company and Messrs. Snell and Swaffield, by which in consideration of an underwriting commission of two per cent. and an over-riding commission of one-half per cent. on the nominal amount of the shares offered, Messrs. Snell and Swaffield guaranteed the subscription of an issue of 100,000 5% per Cent. Preference Shares of £10 each.

Contract dated 27th June, 1930, and made between the Company and Messrs. Snell and Swaffield, by which, in consideration of an underwriting commission of two per cent. and an over-riding commission of one-half per cent. on the nominal amount of the Stock now offered, Messrs. Snell and Swaffield guarantee the subscription of this issue.

Copies of the above Contracts, the Trust Deed dated the 30th April, 1912, securing the original issue of 5 per Cent. Debenture Stock and the Supplemental Deeds dated the 27th January, 1915, 24th July, 1918, 6th July, 1914, securing the last three previous issues of 5 per cent. 1912 Debenture Stock and the above-mentioned Auditors' Report may be inspected at the Offices of the Solicitors on any day while the List remains open, between the hours of 11 and 4.

The permission of the Committee of the Stock Exchange to deal in and an Official Quotation for the Stock now offered for subscription will be applied for.

A brokerage of 5s. per cent. will be paid by the Company on allotments made to the public in respect of applications bearing a Stockbroker's stamp.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application may be obtained at the Offices of the Company, Dashwood House, 69, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2; of the Bankers; and of Messrs. Snell and Swaffield, the Brokers of the Company, 5, Copthall Buildings, London, E.C.2.

Dashwood House, 69, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2.
27th June, 1930.

TRUSTEES FOR THE FIVE PER CENT. (1912) DEBENTURE STOCKHOLDERS.
THE EARL OF DUNMORE, V.C.
THE PREMIER INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED.

DIRECTORS.
VISCOUNT ST. DAVIDS (Chairman).
J. A. GOUDGE.
C. E. GUNTHER.
SIR ARTHUR STANLEY.
ROGER WRIGHT.

LOCAL BOARD AT BUENOS AYRES.
SIR MANUEL A. MONTES DE OCA, G.B.E.
DR. RAMON MENDEZ.
M. F. RYAN, C.B.E., M.I.C.E.
RAUL S. ZAVALIA.

BANKERS.
LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, 39, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2.
ANGLO SOUTH AMERICAN BANK LIMITED, 117, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2.

SOLICITORS.
ASHURST, MORRIS, CRISP & CO., 17, Throgmorton Avenue, London, E.C.2.

BROKERS.
SNELL & SWAFFIELD, 5, Copthall Buildings, London, E.C.2.

AUDITORS.
TURQUAND, YOUNGS & CO., 19, Coleman Street, London, E.C.2.

SECRETARY.
C. E. RICH.

BUENOS AYRES AND PACIFIC RAILWAY
COMPANY, LIMITED.

ISSUE OF £1,000,000 FIVE PER CENT. (1912) DEBENTURE STOCK. (1)

No.....

THIS FORM OF APPLICATION MAY BE USED.

To the Directors of the
BUENOS AYRES AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

GENTLEMEN,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £..... as a deposit of Five per cent. on application for £..... Five per Cent. (1912) Debenture Stock of the Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway Company, Limited, I/we request that this amount may be allotted to me/us, and I/we agree to accept such Stock, or any smaller amount that may be allotted to me/us, upon the terms of the Prospectus dated 27th June, 1930.

NAME (IN FULL) .....

ADDRESS (IN FULL) .....

.....

PROFESSION OR BUSINESS .....
(A lady should state whether she is a Spinster, Wife, or Widow.)

(Date) .....1930. (Signature) .....
PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.

This Form, when duly filled up as directed above, must be sent, with the necessary remittance, to the Company's Bankers, LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, 39, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, or any of its Branches; or ANGLO SOUTH AMERICAN BANK LTD., 117, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2.

Cheques should be made payable to Bearer and crossed NOT NEGOTIABLE. If altered from "Order" to "Bearer" the alteration should be signed by the Drawer.

The Company will forward on acknowledgment in due course, either by Allotment Letter or by refund of the Deposit.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

ARGENTINE RAILWAY ISSUE

ENGINEERING FIRMS' AGREEMENT

The list of applications opens to-day for an issue of £1,000,000 Five per Cent. (1912) Debenture stock of the Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway at the price of 82½ per cent. The stock will rank *pari passu* with £4,000,000 of similar stock already issued. It has in front of it issues of Four and Four-and-a-Quarter per Cent. Debenture stocks to the amount of £12,942,000, while behind the Debenture capital of the company there is £15,200,000 of share captial. Further Five per Cent. (1912) stock may be issued up to an amount that is limited by the total of the Ordinary stock outstanding—at present £10,000,000. The new stock is not redeemable at any specified date, but power is reserved to the company to repay it, in whole or part, after June 30, 1950, at 110 per cent. Proceeds of the present issue are to be applied in meeting capital expenditure incurred and to be incurred in connexion with the construction of new branches, the purchase of rolling stock, and the general purposes of the company. The prospectus gives a table of earnings for each of the last four years. This shows that the margin available for the service of the various Debenture stocks, which in 1925-6 was £2,317,279, rose year by year, reaching £2,818,550 for 1928-29. Of the last-named sum Debenture interest and rents payable under agreements absorbed £1,643,454, leaving a balance of £1,175,096. The charge for Debenture interest will be increased by £50,000 in a full year as the result of the present issue. For the financial year now ending the company has been affected by drought and by low prices for grain, its gross receipts up to June 21 showing a decrease of £1,261,000. The prospectus, after mentioning this fact, adds that it is not expected that the final dividend on the Ordinary stock will be affected. This agreeable forecast of dividend policy may cause some surprise in market circles, but it would be inadvisable to regard it as a portent of what the boards of other Argentine railways will do, having regard to the serious reduction that has taken place in their revenues and the fall in exchange.

A Rationalization Scheme

The working arrangement which has been concluded between two important engineering companies, Ruston and Hornsby and R. A. Lister and Co., is a notable contribution to industrial rationalization. Details of the arrangement are published in another page, from which it will be seen that it affects no fewer than 12 companies, and that its purpose is to secure greater efficiency by cooperation in the design, production, and sales of their various products. Rationalization does not necessarily imply complete fusion, and no financial amalgamation is involved in the present arrangement. The companies will remain separate entities. The business of Ruston and Hornsby dates back to 1815, but it did not become a public company until 1889. Its present share capital is £2,500,000, and it carries on directly the business of engineers and boilermakers, and oil and gas engine manufacturers. Through its ownership of the Ordinary shares of Ransomes, Sims and Jefferies, of Ipswich, a business which was started as long ago as 1789, it is indirectly engaged in agricultural engineering and implement making. Ruston and Hornsby also own a 50 per cent. interest in Ruston-Bucyrus, Limited, of Lincoln, which claim to be the largest manufacturers of excavating machinery in the Eastern Hemisphere. The Lister business was founded by the late Sir Ashton Lister at Dursley, Gloucestershire, in 1867, and is owned by a private company. One of its claims to distinction is that in spite of the general depression it has been working at full capacity for the past three years. Under the working arrangement costs of production should be reduced. It is expected with confidence that a substantial increase in production will be secured, and that a larger share of overseas trade will be obtained. Important economies should also be realized. The associated firms have assets exceeding £6,000,000, employ over 12,000 people at home and abroad, and are the largest mass-producers of diesel engines in the world.

The Newcastle Electric Issue

Further details are now available of the Debenture issue which will be made on Wednesday on behalf of the Newcastle-upon-Tyne Electric Supply Company. The amount will be £2,300,000, and the title of the security the "Five per Cent. Consolidated Debenture stock." The price will be 96. A Cumulative sinking fund will be established to provide for the repayment of the stock not later than July 1, 1980; the first payment is to be made on July 1, 1936. Redemption will be effected by annual drawings at par or by purchase at or under par. The prospectus will be published to-morrow and the subscription lists opened on Wednesday.

Patons and Baldwins Bad Year

The exceptional fall that has taken place in wool values, necessitating a serious writing down of stocks, is responsible for a heavy reduction in the earnings for the year ended April 30 of Patons and Baldwins. This Halifax firm manufactures wools and hosiery yarns, and after making provision for depreciation, Debenture interest, and taxes, its net earnings amounted only to £17,596. For 1928-29 the figure was £133,275, following £237,221 for 1927-28. The directors have transferred to profit and loss £100,000 from the reserve fund, and by this means are able to pay the due dividend of 6½ per cent. on the Preference shares and also to distribute 2½ per cent., free of tax, on the Ordinary shares. There will be left to carry forward £36,460, compared with £28,433. For the previous year the company paid 5 per cent. (tax free) on its Ordinary capital, to do which the "carry-forward" was reduced from £45,813 to £28,433. The balance-sheet reflects the writing down that was forced upon the board, stock-in-trade standing at £1,750,721, as against £2,317,447 on April 30, 1929. Generally the financial position of the company is strong. The issued capital amounts to £2,959,000 and the mortgage debt is limited to an issue of £260,000 of 5 per cent. stock. After deducting the sum transferred to profit and loss, the reserve fund will amount to £400,000. Floating liabilities amount to £621,000, against which the company has debtors and cash (£524,000) and stock (£1,750,721). Fixed assets directly owned amount to £1,831,900, and shares in the Australian subsidiary company are valued at £146,000.

Sleeping Car Share Trust Report

An extraordinary meeting of the International Sleeping Car Share Trust has been convened for July 21 to consider resolutions providing for the formation of a new company to be called Second International Sleeping Car Share Trust, Limited. The Share Trust holds 30,000 Preference shares and 495,000 Ordinary shares in the International Sleeping Car Company, but the regulations of the latter provide that no one shareholder can exercise voting rights in respect of more than one-fifth of the total issued shares or more than two-fifths of the shares which are voted upon at any general meeting, whichever may be the less. Under this arrangement the Share Trust must in any event forfeit at least 65,000 votes, and in certain circumstances a considerably larger number. Accordingly, the directors propose to form the new company, the whole of the shares of which will be held by the Trust or by its nominees, and to transfer to it one-half of the present holding of Sleeping Car Company shares. The accounts of the Share Trust for the 12 months ended May 31 show a net profit of £55,623, or virtually the same as the figure (£54,825) for the preceding year, and the dividend is again only 1 per cent. A balance of £12,043 is carried forward, against £8,919 brought in. The company was floated in 1927, and the results have certainly been disappointing. Out of total assets of £5,319,155 no less than £5,250,000 is represented by the investment in the Sleeping Car Company; this asset is entered at cost, and the auditors state that on the basis of the current market quotation the value of the investments is below cost price. The accounts for 1929 of the International Sleeping Car Company show a profit on working, together with interest and dividends, of 211,748,505 Belgian francs (£1,214,502), as compared with 181,986,918f. for 1928; the net profit is 49,259,737f., and the dividend is unchanged at 20f. per share (20 per cent.), free of Belgian taxes.

A Brazilian Firm's Affairs

Unfortunately no progress can be reported towards settling the London affairs of an important Brazilian firm which, in May last, applied for a short-term moratorium in order to permit of its position being thoroughly examined. Owing to the high standing of the firm in question, which was established about 40 years ago, it enjoyed considerable credit with London banking and acceptance houses. These houses are creditors for a substantial sum, which was granted in the form of short-term commercial credits, and they were wholly unprepared for the unpleasant news that a moratorium had been asked for. They were still more surprised later at being invited to convert their short-term commercial credits into debentures running for a number of years. Naturally London creditors are only prepared to extend their short-term credits provided they are guaranteed by the Brazilian interests concerned against ultimate loss. If an acceptable guarantee of this kind were forthcoming, the creditors might even agree to increase their present credits in order to assist the firm in question. Brazilian commercial credit in London must necessarily be affected by the manner in which the difficulties are settled.

Sound Finance

Certain points in the speech of Mr. Joseph Hall at the annual meeting of Hall and Co., of Croydon, will well repay careful study. The relatively small nominal capital—£247,500—provides no guide to the dimensions of the business, but it is a direct indication of the sound financial principles which have always directed the policy of the board. The company was registered in 1898 to carry on business as coal, gravel, lime, and cement merchants, but it has since embarked upon other activities, including important mechanical transport services, and it is now building at Salfords a modern engineering shop for the manufacture and repair of bodies for its lorries. In 1926 the chairman informed the shareholders that the company's turnover since its formation had increased by over £1,000,000. In the past four years, however, it has increased at a much greater rate—by nearly half a million more per annum. The steady growth and prosperity of the business has been largely due to the conservatism and farsightedness of its finance. Depreciation has been amply provided for, and large amounts of revenue have regularly been put back into the business. As one shareholder remarked, if other and more widely known companies had conducted their affairs on principles similar to those practised by Hall and Co. they would not be in their present deplorable condition.

Dental Profits

Accounts just published for the year 1929 by the Amalgamated Dental Company, which represents a fusion of the businesses of Claudius Ash, Sons and Co. and De Trey and Co., show that profits have been maintained. After charging taxation the company's balance of revenue is £168,781, which compares with £165,307 for 1928 and £170,720 for 1927. After meeting dividends at the due rates on the £818,000 of Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Preference shares and the £1,532,000 of Eight per Cent. Preferred Ordinary shares, the year's surplus permits of the maintenance of a distribution of 3d. per share, free of tax, on £400,000 of Deferred shares of 5s. each. Allowing for the higher current rate of taxation, this dividend is equal to 6.45 per cent. gross, as compared with 6½ per cent. gross last year. The directors are again placing £20,000 to reserve, which raises the total of the reserve to £235,000. To comply with the new Companies Act certain changes have been made in the method of producing the accounts. The directors state that they have valued upon a conservative basis the investments in subsidiary and associated companies and that the result shows a net appreciation. The valuation of these investments is given as £1,763,657, and by writing it down for balance-sheet purposes to £1,655,716 a reserve is established amounting to £107,940.

Fire Premium Incomes Last Year

The 1930 edition of Savory's Insurance Share Annual is now published by Messrs. Thomas Skinner and Co., at 5s. net, and deals with the accounts of individual British insurance companies in much detail. The careful analyses of the results for the year are again preceded by a review of conditions based on the annual reports and the addresses of the chairmen at the meetings. It is pointed out that the fire premium income of 22 leading British companies amounted last year to £53,182,200, as compared with £53,427,200 in 1928, and that the apparent decline was more than accounted for by the alteration in the accounts of the London Assurance, which excluded the figures of its subsidiary companies. If allowance be made for this change, the premium income for 1929 of all the offices would have been £53,530,000, and would thus have shown a small increase on the figures for 1928 and 1927. The maintenance, on the whole, of the premium income was rather remarkable in view of generally adverse conditions of trade, and it would only have been made practicable by the world-wide character of the work of the British offices. The fire underwriting results generally last year were, the editor of the Annual writes, unsatisfactory. It is to be feared that this year the companies generally will be experiencing much difficulty in trying to maintain their premium incomes from desirable business, in view, especially, of developments in the United States, Australia, and the East.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SMALL BUSINESS

FIRM CLOSE

NEW YORK, June 28.—To-day's short session was chiefly remarkable for the limited turnover, the sales being the smallest for any Saturday since July 21, 1928.

It opened dull and narrowly irregular, easing off quietly afterwards on the resumption of pressure against a few of the least favoured rails and automobile issues. Decreased employment figures from various automobile producing centres were interpreted as confirming the continuance of the recession in the automotive and steel industries.

However, the marked shrinkage of transactions on the decline indicated a technically improved market situation. This subsequently prompted bear covering, which, though small in volume, was sufficient to effect a substantial recovery.

The improvement in weekly trade reviews, which reported a perceptible growth of cheerfulness despite prospects of a dull summer, coupled with a number of moderately bullish forecasts of business during the past week, tended to make professionals less partial to the bear side. The close was firm.

Sales were returned at 585,000 shares, making 15,011,000 shares for the week against 26,444,000 shares in the previous week and 17,030,000 shares in the corresponding week last year.

The average price of 20 representative railroad stocks is 1.97 lower on the week at 126.63, but the average of 30 leading industrials is 3.82 higher at 219.12, while the averege of 20 public utilities shows a rise of 1.52 at 80.06. The railroad and industrial averages a year ago were 161.68 and 333.79 respectively.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	June 28	June 27
Montreal on—		$	$	$
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.86⅝	4.86⅛
New York on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.85¹³⁄₁₆	4.85¹³⁄₁₆
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.86⅛	4.86⅛
60 days' cables	£1	—	4.83¹¹⁄₁₆	4.83¹¹⁄₁₆
Grain bills sight	£1	—	4.85¾	4.85¾
Seven days	£1	—	4.85¼	4.85⅛
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¾	3.92⅛	3.92⅛
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23⅞	5.23⅞
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.15¾	40.14½
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.78⅝	26.77½
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.87	26.87
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.77	26.77
Prague, chequers	100kr.	—	2.96¾	2.96¾
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	25.80	23.82½	23.82¼
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.96	13.96
Berne, cables	100f.	19.30	19.38½	19.38¼
Madrid, cables	100p.	19.30	11.06¾	11.06¾
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.11¾	14.11¾
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.50¼	17.50¼
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.77⅛	1.77⅛
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.30	1.29¾	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	35.91	35.97
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	11.55	11.50

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices June 28	June 27
Atchison	198	198½
Atl. Coast	153	152½
B. & O.	100½	100¾
Do., Pref.	81	80½
Brooklyn M. Trst	61½	61
Can. Pac.	187¼	186½
Cent., N.J.	230½	230½
Ches. & O.	173	175
Ch. G.W.	9	9
Do., Pref.	29½	29½
Ch. N.W.	67	67½
Ch.Mil.St.P.	13½	13
Ch.Rock Is.	96	97½
Del.& Hud.	149	148
Del., Lack.	114	115
Erie	36½	37½
Do.,1st Pf.	53	53
G.N., Pref.	75	75
Ill. Cent.	116	115
Interboro' Rapid Tr.	24	23
Air Reduct.	119½	121¼
AlliedChem	256	262
Am. Agric. Ch., Pref.	24	23½
Am. and F. Pwr.	63	63
Am. Can.	116	115½
Am. Loco.	47½	47½
Am.Rolling Mills	53¼	52⅜
Am. Smelt.	57	56¾
Am.Sug. R.	48	48
Am. Tel.	206½	206¼
Am. Toh.	226½	224
Am.Wool'n	11¼	11¼
Anaconda	49¾	49¾
Armour D.	77	77
As.DryGds.	32⅝	33⅛
At'lic Ref.	34½	34½
Baldwins.	20	20
BarnsdallA	21¼	21⅛
Beth. Steel	78¼	78½
C.de Pascoe	44	44½
Chile Copp.	50	50
Chrysler	25⅜	25⅝
Col. Fuel	46	46¼
Colum. Gas	62	61⅞
Col. Graph.	18¼	18⅜
Cons. Gas	103	102¾
Cont. Can.	54	53
Cont. Oil	19¼	19
Corn Prod.	91⅞	92⅛
Crucible	75	76
DavisonCh.	26¼	26¾
Drug. Inc.	70¾	70
Du Pont	103	103
EastmanK.	192	190
Elec.P.&L.	66	65¼
Electric Storage	63¼	63½
Fox Films	40⅛	39⅞
Gen. Elect.	67¼	66
Gen. Foods	53¼	53
Gen.Motors	39	38⅝
Gillette	68½	68¼
Goodrich	25¾	25¼
Goodyear	55	55¾
Hou.OilTx.	72	71¼
Hud. Mtr.	28⅜	27½
Ind. Rayon	80	78
Int. Harv'r	81⅞	81⅞
Int. Match	71	70½
Int. Nickel	25¾	25⅞
Int.C.Amer	15⅛	20⅛
KansasCity	55	61
Louisville	130	130½
Minn. S.P.		
Miss. Pac.	61	58⅛
Do., Pref.	120	119⅝
N.Mex.1 Pf.	1¼	1¼
Do., 2 Pf.	¾	¾
N.Y. Cent.	155	155*
NYn. & W.		220
N. Pacific	71	72
Pennsylv'a	71	71⅓
Reading	105	104
S.L. & S.F.	86¼	86
S.L. & S.W.	60	60
S. Pacific	109¾	111
Southern	99	99¼
Do., Pref.	90	90
U. Pacific	202½	204
Do., Pref.	85½	85⅝
Wabash	31¾	32
Wn., Pr. A	68	65

INDUSTRIALS

Int. Paper	19¾	19¼
Int. Tel.	42	42
Kennecott	39	38⅝
Kresge S.S.	27¼	27
K'ger, 5%	26⅞	27
Liggett&M.	87	88
Loose Wile	58	57½
Mack Trcks	51	51
Mont'y W	33¾	32½
Nash Mtrs.	32½	31¼
Nat. Biscu.	78½	77
Nat.Cash R.	46½	47
Nat. Dairy	47⅝	47¾
N. Amer.	92	92
Packard	13⅜	13⅛
Penn.A.Pet	56½	56⅝
Pub. Ser. N.J.	91⅛	91¼
Pullman	62⅜	62¾
RadioCorp.	34¼	34
Ry'n'n Rd	28⅛	28¾
Ryl. Dutch	51¾	51¾
Sears R'b'k	62	61
Shell Trans	44¾	44⅝
Shell Un.	18¾	18½
Sinc. & Sal.	25	25
Std. Brands	19⅝	18½
Std. Gas.	88	90
Std. Oil of Cal.	58½	59
Do., N.J.	64⅛	65⅞
Do., N.Y.	30⅜	30½
Studebaker	25¾	25⅞
Texas Corp	50⅞	51
Tex.G.Sul.	51	51½
Tidewater	13¼	12⅞
Tri-Cont'Cp	11¾	11
UnCarbide	67	67½
United Corp.	30½	30⅜
Un. Fruit	85⅛	85½
United Gas	34¼	34½
U.S. L'ther	10	9⅝
U.S. Rbr.	21	20⅞
U.S. Steel	156	155¼
Do., Pref.	145½	145⅝
W. Un. Tel.	160½	159½
Whse.Mtg.	133¾	131⅛
Woolworth	54	53¼
Worth'n Pump	127	126
Youngst'n Sheet	112	115

CURB EXCHANGE

Mid. West Utilities	27	27⅛
Pennroad	10⅞	10½
Silica Gel.	15	16
Stand. Oil of Indiana	49¼	49
Swift. Int.	32	31⅛
Vacuum Oil	81	81

BONDS

Fin., 6% 1945	96⅜	96⅜
Fren.,7½% 1941	122⅝	122¼
Do.,7 '49	117⅝	117⅝
Ger.,7% '49	106	106
Greek,7% 1964	100⅜	100¼
Hamb'g S. 6%,1946	94¼	94¼
Hungary, 7½% '44	99⅞	99⅞
Ital.,7% 1951	97	97⅛
Jap.,6½% 1954	104	105⅞
Nat. Ry. Mex.,4½% '50	105¼	105¼
Norway6% 1952	101½	101½
P.L.M.,6% 1958	105⅜	105⅜
Do.,7% 1958	105	105
Poland,7% 1947	84⅛	84⅛
Do., 8% 1950	93	92¾
Rio de Jan. 8% '46	98¼	99½
San P.,8% 1950	93¼	93¼
Saxon,7% 1942	107½	107½
Swed.5½% 1954	104½	104½
Tokio City, 5½% '61	90	90

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter :—

	June 28	June 27
Atchison, Pref.	105½	104*
Lehigh Valley	58⅝	58½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	34	34¼
New York, Ontario and Western	8⅞	8⅝
Reading, 1st Pref.	45	46
Texas and Pacific	101	101
National Lead	125	125

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights. ‡ Ex stock dividend.

Call money was nominal. Commercial paper remained at 3¼ to 4 per cent. for prime names.

Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2 per cent. to 1½ per cent. for 90-day bank bills, and 2½ to 2¾ per cent. for six-months bills.

Sterling Exchange kept steady at 4.86¼ for cable transfers.

Silver rose ½d. to 24⅛d. for foreign bullion.

BONDS were quiet but steady apart from some railroad issues. Sales reached $4,042,000.

The amount of Treasury Bills to be paid for this week is less than the maturities and not more, as stated in Saturday's issue; the total to be paid for is £39,615,000, while the amount to be paid off is £39,695,000. Next week the maturities will amount to £34,850,000, while the maximum amount to be issued and paid for is £35,000,000.

AMERICAN TRADE AND INDUSTRY

LOWER STEEL OUTPUT

N

MONEY MARKET

BORROWING FROM THE BANK

NEW YORK EXCHANGE HIGHER

There was a large turnover of money on Saturday, but conditions remained easy. Market supplies of credit were increased by the borrowing of a further fairly large sum from the Bank of England. For the renewal of day-to-day loans lenders again accepted 1½ per cent., and before the close spare balances were on offer upon lower terms. No change was made by the banks in their rate for old weekly fixtures, but for new money into July 3½ per cent. was charged, some loans arranged until July 1 being done at 3½ per cent. Little change took place in discount rates. The leading houses quoted 2½ per cent. as their buying rate for three-months commercial bills, while business in competition took place at 2 7-32 and occasionally at 2 3-16. To-day being the last day of the half-year, the turnover of credit will be very heavy, but the market, as usual, has already made careful preparation.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).			
Day to day.	For short periods.	2 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1½—2	2⅛—3⅛	2⅛—2¼	2⅛	2⅛

Discount (Treasury Bills).				(Fine Trade Bills)
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
%	%	%	%	%
2⅛—2⅛	2⅛—2⅛	2—2⅛	2⅛—2⅛	2⅛—2

CALLS OF THE WEEK

To-day..	Southern Ry., 5% Gtd. Pref. stk.	23½%	£1,005,000
Do. ..	C.L.R. Invest. Trust ..	£1 5s.	£150,000
Do. ..	Whites (Timothy), Prefd. Ord. £1 shs.	10/6	£119,000
Tues. ..	India, 6% Bds., 1933-35 ..	40%	£2,800,000
Do. ..	Imperial Continental Gas, £1 (offered at £2 10s.)	£1 5s.	£375,000
Wed. ..	United Molasses, 6% Pref. ..	7/6	£318,750
Thurs. ..	German Interest, (5% Stz. Bds.)	25%	£3,000,000
Friday ..	Bank of Nova Scotia, $100 shs.	$25	$500,000

AUSTRIAN NATIONAL BANK

—	June 23	Inc. or Dec.
ASSETS	Schillings	Schillings
Metal reserve	428,702,050	+ 3,761,935
Other banking assets :—		
Net foreign exchange not included in metal reserve	398,644,604	+ 4,728,557
Subsidiary coin	6,916,077	408,827
Bills discounted	90,370,787	+ 1,051,149
Advances against securities ..	444,300	— 2,200
Government debt	101,486,560	Unchanged
Securities	3,423,607	— 2,589
LIABILITIES		
Capital (Goldkronen 20 million)	43,200,000	Unchanged
Reserve	10,272,074	Unchanged
Notes in circulation	881,069,397	— 41,433,125
Deposits and other Sight Liabilities	142,888,957	+ 51,376,293

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Active conditions prevailed in the Foreign Exchange Market owing to arrangements connected with the half-yearly settlement. A large business took place in the New York exchange, and on balance dollars were more offered. The rate opened at the overnight closing figure of 4.86^{15}_{16}, and after rising to 4.86^{31}_{32} closed at 4.86^{15}_{16}—a rise of $^{1}_{16}$c. on balance. The premium on forward dollars widened, one month being quoted at ⅛-¼c. The Paris rate closed ¼c. higher at 123.75¼f. Swiss francs were offered, the rate being finally ¼c. higher at 25.08¾f. Dutch florins, on the other hand, were wanted, the rate falling from 12.09$^{23}_{32}$fl. to 12.09fl. The German exchange moved slightly in favour of sterling to 20.40¼m. Spanish currency depreciated further ; the rate at one time touched 44.10p., and closed at 44.00p., as compared with 43.20p. on Friday. Indian rupees were firmer at 1s. 6 55-64d. The Argentine dollar was slightly cheaper at 40½d., but the Brazilian milreis hardened to 5^{9}_{16}d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported on Saturday :—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exch'ge	June 28	June 27
New York	$ to £	4.867	4.85$^{15}_{16}$-86$^{1}_{16}$	4.86-4.86$^{1}_{32}$
Montreal	$ to £	4.867	4.85-4.86$^{1}_{16}$	4.86-4.86⅛
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.71-123.77	123.73-123.77
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81¼-82¼	04.81¼-82½
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.75-92.79	92.75-92.78
Zurich ..	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.07½-08½	25.07-07½
Athens ..	Dr. to £	375	3745-3751¼	3745-3751¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	199.23	1927-1930½	1927-1930½
Madrid ..	Pta. to £	25.2215	43.40-44.10	42.60-43.55
Lisbon ..	Escu. to £	—	108$^{1}_{2}$-108$^{3}_{4}$	108$^{1}_{2}$-108$^{3}_{4}$
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.08¼-09⅜	12.09-12.09$^{1}_{2}$
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	20.40-20.40¾	20.39-20.40½
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.581	34.40-34.44	34.42-34.45
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.70-27.74	27.77-27.80
Prague ..	Kr. to £	164.25	163$^{5}_{8}$-163$^{7}_{8}$	163$^{5}_{8}$-163$^{7}_{8}$
Warsaw ..	Zloty to£	43.38	43.34-43.39	43.34-43.39
Riga ..	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.26	25.19-25.26
Bucharest	Lei to £	813.6	817-819	817-818
Const'ple	Pst. to £	1.10	1.0251	1.0251
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	25.2215	274½-275	274½-275
Kovno ..	Lit. to £	48.66	48⅝-48⅞	48⅜-48⅞
Sofia ..	Lev. to £	673.859	668-673	668-673
Reval ..	E.Kr.to £	18.159	18.21-18.29	18.21-18.27
Oslo ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.14$^{3}_{4}$-15¼	18.14$^{3}_{4}$-15¼
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	180.83$^{1}_{2}$-90	180.83$^{1}_{2}$-91.00
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15¼-16¼	18.15½-18.16
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97$^{1}_{2}$	97$^{15}_{16}$-97$^{31}_{32}$	97$^{15}_{16}$-97$^{31}_{32}$
Bombay ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5$^{27}_{32}$-5⅞	1/5$^{27}_{32}$-1/5⅞
Calcutta ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5$^{27}_{32}$-1/5$^{7}_{8}$	1/5$^{27}_{32}$-1/5$^{7}_{8}$
Madras ..	P.r rup.	18d.	1/5$^{27}_{32}$-1/5$^{7}_{8}$	1/5$^{27}_{32}$-1/5$^{7}_{8}$
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1/3¼-1/3¼	1/3¼-1/3¼
Kobe ..	Per yen	24.58d.	2/0$^{13}_{32}$-2/0$^{15}_{16}$	2/0$^{13}_{32}$-2/0$^{15}_{16}$
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1/5$^{7}_{8}$-1/6$^{15}_{16}$	1/5$^{7}_{8}$-1/6¼
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2/$^{31}_{32}$-2/3$^{17}_{32}$	2/$^{31}_{32}$-2/3$^{17}_{32}$
Batavia ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.07$^{1}_{2}$-08¼	12.07$^{1}_{2}$-08¼
Manila ..	Per dol.	24.0664	2/0$^{13}_{16}$	2/0$^{13}_{16}$
Rio de Jan.	Per mil.	5.9994	5/7$^{31}_{32}$-5/8$^{1}_{32}$	5/7$^{31}_{32}$-5/8
B. Aires ..	Per dol.	47.577d.	40/4-40⅝	40/4-40⅝
Valp'so†	$ to £	40	39.95	39.95
M'video ..	Per dol.	51d.	42$^{1}_{2}$-43	42$^{1}_{2}$-43
Umst ..	Soles to £	12.166	18.11¼	13.12½
Mexico ..	Pesos to £	9.76	10.15-10.35	10.15-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilization at $2.90-3.03 to 100kr. ‖ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	92 12 6	92 1 3	91 10 0	90 18 9
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 2 9
Africa & Rhodesia	95 15 0	95 8 2	95 0 7	94 6 0

SELLING RATES

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

No bullion movements took place at the Bank of England on Saturday. Since Wednesday last there has been an efflux of £2,000, as shown below :—

ARRIVALS		WITHDRAWALS	
	£		£
June 26 ..	Nil	June 26 ..	Nil
June 27 ..	Nil	June 27—	
		Sov's. ..	2,000
June 28 ..	Nil	June 28 ..	Nil
Efflux ..	2,000		
Total ..	£2,000	Total ..	£2,000

Net influx for 1930 to date, £10,397,656 ; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the open market the price of GOLD remained nominally at 85s. per ounce.

SILVER rose further on a little Indian bear covering. The cash price was fixed $^{1}_{16}$d. higher at 16d. per ounce and the forward price ¼d. higher at 15½d. per ounce.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call Money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2⅛	1½-2
New York	2½	2-1⅞	Nominal
Paris	2½	—	—
Berlin	4	3½	4-4½
Swiss Bank places	2	2¼	—
Milan	5½	5⅛	—
Amsterdam	3	2⅝	3½
Brussels	3	2¾	1¼

PORTUGUESE BUDGET

LISBON, June 28.—The Budget for the financial year 1930-31, published in the papers to-day, puts receipts at 2,104,242 contos and expenditure at 2,098,465 contos, showing a favourable balance of 5,777 contos.

The Finance Act authorizes the Government to issue loans up to a total of 100,000 contos for hydraulic works and the development of agriculture.—*Reuter.*

According to *Stubbs' Weekly Gazette*, the failures in the United Kingdom for the week ended June 28 were 120, an increase of six. Bills of sale registered and re-registered amounted to 270, an increase of 12.

COMPANY RESULTS

HENRY HOPE REPORT

Egyptian Delta Light Railway.—Dividend 3½ per cent. on Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares for year ended March 31, payable July 28. In July, 1929, 2½ per cent. was paid on these shares. Meeting, July 25.

Middle West Utilities.—Quarterly dividend $1.50 per share in cash or (at the option of holder filed on or before July 15) 3-80ths of a share of Common stock has been declared, payable August 15. A quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. in Common stock has also been declared on the Common stock, payable August 15.

UNITED OIL IMPORTERS

The net profit of the United Oil Importers, Limited, for the year ended December 31, 1929, amounted to £17,956 (against a net loss of £31,092). This profit is deducted from the debit balance of £53,057, leaving a debit balance of £5,109 to be carried to the next account. Meeting, June 30.

DAVY BROTHERS

A profit of £2,838 is reported by Davy Brothers, engineers, for the year ended March 31 (against a loss of £6,308 for 1928-29). This reduces the debit balance to be carried forward to £45,772. No depreciation has been charged in respect of buildings, plant and machinery. The Preference dividend is in arrear as from March 31, 1924. Meeting, July 7.

BARGANG TEA

The accounts of the Bargang Tea Company show a loss of £2,923. A credit of £556 was brought forward, and the directors have transferred £3,500 from reserve, so there is an available sum of £1,133. Preference dividend absorbs £600, leaving £533, which it is proposed to carry forward. For 1928 a dividend of 5 per cent. was paid on the Ordinary shares. The crop amounted to 1,023,000lb. Meeting, July 8.

ROMAI TEA COMPANY

The accounts of the Romai Tea Company show a working profit of £6,937 for 1929 (against £13,121 for 1928), to which must be added £7,397 brought forward and £280 interest on investment. The directors recommend a final dividend of 35 per cent., making 40 per cent. for the year (against 75 per cent.), leaving £8,111 to be carried forward. The crop amounted to 559,790lb. (against 551,344lb.). Meeting, July 7.

HENRY HOPE AND SONS

Henry Hope and Sons, hardware manufacturers, earned a profit of £53,500 for the year to March 29 (against £46,546 for 1928-29), and £47,601 was brought forward. The dividend is to be maintained at 10 per cent., tax free, and £10,000 (against nil) is to be transferred to reserve, leaving £44,110 to be carried forward. At the meeting, which will be held on July 16, a resolution will be submitted to increase the capital to £800,000 by creating 100,000 Cumulative Preference £1 shares.

UPPER ASSAM TEA

THE report of the Upper Assam Tea Company states that the yield for 1929 was 2,915,491lb. (against 2,661,552lb. in 1928), which realized 1s. 2.46d. per lb. (against 1s. 5.04d.). The net profit for the year amounted to £14,081 (compared with £38,682). The directors propose to reduce the dividend from 12½ per cent. to 5 per cent. and £1,000 (against £5,000) is placed to taxation reserve, leaving £70,304 to be carried forward (against £67,224). Meeting, July 8.

EGYPTIAN HOTELS

The net profit of the Egyptian Hotels for the year ended April 30 amounted to £48,234 (against £93,944 for 1928-29), while £5,721 was brought forward. The Preference dividend takes £5,750, and it is proposed to pay a dividend of 17½ per cent. for the year on the Ordinary shares, leaving £4,569 to be carried forward. For each of the four preceding years Ordinary shareholders received a dividend of 33 per cent., together with a bonus of 20 per cent. Meeting, July 7.

TIMBER FIREPROOFING

The accounts of the Timber Fireproofing Company for the year ended March 31 amounted to £4,720 (against £6,126), to which is added the sum of £924 brought forward, making a total of £5,644 (against £7,287). It is proposed to pay a dividend of 8 per cent., less tax (against 6¼ per cent., free of tax), absorbing £2,592 (against £2,613). The sum of £163 has been placed to income-tax reserve and £2,000 to general reserve (against £3,500), leaving £890 to be carried forward. Meeting, July 3.

J. H. PECK

The net profit of J. H. Peck and Co., Limited, manufacturers of brattice cloth, &c., for the year ended March 31 amounted to £8,281 (against £8,356), to which is added £2,800 brought forward. The sum of £4,909 (against £10,000) has been applied to the reduction of goodwill, and £1,000 (against nil) has been written off for the depreciation of investments. It is proposed to pay a dividend of 2½ per cent. (against nil), which leaves the sum of £2,633 to be carried forward. Meeting, July 7.

BORELLI TEA COMPANY

The accounts of the Borelli Tea Company show a working profit of £18,905 for 1929 (against £34,756 for 1928) to which is added £876 interest on investments, and £9,689 brought forward. Income-tax absorbs £4,000 and the directors recommend a dividend of 22½ per cent. (against 40 per cent.), leaving £7,498 to be carried forward. Last year £1,000 was placed to reserve and £2,000 was written off for income-tax. The total crop was 1,845,067lb. (compared with 1,029,748lb.). Meeting, July 9.

KIESSELBACH STEAM ACCUMULATORS

The first accounts of Kiesselbach Steam Accumulators show a loss of £17,588 for the period January 16, 1929, to March 31, 1930. The report states that in view of the widespread depression in industry, and the consequent restriction imposed on all capital expenditure, the company has passed through a very difficult period, but the directors are of opinion that when conditions become more normal substantial business will be obtained, particularly having regard to the results which are being shown by the first plant on the company's system now installed and at work in this country. Meeting, June 30.

CHARTERLAND AND GENERAL EXPLORATION AND FINANCE

The accounts of the Charterland and General Exploration and Finance Company for the year to May 31 show a profit of £55,306 (against £91,139 for 1928-29), and £8,608 was brought forward. The directors recommend a final dividend of 10 per cent., and a cash bonus of 5 per cent., making a total distribution for the year of 20 per cent. (against 30 per cent.), leaving £5,814 to be carried forward, subject to the directors' percentage of profits. Last year £45,447 was transferred to reserve. A list of the important holdings of the company is contained in the report. Meeting, July 7.

PATHINI TEA COMPANY

The Pathini Tea Company harvested a crop of 1,092,058lb. during 1929 (against 887,296lb. in 1928). Of this 845,625lb. were shipped for sale in London and 246,433lb. sold in Calcutta. The average prices realized, including an estimate for the tea remaining unsold, were 9.21d. in London and 7ax. 1p. in Calcutta (against 1s. 0.95d. and 10ax. 2p. respectively). The accounts show a loss of £1,759 (compared with a profit of £6,742), against which is placed £8,601 brought forward and £1,186 interest on investments. The directors have decided to pay the Preference dividend and to write off £627 (against £2,044), the balance of income-tax, leaving £5,247 to be carried forward. For 1928 a dividend of 5 per cent. was paid on the Ordinary shares. Meeting, July 8.

MERGUI CROWN RUBBER ESTATES

The accounts of Mergui Crown Rubber Estates show a net loss of £797 for the year to March 31 (compared with a profit of £14,422), against which is placed £5,254 brought forward. The directors have placed £2,250 (the same) to reserve for premium on lease, leaving a balance of £2,207, which it is proposed to carry forward. Last year a dividend of 7½ per cent was paid and Debenture issue expenses amounting to £1,589 were written off. The crop fell from 630,046lb. to 598,478lb., which realized 9.32d. per lb. gross (against 1s. 0.87d.). There is an outstanding forward contract of three tons per month for delivery July-December, 1930, at 2s. per lb. During the year 50s. per £1 of Debenture stock was called up on the £25,000 stock issued, making the stock 75 per cent. paid. Meeting, July 8.

IMPERIAL TEA

A profit of £65,282 is shown by the accounts of the Imperial Tea Company for 1929 (against £80,075 for 1928). This is before providing £2,000 (the same) for depreciation, and before meeting income-tax, directors' extra remuneration, managers' commission, &c. A dividend of 7½ per cent. is proposed on the Ordinary shares, which compares with 15 per cent. for 1928-29. Income-tax reserve receives £8,000 (against £5,000) and £10,896 is to be written off block account (against nil). The carry-forward is £467 (against £1,881). The decline in profit took place in spite of the fact that the outturn was a record one at 8,194,129lb. This was entirely due to the lower prices both in London and Calcutta and the extra expenditure incurred on account of the larger crop. The average prices realized show a drop of 2.32d. per lb. in London and 1.08d. annas in Calcutta. Meeting, July 9.

MAJULI TEA

On the trading of the Majuli Tea Company for 1929 there was a loss of £14,140 (against a loss of £8,924 for 1928). By bringing a balance of £1,949 from the previous account and transferring £15,000 (against £8,000) from reserve account, a credit balance of £2,810 is arrived at, out of which the Preference dividend takes £1,200, leaving £1,610 to be carried forward. For the second successive year no dividend is declared on the Ordinary shares. The crop rose from 1,607,910lb. to 2,027,862lb., but the average sale price fell from 16.05d. to 13.19d. per lb. The directors have decided to issue, at par, the balance of the authorized capital of 14,030 Ordinary shares. Arrangements have been made for the subscription of the whole of the issue, but shareholders have the option of applying for shares in the proportion of one new share for every seven shares now held. Meeting, July 8.

PATONS AND BALDWINS

The preliminary statement of results issued by Patons and Baldwins wool and hosiery yarn manufacturers, has already been published. The full report, now available, confirms the previous figures, the net profit showing a fall from £133,275 in 1928-29 to £17,596 in the year ended April 30 last. The directors propose to take £100,000 from the reserve fund, which allows of the payment of the Preference dividend and also a dividend of 2½ per cent., free of tax, on the Ordinary shares (against 5 per cent., free of tax), and leaves a credit balance of £36,460 to be carried forward, after allowing for £28,433 brought in. The report states that the unsatisfactory result is due to the exceptional fall which has taken place in wool values involving a serious writing down of stocks. Had it not been for this circumstance, they consider the trading results would have been satisfactory. The reserve fund is reduced by the above-mentioned transfer to £400,000.

IPOH TIN DREDGING

For the year ended March 31 Ipoh Tin Dredging earned a net profit of £19,085 (against £30,269 for 1928-29). A final dividend of 7½d. a share is to be paid, making 1s. 9d. for the year (against 2s.), and £4,415 is provided for income-tax and reserve, leaving £7,166 to be carried forward (against £2,359 brought in). The directors have secured an additional property (approximately 400 acres, of which 85 acres have been proved to average high values and the remainder lower value) and a dredge. The funds of the company are sufficient to cover the cost of the property and the dredge without having to call on shareholders to provide additional capital. No. 1 dredge treated 513,500 yards during the year (against 519,500 yards), which yielded 198 tons of tin ore (against 125 tons), equivalent to 0.862lb. per yard (against 0.655 lb.). The running costs amounted to 7.86d. per yard (against 8.184.). No. 2 dredge treated 827,500 cubic yards (compared with 1,014,000 cubic yards), which yielded 267½ tons of tin ore (against 381 tons), equivalent to 0.716lb. per yard (against 0.941lb.). The running costs in this case amounted to 5.26d. per yard (against 4.46d.). Meeting, July 7.

BAKER PERKINS

The accounts of Baker Perkins for the 53 weeks ended December 31, 1929, show a net profit of £125,386 (against £91,725 for 1928), and a balance brought forward of £43,685. The turnover is the largest in the company's history with the exception of the year 1921, when the accumulation of post-War orders was disposed of. Out of the net profit, £25,000 has been reserved for 1930 revenue (a smaller part of the order-book for 1929 having carried forward into 1930 than would normally have been the case) and £22,809 has been set aside for bad credit provision. A final dividend of 4 per cent. is proposed on the Ordinary shares, making 8 per cent. for the year (against 7 per cent.), while transfers are to be made of £5,000 (the same) to pension fund, £10,000 (the same) to obsolescence reserve, and £10,000 (the same) to general reserve.

RADIUM SPRINGS

The first report of Radium Springs, Limited, for the period November 19, 1928, to May 31, 1930, states that the default of sub-underwriters to the public issue of the shares of the company caused lengthy litigation. To secure definite leases and titles to the property, to acquire which the company was formed, a company called Sociedade Agua Radium, Ltda., the entire capital of which is held by Radium Springs, has been registered in Portugal. To this Portuguese company the original vendors granted a lease of 10 years from February 11, 1929, being part of the 99 years lease granted to Radium Springs in the main agreement with the original vendors. Two tentative proposals are now under consideration by the board for developing the company's concessions and marketing its products. The company recently acquired approximately 95 per cent. of the issued share capital of Irving's Sea-Vitoids. The accounts show a debit balance of £7,214. The auditors' report states that, in their opinion, the amount at which the investment in Irving's Sea-Vitoids appears in the balance-sheet (£152,496) is in excess of its present value. Meeting, July 4.

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, June 28.—The Bourse was closed to-day.

BERLIN, June 28.—Closing quotations :—Deutsche Erdoel, 87.75 (previous, 86.25) ; Dynamit Nobel, (85)(—) ; Kali Industrie Kassel, 187.50 (187) ; Salzdetfurth, 370.50 (367) ; Rheinelbeschiffahrt, 216.50 (216) ; Rhein. Westfael. Elektr., 170.50 (168.25).

Reuter's quotations :—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 8.90 (8.80) ; Mexican Consols, 17.90 (18.12) ; Reichsbank, 260.12 (256.25) ; Berliner Handels Ges., 160 (158.50) ; Commerz und Privat Bank, 142 (140) ; Darmstadter and National Bank, 209.75 (208.50) ; Deutsche Bank and Disconto Ges., 153 (152.50) ; Dresdner Bank, 133.50 (132.50) ; Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 127.75 (127.50) ; Harpener, 122 (—) ; Allgemeine Elekt., 151 (148.75) ; Farbenindustrie, 160.75 (158.75) ; Hamburg Amerika, 108.75 (106.75) ; Hamburg Amerika, 103.50 (102.25) ; Norddeutsche Lloyd, 103.75 (102.50) ; A.E.G., 87 (85) ; Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 87.25 (86.50) ; Svenska Tandsticks, 304 (304) ; Polyphon, 253 (226) ; Siemens and Halske, 215.10 (213.80) ; Schuckert, 167.50 (165). Exchange on London, 20.40¼ (20.39½) ; on Paris, 16.48½ (16.48) ; on Amsterdam, 168.75 (168.70) ; on New York, 4.19¾ (4.19⅝). Short term money (30-55 days), 3½% (3½%) ; long term (55-90 days), 3½% (3½%) ; call money, 4%-6½% (3½%-5½%).

FRANKFURT, June 28.—Closing quotations :—Deutsche Bank, 133½ (previous, 132½) ; Darmstädter Bank, 209½ (209) ; Frankfurter Hypotheken Bank, 149 (149) ; Metallbank and Metallurgische, 113 (113) ; Farbenindustrie, 161½ (158½) ; Harpener Bergbau, 121 (121) ; Mannesmann, 94¼ (94) ; Rheinische Stahlwerke, 110½ (—) ; Phönix Bergbau, 87 (—) ; Gelsenkirchner Bergwerk, 127 (127) ; Allgemeine Elektrizitäts, 151 (149) ; Lahmeyer Elektrizitätswerke, 160¾ (160) ; Siemens and Halske, 216 (—) ; Schuckert, 167¾ (—) ; Deutsche Gold und Silber, 145 (144¼) ; Philipp Holzmann, 91½ (92) ; Zellstoff Waldhof, 152 (150) ; Norddeutscher Lloyd, 103½ (102⅝) ; Hamburg Amerika, 103 (102¼) ; Süddeutsche Zucker, 155½ (—) ; German Liquidation Loan, 53⅝ (53⅝) ; German Railroad, 75⅛ Preferd, 93⅝ (94) ; German Protectorate Loan, 3⅝ (3⅝) ; Anatolian Railway Loan, 14¼ (—) ; Mexican Silver, 5⅝ Loan, 9⅝ (9⅛).

AMSTERDAM, June 28.—The Bourse was closed to-day.

VIENNA, June 28.—Closing quotations :—Gar. Oest. Voelkerbundanl (Austrian Issue), 108 (previous, 107.50) ; Donau-Save-Adrai-Bahn (formerly Sudbahn), — (12.20) ; Donau-Save-Adria-Bahn (Pref.), 92.85 (92.95) ; Oest. National Bank, 320 (318) ; Wiener Bank Verein, 18 (18.20) ; Oest. Credit Anstalt, 47.60 (47.60) ; Niederoest Eskompte Ges., 159.40 (159.80) ; Donau-Dampfschiffahrts Ges., 25 (—) ; A.E.G. Union Elekt. Ges., — (22.45) ; Siemens-Bauer, 67.50 (168) ; Oest. Siemens Schuckert, 186 (186) ; Oest. Salgo Tarjaer Steinkohlen Ges., 47.50 (46.15) ; Ungar. Allg. Kohlen Ges., 687 (671) ; Oest. Alpine-Montan-Ges., 24.10 (23.80) ; Berg and Huettenwerks-Ges., 675 (686.50) ; Tieten and Grillemanne, 58.18 (58) ; Galiz Karpathen Petroleum, 3.50 (3.25). Exchange on Amsterdam, 284.56 (284.51) ; on London, 34.41½ (34.42) ; on New York, 681 (682.50) ; on Paris, 27.79¼ (27.79½).—*Reuter.*

BUDAPEST, June 28.—Closing quotations :—National Savings Bank of Hungary, 216.60 (previous, 216.50) ; British Hungarian Bank, 77 (77) ; Hungarian General Credit Bank, 68 (68) ; Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank, 87.50 (87.20) ; Hungaro-Italian Bank, 67 (67) ; Hungarian Commercial Bank, 104 (104) ; City Savings Bank, 66.70 (66.70) ; Hungarian Commercial Savings Bank, 78.50 (76.10) ; National Central Savings Bank, 80.50 (80.50) ; 1st National Savings Bank, 178.50 (179) ; Totis Coal, 549 (545) ; United Industry of Nagybatony-Ujlak, 30.50 (30.50) ; Salgo Tarjan Coal, 37.80 (37.60) ; Hungarian Colliery of Urikany-Zalvolgy, 97.50 (96) ; Arms and Machine Works, 219 (215) ; Ganz and Co., Danubius, 80 (77.90) ; Rima Iron Works, 66.50 (66.80) ; O.F.A. Timber Holdings, 80 (80.30) ; Union des Usines de Nasic, 128 (128) ; Sugar Works Vellkki Becskerok, 101.50 (101.50) ; Hungarian Sugar, 98.80 (99) ; United Glowlamps, 119.90 (119.10) ; Hungarian Artificial Fertiliser, 27.10 (27.20) ; Electric Power Traction, 112.50 (112.50) ; Cellulose Works of Brasso 28.50 (27.50). Exchange on London, 27.82½ (27.82½).—*Reuter.*

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

FIRM BUT FEATURELESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MONTREAL, JUNE 28

The stock market had a firm but featureless session, offerings being light with wide pauses between occasional sales and movements fractional. The continuance of abnormal easiness and abundance of money failed to stimulate activity.

REUTER'S QUOTATIONS

—	J'ne 28	J'ne 27	—	J'ne 28	J'ne 27
Abitibi ..	25¼	25	Cockshutt ..	15	15
Alberta Pac. Grain ..	15½	15½	Dom. Bridge ..	51	50
Asbestos ..	½	No bid	Dom. Textile ..	63	62½
Do., Pref. ..	3	3	Fam. Players ..	No bid	No bid
B.C. Packers ..	6½	6¾	Fraser Cos. ..	8	8
Bras. Tract. ..	39¾	39½	Hollinger	5⅜	5⅜*
B.C. Pwr., A ..	37	37*	Int. Nickel	23½	23½
Do., B	No bid	16½	Massey, H. ..	25⅞	25½*
Brit. Emp. Steel ..	11¼	11¼	Montreal La. ..	54⅜	54½*
Do., 1st Pref	23½	23½	Nat. Brew. ..	29½	29¾
Do., 2nd Pf. ..	23¼	23¼	Nat. Steel Car ..	45	No bid
Brompton	27	27	Port Alfred Pulp, Pref.	No bid	No bid
Calgary	155	152	Power Corp. ..	66½	66¾
Can. Car	19½	19½	Price Bros. ..	No bid	62
Do., Pref. ..	24	24	Quebec Pwr. ..	53½	53⅞*
C. Cement	14¾	14	Shawinigan ..	66	66
Do., Pref. ..	92	92	S. Canada Power ..	27	27
C. Cottons	No bid	No bid	Steel Co. of Canada ..	40	40¼
Indust. Alcohol, A ..	6¾	6	W'per Elec. ..	40	38
Do., B	No bid	No bid	Bk. Montreal ..	290	290
C. Power	14	14	Can. Bk.Com. ..	No bid	240
C. Steamship ..	No bid	12	Royal Bank ..	290	290
Do., Pref'd. ..	No bid	No bid			

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights.

ARGENTINE GRAIN OPTIONS

BUENOS AIRES, June 28.—WHEAT closed easier at 6c. decline. MAIZE easier and 4c. to 2c. lower. OATS quiet and unaltered. LINSEED steady, 2c. lower to unchanged.

CLOSING PRICES	To-day	Prev. close
BUENOS AIRES :—		
Wheat, August delivery ..	9.62	9.68
September delivery ..	9.72	9.78
Maize, July delivery	5.75	5.79
August delivery ..	5.67	5.69
Oats, August delivery ..	4.29	4.29
Linseed, July delivery ..	18.48	18.50
August delivery ..	18.58	18.60
September delivery ..	18.71	18.71
ROSARIO :—		
Wheat, No. 2, August delivery ..	9.65	9.70
Maize, August delivery	5.65	5.65
Linseed, August delivery ..	18.50	18.50

(Prices in Pesos currency per 100 kilos, delivery Buenos Aires.) (Peso = about 1s. 5⅝d.)

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS

—	Amount	Inc. or Dec.	Aggregate Inc. or Dec. from date shown
Bombay, Baroda & Cent. India (week to June 21)	Rs.21,80,000	+15,000	−78,000 (April 1)
Chatham & Dist. (week to June 19)	£1,155	−16	+1,253 (Jan. 1)
Egyptian Delta Light (10 days to June 10)	£7,242	−827	−1,073 (April 1)
Egyptian Markets (week to June 19)	£1,398	−37	−3,469 (Jan. 1)

MINING NEWS

MINING TRUST.—Weekly Progress Report :—Mount Isa—Lawlor shaft depth 300ft. ; drifts, crosscuts, &c., 3139. New Guinea Goldfields.—Location No. 8, S.E. drift advanced 62ft., total 443ft., assay 93s., width 27in. Location No. 17, S.E. drift advanced 109ft., total 170ft., assay 42s. 9d., width 46in. Location No. 9a, N.W. drift from No. 2 N. crosscut advanced 13ft., total 93ft., assay 70s. 6d., width 41in. Location No. 14, shaft depth 196ft.

The Primitiva Gas Company of Buenos Aires intends to redeem the whole of the company's outstanding Four per Cent. First Debentures at par on December 30, 1930. The amount of this issue is now £186,000, and the debentures were due for redemption on June 1, 1931.

COMPANY MEETINGS

HALL AND CO., LTD.

EXPANSION OF THE BUSINESS

A RECORD REPORT

CAUSES OF THE COMPANY'S SUCCESS

INCREASED DIVIDEND

THE BUILDING TRADE POSITION

MR. JOSEPH HALL'S REVIEW

The THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Hall and Co., Limited, was held on Saturday at the Art Gallery, Parklane, Croydon.

Mr. JOSEPH HALL, chairman and joint managing director of the company, presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. S. A. Cole) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said :—Ladies and gentlemen,—May I take the report as read ? (Agreed.) Some of you, no doubt, will remember that in 1926 I told you that our turnover had increased since the formation of the company by well over a million pounds. In the last four years it has taken great strides, and has incre

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

RUBBER FIRMER

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), June 28.—WHEAT.—Influenced by better American closing advices, the market ruled steady with sellers asking an occasional advance of 3d. to 6d. per qr.; but buyers did not respond. Pacific white, June, July and Aug., offered at 35s. 9d., white for No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), July-Aug., 35s., was asked, and 34s. 6d. for No. 2. Roads, afloat (new), 62½lb., was held for 34s. 6d.; and 62½lb. (old), for 34s. 9d. Australian, on passage, was obtainable at 37s. 6d.; and choice white Karachi, July, at 36s. For Danubian, 62½lb. 43 per cent.), July-Aug., 32s. was wanted. Parcels were in small request with quotations 9d. to 9d. per qr. higher. Rosafe, 62lb., per Antonia G. Lemos, shipping-shipped, sold at 33s. 6d., and choice white Karachi, July, at 35s. 6d., while for this quality, per Circassia, shipping-shipped, Liverpool, sold 35s. 9d.

Although American overnight advices were rather better, the market opened quiet at 1d. less and with a lack of interest in c.i.f. parcels the closing was barely steady at the initial decline.

MANITOBA GRADE

Per 480 lb.	Opening values	Noon value	Closing values	Previous closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July	35 1	35 1	35 1	35 1
August	35 2	35 2	35 2	35 3
November	36 1	36 1	36 1	36 2
LONDON GRADE				
July	33 5	33 5	33 5	33 6
September	33 8	33 8	33 8	33 9

MAIZE.—Cargoes were fully steady, but attracted no attention. La Plata, July, 1-15, 23s. 4½d. was asked, and 23s. for July and Aug. For Dan/Gal/Fox, Aug., 22s. 6d. was required. Parcels were firmer on reports of unfavourable weather in Argentina, but trading was inactive. La Plata, June-July, was held for 22s. 9d., and July-Aug., and Aug.-Sept., for 22s. 3d.

BARLEY ruled firm on the reduction in quantity afloat, but no business was reported: Azoff/Black Sea, Aug., was held for 1s. 6d., and Sept.-Oct., for 1s. 8d.

OATS continued quiet. La Plata, July, 21s.; Aug., 21s. 3d.

The following are farmers' deliveries from returns received in the week ended June 28 and so far this season (48 weeks):—

	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	Qrt.	Qrt.	Qrt.
This week ..	81,589	9,405	9,569
Average price	8s. 6d.	7s. 5d.	6s. 6d.
Same week last year ..	48,218	7,080	12,784
Average price	9s. 0d.	9s. 11d.	9s. 3d.
This season ..	9,361,375	11,071,808	1,868,364
Average price	9s. 2½d.	8s. 7½d.	6s. 11½d.
Last season ..	11,405,000	11,955,256	2,731,320
Average price	9s. 7½d.	10s. 7½d.	9s. 4d.

LIVERPOOL, June 28.—WHEAT parcels for shipment rule quiet, but sellers are asking up to 4½d. per qr. more money. Quotations:—No. 1 Northern Manitoba, July, 37s. 10½d.; No. 2, 36s. 10½d.; No. 3, 36s. 6d.; No. 4, Manitoba, July, 35s. 9d.; No. 2, 36s. 9d.; No. 3, 37s. 9d.; No. 4, mixed, afloat, July, 31s. 3d.; No. 1, hard winter, July, 34s. 10½d.; No. 2, 34s.; Rosafe, 62½lb., afloat, 34s. 3d.; Barki, 62½lb., afloat, 34s.; Barusso, 62½lb., afloat, 33s. 6d.; choice white, Karachi, July, 36s.; white Pacific, July, 36s. 6d.; French garlicky, 22s. per qr. Spot parcels firm, but inquiry only moderate. Graded wheat futures opened about as expected and unchanged to ¼d. per cental decline, but gave way later with locals selling. Towards the end, however, week-end covering caused an improvement and values closed firm at the best of the day, ½d. to ¾d. dearer. Sales 130 loads.

GRADED WHEAT FUTURES

Per 100lb.	Opening values	Business done Highest	Lowest	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July	7 0¾	7 1½	7 0½	7 1½	7 0½
Oct.	7 3¼	7 3¾	7 3	7 3¾	7 3¼
Dec.	7 4¾	7 5¾	7 4¾	7 5¾	7 5

MAIZE.—C.i.f. parcels quiet and offered at late rates. La Plata, May-June, 22s. 6d.; June-July, 22s. 6d.; July-Aug., 22s. 3d.; Dan/Gal/Fox, afloat, 24s. 3d.; June, July and July-Aug., 22s. 3d.; Sept., 22s. 6d.; Oct., 22s. 6d.; South Africans, No. 2 white flat, 22s. 6d.; No. 4, yellow flat, 22s. 3d.; No. 6, round yellow, 22s. Spot parcels are quite steady with an improving demand.

OATS were quiet and easy. Chilean, June-July to Aug.-Sept., quoted, 12s. 6d.; La Plata, f.a.q., June, 11s. to 11s. 3d.

FLOUR had a slow sale for local milled.

CAMBRIDGE, June 28.—WHEAT was a poor market at 37s. 6d. delivered mill. For BARLEY there was no demand. OATS, 17s. to 18s.

NORTHAMPTON, June 28.—There was very little doing and prices were nominal. WHEAT, 36s. to 39s.; OATS, 20s.; BARLEY, 25s. to 28s.

PETERBOROUGH, June 28.—WHEAT, 36s. to 36s. 6d. Supplies small.

LONDON (THE BOROUGH), June 28.—POTATOES.—Deliveries totalled 2,500 tons. Trade continued on a moderate scale, with a fair amount of inquiry. Quotations:—Kidneys, £4 to £4 10s.; rounds, £3 to £3 10s. per ton. New Jersey, 5s. to 5s. 6d.; St. Malo, 6s. 6d. to 7s. per cwt., ex market.

COVENT GARDEN.—There was a brisk demand for fruit and greenstuff, with large supplies on offer. Quotations:—Australian apples, 10s. to 14s.; Tasmanian, apples, 9s., 6d. to 12s.; New Zealand apples, 10s. 6d. to 14s., per box. English muscat grapes, 4s. to 6s. 6d.; Belgian muscat grapes, 3s. to 4s.; English Hamburg grapes, 1s. 3d. to 3s. per lb. English gooseberries, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per half sieve. English black currants, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 6d. per lb. French red currants, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per handle basket. English melons, 2s. to 3s. Dutch melons, 2s. 6d. to 5s.; French cantaloupe melons, 5s. to 10s. 6d. each. English cherries, 8s. to 12s. 6d., per half sieve. Southampton strawberries, 10d. to 2s. per lb. Kent strawberries, 4s. to 6s. per pecket. New Zealand pears, 3s. 6d. to 5s.; Tasmanian pears, 3s. 6d. to 7s. per tray. English peaches, 8s. to 30s.; Belgian peaches, 6s. to 15s.; green figs, 5s. to 12s. 6d. per dozen. Spanish plums, 7s. 6d. to 8s. 6d. per half sieve. Brazilian oranges, 15s. to 21s.; South African oranges, 5s. to 22s.; Spanish oranges, 12s. to 35s. per case. California grapefruit, 30s. to 35s.; Porto Rico grapefruit, 30s. to 40s.; South African grapefruit, 27s. 6d. to 32s. 6d. per case. Naples lemons, 25s. to 35s. per case. English tomatoes, 6s. to 8s. per 12lb. Round lettuce, 1s. to 2s. per box. Cos lettuce, 1s. 6d. to 2s. per score. Spring onions, 2s. to 4s. 6d. per dozen bunches. Broad beans, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per half bag. Green peas, 2s. 6d. to 6s. 6d. per half-bag. Cucumbers, 11s. to 13s. per float. Cabbage, 1s. to 2s.; cauliflowers, 2s. 6d. to 4s. per dozen.

WHITECHAPEL.—HAY AND STRAW.—Trading continues on very quiet lines, but quotations are generally maintained. Best meadow hay quoted £6 5s. to £6 15s.; mixture and seinfoin, £5 10s. to £7; best clover, £6 10s. to £7; best straw, £4 10s. per ton.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

LONDON, June 28.—SUGAR.—Home refined in fair request at unchanged rates. Tate's A. T. cubes, 25s. 6d.; N 1, 25s. 3d.; H, T. S., 25s.; crushed, No. 1, 24s.; E., 22s. 6d.; nibs, 25s. 9d.; coffee crystals, 26s.; mineral water (2cwt. bags), 22s.; Tate's fine and coarse granulated, 22s.; Lyle's No. 1, 21s. 9d.; Tate's Ldn. and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, 21s. 6d.; T. L., granulated, 21s. 9d.; icing (cwt. casks), 28s. 6d.; icing (cwt. bags), 29s.; finest castor, 26s. 6d.; castor A., 25s.; B., 24s.; pulverised 23s. 3d.; Lyle's yellow crystals, 20s. 6d.; No. 3 crystals, 22s. 6d.; Tate's Ldn. and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, month forward, 21s. 6d.; T. L., granulated, 21s. 3d. For export:—Tate's No. 1 cubes or cartoniel, 23s. 11½d.; No. 3, 22s. 7½d. Home-grown granulated, prompt ex. Kly Ipswich and Cantley, quoted 20s. 6d. (3d. less ex London); Anglo-Scottish, prompt, 20s. 6d. to 20s. 9d., ex factories; T. L., ex refinery, quoted 20s. 4½d. West Indian crystallized, spot, quoted 28s. 6d. to 29s. 9d.; white Java, July-Sept. and Oct.-Dec., quoted 20s. 6d. and 21s.; India; Czech, granulated, prompt, quoted 8s.; Nov.-Dec., 8s. 3d., f.o.b., Hamburg; Dutch granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. 4½d., f.o.b., Rotterdam; Polish crystals, prompt, quoted 7s. 6d., f.o.b., Danzig. Raw sugar was steady; prices/terials, 96 per cent., June-July, quoted 10s. 4½d.; San Domingo and/or Cuban, 96 per cent., July, sold from 8s. 6¼d. to 8s. 7½d.; Aug. quoted 8s. 8¼d., sellers, c.i.f.

White sugar futures were quiet. Calls:—

10.30 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
June ..	8 3	8 1½	Dec. ..	8 9¼	8 7½
Aug. ..	8 3	8 1½			

Raw sugar futures were steady. Aug. delivery sold at 5s. 11½d.; March, at 7s. 5½d.; May, at 7s. 7½d. Calls (88 per cent. beet):—

10.30 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
Aug. ..	6 0	5 11½	NEW CONTRACT		BASIS,
Sept. ..	6 0¾	5 11½	96 PER CENT.,		C.I.F.
Oct. ..	6 3	6 0¼	Jan. ..	7 2¼	7 0¼
Dec. ..	6 4½	6 3¼	March ..	7 3¾	7 1½
			May ..	7 5¼	7 3¼

Visible supplies of sugar are given by C. Czarnikow, Limited, as follows:—

	Date	1930	1929
United Kingdom ..	June 1	207,000	215,000
France	June 1	440,000	349,000
Germany	June 1	941,000	824,000
Czechoslovakia ..	June 1	356,000	320,000
Holland	May 1	211,000	218,000
Belgium	June 1	191,000	146,000
Poland	June 1	297,000	218,000
		2,592,000	2,285,000
U.S.—Atlantic ports	June 1	784,000	929,000
Cuba—All ports ..	June 1	1,702,000	1,440,000
Cuba—Interior ..	June 1	1,858,000	1,185,000
Total tons ..		6,985,000	5,839,000
Previous total ..		7,480,000	6,241,000

COCOA.—Accra firm. Fair fermented, mid crop, June-July, quoted 31s. per cwt.; new crop, Oct.-Dec., 35s. 6d., buyers, f.o.b. Futures were firm; Dec. delivery sold at 37s. sales 50 tons. Call (Accra cocoa):—

11 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
July ..	37 0	36 0	Dec. ..	37 0	36 0
Aug. ..	36 0	35 6	Jan. ..	37 0	36 0
Sept. ..	36 3	35 6	Mar. ..	37 6	36 6

RICE was quiet. Burma No. 2, cleaned, spot, quoted 12s. per cwt.; June-July, in singles, to Continent and U.K., 12s.; No. 3, doubles, to Levant, June-July, 11s. 10½d.; S.Q., Aug., doubles, Cuba (main ports), 12s. 1½d., sellers. Brokens, Burma No. 1a, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 4½d.; 2a, 10s. 7½d., sellers, c.i.f. Siam Garden No. 1, July-Aug., doubles, quoted 11s. 7½d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent. Saigon No. 1, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 10½d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent, in singles.

RANGOON BEANS quiet. Handpicked white, spot, quoted 12s. 3d. per cwt.; June-July, 10s. 6d., c.i.f., U.K.

SAGO FLOUR steady. June-July quoted 9s. 9d. per cwt.; value; July-Aug., 9s. 9d., buyers, c.i.f., U.K.

TAPIOCA was quiet. Fine Java flake, spot, quoted 28s. 6d. per cwt.; June, 24s., sellers, c.i.f., Hamburg; Straits-July, quoted 12s. 9d., sellers, c.i.f., Havre. Seed pearl, June-July, quoted 13s. 3d., value, c.i.f. Java seed, spot, quoted 24s.; June, 22s., sellers, c.i.f.

SPICES.—Pepper firmer. Singapore unaltered. Black Singapore, spot, quoted 10½d. per lb.; Lampong, 10½d.; white Muntok, 1s. 10½d. To arrive, black Singapore, Ja.-Mar./July, quoted 9½d.; white, Lampong, Mar./July, quoted 8½d.; Aug.-Oct., at 7½d.; white Muntok, May-July, at 10½d. to 10¾d. Aug.-Oct., at 9½d., c.i.f., delivered weights.

Cloves quiet: Zanzibar, spot, quoted 11½d. to 1s.; May-July, 11½d.; Aug.-Oct., 11½d., sellers, c.i.f. Pimento quiet; spot, quoted, 9d., sellers; July-Aug., 7½s. per cwt., value, c.i.f.

RUBBER.—Plantation grades were firmer on reserve of sellers. Smoked sheet, spot and July, sold from 6½d. to 6¾d. per lb., and sellers; Aug. at 6¼d., and value; Oct.-Dec. from 6⅝d. to 6¾d., and value; Jan.-March at 6¾d., and value; April-June quoted 7d., value; ribbs, spot, quoted 6½d., value. Para grades unchanged. Hard fine, spot, quoted 7½d., sellers.

GAMBIER quiet. Good marks, June-July, quoted 24s. 6d. per cwt., sellers, c.i.f.

SHELLAC.—The spot market was quiet. T N orange, basis fair, quoted 115s. per cwt.; A C, 125s., sellers. Futures were quiet. T N, Aug. delivery, quoted 93s., buyers; Oct. delivery, 101s., buyers. Shipment market quiet. T N, in bags, July-Aug., quoted 92s.; Sept.-Oct., 96s., sellers, c.i.f. Calcutta telegram dated June 28 gives:—Spot, Rs. 43, buyers; July, Rs.45, sellers; Aug., Rs.46, sellers.

HEMP.—Manila grades were steady. Grade J, June-Aug., quoted £23 10s. per ton, value; K, £22 10s., value; L, No. 1, £22, value; No. 2, £20 15s., value; M, No. 1, £21, value; No. 2, £20 5s., value, c.i.f. African sisal quiet. Tanganyika and Kenya, No. 1, good marks, June-Aug., quoted £25 10s.; f.a.q., £25, sellers, c.i.f.

JUTE.—The market was closed.

COPRA quiet. Singapore, f.m.s., July, quoted £19 5s. per ton, sellers; Aug., £19 5s., value, c.i.f., Rotterdam. Durbin, f.m.s., July, quoted £19 15s., value, c.i.f.; usual ports. Dutch E. Indies, f.m.s., July, quoted £19 5s., value, c.i.f., one port. Mixed (no Pad.), July-Aug., quoted £18 12s. 6d., sellers; South Sea, kiln dried, £18 10s., sellers, c.i.f., Marseilles.

LIVERPOOL, June 28.—SUGAR EXCHANGE.—The market opened with quotations occasionally 1½d. per cwt. lower, but the close was at Friday's final level.

	Opening	Closing
June	7/1s.-7/0b.	7/1s.-7/0b.
July	7/1s.-7/0b.	7/1s.-7/0b.
August	7/1½s.-7/0½b.	7/1½s.-7/0½b.
October	7/4½s.-7/3½b.	7/4½s.-7/3½b.
December	7/8s.-7/7b.	7/8s.-7/7b.
January	7/8s.-7/7b.	7/8s.-7/7b.
March	7/10 paid	7/11s.-7/10b.
May	8/1½s.-8/0½b.	8/2s.-8/1b.
August	8/6s.-8/5b.	8/6½s.-8/5½b.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL, June 28.—In the absence of any improvement in Manchester trade the demand for spot cotton continues at a minimum, spinners being disinclined to purchase beyond pressing requirements, while exporters were less in evidence. Outside growths continue in plentiful supply, and merchants are willing sellers. American growths were in limited request, and quotations were reduced 2 points. Middling, 7.72d. per lb. Brazilians met with a moderate inquiry at a decline of 2 points. Peruvians fully 7.05d. Peruvians had a fair turnover, but quotations of smooth and Tangues were 2 points easier. Good fair smooth, 8.02d.; and good fair Tanguis, 8.27d. A moderate business was done in Egyptians at a decline of 10 points. F.g.f. Sakellaridis, 12.45d.; f.a.f. Upper, 9.48d. Africans were dull and quoted 2 points lower. Middling west, 7.62d.; good fair east, 8.27d. East Indians quiet at previous rates. Fine m.g. Broach, 5.50d.; and fine No. 1 Oomra, 4.85d. per lb.

American futures had a fairly active market for a Saturday, and a steadier tone prevailed under the influence of the somewhat bullish tenor of the news from many sections of the cotton belt, which tended to keep bears in check, while trade interests gave fair support. With the supply of contracts rather restricted the market opened above parity at a point decline to 2 points advance, and as the morning wore on prices had a gradual hardening tendency owing to Continental buying and good month-end trade calling, while the continued high temperatures in the Western and Central belts induced nervous shorts to cover freely. Towards the finish, however, realisations shaded values slightly, and the market closed quiet and steady at an advance on the day of 5 to 8 points.

Egyptian.—The Sakellaridis contract opened 2 points easier, but with fight offerings the market closed quiet, 2 points dearer on the day. The Upper contract closed barely steady, 1 to 2 points down. Closing values:—Sakellaridis.—June, 11.25; July, 11.35; Aug., 11.35; Sept., 11.35; Oct., 11.53; Nov., 11.45; Dec., 11.58; Jan., 11.55; Feb., 11.68; March, 11.68; April, 11.75; May, 11.78; June, 11.78. Upper and Pilion.—June, 8.42; July, 8.42; Aug., 8.77; Sept., 8.76; Oct., 8.44; Nov., 8.45; Dec., 8.49; Jan., 8.56; Feb., 8.61; March, 8.67; April, 8.74; May, 8.78; June, 8.44.

The Empire and miscellaneous contract after a small trade closed quiet, 4 points up on the day. Closing values:—June, 7.05; July, 7.04; Aug., 7.08; Sept., 7.07; Oct., 6.89; Nov., 6.92; Dec., 6.95; Jan., 6.92; Feb., 6.96; March, 7.00; April, 6.97; May, 7.07; June, 7.08.

Description	Sales To-day	Sales So far this week	Export To-day	Export So far this week	Imports To-day	Imports So far this week
American	1,350	1,350	100	100	—	7.17
Brazilian, &c.	400	400	—	—	—	—
Peruvian, &c.	600	600	—	—	—	—
African, &c.	100	100	—	—	—	—
Egyptian, &c.	300	300	—	—	402	402
E. Indian, &c.	250	250	—	—	—	—
Totals—						
This week	3,000	3,000	100	100	402	402
Last week	2,000	2,000	100	100	1,072	1,072
Amer. Futures	To-day		Previous day			

Delivery—	Highst.	L'west	Closing	Highst.	L'west	Closing
June	—	—	7.24	—	—	7.17
July	7.22	7.13	7.19	7.27	7.12	7.12
August	7.07	7.07	7.11	7.14	7.14	7.03
September	—	—	7.07	—	—	7.00
October	7.08	6.95	7.02	7.11	6.98	6.96
November	—	—	7.02	7.07	7.07	6.96
December	7.00	6.99	7.03	7.11	6.98	6.98
January	7.07	7.01	7.06	7.14	6.99	7.00
February	—	—	7.09	—	—	7.03
March	7.13	7.09	7.14	7.21	7.07	7.07
April	—	—	7.17	—	—	7.09
May	7.21	7.16	7.20	7.24	7.13	7.13
June	—	—	7.22	—	—	7.15
July	—	—	7.24	7.28	7.17	7.17
August	—	—	—	—	—	—
September	—	—	—	—	—	—
October	—	—	7.28	—	—	7.21
November	—	—	—	—	—	—
December	—	—	—	—	—	—
January (1932) ..	—	—	7.32	7.38	7.35	7.25

The following are stocks, &c., for the week ended June 27th:—

—	Import	Forwarded	Sales	Export	Great Britain Stock
American	3,387	19,522	11,060	178	334,200
Brazilian ..	2,286	4,328	3,440	115	132,650
Peruvian ..	—	2,246	2,520	112	61,170
Egyptian ..	3,155	5,199	2,040	106	46,060
Sudan	1,518	1,361	1,270	37	123,430
W. Indian ..	253	139	280	—	4,350
E. African ..	3,984	1,078	550	1,534	31,950
S. African ..	—	—	50	—	—
W. African ..	3,728	261	490	—	44,290
Australian ..	350	—	—	—	350
E. Indian ..	2,161	13,461	1,740	378	76,940
Total	23,020	47,555	23,440	2,462	856,290
So far this year ..	2,646,542	2,496,200	1,386,240	128,225	—
Last year ..	3,047,000	2,750,000	1,571,580	139,000	919,540

ARTIFICIAL SILK

MANCHESTER, June 28.—While there continues to be some improvement in the business moving in artificial silk fabrics the situation is not by any means normal. There are a good many idle looms, and the yarn spinners cannot be relieved until more demand comes from the big Eastern markets, notably India. There is a little being done for that outlet in lenos, prints, and dhooties, but substantial buying is not being attempted. China continues to be hampered by the low rate of exchange, but the Colonies are giving steady support, especially New Zealand, West Africa, and Canada. Java is buying rather sparingly, and South American demand is well below the average. For home consumption, however, business goes on fairly briskly, especially in goods composed wholly of artificial silk. Considerable purchases continue to take place in taffetas, voiles, and crepes. Egypt is booking rather more, and one or two Continental markets are picking up small lots of highly specialized cloths.

Demand for yarns is being well maintained, but is chiefly confined to first-grade qualities, both of acetate and viscose. Production of these is being nicely cleared. There continues to be an accommodation of low grades, with the result that the prices obtainable in many cases do not cover the cost of production. Nominal prices of all artificial silk, and cotton and artificial silk mixture fabrics are as follows:—Coloured stripe poplin, 101s. 6d.; brocades, 99s. 6d.; crepe brocades, 147s. 6d.; limbrics, 118s. 6d.; all artificial silk limbrics, 147s. 6d.; crepe artificial silk, 144s. 6d.

SEEDS AND OILS

LONDON, June 28.—On the Baltic Exchange LINSEED was steady but inactive, with prices tending dearer. Calcutta, June-July and July-Aug., to London, £17 12s. 6d.; bold, Bombay, June-July and July-Aug., £16 2s. 9d. Sellers: La Plata, June-July, to Hull, quoted £15 16s. 3d.; July-Aug., £15 18s. 9d.; Aug.-Sept., £16. RAPESEED was quiet. Toria, July-Aug., to Hull-Continent, £14, sellers. COTTONSEED remained quiet. Egyptian black, July, to Hull, £9 12s. 6d.; Aug., £9 12s. 9d.; Sept.-Oct., £9 13s. 9d.; Nov.-Dec., £9 14s. 3d., sellers; Sakellaridis, July and Aug., £6 2s. 6d., sellers; Bombay, June-July, £5 10s., sellers. CASTORSEED steady. Bombay, June-July, to Hull, £14 2s. 6d., sellers. GROUNDNUTS continue firm, with quotations hardening. Coromandel (machined), July-Aug., to Rotterdam-Hamburg, £14 18s. 9d.; Aug.-Sept., £15 2s. 6d. Sept.-Oct., £15 5s. PALM KERNELS firm but unaltered. To Liverpool-Hamburg, July-Aug quoted £12 10s.; Aug.-Sept., £12 17s. 6d.; Sept.-Oct., £13 2s. 6d. LINSEED OIL steady and generally unchanged. Spot, ex mill, quoted £41 10s.; July, £37 15s.; July-Aug., £37 10s.; Sept.-Dec., £36, naked. RAPE OIL inactive. Crude extracted, £35; technical refined, £36 10s., naked, ex wharf. COTTON OIL quiet. Egyptian crude, £27; refined common edible, £32; deodorised, £34 per ton, naked, ex mill. TURPENTINE steady. American, spot, quoted 39s.; July-Aug., 38s. 6d.; Russian, spot, 36s. 6d. per cwt.

HULL, June 28.—LINSEED OIL.—Naked, spot, £41 5s.; June, £40 15s.; July-Aug., £39; Sept.-Dec., £37. COTTON OIL.—Naked, Egyptian crude, £27 5s.; edible refined, £30; technical, £29 15s.; deodorised, £32, all on the spot. PALM KERNEL OIL.—Crude naked, 5½ per cent., spot, £28. GROUNDNUT OIL.—Crushed extracted, spot, £31; deodorised, spot, £35. SOYA OIL.—Extracted and crushed on the spot, £28 5s.; deodorised, spot, £33. RAPE OIL.—Crushed-extracted spot, £33 10s.; refined, spot, £35 10s. per ton. TURPENTINE quoted 41s. 3d. per cwt. CASTOR OIL and COD OIL quiet and unaltered. Net cash terms, ex mill.

METALS AND MINERALS

GLASGOW, June 28.—COAL.—Declining activity continues in the Scottish coal trade as the collieries find difficulty in disposing of the present limited output, and are being compelled through accumulation of stocks to adopt still shorter working. Idle time is particularly noticeable in Lanarkshire and Ayrshire, but collieries in the other districts are also idle. This condition, of course, reflects the slowing down of industry and the lessened requirements both at home and abroad, the heavy stocks at Continental depots, and the keen endeavours of competitors, notably Poland, to secure business.

In the circumstances it is doubtful if the usual pre-holiday rush will be seen to complete due carcoes, which will for the most part be readily covered from stocks while further shead commodities are by no means confident that the upward swing in prices generally looked for in the autumn will this year take place. This, however, is not an inducement to owns quotations for business ahead, as the outlook is rendered uncertain by the position as regards the Coal Mines Bill. This uncertainty is also recognised by second hands, who are not engaging extensively in forward commitments. A fair inquiry is in circulation for requirements up to the end of the year, but it appears as if only nuts are well booked. First Fife steam is maintaining its position, and some brands of splint coal in Lanarkshire are also steady, but generally large coal is plentiful. Nuts are less scarce owing to the curtailment of production at some of the collieries.

Shipment prices are approximately as follows:—

Lanarkshire.—Splints, best, 12s. 9d.; ditto, second, 12s.; navigation, 11s. 6d.; Hartley, 12s.—all per ton, f.o.b. Glasgow. Stockton-12s. 6d.; treibles, 12s. 6d.; doubles, 12s.; singles, 11s.; pearls, 11s.; drom, 9s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Grangemouth.

Fife.—Screened navigation, 10s. 6d. to 11s. 6d.; first-class steam, 12s. 9d.; third-class steam, 10s. 3d.; treibles, 12s. to 14s.; doubles, 11s. 6d. to 12s.; singles, 11s.; pearls, 10s. 9d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Burntisland or Methil.

Lothians.—Prime steam, 11s. 6d.; secondary steam, 11s.; treibles, 12s.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 11s. 3d.; pearls, 10s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Leith.

Ayrshire.—Unscreened navigation, 10s.; jewel, 10s.; steam, 10s. 9d.; treibles, 12s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 11s. 6d.; pearls, 11s.; drom, 10s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Ayr or Troon.

IRON AND STEEL.—Conditions in the iron and steel trades cannot yet be said to be improving; indeed, with the slower flow of business lately, manufacturers find the difficulty in keeping plant in operation, and the chances are that reduced activity will continue until the annual Fair holidays, which will probably be of extended duration. Thereafter, however, some increase in operations is looked for, especially in those branches influenced by shipbuilding, for work will then be commencing on the vessels recently ordered. It is announced that Messrs. Alexander Stephen and Sons will build the new liners for the P. and O. Company, the hulls of which will be laid down in the near future. The new Cunarder will, of course, be an important factor making for activity in local trade in the autumn and succeeding months.

The export trade is the main cause of disappointment. In addition to the effects of the world trade depression, the iron and steel trades are seriously influenced by the disturbances in India and the tariff impositions in Australia, the sheet and tube trades being especially affected. Some improvement has been noted lately in the demand for the finer classes of black sheets, while in the tube trade only those works producing large sizes are satisfactorily employed. Dullness persists in the bar, iron and steel-rerolling branches, as also in pig iron, in an effort to stimulate business in which makers have lowered prices by 1s. 6d. per ton. Indian and Continental iron is offered freely in competition, and scrap is in plentiful supply, another cargo having just arrived from the River Plate.

Current quotations are:—

	Home £ s. d.	Export £ s. d.
Scotch "crown" bars ..	10 5 0	9 15 0
Sections (angle bars) ..	*8 7 6	7 7 6
Steel ship plates	*8 15 0	7 15 0
Boiler plates	10 10 0	10 10 0
Steel bars (re-rolled) ..	7 12 6	7 12 6
Black steel sheets, ½ in.	9 0 0	8 15 0
Gal. corr. sheets, 24g. ..	12 15 0	12 5 0
Pig iron, No. 3	3 16 6	—
Hematite	3 19 6	—
Heavy steel scrap	2 12 6	—
Cast iron machinery scrap	3 5 0	—

Subject to rebate of 10s. per ton.

NEWCASTLE, June 28.—COAL.—Business throughout the week has been mainly at a standstill owing to the Bank Week holidays, "Change having closed each day after the morning session. In the circumstances insufficient trading was recorded to test values accurately though generally the undertone was easy in consequence of the meagre demand for both early and forward loadings, and the lessened interest on contract account. At the moment operators view the coming month in a pessimistic light, as indications point to a compulsory curtailment of outputs. Steam descriptions of both large and small were offered abundantly at easy prices, though actual quotations are unchanged on the basis of 12s. 9d. Tyne prime large and 10s. 6d. small. Bunkers had a quiet market owing to the lessened freely shipped activity and were available at 12s. to 13s., while gas and coking descriptions offered much in excess of current requirements. Gas coke was nominally firm for prompt and steady for distant loadings, but other makes were in ample supply and ruled weak for early shipment, though somewhat steadier in tone for autumn delivery. No new inquiries were received and contract business was limited to 3,000 tons of Wear special gas coal for the Kjoge gas works at 20s. 10d., also 3,000 tons for the Frederikshavn gas works at 20s.; both c.i.f., July shipment. It was reported that Westphalian makers have sold 500,000 tons of foundry coke to Stockholm for delivery over the next 12 months at 18s. 4½d., f.o.b. Prices were approximately:—

	June 28	June 21
Best Blyth large	13/6	13/6
Best Blyth small	10/6	10/6
Tyne prime small	10/6	10/6
Tyne prime large	12/9	12/9
Bunkers	13/0 to 14/3	13/0 to 14/3
Gas coal (best)	15/6 to 16/0	15/6 to 16/0
Gas coal (ordinary) ..	13/0 to 15/0	13/0 to 15/0
Manufacturing fuel ..	14/0 to 16/0	14/0 to 16/0
Gas coke	21/6	21/6
Furnace coke	17/3 to 18/6	17/3 to 18/6

MEAT AND FISH

LONDON, June 28.—SMITHFIELD MEAT (official report).—Supplies for the week ended to-day, 8,625 tons, as against 8,600 tons in the corresponding week last year. Imported beef, principally Argentine, formed 84.2 per cent. of the beef supplies, as against 94.7 per cent. a year ago. Imported mutton, mainly New Zealand, formed 80.0 per cent. of the total supply of mutton and lamb, as against 81.9 per cent. same week last year. Imported pork and bacon formed 42.2 per cent. of the total supply of pork and bacon, as against 45.7 per cent. a year ago. The bulk of the poultry and game supply was imported. 53.6 per cent., as against 45.6 per cent. a year ago. Imported rabbits formed 100.0 per cent., as against 86.9 per cent. same week last year. Imported eggs formed 47.5 per cent., as against 58.6 per cent. a year ago, and imported butter, cheese, &c., formed 68.8 per cent., as against 70.1 per cent. same week last year. The quantity of fresh killed beef, veal, mutton, lamb, and pork marketed during the week aggregated 1,385 tons, as against 6,781 tons of chilled and frozen meats.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.—Supplies to-day totalled 497 tons, of which 66 tons were steamer borne. Salmon was in moderate supply, and met a keen demand at steady prices. Prime chasse of other sorts were on the light side, but the demand was good and prices tended dearer. Only light supplies were unsold at the close. Quotations:—Salmon, English and Irish, 1s. 10d. to 2s.; Scotch, 2s. to 2s. 2d.; Norwegian, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 9d.; grilse, 1s. to 1s. 3d.; salmon trout, 1s. to 1s. 8d.; soles, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 2d.; slips, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10d.; mullet, 1s.; lobsters, 1s. to 1s. 6d.; crabs, 10d. to 6d.; large prawns, 1s. to 1s. 4d. per lb. Whitebait, 1s. per pot. Dory, 1s. 6d.; turbot and witches, 7s. to 9s.; brill, 6s. to 10s.; lemon soles, 4s. to 11s.; halibut, 10s. to 14s.; megrims, 3s. to 5s.; live cod, 4s. to 6s.;

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

3 PER CENT. DIPLOMATIC DEBT of VENEZUELA, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned BONDS of the above Debt have been DRAWN at the Offices of the Council of Foreign Bondholders, 17, Moorgate, London, E.C.2, in the presence of John Dalton Venn, Notary Public, for payment at par, under the terms of the Agreement of 7th June, 1905.

1,754 BONDS of £20 each = £35,080.

11	12	88	92	93	118	136
209	213	242	243	293	371	372
407	431	432	487	494	498	532
537	586	589	684	694	789	843
912	1023	1024	1037	1078	1145	1152
1188	1272	1311	1314	1330	1333	1336
1428	1432	1441	1463	1489	1494	1544
1592	1661	1663	1698	1699	1795	1798
1876	1881	1897	1904	1917	1958	2028
2122	2133	2180	2217	2226	2231	2277
2280	2294	2367	2388	2389	2390	2391
2514	2515	2535	2536	2537	2539	2636
2640	2649	2685	2686	2702	2725	2726
2761	2782	2789	2762	2764	2765	2774
2775	2780	2782	2796	2809	2824	2830
2831	2832	2843	2846	2848	2849	2850
2901	3131	3134	3201	3202	3226	3228
3231	3244	3309	3311	3371	3385	3395
3407	3422	3426	3481	3486	3491	3498
3532	3562	3576	3713	3745	3839	3846
3991	3992	4031	4061	4062	4063	4065
4071	4072	4073	4147	4153	4155	4161
4163	4178	4219	4436	4442	4475	4510
4516	4525	4543	4546	4549	4560	4684
4743	4810	4811	4841	4844	4853	4854
4855	4866	4867	4891	4901	4921	4971
4996	5013	5110	5111	5135	5142	5147
5155	5165	5172	5176	5186	5187	5192
5193	5194	5208	5216	5217	5432	5468
5477	5513	5529	5566	5598	5611	5612
5613	5707	5731	5732	5733	5953	6061
6072	6128	6143	6147	6184	6193	6194
6200	6201	6209	6218	6227	6234	6247
6310	6312	6313	6327	6333	6336	6441
6502	6519	6523	6527	6530	6543	6555
6616	6623	6636	6637	6638	6682	6686
6697	6706	6729	6732	6742	6757	6758
6764	6768	6782	6788	6792	6878	6900
7024	7069	7105	7147	7306	7370	7523
7528	7534	7620	7717	7749	7755	7756
7760	7765	7773	8007	8009	8012	8020
8023	8333	8342	8404	8407	8413	8465
8467	8713	8734	8813	8815	8838	8842
8846	8852	8858	8862	8865	8871	8881
8886	8888	8890	8892	8924	8925	8934
8936	8951	8952	8987	8988	9009	9362
9368	9369	9378	9386	10243	10269	10306
10311	10326	10455	10459	10467	10473	10474
10480	10488	10491	10496	10497	10502	10523
10541	10610	10615	10622	10632	10687	10770
10830	10841	10845	10846	10856	10884	10892
10894	10923	10924	10930	11070	11102	11113
11127	11128	11129	11130	11131	11154	11155
11189	11190	11193	11196	11197	11199	11200
11215	11217	11223	11226	11227	11234	11240
11326	11328	11339	11382	11419	11427	11428
11509	11752	12298	12301	12374	12375	12377
12381	12385	12391	12399	12400	12404	12405
12406	12413	12432	12436	12437	12463	12464
12465	12467	12468	12602	12620	12649	12656
12696	12698	12730	12746	13100	13122	13136
13740	13743	13744	13754	13755	13757	13758
13761	13763	13768	13790	13792	13794	13800
13902	13914	13924	14033	14040	14323	14344
14355	14490	14551	14612	14621	14624	14711
14734	14787	14798	14869	14871	14889	14890
15051	15060	15086	15402	15404	15588	15583
15713	15755	15772	15782	15786	15800	15812
15816	15817	15821	15834	15837	15842	15858
15895	15898	15986	16001	16006	16007	16013
16013	16027	16028	16034	16037	16040	16043
16102	16103	16104	16105	16191	16202	16222
16250	16344	16380	16391	16393	16403	16419
16478	16482	16733	16738	16815	16940	16949
16987	17126	17130	17135	17136	17137	17138
17139	17144	17155	17167	17359	17415	17444
17529	17533	17546	17577	17796	17831	17834
17920	17986	18243	18995	18996	19189	19484
19655	19668	19670	19672	19818	20187	20188
20268	20278	20279	20283	20294	20316	20320
20322	20329	20551	20582	20610	20614	20615
20616	20618	20621	20622	20623	20633	20636
20643	20652	20667	20678	20831	20873	20896
20922	20931	20932	21579	21590	21596	21599
21606	21614	21616	21626	21640	21641	21750
21782	21808	21845	21852	21853	21855	21865
21893	21955	22053	22055	22143	22146	22148
22150	22151	22204	22208	22223	22328	22368
22629	22634	22859	22864	22865	22866	22902
22916	22923	23051	23054	23055	23060	23066
23069	23347	23354	23357	23369	23379	23396
23400	23401	23402	23405	23407	23410	23428
23431	23472	23473	23474	23477	23478	23498
23585	23592	23637	23648	23722	23723	23725
23726	23731	23754	23767	23829	23839	23876
23898	23932	23936	23938	23954	23957	23959
23963	23965	23969	23994	23995	23996	23999
24073	24087	24113	24117	24128	24220	24225
24275	24276	24304	24438	24513	24572	24573
24574	24578	24591	24592	24678	24679	24707
24724	24725	24783	24827	24929	24937	25027
25028	25083	25129	25132	25136	25141	25199
25281	25456	25466	25468	25651	25652	25674
25737	25781	25924	25926	25957	25998	26000
26001	26253	26254	26257	26408	26409	26483
26488	26631	26732	26736	26740	26787	26793
26797	26801	26803	26804	26805	26916	26922
26925	27010	27014	27016	27018	27037	27042
27062	27073	27103	27106	27112	27160	27274
27970	27976	28003	28013	28015	28031	28033
28048	28054	28076	28084	28085	28086	28118
28165	28166	28167	28174	28176	28184	28362
28369	28370	28374	28379	28380	28388	28389
28569	28764	28772	28775	28778	28783	28792
28794	28801	28803	28804	28813	28817	28822
28824	28851	28852	28841	28845	28846	29005
29156	29161	29163	29176	29179	29196	29207
29209	29212	29216	29327	29337	29339	29349
29353	29364	29493	29561	29580	29598	29702
29711	29799	29952	29953	29955	29962	29963
29964	30005	30018	30154	30575	30661	31727
31785	31790	31794	31802	31803	31807	31808
31897	31914	31915	31920	31941	31952	31961
31967	31969	31984	32026	32032	32048	33051
33055	33059	33080	33166	33171	33257	33277
33283	33299	33307	33313	33477	33899	33905
33909	33972	34309	34330	34332	34343	34459
34469	34515	34576	34595	34715	34716	34718
34723	34725	34729	34743	34744	34831	34837
34855	34869	34931	34937	34945	35508	35520
35522	35525	35532	35538	35539	36024	36025
36056	36102	36104	36127	36129	36252	36256
36288	36294	36295	36304	36312	36322	36326
36327	36344	36354	36356	36361	36375	36381
36382	36402	36408	36428	36433	36441	36442
36453	36456	36468	36528	36577	36606	36902
36966	36968	36982	37289	37552	37579	37580
37581	37628	37636	37640	37642	37643	37644
37646	37649	37688	37730	37745	37746	37752
37767	37768	37860	37896	37903	37905	38050
38083	38128	38210	38501	38506	38516	38532
38537	38538	38540	38545	38546	38611	38614
38616	38621	38628	38632	38651	38657	38658
38678	38757	38790	38989	39059	39281	39302
39307	39309	39315	39320	39429	39431	39491
39493	39494	39499	39556	39558	39560	39658
39733	40006	40054	40056	40078	40100	40139
40329	40330	40333	40335	40337	40338	40425
40501	40872	40987	40997	41000	41028	41103
41124	41141	41306	41321	41322	41324	41325
41350	41941	42015	42016	42210	42211	42215
42329	42252	42275	42278	42597	42598	42635
42677	42687	42757	42763	42764	42780	42785
42787	42788	42797	42800	42807	42809	42810
42814	42823	42825	42845	42872	42904	42912
42915	42920	42989	43225	43244	43246	44126
44129	44132	44143	44148	44211	44226	44227
44232	44234	44617	44760	44773	44821	44851
44856	44859	44866	44871	45010	45022	45094
45086	45088	45089	45097	45128	45132	45134
45136	45503	45516	45520	45523	45524	45533
45540	45545	45548	45552	45554	45563	45581
45582	45605	45609	45610	45613	45615	45623
45627	45641	45642	45646	45650	45741	45775
45866	45946	45949	45984	46002	46008	46009
46055	46063	46064	46118	46164	46206	46207
46210	46213	46214	46215	46220	46225	46229
46235	46247	46273	46330	46427	46499	46508
46511	46530	46541	46542	46569	46574	46623
46636	46640	46851	46886	46893	47224	47338
47542	47715	47716	47720	47722	47725	47726
47729	47945	47959	47983	48068	48078	48086
48178	48211	48238	48244	48389	48392	48500
48548	48553	49034	49062	49065	49323	49361
49362	49376	49421	49623	49695	49696	49778
49782	49910	49984	49986	50040	50128	50522
50553	50554	50558	50570	50572	50574	50881
50885	51160	51167	51173	51210	51211	51212
51221	51227	51234	51286	51292	51773	51894
52191	52213	52223	52263	52265	52276	52505
52516	52517	52519	52529	52531	52538	52547
52570	52579	52719	52747	52928	52984	52986
53280	53308	53346	53578	53599	53635	53691
53695	53702	53776	53779	53809	53812	53813
53814	53962	53966	54101	54102	54105	54107
54111	54113	54121	54122	54172	54179	54182
54185	54187	54190	54195	54196	54198	54506
54329	54330	54345	54370	54383	54413	54415
54416	54417	54430	54539	54551	54563	54570
54624	54625	54637	54639	54649	54663	54692
54740	54741	54826	54828	54878	54891	54906
54928	55115	55140	55143	55153	55154	55757
55162	55167	55168	55178	55192	55196	55199
55200	55227	55228	55242	55247	55253	55257
55259	55650	55753	55765	55864	55868	55932
55934	55940	56105	56197	56200	56207	56322
56336	56372	56394	56411	56448	56499	56566
56567	56597	56602	56612	56614	56616	56616
56619	56952	56953	57036	57125	57161	57165
57170	57229	57239	57240	57266	57268	57278
57287	57288	57291	57340	57351	57360	57466
57473	57511	57512	57517	57518	57561	57617
57920	57925	57926	58024	58076	58086	58094
58164	58229	58279	58367	58398	58408	58409
58413	58426	58425	58480	58484	58488	58490
58495	58596	58626	58628	58646	58658	58670
58697	58771	58772	58775	58794	58850	58928
58977	58983	58985	59004	59050	59094	59095
59100	59186	59199	59236	59255	59294	59389
59400	59403	59408	59470	59471	59487	59488
59489	59490	59541	59728	59809	59813	59905
59940	60009	60012	60156	60343	60348	60525
60608	60809	60812	60830	60833	60838	60849
60845	60851	60853	60716	60923	60937	60971
61009	61024	61066	61068	61114	61131	61174
61175	61205	61259	61784	61387	61391	61454
61459	61460	61471	61576	61578	62124	62269
62286	62289	62297	62303	62305	62477	62497
62509	62510	62617	62645	62649	62669	62670
62672	62710	62747	62820	62833	62875	62876
62975	62990	63036	63081	63455	63458	63481
63563	63645	63735	63826	63845	63846	63889
63906	63915	63930	63922	64036	64146	64147

DRAWING OF BONDS (continued)

64149	64152	64153	64158	64160	64161	64162
64172	64175	64179	64187	64250	64254	64264
64324	64353	64371	64392	64393	64394	64395
64408	64449	64465	64552	64553	64574	64575
64577	64579	64816	64820	64827	64832	64836
64842	64848	64859	64896	65038	65069	65087
65104	65108	65118	65173	65174	65182	65195
65196	65200	65201	65208	65210	65214	65222
65226	65237	65239	65250	65254	65257	65268
65298	65305	65306	65309	65312	65314	65334
65346	65462	65509	65622	65625	65633	65665
65679	66046	66092	66125	66128	66129	66131
66189	66190	66192	66261	66287	66328	66329
66348	66350	66354	66373	66376	66381	66382
66401	66418	66447	66505	66536	66537	66538
66539	66627	66765	66855	66863	66873	66882
66885	67047	67121	67265	67268	67269	67271
67298	67503	67506	67510	67528	67546	67549
67560	67580	67593	67594	67745	67746	67766
67769	67774	67784	67786	67787	67791	67794
67797	67799	67843	67850	67873	67875	67911
67919	67923	67933	67944	67956	67958	67995
68001	68003	68040	68051	68064	68071	68227
68327	68419	68441	68459	68467	68473	68479
68507	68508	68538	68553	68561	68569	68620
68621	68670	68698	68740	68753	68858	68931
68937	68967	68975	68976	68980	68982	68987
68988	68993	68997	69047			

650 BONDS of £100 EACH = £65,000.

70279	70290	70291	70292	70341	70346	70358
70371	70372	70397	70399	70409	70425	70430
70470	70571	70573	70574	70589	70595	70596
70597	70598	70599	70611	70656	70661	70785
70787	70928	70953	70954	71033	71060	71071
71074	71116	71118	71133	71142	71174	71495
71500	71538	71565	71570	71582	71858	71868
71911	71977	72000	72006	72020	72028	72061
72052	72066	72072	72192	72323	72340	72376
72421	72436	72460	72485	72558	72570	72581
72644	72700	72769	72814	72824	72912	72924
72929	72993	73023	73189	73190	73193	73219
73294	73329	73333	73335	73362	73380	73561
73577	73604	73630	73869	73907	74058	74076
74129	74180	74219	74222	74226	74333	74340
74349	74429	74431	74446	74448	74486	74488
74492	74502	74510	74512	74525	74526	74529
74558	74564	74574	74577	74588	74607	74620
74650	74651	74652	74653	74654	74655	74656
74657	74658	74659	74660	74661	74662	74663
74664	74665	74666	74667	74668	74669	74670
74671	74672	74673	74674	74675	74676	74677
74678	74679	74680	74681	74682	74683	74684
74685	74686	74687	74688	74689	74690	74691
74692	74693	74694	74695	74696	74697	74698
74699	74700	74701	74702	74703	74704	74705
74706	74707	74708	74709	74710	74711	74712
74713	74714	74715	74716	74717	74718	74719
74720	74721	74722	74723	74724	74725	74726
74727	74728	74729	74730	74731	74732	74733
74734	74735	74736	74737	74738	74739	74740
74741	74742	74743	74744	74745	74746	74747
74748	74749	74750	74751	74752	74753	74754
74755	74756	74757	74758	74759	74760	74761
74762	74763	74764	74765	74766	74767	74768
74769	74770	74771	74772	74773	74774	74775
74776	74777	74778	74779	74780	74781	74782
74783	74784	74785	74786	74787	74788	74789
74790	74791	74792	74793	74794	74795	74796
74797	74798	74799	74800	74801	74802	74803
74804	74805	74806	74807	74808	74809	74810
74811	74812	74813	74814	74815	74816	74817
74818	74819	74820	74821	74822	74823	74824
74825	74826	74827	74828	74829	74830	74831
74832	74833	74834	74835	74836	74837	74838
74839	74840	74841	74842	74843	74844	74845
74846	74847	74848	74849	74850	74851	74852
74853	74854	74855	74856	74857	74858	74859
74860	74861	74862	74863	74864	74865	74866
74867	74868	74869	74870	74871	74872	74873
74874	74875	74876	74877	74878	74879	74880
74881	74882	74883	74884	74885	74886	74887
74888	74889	74890	74891	74892	74893	74894
74895	74896	74897	74898	74899	74900	74901
74902	74903	74904	74905	74906	74907	74908
74909	74910	74911	74912	74913	74914	74915
74916	74917	74918	74919	74920	74921	74922
74923	74924	74925	74926	74927	74928	74929
74930	74931	74932	74933	74934	74935	74936
74937	74938	74939	74940	74941	74942	74943
74944	74945	74946	74947	74948	74949	74950
74951	74952	74953	74954	74955	74956	74957
74958	74959	74960	74961	74962	74963	74964
74965	74966	74967	74968	74969	74970	74971
74972	74973	74974	74975	74976	74977	74978
74979	74980	74981	74982	74983	74984	74985
74986	74987	74988	74989	74990	74991	74992
74993	74994	74995	74996	74997	74998	74999
75000						

SUMMARY.

1,754 Bonds of £20 each	=		£35,080
650	,,	,, £100	= 65,000
59	,,	,, £500	= 29,500
2,463			£129,580

The Bonds carrying Coupons due 1st January, 1931, to 1st January, 1935, inclusive, will be payable by the undersigned or by the Continental houses charged with the payment of the Coupons, from whom Forms for listing can be obtained, on and after 1st July, 1930.

COUNCIL OF FOREIGN BONDHOLDERS,
LONDON.
DEUTSCHE BANK UND DISCONTO-GESELLSCHAFT, BERLIN.

Countersigned and John D. Venn, Notary Public, H. De Pinna and John Venn, 38, Gresham House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2, 30th June, 1930.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

ANGLO-NORWEGIAN HOLDINGS, Limited.
Certificates to Bearer issued by Guaranty Trust Company of New York in respect of Preferred shares. Nos. 1 to 2 detached from above Certificates will be PAYABLE on or after the 8th July, 1930, at the places specified thereon. Payment will be made at the rate of 83.50 Canadian Currency per share, being dividend declared by the company for the half-year ending 30th June, 1930.

Per payment in sterling coupons should be lodged on forms to be obtained from GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY of NEW YORK, 32, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3. They must be left three clear days for examination.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.

CENTRAL MEXICO LIGHT and POWER COMPANY.
FIRST MORTGAGE 5 PER CENT. BONDS.
Notice is hereby given that the COUPON due 1st July, 1930, on the Bonds of the above Loan will be PAID on or after the 1st proximo, at the Offices of the Midland Bank Limited, Poultry, London, E.C.2.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.

SOUTH MANCHURIAN RAILWAY 5 per CENT. STERLING BONDS, 1923.
Notice is hereby given that the COUPONS due 15th July, 1930, will be PAID on and after that date (Saturdays excepted), between the hours of 11 and 3 at The Yokohama Specie Bank Limited, where lists may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination prior to payment.

For the Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.
D. NOHARA, Manager.

7, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, 30th June, 1930.

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING and MINING COMPANY, Limited.
SIX per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURES (KAILAN BONDS).
Notice is hereby given that COUPON No. 36 for the half-year's Interest due on the 1st July, 1930, will be PAID, less Income Tax, on and after that date at the following places:—

In LONDON:
The Registered Office of the Company, 3, London Wall-buildings, E.C.2.

In BRUSSELS:
La Succursale de la Société Générale de Belgique (Ancienne Banque d'Outremer), 48, rue de Namur, Brussels.

In SHANGHAI:
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation:
The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China:
And others.

The coupons must be left four clear days for examination.

By Order of the Board,
ALFRED W. BERRY, Secretary.
3, London Wall-buildings, London, E.C.2. 13th June, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

RIO DE JANEIRO LAND, MORTGAGE and INVESTMENT AGENCY COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday, the 8th day of July, 1930, to Tuesday, the 22nd day of July, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of the Annual Return of Shareholders.

By Order of the Board,
C. N. PHARAOH, Secretary.
Capel House, 54, New Broad-street, London, E.C.2, 30th day of June, 1930.

THE TRUSTEES CORPORATION, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the REGISTER of TRANSFERS of ORDINARY STOCK and the REGISTER of ORDINARY STOCKHOLDERS will be CLOSED from Wednesday, 2nd July, to Wednesday, 16th July, 1930, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
GILBERT TAYLOR, Secretary.
Winchester House, London, E.C.2, 30th June, 1930.

THE UNITED STEEL COMPANIES, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 16th July, 1930, inclusive.

A. J. L. MONCUR, Registrar.
17, Westbourne-road, Sheffield, 28th June, 1930.

TOTTENHAM & DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company, so far as they relate to Preference and Ordinary Stocks, will be CLOSED from Tuesday, 8th July, 1930, to Monday, 21st July, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
EDWARD J. K. PURSELL, Secretary.
Chief Offices of the Company, 639, High-road, Tottenham, N.17, 25th June, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS (continued)

UNITED STRIP and BAR MILLS, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 10th July, 1930, inclusive.

J. L. MONCUR, Registrar.
17, Westbourne-road, Sheffield, 28th June, 1930.

MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

CLEVELAND AND DURHAM ELECTRIC POWER, Limited.
REDEMPTION of £2,600 5 per Cent. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURES.
Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Company to redeem the whole £2,600 5 per cent. First Mortgage Debentures of the Company on the 1st January, 1931, by payment on that date of £100 in cash in respect of every £100 of such Stock.

The payment will be made at the Registered Office of the Company against the surrender of the Stock Certificates for cancellation. Due notice will be given to the Debenture Holders when the Debentures should be lodged.

Dated this 27th June, 1930.

By Order of the Board,
M. SHORT, Joint Secretary.

Carlton House, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, Limited.
REDEMPTION of £250,000 6 per Cent. SECOND MORTGAGE DEBENTURE STOCK.
Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Company to redeem the whole £250,000 5 per cent. Second Mortgage Debenture Stock of the Company on the 1st January, 1931, by payment on that date of £103 10s. 0d. in cash in respect of every £100 of such Stock.

The payment will be made at the Registered Office of the Company against the surrender of the Stock Certificates for cancellation. Due notice will be given to the Stock Holders when the Certificates should be lodged.

Dated this 27th June, 1930.

By Order of the Board,
M. SHORT, Joint Secretary.

Carlton House, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

PRIMITIVA GAS COMPANY of BUENOS AIRES, LIMITED.
To the holders of the 4 per Cent. First Debentures of the above-named Company secured by Trust Deed dated the 31st day of May, 1901, and Deeds supplemental thereto.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of Primitiva Gas Company of Buenos Aires, Limited, to redeem the whole of the Company's outstanding 4 per Cent. First Debentures at par on the 30th day of December, 1930, from which date interest will cease to be payable thereon.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1930.

By order of the Board,
ROBERT GRANT, Secretary.

Offices of the Company, Dashwood House, 69, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2.

TEES POWER STATION COMPANY, Limited.
REDEMPTION of £397,900 5 per Cent. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURE STOCK.
Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the Company to redeem the whole £397,900 5 per cent. First Mortgage Debentures of the Company on the 1st January, 1931, by payment on that date of £103 in cash in respect of every £100 Debenture.

The payment will be made at the Registered Office of the Company against the surrender of the Debentures for cancellation. Due notice will be given to the Debenture Holders when the Debentures should be lodged.

Dated this 27th June, 1930.

By Order of the Board,
M. SHORT, Joint Secretary.

Carlton House, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

PUBLIC NOTICES

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

THE REGISTER of PATENT AGENTS RULES, 1920 and 1926.
THE CHARTERED INSTITUTE of PATENT AGENTS, at the INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION held April 28th to May 1st, 1930, under the Institute of Patent Agents, in accordance with the above-named Rules and the Regulations made thereunder by the Chartered Institute and approved by the Board of Trade, of persons desirous of obtaining certificates entitling them to be registered as Patent Agents, the following were SUCCESSFUL:—

Carpmael, Maurice Herbert.
Coumbe, Thomas Maurice
Dominy, Allan
Duff, William Angus
Fairbrother, Clive
Goudge, Albert Ernest
Hales, Thomas Leslie
Irwin, Richard George
Martin, Derick Rolfe
Rantzen, Maurice Joel
Sheldon, Le-lie Alwyn
Satchell, Charles Chambers

H. THOMPSON, Registrar.

The Chartered Institute of Patent Agents, Staple Inn Buildings, London, W.C.1, 27th June, 1930.

NURSING HOMES

A PHYSICIAN RECEIVES PATIENTS in his delightfully situated house, facing South, sea, sunsh

SMALL BERKSHIRE SEAT FOR £5,000.

LAKE OF 12 ACRES.
40 MINUTES LONDON. SOUTH BERKS HUNT. GOLF.

HISTORICAL ASSOCIATIONS GO WITH THIS WELL-APPOINTED FAMILY RESIDENCE.
Long carriage drive with two lodges; hall, oak-panelled lounge, four reception rooms, billiard room, 12 beautiful bed and dressing rooms and 3 fine bath rooms.
Stabling. Garages. Lodges and Cottages. Main water and lighting. Central heating.

BEAUTIFUL OLD LAWNS AND GARDENS.
LONG LEASE AT LOW GROUND-RENT.
Apply
NICHOLAS, 1, STATION-ROAD, READING.

SCOTLAND.
DELGATY CASTLE, ABERDEENSHIRE

FOR SALE.

The Ancient and Historic CASTLE of DELGATY (2½ miles from Turriff), with extensive and well-laid-out policies, woodlands, lake, garden, home farm and three lodges.

THE CASTLE is a very comfortable residence, is lit by gas supplied by the Turriff Gas Company, and there is an abundant supply of excellent water.

A telephone service is installed in the Castle.

The HOME FARM extends to 170 ACRES or thereby of good arable land mostly laid out in grass. There are several lots of thriving young plantations and in addition some matured timber. Assumed rental of the subjects of Sale, £407 4s. There is no feu-duty.

For further particulars and permission to inspect the property apply to Messrs. HUNTER and GORDON, Advocates, 222, Union-street, Aberdeen, Scotland.

JOHN GERMAN & SON,

LAND AGENTS, CHARTERED SURVEYORS, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
190, STATION-STREET, BURTON-ON-TRENT. Tele. 482.
ALSO AT IRONGATE, DERBY (Tele. 2020), AND ASHBY-DE-LA-ZOUCH (Tele. 8).

IMPORTANT FREEHOLD PROPERTIES
IN THE HEART OF THE SHOPPING AND BUSINESS CENTRE OF
BURTON-ON-TRENT.
The Commodious Commercial Hotel Premises known as
THE WHITE HART HOTEL
(TO BE DE-LICENSED),
HIGH-STREET, BURTON-ON-TRENT,
INCLUDING THE WELL-KNOWN
VICTORIA HALL
and a range of seven lock-up GARAGES, WAREHOUSES, and the site of the EXTENSIVE GARAGE belonging to Messrs. H. C. Bending and Co. adjoining in the REAR, WITH SEPARATE APPROACHES FROM HIGH-STREET, BANK-SQUARE, AND STATION-STREET.
Also the
WINE AND SPIRIT BUSINESS PREMISES,
No. 13, HIGH-STREET,
adjoining with Offices and Rooms over, and the large and substantial
STORE ROOM BUILDINGS
at the rear, formerly used as a Brewery, at present let to Messrs. Cox and Mabs, Ltd. The above Premises occupy a Commanding Site in the principal part of Burton-on-Trent with a FRONTAGE OF 74 FEET TO HIGH-STREET, and contain a total area of 4,380 SQUARE YARDS or thereabouts.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD LICENSED AND SHOP PREMISES
IN HIGH-STREET, BURTON-ON-TRENT,
comprising
THE FULLY LICENSED PREMISES KNOWN AS
THE ALBION VAULTS,
with good accommodation, a large yard at the rear and covered carriageway entrance from High-street, together with
TWO LOCK-UP SHOPS
adjoining, being Nos. 20 and 21, High-street, occupied by Messrs. Craddock Bros. and the Singer Sewing Machine Co., Ltd. On the First Floor, approached by two staircases from High-street, are
SUITES OF OFFICES AND A FLAT,
the whole occupying an exceptionally attractive site, in the principal thoroughfare of Burton-on-Trent, containing an
AREA OF 1,371 SQUARE YARDS or thereabouts, and having a FRONTAGE OF 70 FEET TO HIGH-STREET.

This Property is at present let under two leases expiring on the 5th day of April, 1932, and on the 5th day of April, 1935, and will be sold subject to the rights of the Lessees thereunder.
The Premises will be offered for Sale by Messrs. JOHN GERMAN and SON, F.S.I., at the White Hart Hotel, on Tuesday, July 22nd, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon.
Further particulars and Orders to View may be obtained from the Auctioneers, as above, and from Messrs. TALBOT, STEIN, EVERSHED and ARGYLE, Solicitors, 53, High-street, Burton-on-Trent (Tele. 710).

A SPECIAL PAGE
OF PROPERTIES FOR DISPOSAL IN
WARWICKSHIRE, NORTHAMPTONSHIRE AND LEICESTERSHIRE
WILL APPEAR IN "THE TIMES"
ON SATURDAY NEXT, JULY 5.
Further particulars and rates may be obtained from
THE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENT DEPARTMENT
The Times
PRINTING HOUSE-SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.4.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(Continued from Page 24)

KING & CHASEMORE,
Chartered Surveyors,
HORSHAM.

HORSHAM, situate in a quiet and favourite residential road. For SALE or to be let, a well-built MODERN RESIDENCE; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, garage. Just in the market. £1,450.

HORSHAM, SUSSEX (near).—For SALE, a picturesque old-world RESIDENCE with exposed oak timbers; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms; good outbuildings; together with 25 ACRES of ground; pasture land. £4,750.

WEST SUSSEX.—HORSHAM 3½ miles.—Gentleman's small RESIDENTIAL ESTATE, with well-planned modern residence; eight bed rooms, bath room, four reception rooms, stabling, garage, and many outbuildings. Exceptionally good cottage, in all 22 ACRES; only moderate rental value, £4,000.

SURREY-SUSSEX Borders, outskirts of a delightful old-world Village and commanding beautiful views to the Downs, a picturesque old-fashioned RESIDENCE; 3 bed rooms, three reception rooms; garage; main water; 2½ ACRES pasture; Co.'s water.

SURREY HILLS, occupying one of the finest positions in these 500 feet above sea level, within easy motoring distance of Town. For Sale at the extremely low price of £3,500, an attractive MODERN COUNTRY HOUSE; 12 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, five reception rooms, stabling, garage, and grounds; six ACRES.

A.D. 1742. AN ARTISTE'S HOME.—Old Red Brick and THATCHED COTTAGE RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, two sitting rooms, old-world garden, yew hedges. £800. F. ALLEN and SON, Andover.

BEAUTIFUL BUCKS, 600ft. up.—Nice, well-built detached HOUSE; five rooms, bath, garden; main water; 2½ miles Gt. Missenden. £800 FREEHOLD.—Owner, High Beech, Gt. Missenden.

BEAUTIFUL OLD XVIth CENTURY MANOR HOUSE, between Leith and Leatherhead, in unspoilt country with uninterrupted views of the South Downs. The House is in perfect order, and contains hall, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room. Electric light. Central heating. Modern drainage; garage for two cars, large oak barn, and other useful buildings.
Grounds of nearly 4 Acres, with old-fashioned garden, rose garden, orchard, and paddock.
For SALE at a reasonable price.
TRESIDDER and Co., 27, Albemarle-street, W.1.

BEAUTIFUL OLD HOUSE near Dorking; three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; garage; Oak and a quarter Acre; central heating; magnificent oak beams; half timber; inglenook fireplaces. £2,900. Open to Offer.
THAKE and PAGINTON, Land Agents, Haywards.

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS,
RICHES & GRAY, 21, SEA-ROAD. Tels., 94.

SUNNINGDALE.
One mile from golf course and station.
CHARMING OLD COTTAGE RESIDENCE with three reception and five bed rooms, bath room; electric light; main drainage; company's water and gas; telephone; garage; charming garden; just under ONE ACRE; £2,850 FREEHOLD; inspected and highly recommended by ALEXANDER STEVENS and GOULD, 57, Cheapside, E.C.2. (Gerrard 9381.)

CHELTENHAM.—Convenient for Colleges, Promenade, &c.—Detached, well-fitted RESIDENCE; four to eight bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light; main drainage; garage; garden. BARGAIN PRICE, £1,850. FORRESTER, Agents, SAVILAC, Promenade, Cheltenham.

DEVON.—Seaside (with SALE).—Modern BUNGALOW; splendid sea views; three bed rooms, two bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms; main water, electric light and power; garage; 2 acres; all well-timbered. Price £2,500.—Particulars from Box 2,000, The Times, E.C.4.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

SUSSEX.
HAYWARDS HEATH DISTRICT.
MESSRS. JARVIS & CO.
offer the following:—

ADJOINING FAVOURITE COMMON on private road.—Delightful compact PROPERTY of 21 ACRES; six bed, two bath, two double reception rooms. 4,100 guineas.

HIGH GROUND, WITH WONDERFUL VIEWS.—Picturesque labour-saving RESIDENCE; five bed, bath, three reception rooms; charming grounds of TWO ACRES. £3,500. ALSO ANOTHER, with six bed, two bath, three reception rooms, and THREE ACRES, at £3,500.

FINE POSITION, WITH VIEWS to SOUTH DOWNS.—Old-fashioned HOUSE; seven bed, two bath, three lofty reception rooms; superior cottage and THREE ACRES. £4,650.

RURAL POSITION on PRIVATE ROAD, WITH GLORIOUS VIEWS.—Very picturesque HOUSE, modern ideal surroundings; five bed, bath, two reception rooms; well-timbered grounds, pasture and woodland, of nearly 40 ACRES. £3,500. More or less land as required.

All the foregoing have gas, electric light, and company's water.—Particulars of the Agents, JARVIS and Co., The Broadway, Haywards Heath. 'Phone 123.

EASTBOURNE.
HOUSES for SALE and to be LET.
Apply OAKDENE, 24, Cornfield-road.
Established 1879. 'Phone 1294.

ESSEX, near BRENTWOOD.—Attractive MODERN RESIDENCE; nine bed and dressing rooms, three reception rooms, two bath rooms; central heating and hot water service throughout; garage and cottage; beautiful garden with boating lake and waterfall; 6½ ACRES. PRICE FREEHOLD, £7,000.—Sole Agents, ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Chartered Surveyors, 62, Brook-street, W.1.

FLEET, HANTS.—Charming situation and views, actively adjoining the Wyndham Hall Estate, attractive brick and tiled RESIDENCE with timber in old-fashioned style; seven bed, three sitting rooms; country with uninterrupted views of the South Downs. The House is in perfect order, and contains hall, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room; electric light; central heating; telephone; modern drainage; garage for two cars, large oak barn, and other useful buildings.
Grounds of nearly 4 Acres, with old-fashioned garden, rose garden, orchard, and paddock.
For SALE at a reasonable price.
TRESIDDER and Co., 27, Albemarle-street, W.1.

SALISBURY.
FINE OLD RESIDENCE in beautiful grounds with running water; carriage drive; hall, three reception rooms, billiard room, eight bed rooms, three bath rooms; modern water; electric light; central heating; THREE ACRES of lovely gardens. FREEHOLD.—NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

FOR SALE, well-built LABOUR-SAVING HOUSE on private seaside resort; every modern convenience, gas, electric light, main water and drainage; two reception, eight bed rooms, usual offices.—All particulars from New City Estate Office, near Bognor.

£1,000 FREEHOLD.
GARDEN OF KENT.
Fascinating Old-world RESIDENCE, two miles from well-known Golf Course, 22 miles from Town.
Three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room. Main gas. Independent hot water system. Garage, stable, and boxed greenhouse.
PRETTY GARDEN OF ¼-ACRE.
Recommended by
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

GUILDFORD DISTRICT.
BEAUTIFULLY FITTED LABOUR-SAVING RESIDENCE,
on high ground, facing south, commanding open views, but minutes from station and 35 minutes from Town. FREEHOLD; three reception, bath, four bed rooms, bath room, excellent offices. Central heating. Electric Light and Power.
Further details from Sole Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.
£1,850 WITH ¼-ACRE OF GARDEN.
Further features available.
Strongly recommended by
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

GLOS. (in the Lodbury Hunt).—To be LET, Unfurnished, a charming half-timbered RESIDENCE (Queen Anne), in pretty country about four miles from Ledbury and nine from Malvern; lounge hall, four reception, 10 bed and dressing, two sitting, bath; electric light, telephone, good gravitation water supply; stable, garage, charming grounds and orchard; cottage; south-west aspect, sandy soil. Rent £140. Pasture available if desired.—Full particulars of BRUTON, KNOWLES and Co., Estate Agents, Gloucester. (B.12.)

HENLEY and MARLOW (between).—For SALE by AUCTION (unless previously sold), Hambledon, Bucks. £4,000. A comfortable RIVERSIDE HOUSE above flood level; with 4 bed, 2 sitting rooms, billiard room, and large cat-proofed lounge, 2 dozen feet running at three bath rooms; lovely garden of about ONE ACRE. SIX ACRES, with good tennis court; boat house garage; two cottages; electric light; central heating. SIX COTTAGES.—Apply Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, Reading.

TO SPORTSMEN.
IN the most beautiful part of SURREY, within view of Crowborough and Ashdown Forest, between Uckfield and Hartfield.—To be SOLD, an attractive HOUSE in particularly lovely gardens, two being over ONE ACRE. House contains six bed rooms, bath, three reception; company's water and electric light; central heating; lovely shady lawns with fine old trees; garage, coachman's stabling, garage, and gardener's cottage. ALSO an ADJOINING FARM of over 100 ACRES, with Farmhouse, buildings, and cottages. Land is mostly of grass and bounded by trout river. In addition there is 50 of woodland holding a rare head of game, plenty of pheasants, and on the lower ground snipe and duck shooting. Keeper's cottage.
Particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

By Order of Executors.
IN the pick of first-class hunting country, within a drive of Banbury, 450ft. above sea.—To be SOLD, a Gentleman's HOUSE, standing in its own grounds with a home farm. House contains 14 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, four reception; model heating installation; groom's cottage, aviary, and several outbuildings; cow and loose buildings; over 100 acres grass in capital condition; excellent water supply piped to nearly every field; about 225 ACRES in all.
Full particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

JEDBURGH, rich in historic interest. In a grand picked position above this fine old Border Burgh. A remarkably well-built conveniently arranged FREE-STONE MANSION HOUSE; seven or eight bed and dressing rooms, bath, and four lofty reception rooms, ground-floor offices; attractive pleasure gardens. Price only £2,500, less than half cost of structure; good salmon and trout fishing, shooting, golf and other sporting facilities near.—WM. WHITELEY, Ltd., Estate Office, Queen's-road, Bayswater, W.2.

LALEHAM-on-THAMES, charmingly unspoiled village 20 miles Town.—RIVERSIDE RESIDENCE with 12 bed, three bath, three fine reception, offices; outbuildings; garage; lovely garden; suitable private occupation or ideal for nursing home or club. FREEHOLD £5,500. Might LET at £250 per annum.—DUDLEY W. HARRIS and Co., Staines. 'Phone 168.

SOUTH DEVON.
NEAR GOLF and SEA, and within a mile or two of famous trout fishing, and four miles of yachting estuary.—£6,250 will purchase a choice ELIZABETHAN MANOR HOUSE with lovely grounds; 11 bed rooms, two baths, three reception rooms; stabling, garage, lodge, and two cottages, six bed rooms, lounge, two reception rooms, kitchen, domestic offices; garage, stables; electric light; modern sanitation; tennis court; garden; close to Protestant and Catholic Churches; quiet and open position. £2,750. Other similar properties.—Particulars, LAYLAND, Estate Agent, Billericay.

GLOUCESTER. On the COTSWOLDS.
TO be LET unfurnished, beautifully-situated stone-built GEORGIAN RESIDENCE about 400ft. up, commanding lovely views of Painswick Valley; hall, four reception, lovely library, eight bed, three bath rooms; offices: stabling; garage; about four Acres; gas; gravitation water supply. Rent £100; cottages and land, if desired.
Full particulars of BRUTON, KNOWLES and Co., Estate Agents, Gloucester. (B.12.)

TORQUAY.—Charming and unique BUNGALOW RESIDENCE, secluded position, Old-World grounds. Near station and town. Convenient for sea and beaches. Spacious reception rooms (24ft. by 24ft.), four bed rooms, bath room; electric and gas; all in perfect order (owner removing to London). FREEHOLD £4,000.—Full particulars from TERLE and Co., Ltd., Estate Agents, 145, Union-street, Torquay.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS.
Beautiful situation in best and highest part.
MODERN RESIDENCE,
in perfect order, embodying all modern conveniences; hall, four handsome reception, 10 bed rooms, three bath rooms.
Electric light. Central heating. Constant hot Water.
Excellent cottage. Two good garages. Stabling. Delightful grounds, with fine old trees, full-size tennis lawn.
TWO ACRES.
FREEHOLD £5,750 OR OFFER.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

IN GOOD RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.
VERY ATTRACTIVE SMALL COUNTRY PROPERTY; long, low, Flint and Brick RESIDENCE, in charming setting; six bed rooms, bath, three reception rooms, hall; tennis lawn; OLD THATCHED BARN, walled garden; 2 acres, about. £4,250. PRICE £2,500.—Apply F. ALLEN and SON, Andover.

WHY NOT BUILD
a House to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice? Our complete and exclusive building service operates in all districts.—Write for brochure "A," with plans and prize-winning designs.
Universal Housing Co., Ltd., Rickmansworth.
PRICE ONLY £4,000.

WILTS.—Genuine OLD JACOBEAN MANOR; four reception and billiard rooms, three bath rooms, 14 bed rooms; co.'s water, gas; telephone; independent hot water; electricity available; garage with six rooms over, boathouse, two cottages.
LOVELY GROUNDS BOUNDED by the AVON.
TRESIDDER and Co., 27, Albemarle-street, W.1.

£2,500.—FOR SALE, FREEHOLD PROPERTY
of THREE ACRES, in Garden one acre, with good tennis court.—A convenient house, 28 years old, with nice hall, three reception, five bed, two dressing rooms, bath, &c., good offices, and workshop; garage for two cars; large garden shed and small greenhouse; gas, company's water, and main drainage; ten minutes' walk from Winchester-Southampton bus route. Possession after three months. No agents. No offers.—Apply to Owner, C. F. Howell, Wastles, Chandlers Ford. T.N. 40.

£1,450.—RURAL HERTS.
CHARMING PRE-WAR RESIDENCE,
half-mile from Golf, one mile Station, 30min. King's Cross, enjoying pretty views and a South aspect.
Two reception, four bed rooms, bath room, offices; electric light, company's gas and water, telephone, main drainage; garage.
PLEASANT GARDEN, with tennis lawn, &c., of ABOUT ¼-ACRE.
Sole Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BASINGSTOKE, HANTS. amidst delightful rural country.—COTTAGE to be LET, well FURNISHED; for July and August; rental 7½gns. per week; six bed rooms, two receptions, kitchen, &c.; two w.c.'s; main water, charming grounds; bathing pool; garage.—Photos can be seen at JAS. SHOOLBRED and Co., Ltd., Estate Dept., Tottenham Court-road, W.1. Museum 4000.

BEXHILL & COODEN BEACH.
Furnished and Unfurnished Houses.
STAINES and Co., 28, Devonshire-road. 'Phone 349.

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS
GORDON GRAY & WEBBER, 3, Sea-road, Tele. 410.

BRIDPORT.—FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET, August; five bed rooms, three reception rooms; garage; garden; sea.—Wallis, Westland, Bridport.

DEVONSHIRE.—To be LET FURNISHED, a charming COUNTRY BUNGALOW; ideal situation, near the Moors.—Particulars apply Mill End Hotel, Chagford.

EASTBOURNE.—All FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED HOUSES and FLATS. 'Phone 1294. OAKDENE, 24, Cornfield-road. (Estab. 1879.)

EXMOUTH, best part of.—HOUSE to be LET for summer months; three sitting, six bed; electric light, telephone, bath; sandy garden; tennis ground; 2 minutes' motoring picnic and moors.—Write Box H.676, The Times, E.C.4.

FOLKESTONE, SANDGATE, HYTHE and DYMCHURCH.—For FURNISHED HOUSES apply SHEEN WOODS, Agents, at any of the above. Head Office, Folkestone.

FURNISHED for September, £100; charming PERIOD RESIDENCE with wealth of old oak; ancient deer acres, lake, two lodges, three reception, glorious views; six beds, two baths, three reception, kitchen, garage; rent includes three gardeners and two indoor maids; never before let; train two stations two miles. Lease, 99.—Apply NEVE and SON, Land Agents, Tenbridge, Kent.

HAYWARDS HEATH.—On private road, with delightful views to South Downs. To be LET FURNISHED for August, September. Charming RESIDENCE in quiet situation; hard court, large lounge hall, dining and drawing rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, &c.; good grounds of about 2 acres, with sun parlour, &c. Rent £300 for the two months. Photos and full details from Agents: JARVIS and Co., Haywards Heath. 'Phone 123.

OLD-WORLD COTTAGE; furniture in keeping; linen and oak beams and floors, 24 oak doors, genuine old clocks, &c.; garden and meadow, 2½ acres; Main; lovely position, 1½ miles station; 1½ miles Coventry. 19 Birmingham.—Apply SWINGLER and THOMAS, 45, Newhall-street, Birmingham.

SECLUDED SPOT on RIVER DART (COLEY-mead BUNGALOW; well FURNISHED; 3 bed rooms, comfortable; four bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; to be LET, June, July, August; low rent.—For terms and full particulars apply Manager, The New City, near Bognor.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

WANTED to PURCHASE, on the South Coast, BETWEEN WORTHING and LITTLEHAMPTON, NEAR SEA and GOLF LINKS ESSENTIAL, RESIDENCE with about 10 bed rooms; garage and rooms; cottages, and about 10 ACRES; in good order and with modern conveniences.—Particulars to C. V. B., care of Estate Department, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED to RENT UNFURNISHED in NEIGHBOURHOOD of WITLEY or EASY REACH of GUILDFORD, attractive old-fashioned HOUSE, with seven-eight bed rooms.—Particulars to W., care of Estate Department, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE in the Gerrards Cross or Beaconsfield Districts, Modern GEORGIAN STYLE HOUSE, with seven-eight bed rooms; garage; and about one Acre. Price about £4,000.—Full details to M. P., care of MAPLE and Co., Estate Department, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE in Surrey or Sussex, medium-size RESIDENCE, with land up to 20 Acres.—Full details to J. E. A., care of MAPLE and Co., Estate Department, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

COLONIAL GENTLEMAN just returned to England is desirous to PURCHASE immediately a COUNTRY RESIDENCE for a permanent home; it must essentially be a property possessing character, have thoroughly-established grounds and moderately high position; districts primarily favoured are Oxon, Berks, Glos., Hants, Wilts, West Sussex; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, and modern appointments such as electric light, good garage accommodation and sufficient land to provide complete protection from builder; £5-7,000 offered for a property of merit. Photograph wanted before inspection.—Write Box K.1,092, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY, SMALL HOUSE or FLAT about four bed rooms, two reception; quiet position; £350 per annum.—Write Miss "H.," care of WHITEMAN, 54, Brompton-road, S.W. Sloane 0138.

NEWBURY DISTRICT.
REQUIRED to PURCHASE at once, First-class ESTATE of 50 to 100 ACRES, having thoroughly up-to-date RESIDENCE, on high ground, extensive views and parklike surroundings; 12-15 bed rooms, three or four bath rooms, &c. A good price will be paid for a really attractive property of character and distinction.—Owners contemplating selling are requested to write in first instance to BENTALL HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

URGENTLY WANTED to RENT, UNFURNISHED, on the Downs, between Eastbourne and Brighton, attractive HOUSE with six bed, two bath, three reception; garage and rooms; central heating and good garden.—Particulars to Mrs. P., care of Estate Dept., MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

NO COMMISSION REQUIRED.
WANTED to PURCHASE within three miles of BOX-MOOR, BERKHAMSTED, or TRING STATION, a PERIOD or attractive MODERN HOUSE with eight bed rooms, three reception rooms (large rooms essential); modern conveniences; good garden and easily secluded grounds. PRICE UP TO £4,000.—Properties inspected by purchaser's Agents, Messrs. GIFFARD, ROBERTSON and LUCEY, 106, Mount-street, London, W.1. Telephone, Gros. 1671.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
will be found on Page Four.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PROPERTIES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

KENYA COLONY.
Only two miles from the rising Township of Eldoret, with its banks, golf clubs, hotels and shops.
FOR SALE, 2,000 ACRES.
Held from the Government at £12 per annum. The town offers a good market for all kinds of produce and on this land about 70 per cent. could be put under the plough for maize, wheat and other cereals.
Another part of the Estate is most suitable for Coffee or Fruit-growing.
PRICE ONLY £3 PER ACRE.
One-fifth of the price down and the balance *on mortgage for three or five years if desired.*
Further details of Owner's Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 26, St. James's-square, S.W.1.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

EALING, Central, main road.—For SALE, BUILDING SITE, cinema or theatre; 50,000 Freehold.—Write Box J.950, The Times, E.C.4.

HACKNEY MARSH-STREET.—LEASE for SALE of BUILDING SITE in this favourable position for district; area about 1½ ACRE, with access to three roads; rental moderate; term about 60 years; extremely low ground-rent; easy conditions.—Inquiries treated confidentially.—Apply, Box 2,001, The Times, E.C.4.

LAND SPECULATORS and OTHERS.—2,000 Feet Frontage excellent land; good position in Southern Railway commuter district. Long term for quick sale.—Write Box F.1,079, The Times, E.C.4.

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
26, KING-STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C.2.

Part by Order of the Public Trustee, Executors, and private owners.
TWO DAYS' SALE of
MODERN JEWELLERY,
SILVER PLATE, PLATED GOODS, WATCHES.
The residue of the stock of a Jeweller deceased (including examples of fine old Irish Silver), and other valuables, which will be SOLD by AUCTION by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, KING-STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C.2.
TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), and on THURSDAY NEXT, at 12. Catalogues post free.
NOTE.—Similar property can be included in forthcoming Sales.

FURS, LACE,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wardrobes, uniforms, silks, woollens, furniture, guns, bicycles, and miscellaneous effects SOLD by AUCTION FOUR DAYS EACH WEEK by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, at 12. Catalogues post free.
Similar property from private owners can be included in forthcoming Sales.

Sale by direction of Executors, Solicitors, and private vendors.
TWO DAYS' SALE OF
DIAMOND AND OTHER ORNAMENTS,
comprising rivieres, diamond necklaces, earrings and rings, diamond and platinum wrist watches.
SILVER PLATE,
Plated Ware, Watches, &c., which will be SOLD by AUCTION by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, on TUESDAY, 8th, and THURSDAY, 10th JULY, at 12.
Similar property can be included in forthcoming Sales.

AND FOLLOWING DAY.
By Order of the Court, Liquidators and Another v. The Company and Others.
ON THE PREMISES, WITHOUT RESERVE.
207, WESTMINSTER BRIDGE-ROAD, LAMBETH, S.E.1.
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
are instructed by the Receiver and Manager for Debenture Holders to SELL by AUCTION on the premises, as above, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 1st and 2nd July, at Twelve daily, the Modern
STOCK OF FURNITURE
and Household Effects on the Ground and First Floors of the Westminster Furniture Factories, Ltd., comprising DRAWING and DINING ROOM SUITES, TWO PIANOFORTES, TWO FINE BED-ROOM SUITES, Bedsteads and Bedding, Pictures, Fire Screens, Carpets, and General Effects; also OFFICE FURNITURE and EQUIPMENT and THREE IRON SAFES.
On view. Catalogues (gratis) from the Solicitors, Messrs. Stanley Attenborough and Co., 4, Clarges-street, W.1.; the Receiver and Manager, E. Tiller, Esq., F.C.A. (Messrs. Singleton, Fabian and Co.), 8, Staple Inn, W.C.1; and the Auctioneers, 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2.

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, Ltd., will be happy to advise private purchasers as to values and to undertake commissions free of charge.
Telephone: Temple Bar 1181-2. Telegrams: "Viewing, London." Established 1813.

TELEPHONES: GERRARD 3716 AND 3717. ESTABLISHED 1794.

PUTTICK & SIMPSON
WILL HOLD THE FOLLOWING SALES BY AUCTION, AT THEIR REYNOLDS GALLERIES, 47, LEICESTER-SQUARE, LONDON, W.C.2.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), and following day.
The property of the late DR. PERCY C. W. LAWS, of St. George's Hospital, S.W., &c.
POSTAGE STAMPS, comprising a fine selection of British, Foreign, and Colonial.
(The Sale will begin at 2 p.m. precisely each day.)

THURSDAY, JULY 3rd.
BOOKS and MANUSCRIPTS, comprising Westmacott's English Spy, two vols., 1825-26; Apperley's Life of a Sportsman, 1842; Bulwer's Ring and the Book, four vols., 1868-69, a fine copy; Malone Society Reprints, 31 vols., 1907-28; Sowerby's English Botany, 12 vols., 1847; Gems of Costume and other coloured plate books; Works on Architecture, Geography, History, Sport, Travel, &c.; First Editions by esteemed authors; Library sets; a few Autograph Letters, Documents, &c., including Napoleon I., Castlereagh, Wellington, Nelson, Sir B. Franklin, H. Venner, L. Fawkes, J. Galsworthy, and others; Theatrical Portraits and Relics, &c., &c.

FRIDAY, JULY 4th.
OLD ENGRAVINGS, comprising Sporting Scenes, including Foxhunting in Hertfordshire, by and after D. Wolstenholme, a set of four; The Road Side, by C. Rosenberg after J. Pollard; Foxhunting, by Percy after H. Aiken, a set of four; Goodwood, by J. Clark after J. Gilbert, and others, aquatints in colours; The Action between the Shannon and Chesapeake, a set of four, Lithographs, and other prints of American and Canadian interest; British Naval Victors, by V. Green, after L. F. Abbot; magnotint Naval and Marine Scenes, gaudy aquatints in colours; Swiss and other Views; Indian Drawings on paper; Ramblers and French Fancy subjects of the XVIIIth Century; Caricatures, Old Master Etchings and Drawings, &c.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

SANDBANKS.
"SANDHILLS," SANDBANKS, BOURNEMOUTH.—Well FURNISHED HOUSE; eight bed rooms, two sitting rooms, two bath rooms, single; garage; 15gns. per week. Vacant now.—Apply GWYN DAVIES and Co., 6, Old Jewry, E.C.2.

SMALL COUNTRY HOUSE to be LET, detached, nicely FURNISHED; well-stocked garden; two reception, three bed rooms, bath room, and kitchen; every convenience; electric light; 13 miles Marble Arch and eight minutes motor-bus and coach, frequent service.—Write Box S.875, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET, from July, small SPORTING ESTATE, WEST COAST OF SCOTLAND. Stalking, fishing, sea fishing, bathing; furnished comfortable house; eight bed rooms, bath room; electric light; well-stocked garden; glorious scenery.—Apply Mackinnon, Linen Bank-buildings, Oban.

TO be LET FURNISHED, 13th CENTURY HOUSE, BUCKS, 40 minutes London, 400 feet above sea level; seven beds, four reception, two baths, panelled rooms; electric light, power; central heating; labour-saving; partial furniture; garage two to seven cars; 2½ acres garden with stream; 9½ acres; 20 to 55 guineas according to period, including gardener and producer.—Write Box N.1410, The Times, E.C.4.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

WANTED to PURCHASE, on the South Coast, BETWEEN WORTHING and LITTLEHAMPTON, NEAR SEA and GOLF LINKS ESSENTIAL, RESIDENCE with about 10 bed rooms; garage and rooms; cottages, and about 10 ACRES; in good order and with modern conveniences.—Particulars to C. V. B., care of Estate Department, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED to RENT UNFURNISHED in NEIGHBOURHOOD of WITLEY or EASY REACH of GUILDFORD, attractive old-fashioned HOUSE, with seven-eight bed rooms.—Particulars to W., care of Estate Department, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE in the Gerrards Cross or Beaconsfield Districts, Modern GEORGIAN STYLE HOUSE, with seven-eight bed rooms; garage; and about one Acre. Price about £4,000.—Full details to M. P., care of MAPLE and Co., Estate Department, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE, in Surrey or Sussex, medium-size RESIDENCE, with land up to 20 Acres.—Full details to J. E. A., care of MAPLE and Co., Estate Department, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

COLONIAL GENTLEMAN just returned to England is desirous to PURCHASE immediately a COUNTRY RESIDENCE for a permanent home; it must essentially be a property possessing character, have thoroughly-established grounds and moderately high position; districts primarily favoured are Oxon, Berks, Glos., Hants, Wilts, West Sussex; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, and modern appointments such as electric light, good garage accommodation and sufficient land to provide complete protection from builder; £5-7,000 offered for a property of merit. Photograph wanted before inspection.—Write Box K.1,092, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY, SMALL HOUSE or FLAT about four bed rooms, two reception; quiet position; £350 per annum.—Write Miss "H.," care of WHITEMAN, 54, Brompton-road, S.W. Sloane 0138.

NEWBURY DISTRICT.
REQUIRED to PURCHASE at once, First-class ESTATE of 50 to 100 ACRES, having thoroughly up-to-date RESIDENCE, on high ground, extensive views and parklike surroundings; 12-15 bed rooms, three or four bath rooms, &c. A good price will be paid for a really attractive property of character and distinction.—Owners contemplating selling are requested to write in first instance to BENTALL HORSLEY and BALDRY, 88, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

URGENTLY WANTED to RENT, UNFURNISHED, on the Downs, between Eastbourne and Brighton, attractive HOUSE with six bed, two bath, three reception; garage and rooms; central heating and good garden.—Particulars to Mrs. P., care of Estate Dept., MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

NO COMMISSION REQUIRED.
WANTED to PURCHASE within three miles of BOXMOOR, BERKHAMSTED, or TRING STATION, a PERIOD or attractive MODERN HOUSE with eight bed rooms, three reception rooms (large rooms essential); modern conveniences; good gardens and easily secluded grounds. PRICE UP TO £4,000.—Properties inspected by purchaser's Agents, Messrs. GIFFARD, ROBERTSON and LUCEY, 106, Mount-street, London, W.1. Telephone, Gros. 1671.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BASINGSTOKE, HANTS. amidst delightful rural country.—COTTAGE to be LET, well FURNISHED; for July and August; rental 7½gns. per week; six bed rooms, two receptions, kitchen, &c.; two w.c.'s; main water, charming grounds; bathing pool; garage.—Photos can be seen at JAS. SHOOLBRED and Co., Ltd., Estate Dept., Tottenham Court-road, W.1. Museum 4000.

Telephone: Regent 7200. Telegrams: "Selanets, Piccy, London."

HAMPTON & SONS,

20, ST. JAMES' SQUARE, S.W.1.

Branches: WIMBLEDON. 'Phone 0090. HAMPSTEAD. 'Phone 2727.

ORDER OF SALE.
TO-MORROW, 1st JULY,
AT THE ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1, at 2.30 p.m.

1.—BUCKS. "WITHERIDGE." KNOTTY GREEN, BEACONSFIELD.—Attractive Freehold Residential Property with two garages, three cottages, chauffeur's flat, two cart sheds, tool house, and delightful gardens, including hard and grass tennis courts, kitchen gardens, &c., in all about 7½ acres.

2.—MIDDX. "NEWLANDS GRANGE," BROCKLEY HILL, EDGWARE.—Old-Fashioned Country Residence with garages, stable, two cottages, and beautifully timbered gardens and dell, in all over 5¼ acres.

3.—HAMPSTEAD. "SYDNEY HOUSE," PILGRIM'S LANE.—Delightful Freehold Georgian Residence, standing high, with a private garden.

4.—SURREY. "HOMEWOOD," WEYBRIDGE.—A choice Freehold Residence, with excellent garage and well-timbered gardens.

HENDON.
About a mile from Railway Station.
Immediately opposite the Hendon Golf Course.
The Valuable FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL or BUILDING PROPERTY,
"HOLDERS HILL HOUSE,"
occupying a commanding position and enjoying a fine view.

The comfortable house contains hall, cloak room, four reception rooms, two staircases, 12 bed and dressing rooms, usual domestic offices. Company's electric light, gas and water. Main drainage.

GARAGE for two cars. Entrance lodge.
ALSO
A brick and timber erection with a large recreation room and four smaller rooms.

The charming gardens include wide gravelled terrace, tennis and other lawns, flower garden, kitchen garden, in all about
2¾ ACRES.
WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

To be SOLD by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 29th JULY (unless previously sold).
Solicitors: Messrs. George W. Bower and Sons, 59-60, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, P. H. EDWARDS, Ltd., 237, Golders Green-road, N.W.11, or HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BETWEEN
LEOMINSTER & LUDLOW
In a delightful residential and excellent sporting district, and amidst very pretty country, over which beautiful views are enjoyed.

TO BE SOLD, well-appointed RESIDENCE, in admirable order, and containing 11 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, hall (30ft. by 14ft.), three very good reception rooms, servants' hall, and capital offices.

Electric light. Splendid water. Central heating, &c.

Stabling. Garage. Farmery and two Cottages. Well-timbered and charming grounds, two tennis courts, prolific kitchen garden—the remainder park-like pasture (let at £4 per acre), in all
NEARLY 30 ACRES.
Owners' Agents,
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (W.24366.)

CORNWALL.
ON THE S.E. COAST IN A GRAND POSITION FACING THE SEA.

TO be SOLD, a most attractive, well-planned and charmingly appointed RESIDENCE, containing two large reception rooms, good offices, hall, room; five (or more) principal bed rooms, ample accommodation over garage for two cars, play or box room, &c.

Gravitation water. Electric lighting.

Tastefully laid-out grounds of 1½ ACRE. If desired the furniture (genuine old oak pieces), beds by Heals, china, &c., by Goodes, &c., can also be purchased.

Price and particulars from Owner's Agents, HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.41214.)

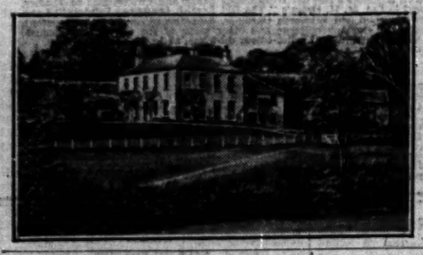
NEAR READING.
Amidst beautiful country 2½ miles from a station. Express train service to Town.

FOR SALE, delightful JACOBEAN RESIDENCE, in excellent repair and completely modernised. Very long drive approach, with two cottages at entrance. Hall, panelled lounge 27ft. by 17ft., dining room 27ft. 3in. by 17ft. 6in., study, servants' hall, 11 bed and dressing rooms.
THREE BATH ROOMS. CENTRAL HEATING. ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Garage (three cars). Stabling. Man's room. Lovely old grounds, spacious lawns, picturesque wild and hog gardens, walled kitchen garden, orchard and paddock, &c., in all about
11 ACRES.
Inspected and recommended by (B.26966.)
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

SOUTH DEVON.
250ft. above sea, seven miles from Market Town with Main G.W.R. express stop station and a short motor run of Torquay and other coast resorts.

TO BE SOLD WITH ABOUT 35 OR 88 ACRES.



A nice old stone-built HOUSE modernized and in admirable order, and containing 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms, good hall, and three reception rooms, &c.

Co.'s water, electric lighting, central heating, &c., installed.

Good carriage drive, beautiful old trees, tennis lawn, walled garden, coppices and rich grassland.

TWO OR MORE COTTAGES. GARAGE. STABLING, &c.

Strongly recommended from personal inspection by the Agents.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W. (C.25330.)

Facing South in a high position between
WINCHESTER AND BOTLEY.
Hunting, Fishing, and Golf in the district.

ATTRACTIVE LITTLE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, comprising modern country house with garage, stabling, small farmery, and about
20 ACRES.
Three reception rooms, six or seven bed rooms, bath room, offices, dairy, &c. Company's water. Gas available. Shady garden with tennis lawn, kitchen garden, and grassland.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (E.27750a.)

IN ONE OF THE BEST POSITIONS.
FOLKESTONE.
OVERLOOKING LARGE PRIVATE GARDENS.

A Beautifully appointed MODERN HOUSE for DISPOSAL; quite detached, and containing panelled lounge hall with parquet floor, three good reception, 12 bed rooms, three bath, very compact offices with servants' sitting room and large bright kitchen; there is also a
FULL-SIZED BILLIARD ROOM.

All mains, supplies are laid on, and the Residence is most complete and comfortable.

Garage for large car; tennis lawn reserved in private gardens.—Specially recommended from intimate knowledge.—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (K.39568.)

ESHER.
IN A REALLY LOVELY GARDEN OF AN ACRE.
FOR SALE,

This charming RESIDENCE, well planned and practically on two floors only.

It occupies a secluded position 10 minutes' walk from the Station.

Large square hall, panelled and with parquet floor, beautiful oak-panelled drawing room (25ft. by 20ft.), dining room with oak-beamed ceiling, billiard room, cosy morning room, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.

Electric light. Gas. Company's water.

The gardens are really beautiful with valuable shrubs and timber, shaped hollies, copper beech, Japanese larch, fine lawn for two tennis courts, cut yew hedges, rose garden, lily pond, rhododendron banks, &c.
VERY HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.43602)

NORTHWOOD.
Unequalled train service on the Met. and N.E. Rlys., 10 minutes' walk from station and Golf Links.

AN UNUSUALLY FINE MODERN RESIDENCE, in beautifully laid-out grounds.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD,
(or would be *Let Furnished*).

FINE OAK PANELLED HALL with oak floor and oak staircase, vestibule with cloak room. MAGNIFICENT OAK PANELLED MUSIC or BILLIARD ROOM 29ft. by 19ft. 6in. excessive of bays, drawing room, dining room and morning room, conservatory and tiled loggia, seven bed rooms, three well-appointed bath rooms, and complete offices, secondary staircase, &c.

Central heating. Electric light and power. Company's water and gas. Independent hot water boiler. Telephone and main drainage.

Grounds of over ONE ACRE, with tennis lawn, paved green, kitchen garden, and wide stone terrace, &c.

Garage for two cars with flat over.
JUST IN THE MARKET, AND SPECIALLY RECOMMENDED BY
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (M.34136.)

At greatly reduced price.
VIRGINIA WATER.
Amidst lovely scenery, under two miles from WENTWORTH GOLF CLUB.
Easy reach of Sunningdale and Ascot.

FOR SALE, beautifully appointed RESIDENCE. 250FT. UP. LOVELY VIEWS.
Carriage drive approach; hall, suite of fine reception rooms, including beautifully oak-panelled dining room, billiard room, well-fitted offices, servants' hall, 11 bed rooms
FIVE BATHS. TWO FLOORS ONLY.

Company's electric light, gas and water. Central heating. Constant hot water.

Garage for three. Chauffeur's flat with bath. Useful outbuildings, pair of modern cottages. GROUNDS OF GREAT BEAUTY and heavily timbered, lawns, flower and rose gardens, kitchen gardens, glasshouse, meadowland, &c., in all about
20 ACRES.
Inspected and highly recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.41760.)

SURREY AND SUSSEX BORDERS.
COUNTRY HOUSE FOR CITY MAN, NEAR THREE BRIDGES AND CRAWLEY.

TO be SOLD, a most charming little PROPERTY of about 16 ACRES, with excellent House in first-class order with three reception rooms, including large lounge, six bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, good offices, and every convenience.

Electric light. Company's water. Central heating in every room.

Garage and chauffeur's quarters. Stabling and farm buildings. Very choice Grounds.

Golf (12 Holes) two miles. Golf (18 Holes) with three yards.

Inspected and strongly recommended.—Apply Wm. Wood, Son and Gardner, Crawley, or HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.22188.)

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

SHOP PROPERTY SPECIALISTS, LONDON AND MANCHESTER.

£300 P.A. FROM WEST-END BUILDING.
23, CONDUIT-STREET, W.1.
HANDSOME FIVE-FLOOR BUILDING HELD FOR 26 YEARS AT £550 PER ANNUM, LET ON TWO LEASES ONLY AT LOW RENT OF £850 RISING TO £900 NEXT YEAR. ENJOYMENT OF CONSIDERABLE REVERSIONARY VALUE DURING LAST 18 YEARS OF TERM.

HIGH-CLASS INVESTMENT WITH UTMOST SECURITY AND FUTURE INCREMENT.

Solicitors:—Messrs. ALEXANDER RUBENS and Co., 76, Newgate-street, E.C.1.
By Auction, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, July 17th next.

FINE BRISTOL TRADING PREMISES.
1-2, CASTLE-STREET.
PROMINENT CORNER FREEHOLD IN THE BEST CASH TRADING STREET, THE STREET FAVOURED BY MULTIPLE COMPANIES.
ABOUT 50FT. WINDOW FRONTAGE, GOOD FIRST-FLOOR SHOW-ROOM AND BASEMENT. CLEAR FLOORS AND MODERN SHOP FRONT, SUITABLE FOR MOST BUSINESSES.
Solicitor:—PERCY BALDWIN, Esq., 16, Baldwin-street, Bristol.
Sale at the Grand Hotel, Bristol, July 17th next.

FREEHOLD SHOPS, BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
RE A. J. MITCHELL, DECD.
283-285, WALWORTH-ROAD, S.E.
TWO WELL-PLACED SHOPS, SIX DOORS FROM MESSRS. BOOTS, CASH CHEMISTS.
LET TO SOUND TENANTS AT WHOLLY INADEQUATE RENTALS.
REVERSIONS TO VERY SUBSTANTIAL INCREASES IN 10 AND 15 YEARS.
IMPORTANT REBUILDING POTENTIALITIES LATENT IN THE PROPERTY WHICH HAS 30FT. FRONTAGE TO WALWORTH-ROAD AND REAR FRONTAGE TO WALWORTH-PLACE, AND 100FT. DEPTH.
Solicitors:—Messrs. K. W. and M. SAMPSON, 21, William-street, Woolwich, S.E.18.
By Auction, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on July 17th next.

TWO SITES FOR SHOPS AT HATCH END.
FREEHOLDS IN UXBRIDGE-ROAD.
ADJOINING PRINCIPAL SHOPPING OF HIGH-CLASS GROWING AREA.
TWO PLOTS 100FT. BY 150FT. AND 30FT. BY 140FT. SEPARATED BY SHOPS.
FOR SALE TOGETHER OR SEPARATELY AT LOW RESERVE.
TYPICAL LAY-OUT SHOWING SIX SHOPS MAY BE INSPECTED.
Solicitors:—Messrs. H. L. LUMLEY, and Co., 35, Piccadilly, W.1.
By Auction, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on July 17th next.

Full particulars of the above may be had from Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN, at their
OFFICES: 27, MADDOX-STREET, LONDON, W.1,
and 44, BRAZENNOSE-STREET, MANCHESTER.
Mayfair 6710 (12 lines). Manchester Central 0704.

CIRCA 1500.
In a beautifully rural and unspoilt country and in a delightful position.

OLD SUSSEX RESIDENCE with fine old oak beams, open fireplaces and other old-world characteristics, and all modern conveniences, including electric light, central heating, &c.

Charming lounge 40 feet long, large drawing room, dining room, study, seven or eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, kitchen, servants' hall, &c.

Inexpensive pleasure grounds, tennis and other lawns, fine old forecourt, rose garden, kitchen garden, paddock, outbuildings, and garage.

Hunting, Fishing, Golf.
A FASCINATING PROPERTY IN EVERY WAY.
FOR SALE AT
A REASONABLE PRICE.

OWEN WALLIS, F.A.I., WALLIS and WALLIS, 31, High-street, Guildford. 'Phone: Guildford 1207.

Kyns: 1400. Telegrams: "Estate o/c Harrods, London."

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SURREY.
In a favourite district within half an hour of Town and close to several Golf Courses.

PICTURESQUE, SOUNDLY CONSTRUCTED, PRE-WAR HOUSE.

STANDING IN A CHARMING OLD GARDEN of three-quarters of an acre, with several nice old trees and a large number of roses. The house is in excellent decorative order and the accommodation comprises lounge hall, two reception (all with oak floors), gentlemen's cloak room (hot and cold), six bed rooms, two dressing rooms, bath room.

Company's water. Electric light. Gas. Main drainage. Central heating. Telephone. Garage for large car.

FREEHOLD, £3,000.

Inspected and very strongly recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, and West Byfleet, Surrey.

By direction of the Somerville-Barnard Construction Co., Ltd., and Messrs. D. C. SOMERVILLE and Co., Ltd.,
CLOSE TO FOUR FIRST-CLASS GOLF COURSES.
HERTS AND MIDDLESEX BORDERS.
18 miles from Town, 25 minutes from Baker-street.

WELL-DESIGNED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, in first-rate order. Entrance hall; cloak room, two good reception rooms, modern domestic offices, six bed rooms, two bath rooms. Electric light, gas and water laid on; main drainage; independent hot-water supply.

Garage, outhouses. Garden of about ½-Acre.
VERY LOW PRICE.
TO EFFECT SPEEDY SALE.
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REDUCED PRICE £3,500 AS A WHOLE OR £2,250 WITH 4½ ACRES.
"MANOR FARM," WORMSHILL.
NEAR SITTINGBOURNE, KENT.

Freehold Residential Pleasure Farm, including a modernised residence, containing three reception, six bed rooms, dressing room, bath, and offices; co.'s water, modern drainage, telephone.
DELIGHTFUL GROUNDS.
Tennis and other lawns, sunk rock garden, walled kitchen garden; garage for three cars; two cottages, model farmery, and good pastureland.
4½ OR 62 ACRES.
Joint Sole Agents, Messrs. GEEKING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent; and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SMALL STRETCH OF TROUT FISHING.
UNDER ONE HOUR PADDINGTON.
IN OXFORDSHIRE.
An attractive COUNTRY HOUSE in a picturesque position, commanding excellent views, with the accommodation on two floors.

Three reception, nine bed rooms, bath room; electric light; modern drainage; telephone; timbered grounds with kitchen garden, tennis lawn, orchard, and meadowland, in all about
12 ACRES.
SMALL STRETCH OF TROUT FISHING IN RIVER. Small fish pond.
Cottage, stabling, garage for two cars.
FREEHOLD £4,750.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

THE ACME OF COMFORT FOR THE MINIMUM OF LABOUR.
"THE OAKS," KENLEY, SURREY.
450ft. above sea level. ¼ mile station; 40 minutes Town. Delightful views over wooded country to Coulsdon Court Golf Course.

BEAUTIFULLY APPOINTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, designed on labour-saving principles; entrance hall, cloak room, two good reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms and tiled shower bath room; modern domestic offices.

Central heating; independent hot water system; company's gas, water, electric light and power; telephone; garage (two cars).
CHOICE PLEASURE GARDENS, ornamental trees and shrubs, putting green and lawns, full-size tennis lawn, kitchen garden, flowers and herbaceous borders.
IN ALL ABOUT 1½ ACRE.
Recently Remodelled and Decorated Throughout. For SALE Privately or Auction (if unsold) in July.
Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AN OPPORTUNITY OCCURS OF SECURING AN ARCHITECT-BUILT RESIDENCE
BETWEEN ROEHAMPTON AND WIMBLEDON.
Occupying a high and healthy position with splendid views.

PRICE ONLY £6,500.

Choice FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, beautifully fitted and appointed, in excellent order. Entrance hall, cloak room, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, three bath rooms, offices.

Central heating, Co.'s electric light, gas and water; independent hot water; main drainage.

Garage and chauffeur's flat; charming gardens with tennis lawn, in all
ABOUT 1¼ ACRES.
First-rate golf, polo, and tennis.
Vacant Possession.
Recommended by the Sole Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd.
62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

COMMANDING A WONDERFUL VIEW.
FELLCOURT, NEAR CHIPSTEAD.

PICTURESQUE FREEHOLD PRE-WAR RESIDENCE, 35 minutes from Town.

Containing on two floors lounge hall, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), and compact offices.

Company's water and gas; electric light available; modern drainage; telephone; capital garage; perfect outbuildings.

GARDENS OF RARE CHARM,
with full-size tennis lawn, in all about 1½ ACRES. Further land adjoining can be had if required.

For SALE Privately, if unsold Auction July 8th.
Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., Estate Offices, 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NORTHERN HEIGHTS.
HALF-HOUR FROM TOWN.
High ground; uninterrupted views; five minutes' station, two minutes from golf course.

Exceptionally well-built and appointed FREEHOLD RESIDENCE containing good hall, cloak room, three reception, six bed rooms, bath room, up-to-date offices.

Electric light, company's water and gas; hot-water system, central heating; telephone; garage (two cars).

Delightful gardens, tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c., winter garden, in all
ABOUT ONE ACRE.
PERFECT ORDER. LOW PRICE.
Auctioneers:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1; and Surrey Office, West Byfleet, Surrey.

UNRIVALLED POSITION ADJOINING EXTENSIVE WOODS, ONLY five minutes from two golf courses, close to others.
"REED HOUSE," OLD AVENUE, WEST BYFLEET SURREY.
One mile station; 40 minutes Waterloo.

PICTURESQUE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with thatched roof in perfect order, two floors, exposed oak beams, oak doors and oak floors; entrance hall, cloak room, three reception, loggia, six bed rooms, tiled bath room, modern domestic offices, electric light, heating, hot water supply, telephone, company's water, main drainage; garage (two cars).

BEAUTIFUL AND FULLY STOCKED GARDENS, tennis lawn, Dutch paved garden, heart yew hedges, grass walks, pergola, fine kitchen garden; paddock and meadowsand, in all about
THREE ACRES.
For SALE, privately, if unsold, Auction later. Joint Auctioneers: Messrs. ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge, Surrey, and HARRODS, Ltd., West Byfleet, Surrey; also 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

VERY MODERATE PRICE FOR QUICK SALE.
"DONNINGTON HAYES."
NEWBURY.
Occupying a picked position on high ground, facing practically full South.

SUPERB VIEWS. UNSPOILED COUNTRY.
ONE HOUR TOWN BY EXPRESS.
DELIGHTFUL PRE-WAR CREEPER-CLAD RESIDENCE,
in good order, and well fitted throughout. Large hall, three reception, study, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, and ample offices.

Telephone. Company's water and electric light. Central heating. Septic tank drainage.
Excellent cottage. Double garage.
ABOUT 9 ACRES
of well-timbered GROUNDS, forming a delightful setting to the house.
FOR SALE PRIVATELY OR BY AUCTION LATER.
Joint Sole Agents: Messrs. Drewett Watson and Barton, Market-square, Newbury, and Messrs. HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AT A VERY LOW RESERVE TO ENSURE A SALE.
"THE MOAT HOUSE," FINCHAM, NORFOLK.
Amid delightful country, 5½ miles Downham Market, 12 miles King's Lynn.

DELIGHTFUL FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, surrounded by well-timbered inexpensive grounds, with moat garden, tennis lawns, rose and formal gardens, well-stocked walled kitchen garden, fruit trees, pasture, in all
ABOUT 15½ ACRES.
Entrance hall, cloak room, three-four reception rooms, ten bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices; electric light, company's water, modern drainage; garage, stabling, outhouses, three cottages (two vacant).
FOR SALE PRIVATELY, OR, IF UNSOLD, AUCTION LATER.
Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. A. R. BARNES (Incorporating Durrant and Wright), King's Lynn, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

LOVELY TOTLAND BAY.
Magnificent views of Solent to New Forest and Purbeck Hills.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN RESIDENCE, in perfect order, delightfully situate on the slope of a hill, secluded, yet not isolated. Shops, churches, P.O., and sea within a few minutes. Excellent yachting, golf, hunting, and tennis in the immediate vicinity.

Lounge hall, four reception, nine bed rooms, nursery and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.

Electric light (own). Co.'s gas and water. Telephone. Main drainage.

Garage, greenhouses, and fine range of outbuildings.

PICTURESQUE GARDENS AND GROUNDS, with tennis court, orchard, productive kitchen garden, rockery, paddock, &c., in all
NEARLY 3 ACRES.
PRICE FREEHOLD £4,500 OR OFFER.
Strongly recommended by
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

UNSPOILT PART OF HERTS.
Three-and-a-half miles Hitchen main line station, 45 minutes from Town.

Charming COUNTRY RESIDENCE, delightful situation on high ground, enjoying good views, and situate two miles off the main road.

Oak-panelled lounge hall with minstrel gallery, magnificent oak room with heated conservatory adjoining, three reception rooms, 12 bed rooms, three bath rooms, first-class offices.

Electric light, excellent water with engine pump, modern drainage, central heating, and separate hot water system.

Excellent stabling and garage accommodation; two cottages and chauffeur's rooms.

Most attractive pleasure grounds, a genuine feature of the Property, comprising charming rock garden, lily pond, footbridge, lawns for tennis, &c., prolific kitchen garden, small wood, and other delightful features, in all just
OVER NINE ACRES.
Additional 37½ Acres adjoining may be had if required.
FOR SALE PRIVATELY. IF UNSOLD, AUCTION LATER.
Inspected and highly recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

Centre of GRAFTON HUNT.
400ft. above sea level, commanding grand views.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL-APPOINTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
in perfect condition, subject of great expenditure, every modern comfort.

Fine lounge hall, gallaried staircase, three reception, loggia, modern domestic offices, nine bed and dressing rooms, well-fitted bath-dressing room, two bath rooms.

Electric light, 'phone, independent hot water system.

Garage, stabling (six), cottage. Delightful grounds of about
TWO-AND-A-HALF ACRES.
PRICE £4,750 FOR QUICK SALE.
Sole Agents:—
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AT A SACRIFICIAL RESERVE.
FACING A SURREY COMMON.
Commanding delightful views. Ten minutes from station. 45 minutes from Town.

Attractive Unrestricted Freehold Residence. Entrance hall, Adam drawing room, two other reception rooms, billiard room, complete domestic offices, nine principal bed and dressing rooms, well-fitted bath-dressing room, two bath rooms, four servants' bed rooms, &c.

Electric light, central heating, independent hot water system.

Garage (three cars), stabling, dairy, outhouse, bungalow.
WELL-TIMBERED GARDENS, two tennis lawns, fine kitchen garden, orchards, and paddocks.
IN ALL ABOUT 12 ACRES.
MUST BE SOLD, OWNER GONE ABROAD.
For Auction July 8th, unless sold privately.
Joint Auctioneers: Messrs. ENTICKNAP and ENTICKNAP, Victoria Chambers, Woking, and HARRODS, Ltd., West Byfleet, Surrey; and 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

THE FIRS, HORSHAM, SUSSEX.
Under one hour from Town.

Freehold Georgian Residence, in good repair, with up-to-date conveniences. Three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, gent's cloak room, and excellent domestic offices.

Company's electric light, gas and water. Main Drainage, Telephone.

Garage for two or three; gardener's cottage, useful outhouses.
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE PLEASURE GROUNDS,
with tennis and croquet lawns, fine kitchen gardens, fruit trees, 500 rose trees, pretty wild garden with pond and woodland, in all

ABOUT 2¼ ACRES. BARGAIN—£2,750 OR NEAR OFFER.
Full particulars from Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BECKENHAM, KENT.
FIRST-RATE GOLF FACILITIES AND ADJOINING WELL-KNOWN TENNIS CLUB.

A very desirable residence, well-detached, non-basement; near station; electric trains and excellent schools, &c.

Hall, four reception, nine bed rooms, dressing room, Bath room, Usual Offices.

Modern conveniences. Independent boiler.
CHARMINGLY DISPOSED PLEASURE GARDEN, lawn, shady trees, flower beds and borders, kitchen garden, fruit trees, building plot of 50ft. frontage; garage, &c., in all
ABOUT ONE ACRE.
PRICE FREEHOLD £3,500.
Highly recommended by
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BURTON & BLANKNEY HUNT.
Fine position in high ground within four miles of Lincoln Cathedral. Uninterrupted views. Gravel soil.

OLD-FASHIONED HOUSE OF CHARACTER, in perfect order, and ready for immediate occupation; hall, three good reception, conservatory, 11 bed rooms, bath room, and offices.

Modern installation. Unfailing water supply.

Garage accommodation for three or four cars, stabling for eight horses.

Beautiful gardens, affording perfect seclusion, and well stocked with flowering shrubs, fruit trees, fine old timber, tennis lawn, about
THREE ACRES.
WILL ACCEPT £3,000 FREEHOLD.
Further particulars
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

£1,450 FREEHOLD.
EAST SUSSEX, NEAR RYE.
Easy reach of the sea.

DELIGHTFUL COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE.
Choice position. Facing South. Wide views. Two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, tiled kitchen, and offices.

Electric light, good water and drainage; telephone; garage; heated greenhouse; tool shed.

Really charming GROUNDS, including lawn, flower beds, with crazy paths, good box trees, kitchen garden, &c.
IN ALL ABOUT ¼ ACRE.
Full details from
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AT A LOW RESERVE.
IN WINCHESTER.
Amidst absolutely rural surroundings, in a charming part of the County of Hants.

A HOUSE OF CHARMING CHARACTER. Originally three Tudor cottages, reconstructed with old features retained. Seven bed rooms, three reception, two bath rooms, usual offices.

Electric light, modern drainage, excellent water supply.

Telephone. Garage.
GARDENS TASTEFULLY LAID OUT, tennis and other lawns, orchard with trees in full bearing; matured kitchen gardens with south wall; in all about
THREE ACRES.
Fishing in district.
PRICE ONLY £3,700.
Strongly recommended by the Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

Magnificent views to the South Downs.
"POLEFIELDS," COWDEN, KENT.
One and a half miles Cowden Station, two and a half miles Edenbridge Town and Station.

WELL-BUILT MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
facing South, with entrance hall, cloak room, four reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices.

Co.'s water; wired for telephone; gas, garage. Grounds well Matured.

3 OR 20 ACRES.
PRICE £4,250 AS A WHOLE.
For SALE PRIVATELY or AUCTION in July.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HERTS & ESSEX BORDERS.
Healthy, rural spot—four miles from Town.

SMALL, BUT WELL-BUILT COUNTRY HOUSE
with wide hall, two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, and excellent domestic offices.

Co.'s Electric Light, Gas, and Water, Telephone.

Fine Garage. Heated greenhouse. Tool shed.

CHARMING PLEASURE GARDENS, exceptionally well-stocked to include kitchen-garden, roses, fruit, lawns, and flowers, together with small paddock and valuable building site, in
ALL ABOUT 2½ ACRES.
PRICE ONLY £1,800 FREEHOLD.
N.B.—Would be sold excluding the site if desired. Sole Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

ABOUT NINE MILES N.W. OF
WINCHESTER.
Amidst absolutely rural surroundings, in a charming part of the County of Hants.

A HOUSE OF CHARMING CHARACTER. Originally three Tudor cottages, reconstructed with old features retained. Seven bed rooms, three reception, two bath rooms, usual offices.

Electric light, modern drainage, excellent water supply.

Telephone. Garage.
GARDENS TASTEFULLY LAID OUT, tennis and other lawns, orchard with trees in full bearing; matured kitchen gardens with south wall; in all about
THREE ACRES.
Fishing in district.
PRICE ONLY £3,700.
Strongly recommended by the Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

WEST WORTHING.
About 200 yards from the sea.

Modern, pre-war HOUSE, of excellent construction, in a quiet road, within easy reach of the station and sea. The accommodation, on two floors, comprises: Lounge hall, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room, and good offices, with servants' sitting room; easily run with small staff; large, brick-built garage.

Company's water. Company's electric light and gas. Main drainage. Telephone.

Secluded grounds, with good tennis lawn, in all
ABOUT ONE ACRE.
FREEHOLD, £5,000.
Inspected and recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OPPOSITE RYDE LINKS.
Picked position. Every convenience. Perfect order.

REALLY ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE,
occupying a fine position, with glorious views over undulating country.

Lounge hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, two new bath rooms, new domestic offices.

Electric light. Central heating. Company's gas and water. New main drainage. New parquet flooring throughout.

Garage for two (chauffeur's room), stabling. Picturesque grounds, with terraced flower and kitchen gardens, lawns, matured trees, &c., in all about ONE ACRE.
£3,500. Leasehold 999 years. Ground-rent £20 per annum. (Freehold for sale at £400.)
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

£1,300 ONLY. BAGLEY WOOD.
NEAR OXFORD.
ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD COTTAGE RESIDENCE,
commanding beautiful views over surrounding country, south-west aspect, close to village, &c., and in excellent order. Two reception, small four bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), abundant water supply; electric light available; outbuildings.

Pleasant walled garden with paddock, meadow, &c., in all about
1¼ ACRE.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

JAMES STYLES & WHITLOCK,

44, ST. JAMES' PLACE, S.W.1.

Executors' Sale. A GENUINE BARGAIN.

COTSWOLD HILLS.
Under two hours by rail from Paddington and convenient for Cirencester, Tetbury, and Kemble.

THIS LOVELY OLD STONE-BUILT AND TILED COUNTRY RESIDENCE, 400ft. above sea level, in a sheltered position amidst rural surroundings and commanding panoramic views. The original residence was erected in 1660 and possesses a beautiful staircase of Charles II. period.

The modern additions to the old portion are strictly in keeping with its character; the domestic offices have been completely remodelled and include a servants' hall.

ACCOMMODATION: Central hall, three sitting rooms (one room being 24ft. by 18ft. and one room with panelling of Queen Anne period), 10 or 11 bed and dressing rooms, and three bath rooms. Many of the bed rooms have lavatory basins.

Electric light, central heating, telephone; stabling for hunters, double garage, cottage.

Charming grounds, orchard and meadow, in all about 19 ACRES (almost the whole of the other land in the immediate neighbourhood of the Residence forms part of a large Estate). FREEHOLD,

£5,750.

Inspected and thoroughly recommended by Sole Agents, JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James'-place, S.W.1.

SUFFOLK (BETWEEN IPSWICH AND COLCHESTER.)

This delightful old COUNTRY RESIDENCE, occupying a quiet and enviable situation amidst beautiful rural surroundings right away from all traffic, yet within easy reach of main line station. Excellent hunting and shooting in immediate district. Several golf courses within easy motor ride. Gravel soil. Hall and three sitting rooms; seven bed rooms; bath room; central heating. Lighting by acetylene gas. Telephone. Two good garages and first-rate stabling.

Cottage. Really fine old garden, with running stream, and containing shady trees. Tennis lawn. Orchard. Wood-land and Meadowland of about 13 ACRES.

FREEHOLD £3,700, OR CLOSE OFFER.

Inspected and thoroughly recommended by Messrs. JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James'-place, S.W.1. (L.R. 8980.)

GUILDFORD DISTRICT.
CLOSE TO BEAUTIFUL COMMONS.

£3,250 or offer. FREEHOLD.—Delightful COUNTRY RESIDENCE, amid rural surroundings, South aspect, fine views. Close bus service; three sitting rooms, six bed rooms, bath room; gas, central heating, main water, independent hot water; electric light available; large garage; tennis lawn, orchard and woodland of about 3¼ ACRES.—Inspected and recommended by JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James'-place, S.W.1. (L.R.9091.)

SOUTH DEVONSHIRE.
WITHIN VIEW OF AND FEW MINUTES' WALK OF AN 18-HOLE GOLF COURSE.

Lovely views of sea and river. Convenient for Salcombe and Kingsbridge.

Splendid modern COUNTRY RESIDENCE, having high situation, South aspect, and commanding panoramic views of typical Devon